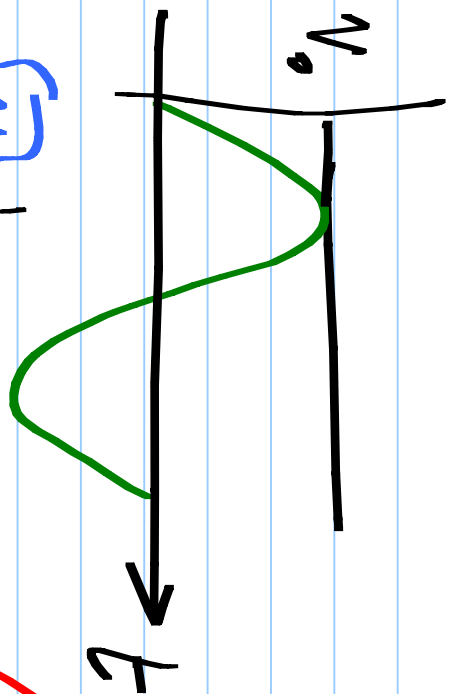


ECE 2015

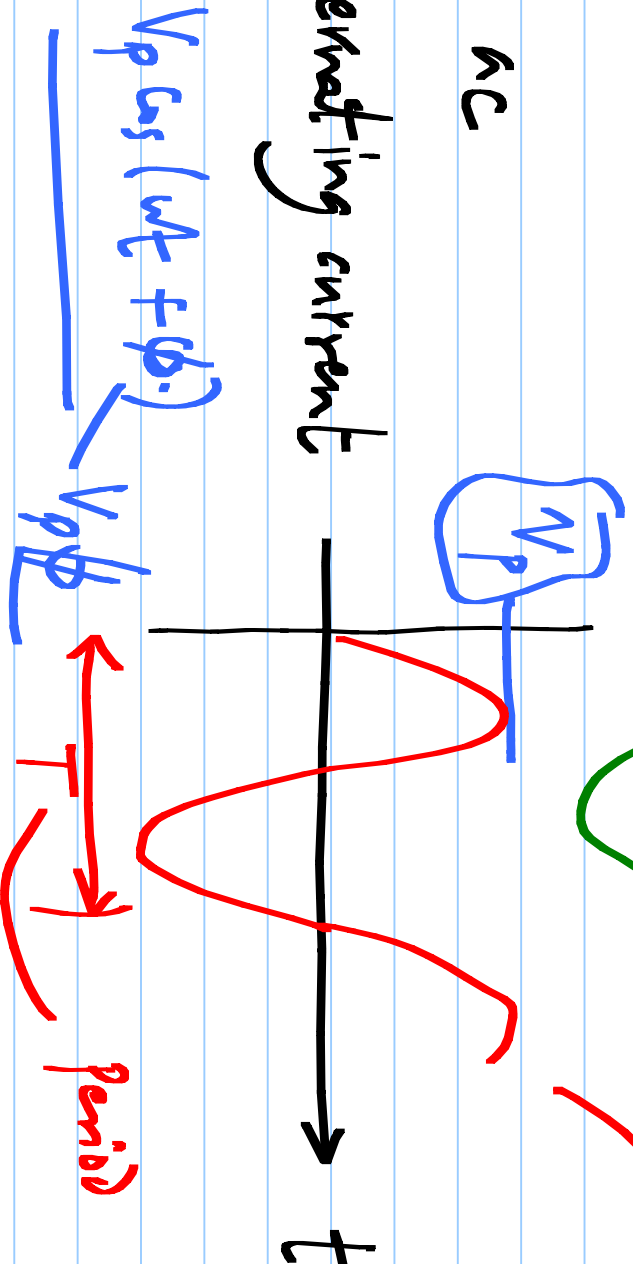
dc

direct current -



ac

Alternating current



$p(\theta)$: periodic with $\frac{2\pi}{T}$

17/10/2017

$\cos(\theta)$

$$\theta = \omega t + \phi$$

$$= \frac{2\pi t}{T} + \phi$$

$$f \text{ (Hz)} = \frac{1}{T}$$

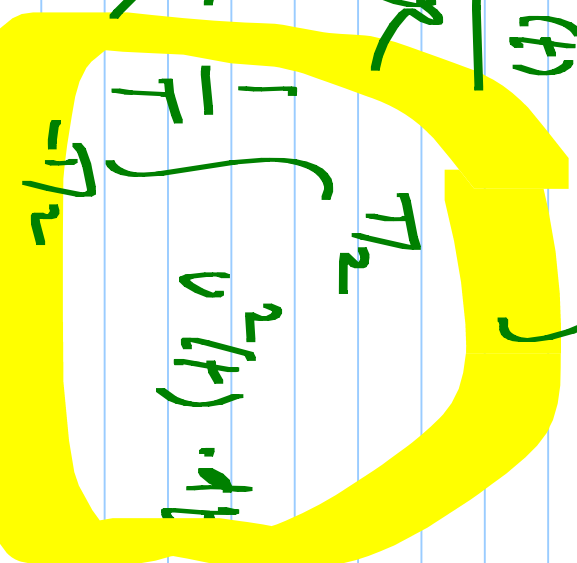
$$\omega \text{ (rad/s)} = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

Periodic signal $v(t)$ $\frac{V^2}{R}$ dc: V_0

$$(T) \quad v(t) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \\ - \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} + \\ - \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{mean square} \\ \text{value of } v. \end{array} \right. \quad V_0$$

