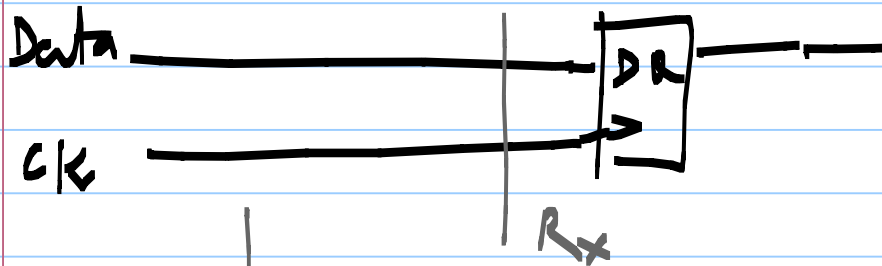
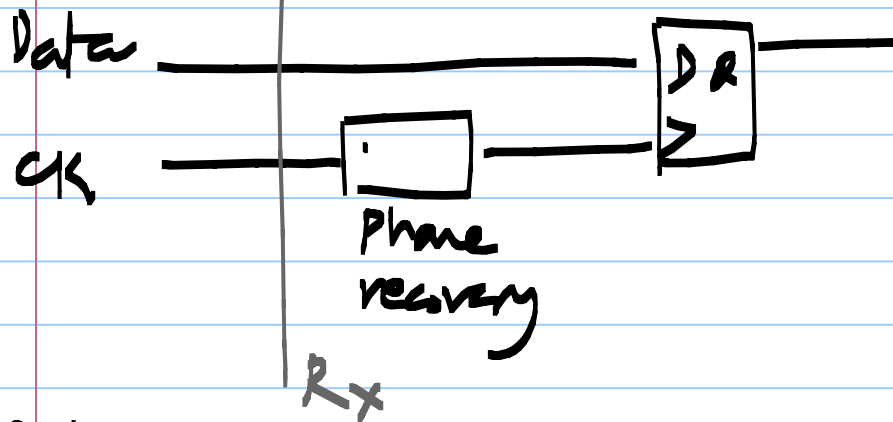
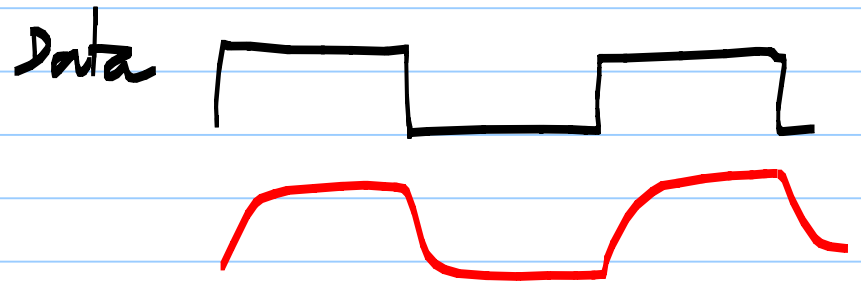


