

Assignment 5

Note Title

3/4/2011

- ① The current mirror shown on

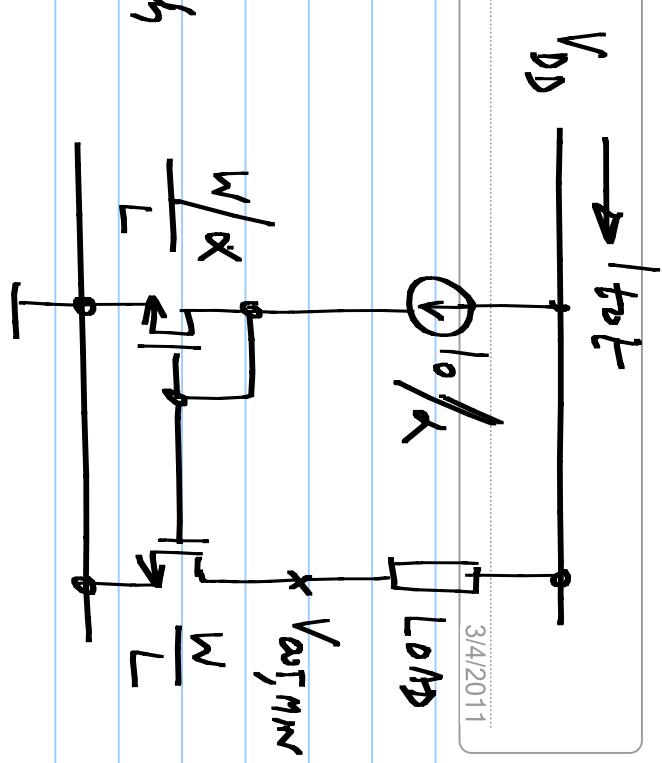
the right delivers a current I_o

to the load. The reference branch

current can be tailored using the

parameter α .

- * The transistors must be sized to allow a minimum voltage of $V_{out, min}$ in saturation region.
- * The total current must be I_{tot}



* The signal (current in the load) to the noise (rms current in a bandwidth f_B) has to be maximized.

Determine W_L , & output signal & noise rms in terms of the given parameters.

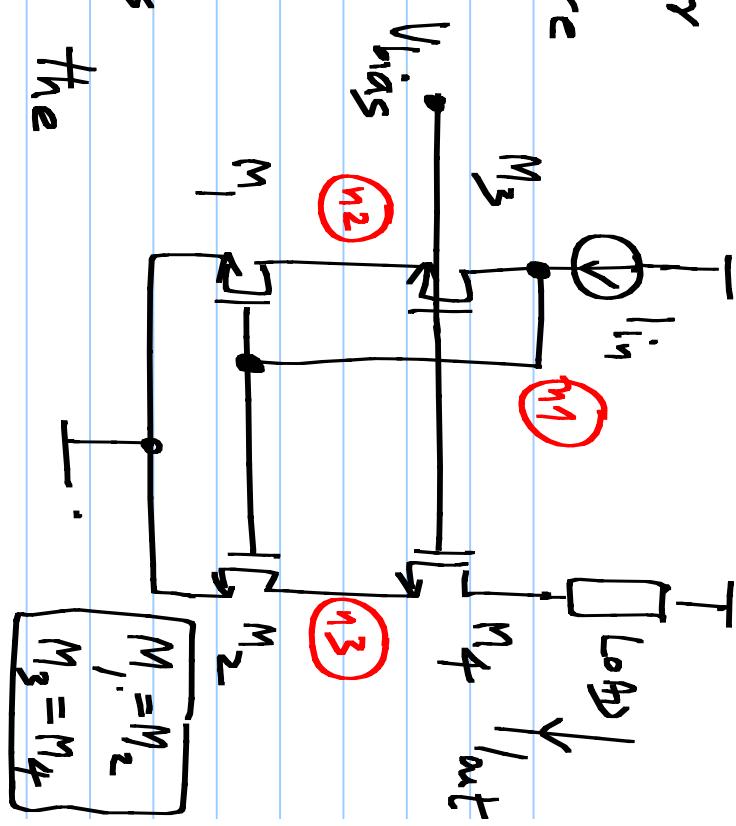
(2)

In the cascode current mirror shown here, all transistors are in saturation region.