$$P_R = \frac{v^2(t)}{R}$$

$$P_{R,AV} = \frac{1}{T}$$


$$\int_{-T/2}^{T/2} v^2(t) \cdot dt$$

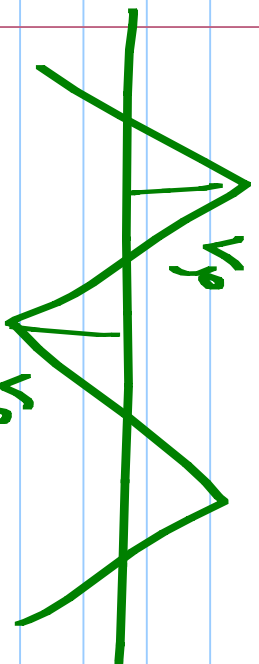
$$P_R = \frac{V_0^2}{R}$$
$$= \frac{V_0^2}{R}$$

Root mean squared (rms) value:

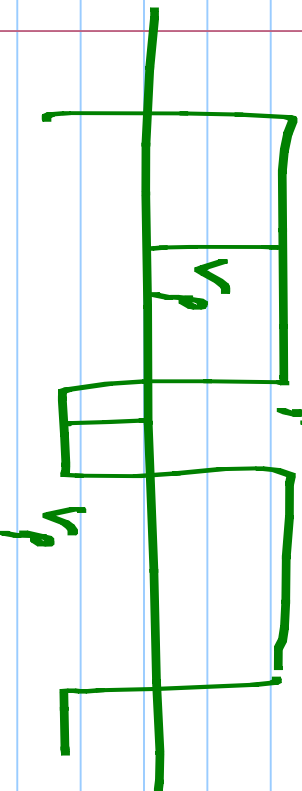
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T v^2(t) \cdot dt}$$

$$V_p \cos(\omega t + \phi) : v_{rms} = V_p / \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Avg: } \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T v(t) dt$$



$$v_{rms} = V_p / \sqrt{3}$$



$$v_{rms} = V_p$$

$$f = 50 \text{ Hz} \quad ; \quad \omega = 100\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$V_{\text{RMS}} : 230 \text{ V} \quad ; \quad \text{peak} = 230\sqrt{2} \text{ V} \approx 325 \text{ V}$$