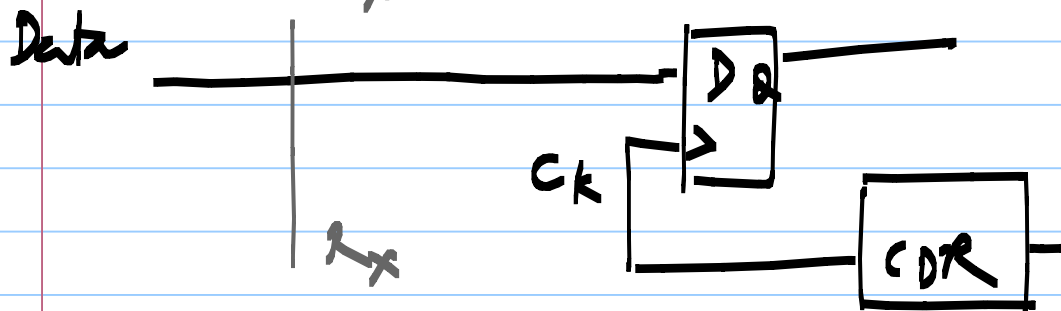
Digital communication



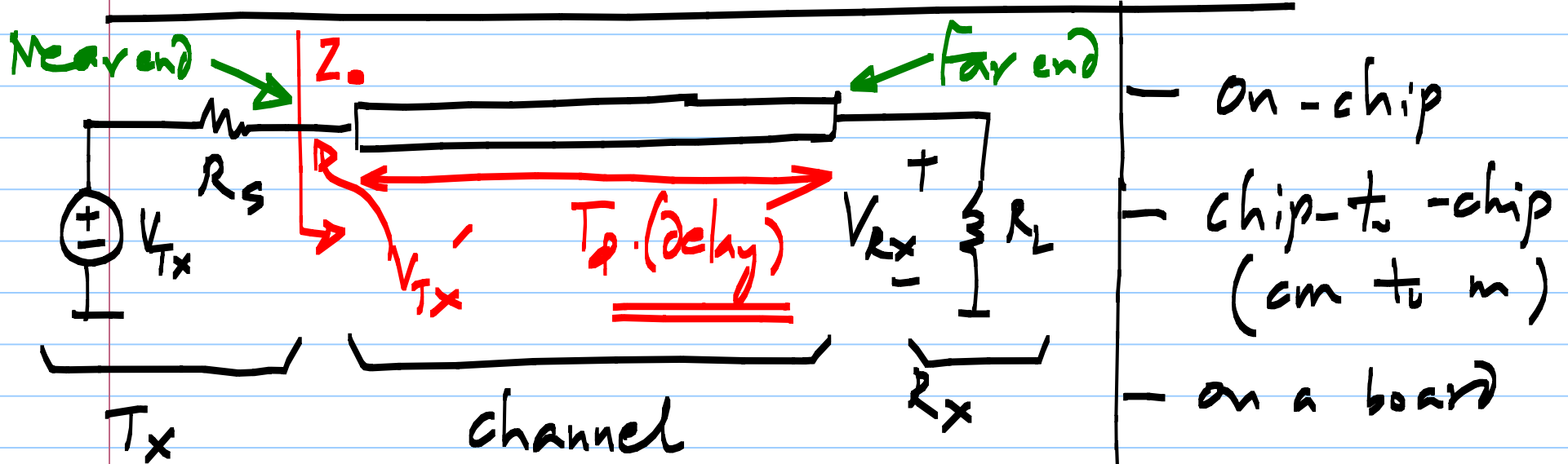
Ideal



Data is in "good enough" condition

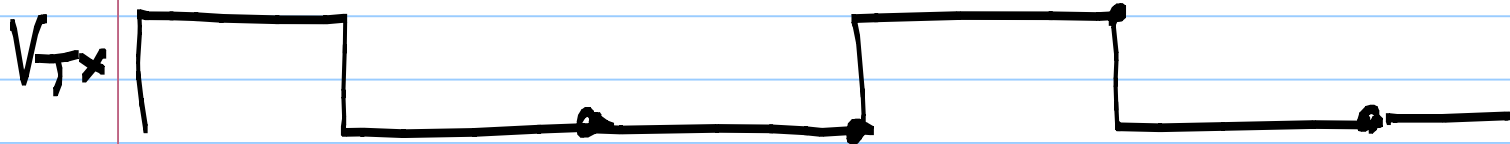


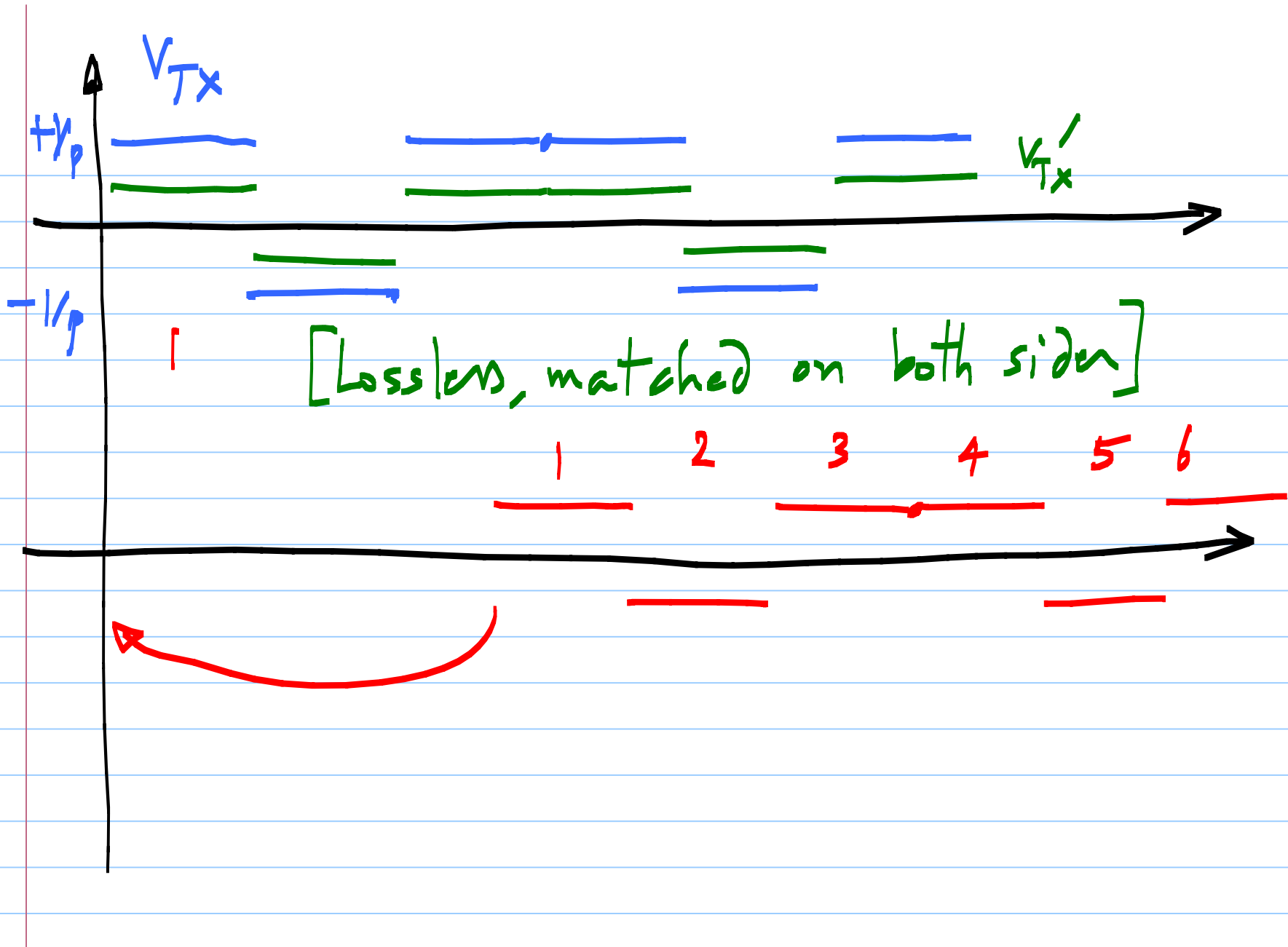