Model $M_{1,2}$ by \hat{g}_m , $\hat{g}_{ds} = 0$
 Model $M_{3,4}$ by \hat{g}_{m3} for all transistors

(i) Determine the noise PSD of the output current due to each transistor separately

(ii) Determine the current error in the output due to ΔV_{T12} & ΔV_{T34} separately



(iii) Determine $\frac{I_{out}(s)}{I_{in}(s)}$ by including a parasitic

capacitor C_p to nodes n^1 , n^2 , and n^3 , one at a time

(Not to be submitted:

Reason out why the above results come out the
way they do)

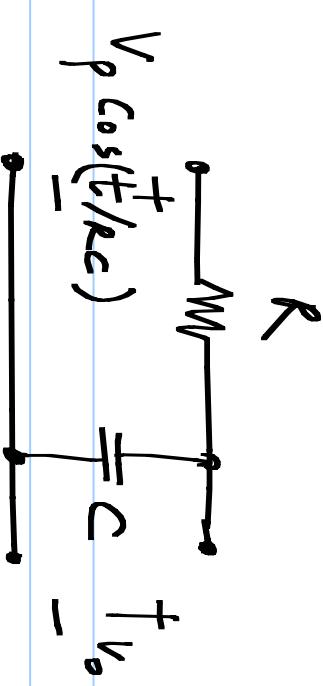
(3)

For the RC filter,

determine

(a) Mean squared o/p signal (s)(b) Mean squared o/p noise (N)(c) Ratio S/N (d) Power dissipated in the resistor (P_d)(e) Bandwidth in Hz (f_B)

Express the power dissipated (P_d) in terms of
the signal to noise ratio and the bandwidth



(4) (a) For the amplifier shown

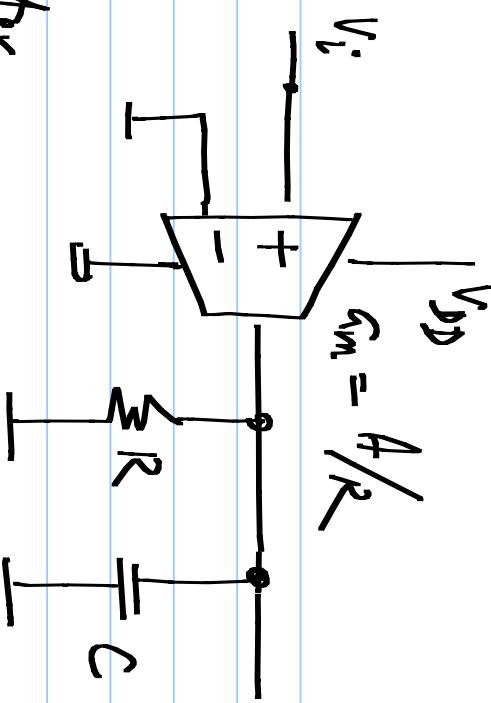
here, calculate the mean

squared output noise voltage

assuming that the transconductor

\hat{g}_m has an input referred noise voltage PSD of

$$4kT/g_m$$



$$\hat{g}_m = A/R$$

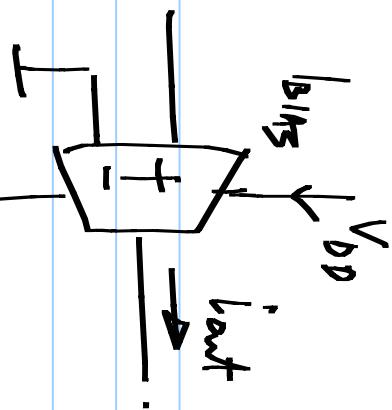
(b) Assuming that $V_i = V_p \cos \omega t$, and a low frequency ω , calculate the output mean squared signal voltage

(c) Assuming a "class A" transconductor, determine

the power drawn (average

power over one output cycle)

from the supply for the
above signal



$$|B_1A_3| = \max(|I_{int}|)$$

[Class A]

(d) Express the power dissipated (P_d) in terms of
the signal to noise ratio and the bandwidth

(c) Assuming a "class B"

transconductor, determine

the power drawn (average

power over one output cycle)

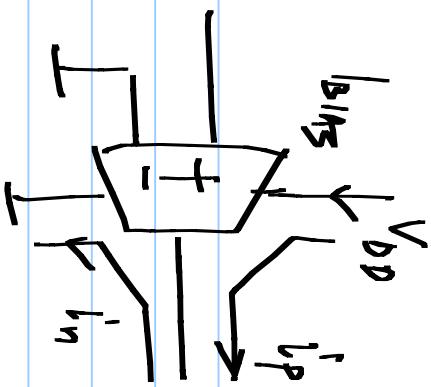
- positive int from V_{DD}

from the supply for the

- negative int into

ground

[class "B"]



(f) Express the power dissipated (P_d) in terms of
the signal to noise ratio and the bandwidth

(5) What do you infer from the relationships between P_d , $\frac{S}{N}$, and f_B in the previous problems?

(6) Calculate the output noise

P_{SD} & the input referred noise P_{SD} due to the opamp noise ($P_{SD} = S_{V_{noise}}$), with

and without R_2 .