$$V_R = 230 \angle \phi$$

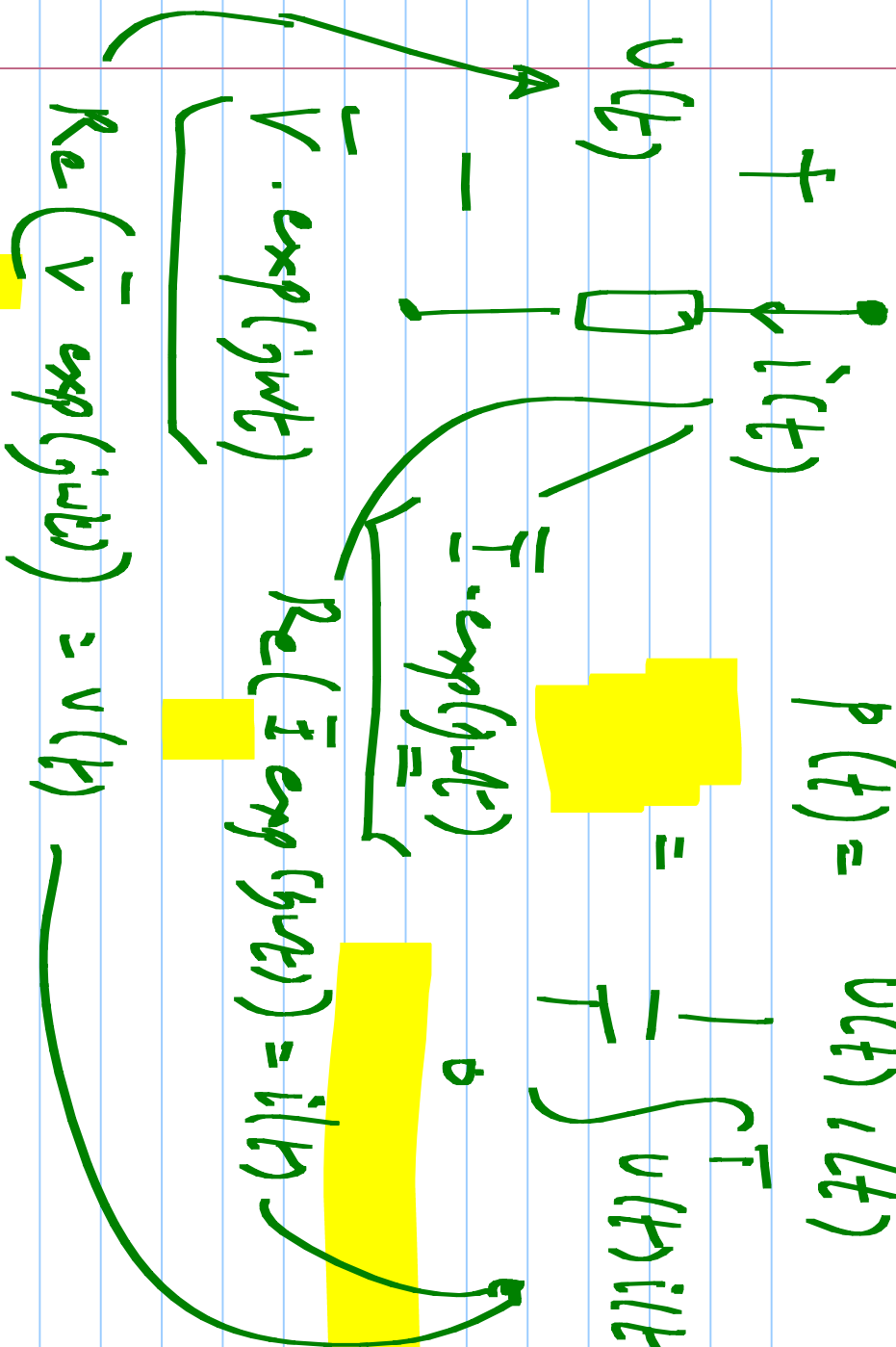
V_{RMS}

$$230\sqrt{2} \exp(j\phi)$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$P(t) = v(t) i(t)$$