Data transmission through a channel

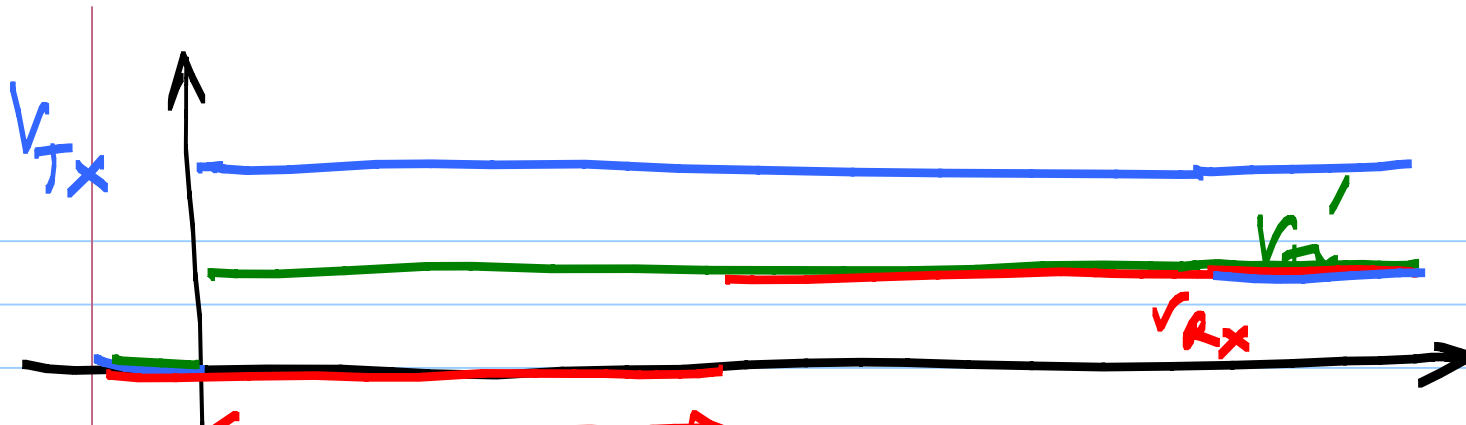


Transmission line of char. impedance

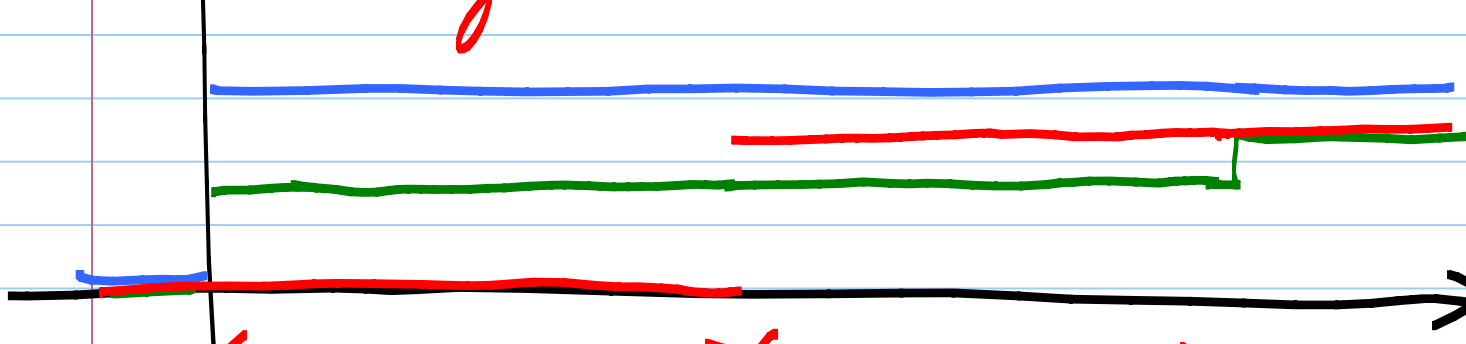
$$Z_0, R_s = R_L = Z_0$$



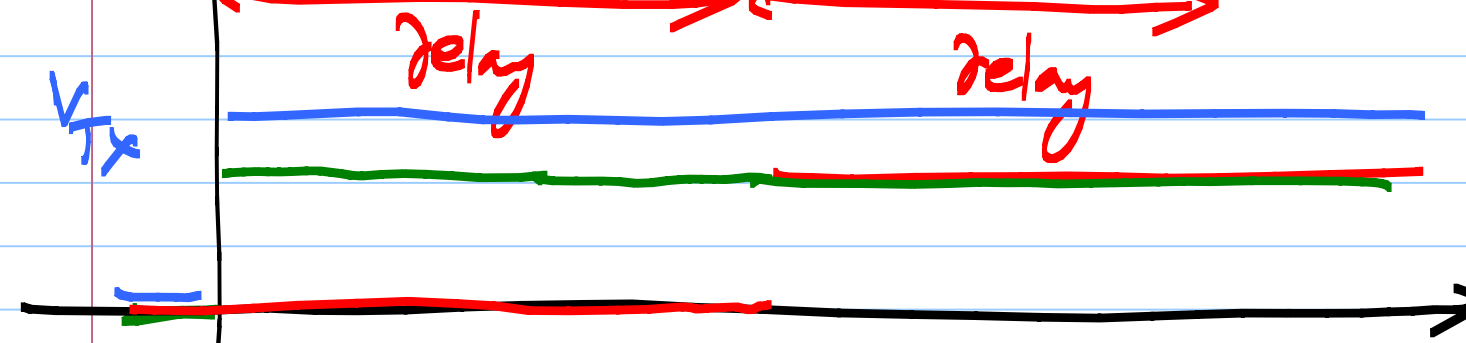




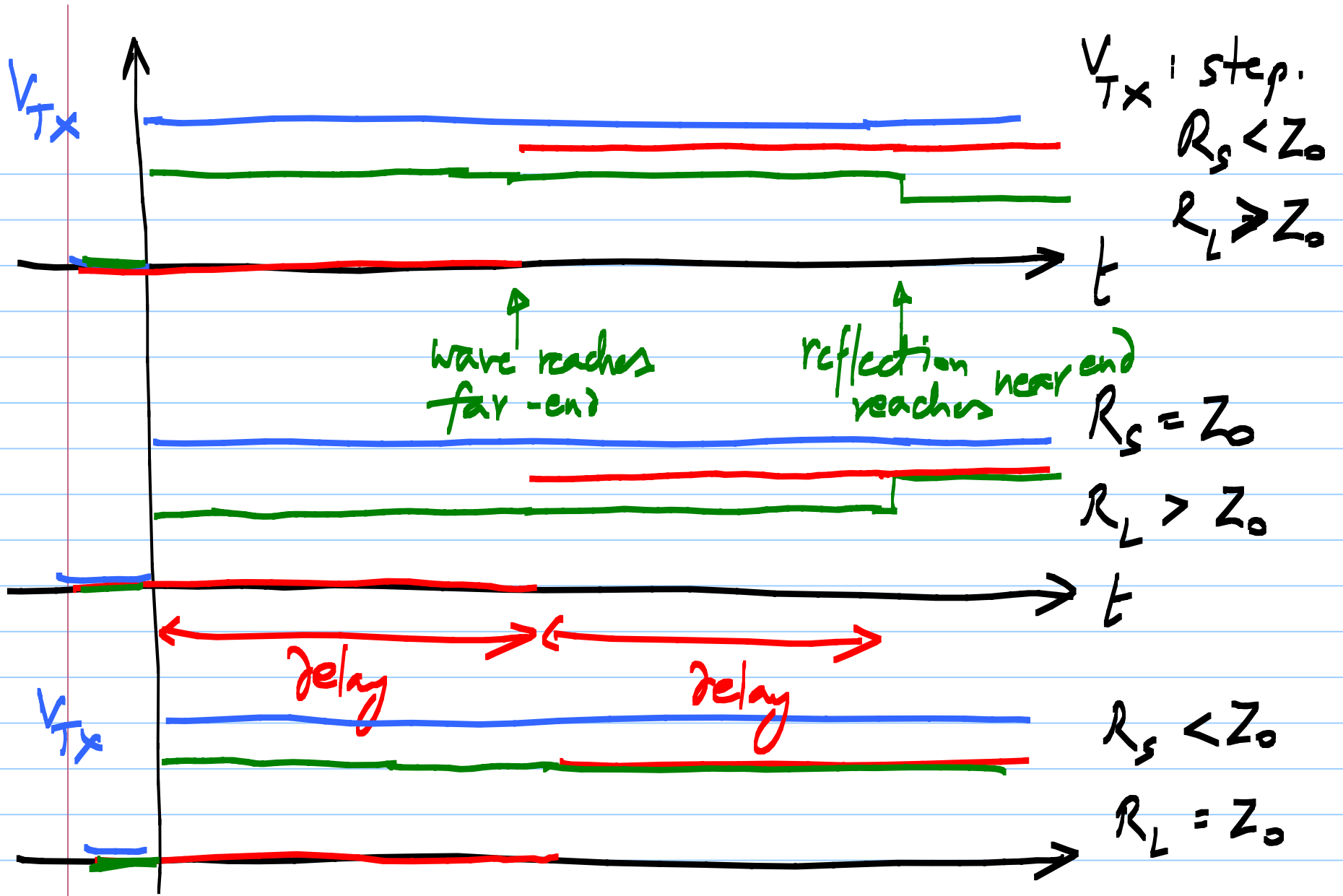
V_{Tx} : step.
 $R_S = R_L = Z_0$



$R_S = Z_0$
 $R_L > Z_0$



$R_S < Z_0$
 $R_L = Z_0$



Reflection Coeff:

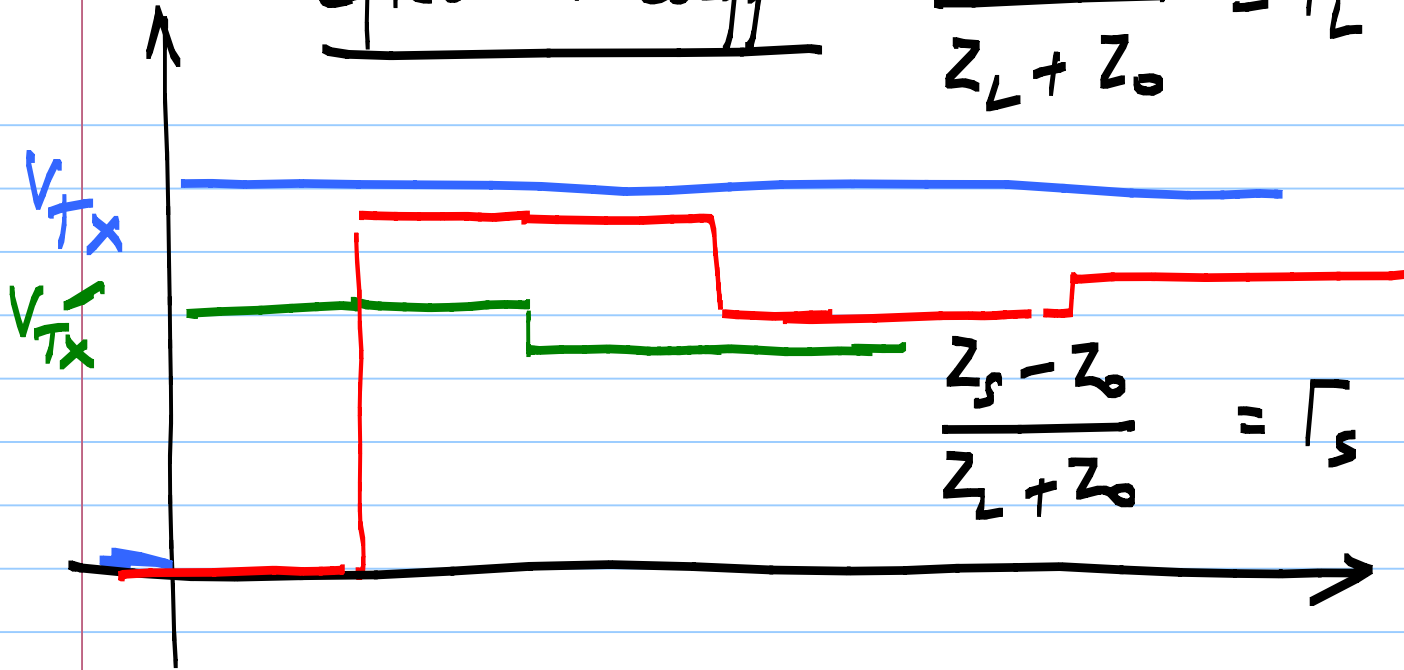
$$\frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} = \Gamma_L$$