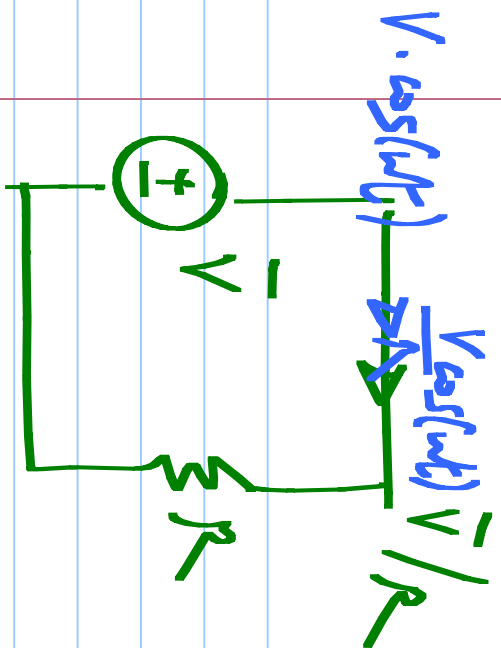
$$= \int_T^T v(t) i(t) dt$$



$$\int_0^T \underbrace{\left(\frac{\bar{v} \exp(j\omega t) + \bar{v}^* \exp(-j\omega t)}{2} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{\bar{I} \exp(j\omega t) + \bar{I}^* \exp(-j\omega t)}{2} \right)}_{v(t)} \cdot dt$$

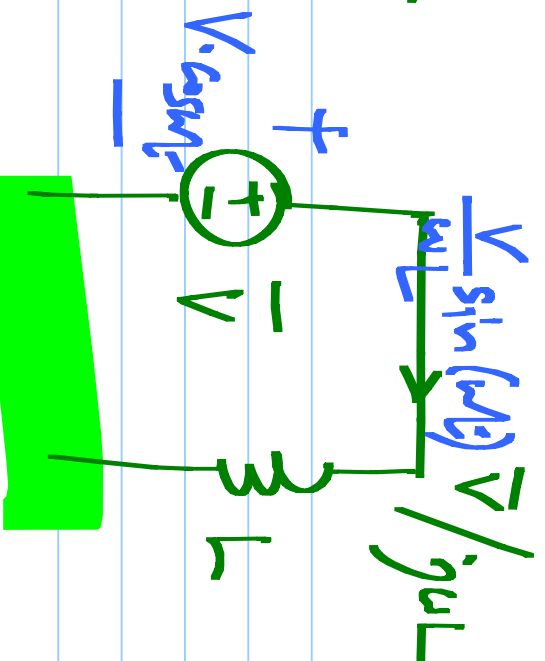
$$P_{av} = \frac{\bar{v} \cdot \bar{I}^*}{4} + \frac{\bar{v} \cdot \bar{I}}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}(\bar{v} \bar{I}^*)$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{\bar{v} \bar{I}^*}{2} = P_r + jP_i$$



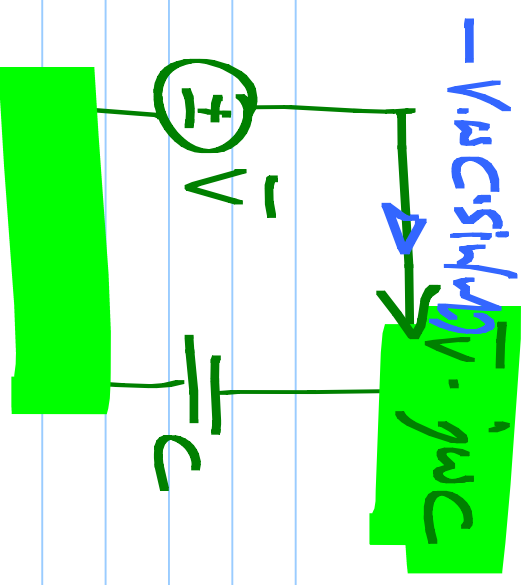
$$\bar{p} = \frac{|V|^2}{2R}$$

$$P_{av} = \frac{|V|^2}{2R}$$



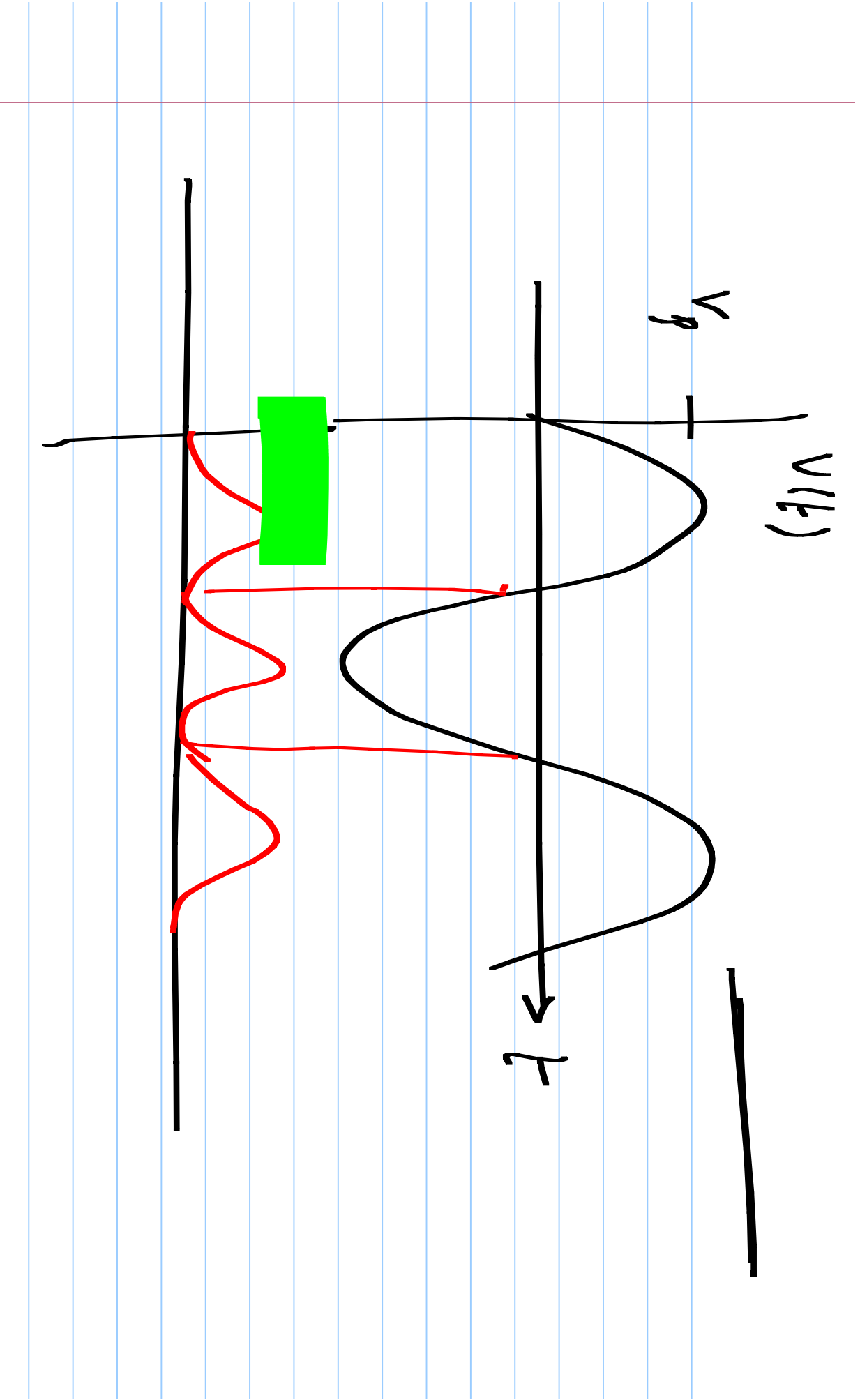
$$\bar{p} = j \frac{|V|^2}{2\omega L}$$

$$P_{av} = 0$$



$$\bar{p} = -j \frac{|V|^2 \cdot \omega C}{2}$$

$$P_{av} = 0$$