Real Z_0
Real termi-
-nations

R_S, R_L

$R_S < Z_0$

$R_L > Z_0$



Steady-state $V_{R_X} = \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_S} \cdot V_{TX}$

$t = 0^+$ $V_{TX}' = \frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + R_S} \cdot V_{TX}$

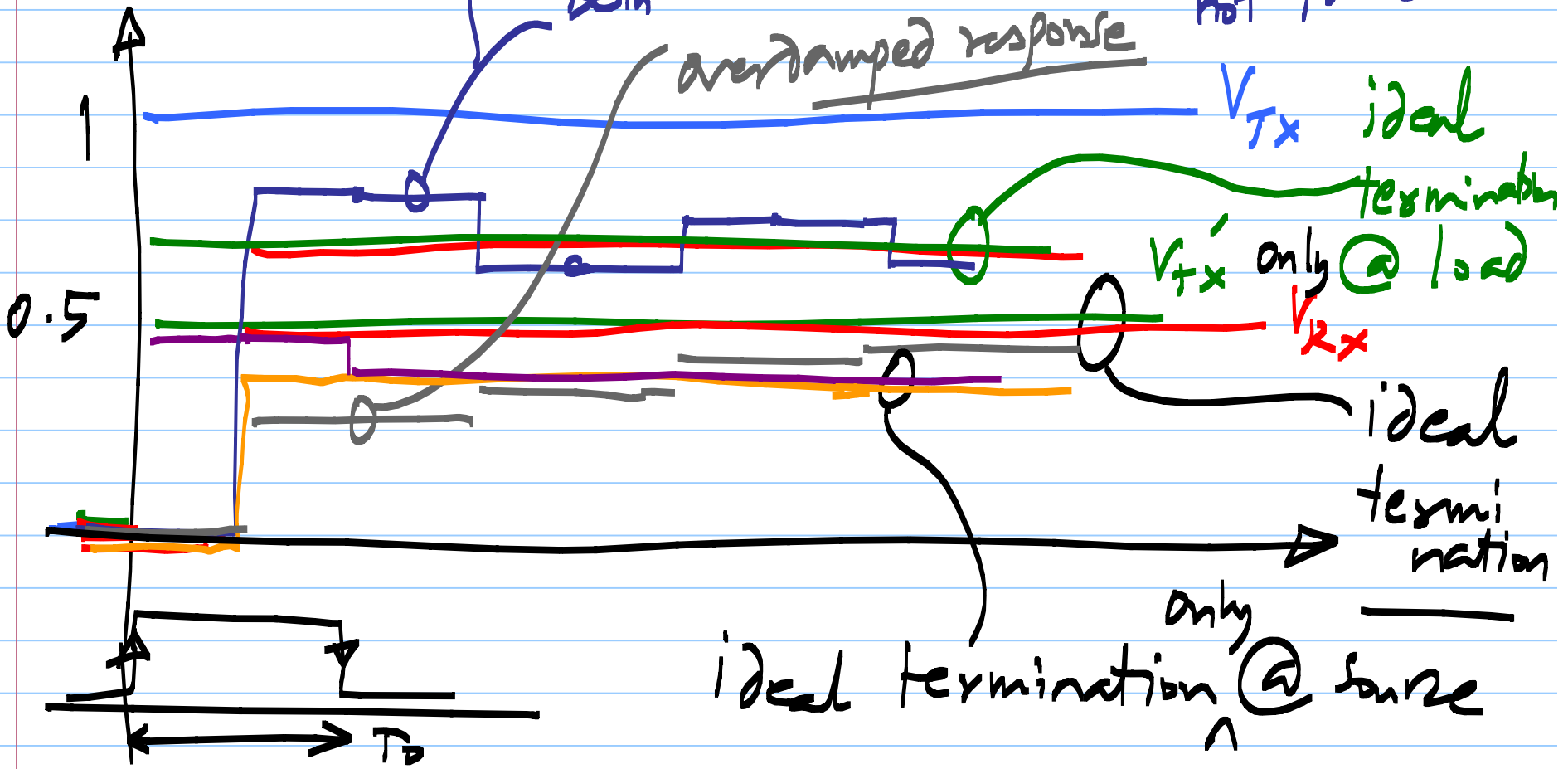
Lossless transmission line terminated by resistors:

resistors:

= ringing

Both source & load termination not ideal

overdamped response

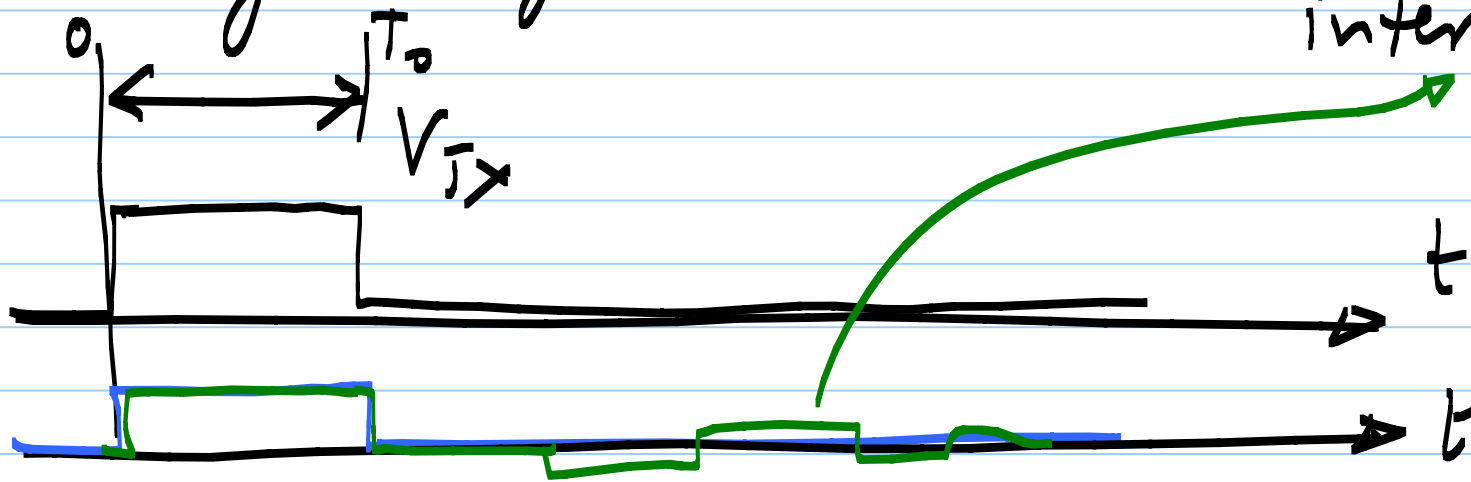


Ideal T-line with m/s-termination

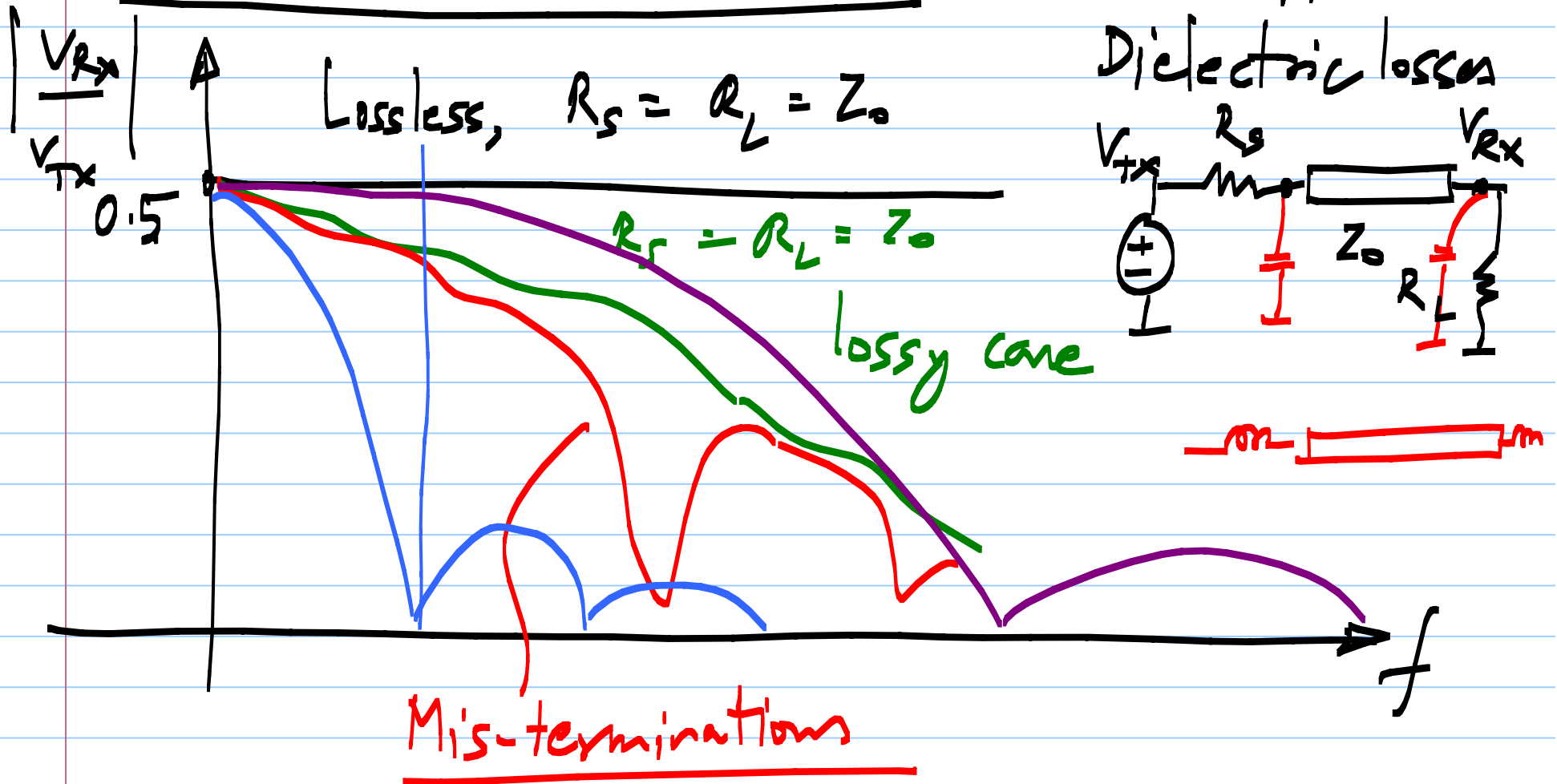
- Ringing (under-damped)

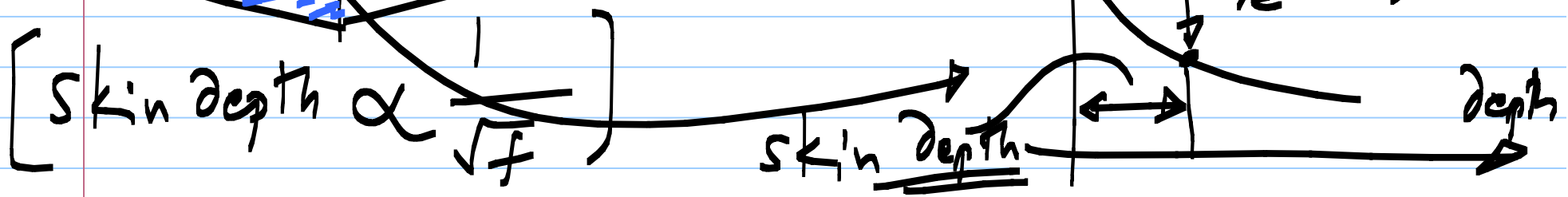
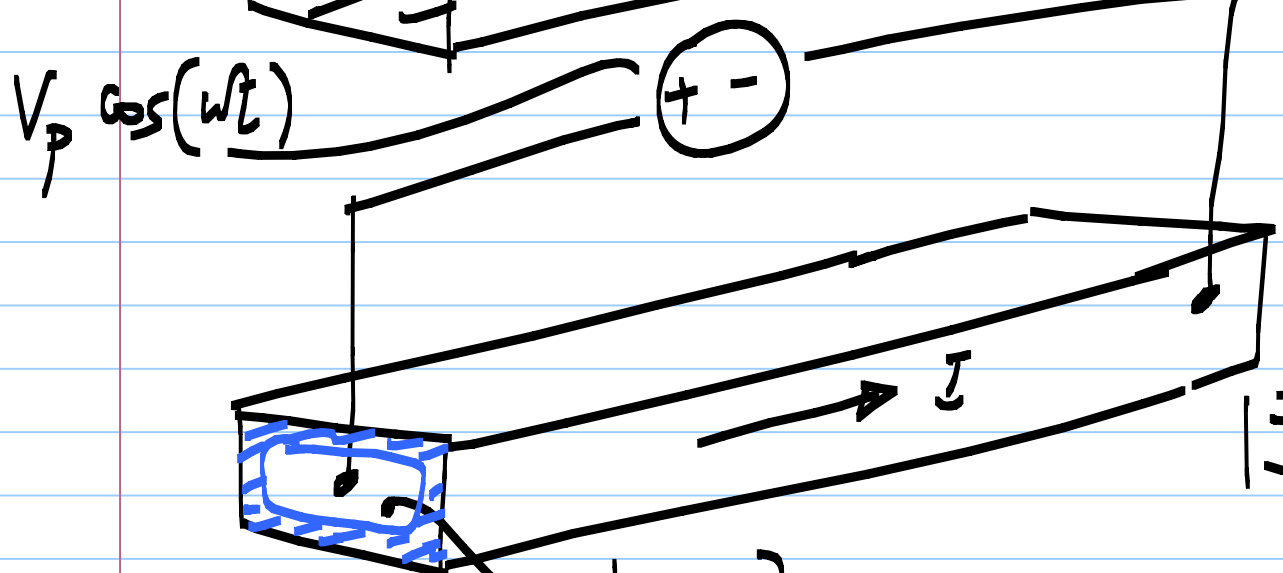
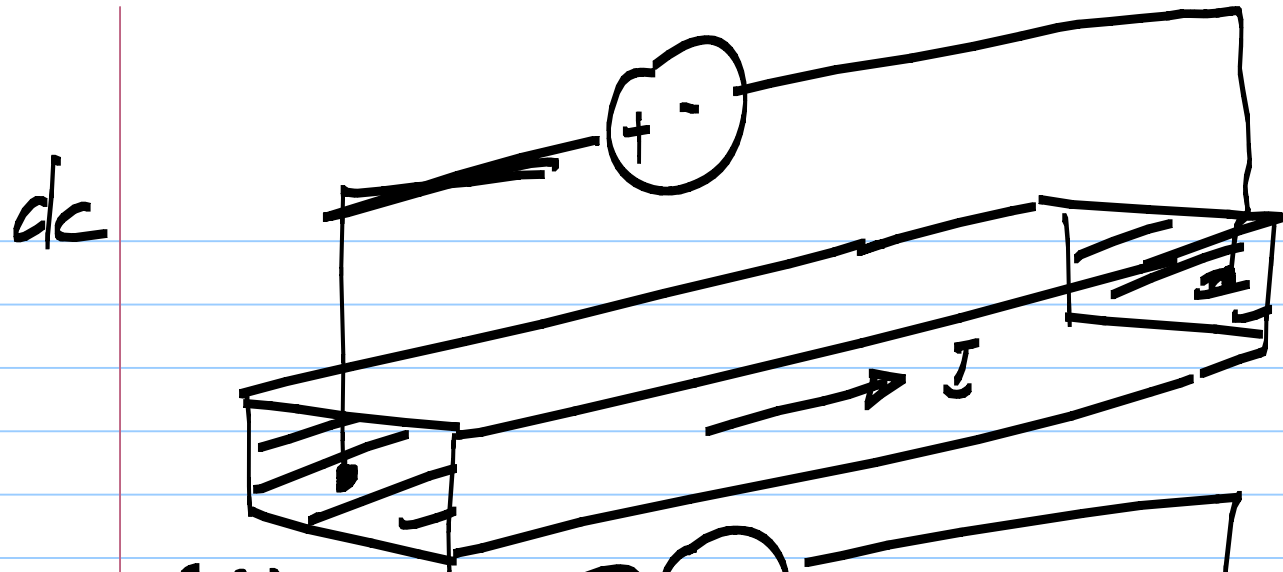
- over-damped