$$\bar{P} = \frac{\bar{V} \bar{I}^*}{2} \quad ; \quad \text{Apparent power} \quad \frac{\text{Volt-amps}}{\text{VA}}$$

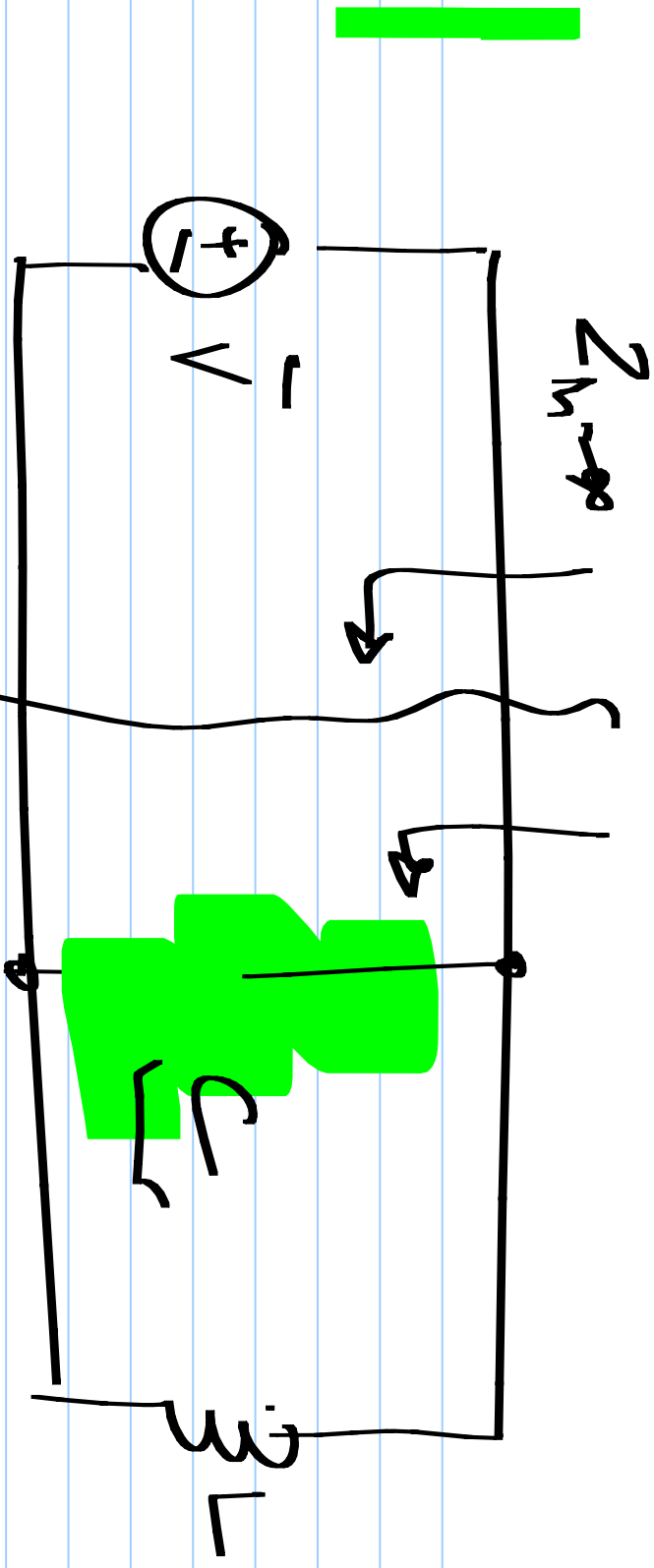
$$230\sqrt{2} \text{ V}, 10\sqrt{2} \text{ A}$$

$$2300 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_r = \text{Re}[\bar{P}] = \text{Real power} \quad \underline{\quad}$$

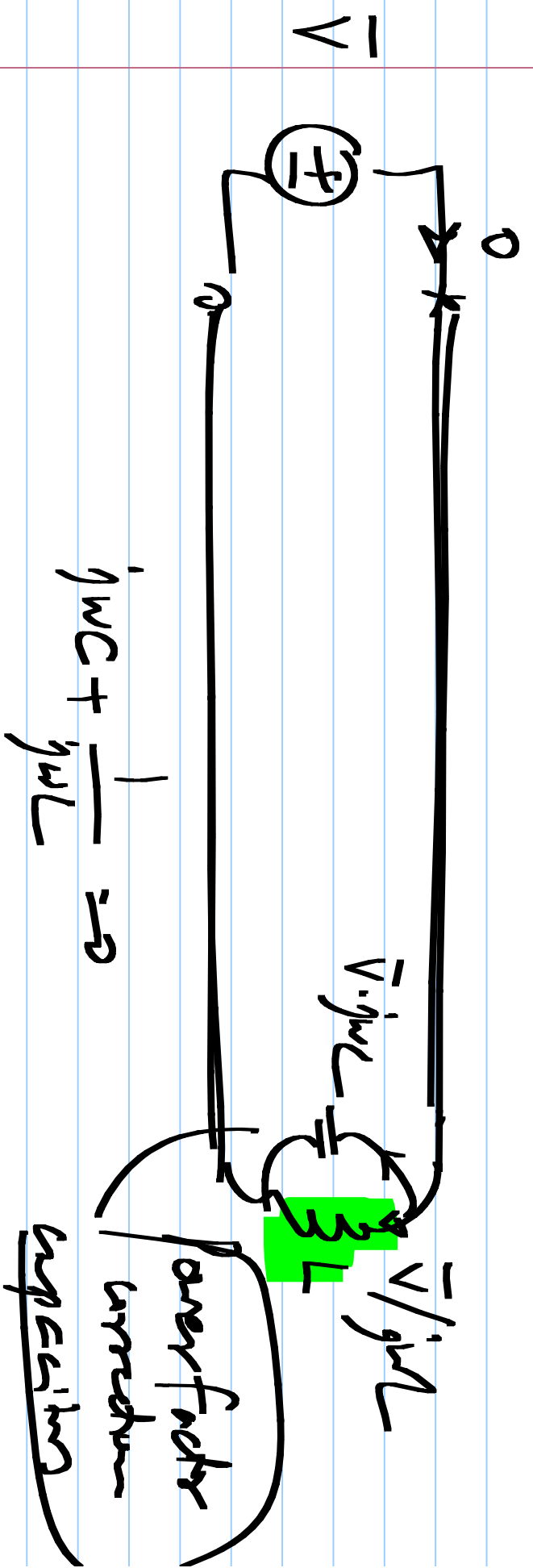
$$\underline{\quad} \text{ (W)}$$

$$P_L = \text{Im}(\bar{P}) : \text{Reactive power} \quad \underline{\quad} \text{ (VA)}$$



$$Z_{in} = j\omega C + \frac{1}{j\omega L}$$

$$\frac{\text{Real power}}{\text{Apparent power}} = \text{Power factor} = \frac{\text{Re}(\bar{V}\bar{I}^*)}{\frac{V|I|}{2}}$$



$$j\omega C + \frac{1}{j\omega L} \Rightarrow$$