- Delay > symbol interval \Rightarrow Inter-symbol interference



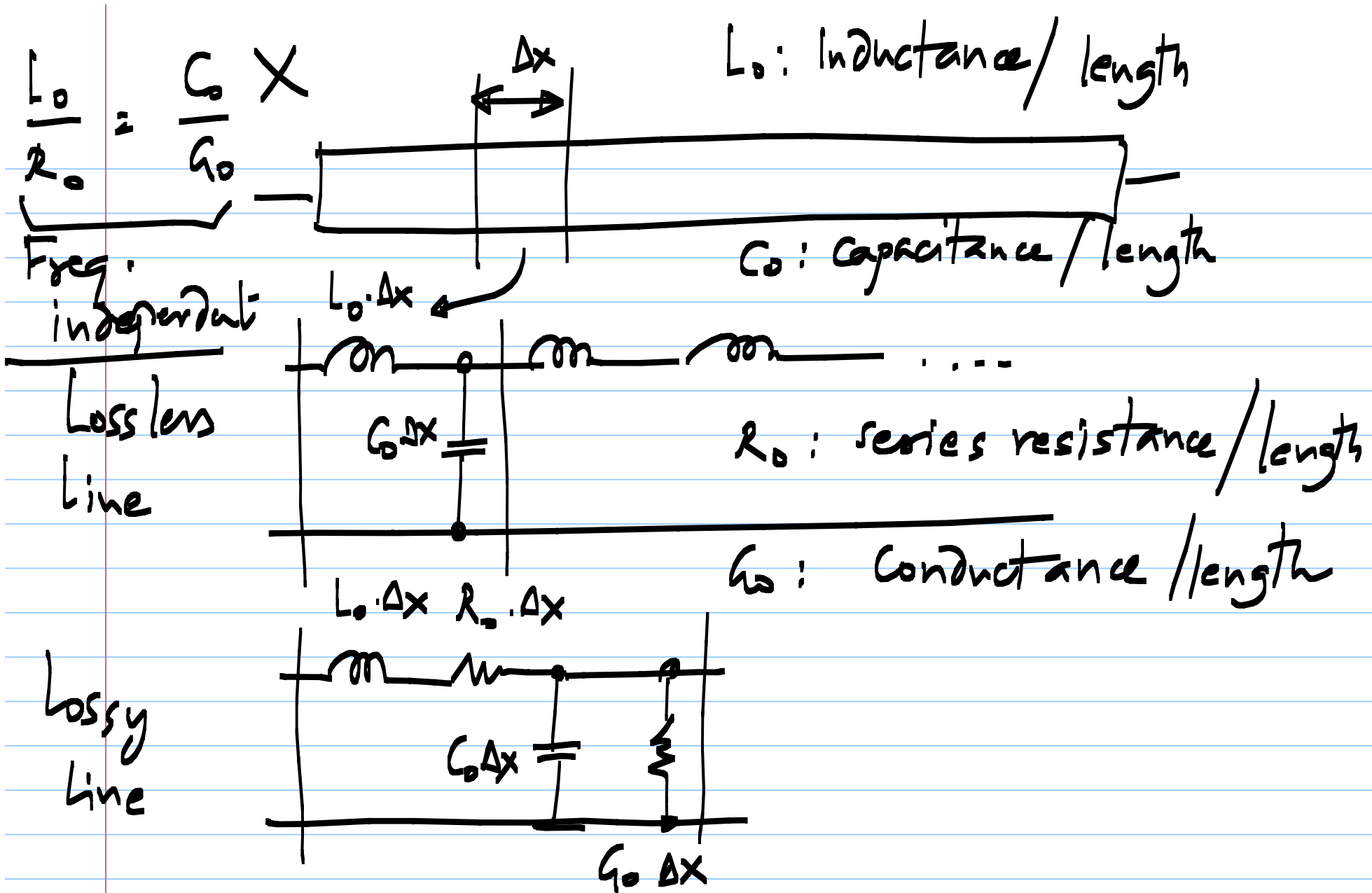
Freq. dependent termination (parasitic cap) Freq. dependent
Transmission line: losses [skin effect]





@ dc:
 uniform
 current density
 across the
 cross section
 of the conductor

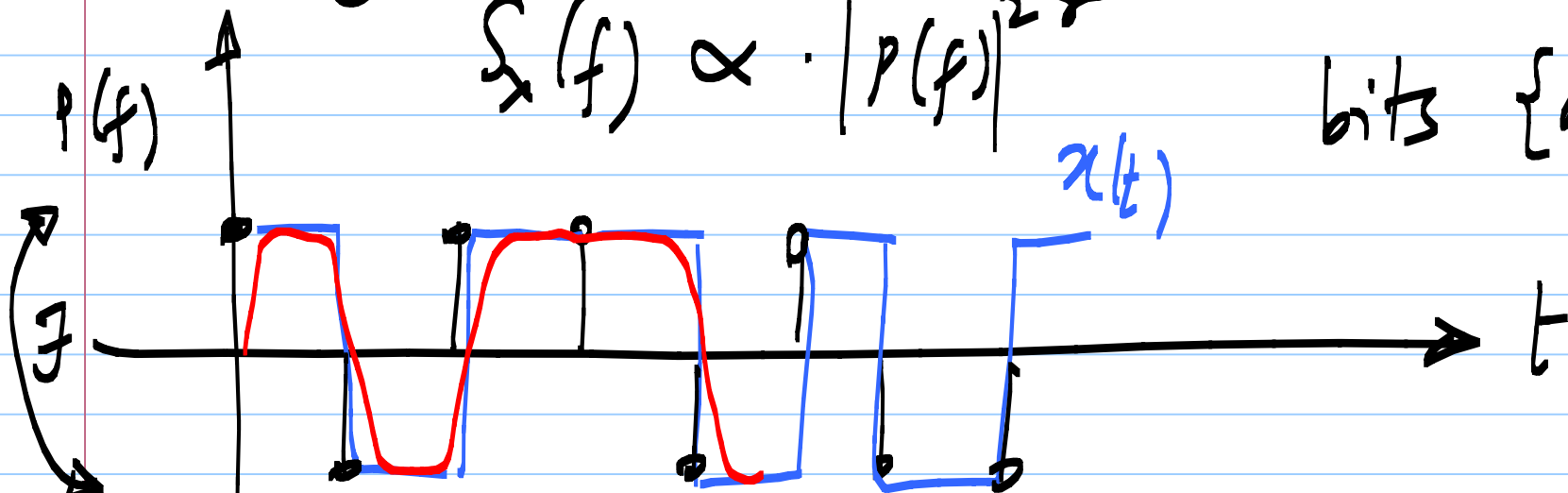
@ hf.
 resistance \uparrow



Rectangular data: $x(t) = \sum a_n p [t - nT_0]$

$$S_x(f) \propto \cdot |P(f)|^2$$

bits $\{a_n\}$



$P(t)$

$$\sim 0.75/T_0$$

