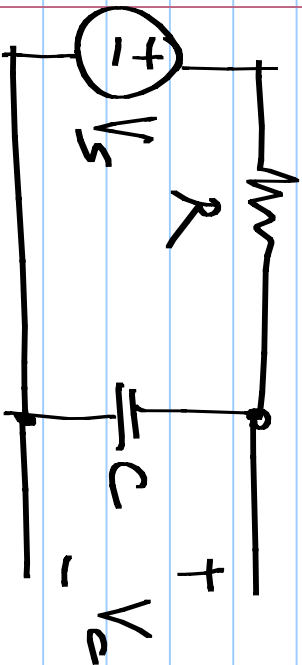


$$R > 0, L, C$$

EE 2015

First order systems with constant inputs

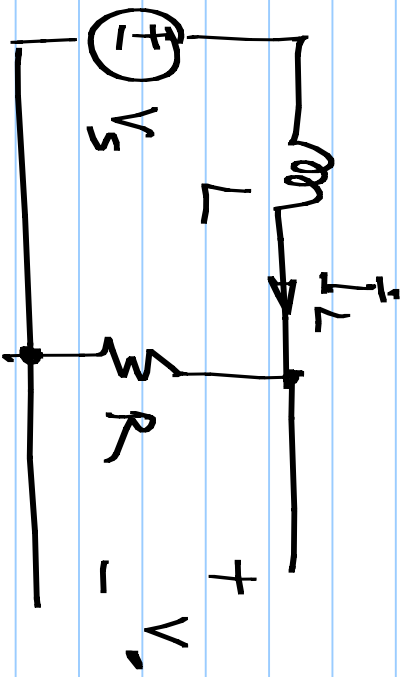
19/9/2017



$e^{-t/\tau}$

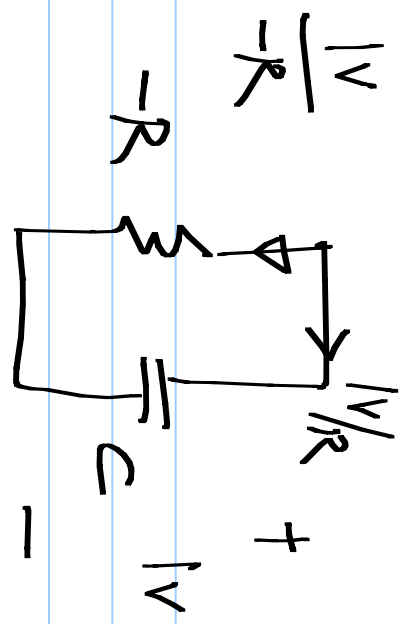
$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{1}{RC} \cdot V_c = \frac{V_s}{RC}$$

time constant τ



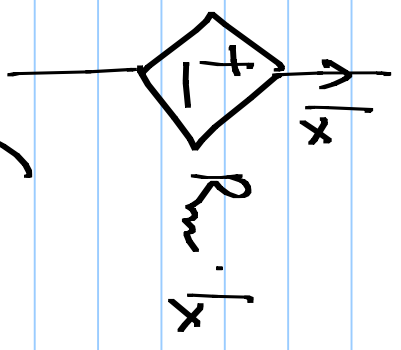
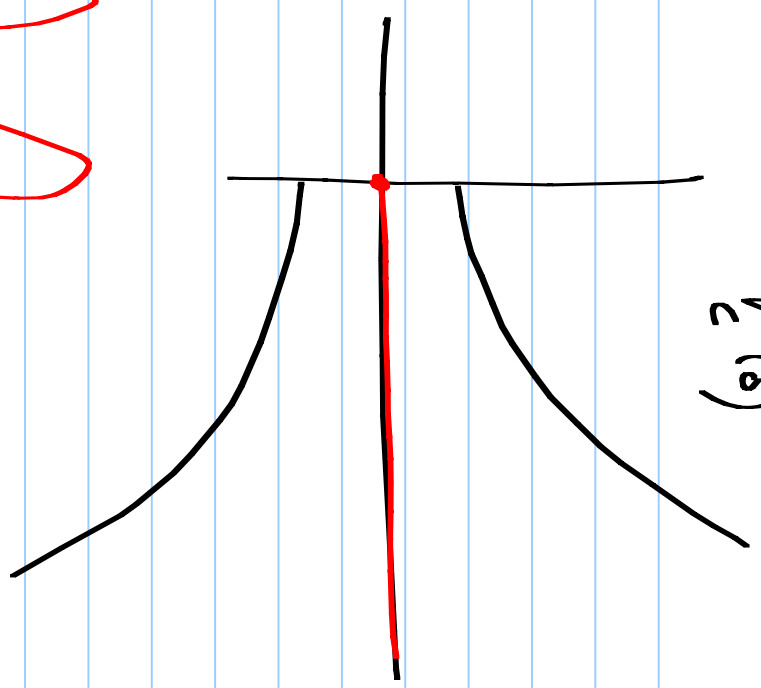
$$\frac{dI_L}{dt} + \frac{L}{V_o} = \frac{V_s}{L}$$

$$\frac{dV_o}{dt} + \frac{V_o}{V_o} = V_s \cdot \frac{R}{L}$$

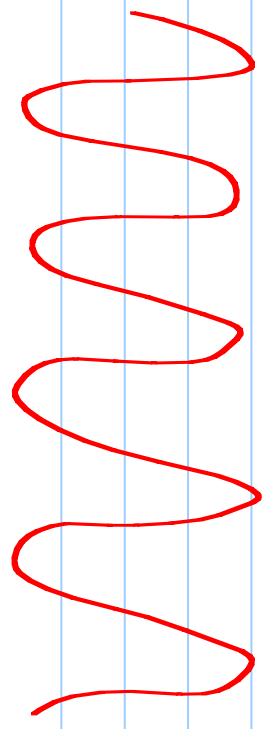


unstable system

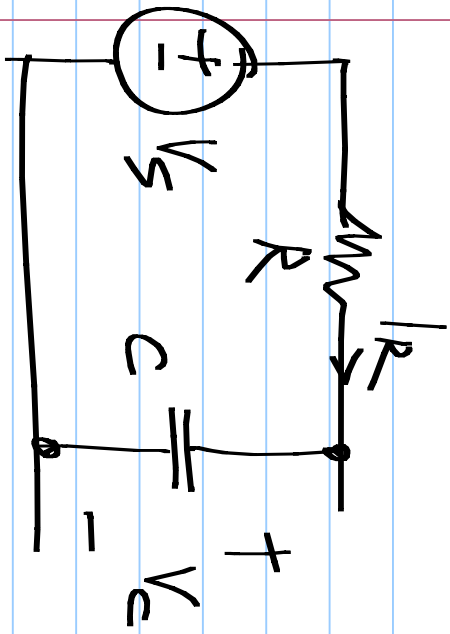
$v_c(s)$



$(R_m > 0)$



First order system:
Constant inputs



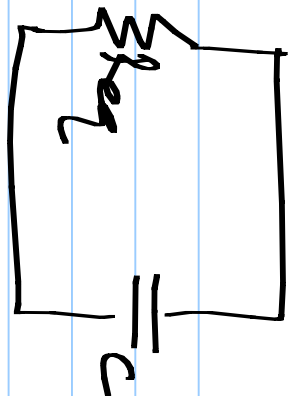
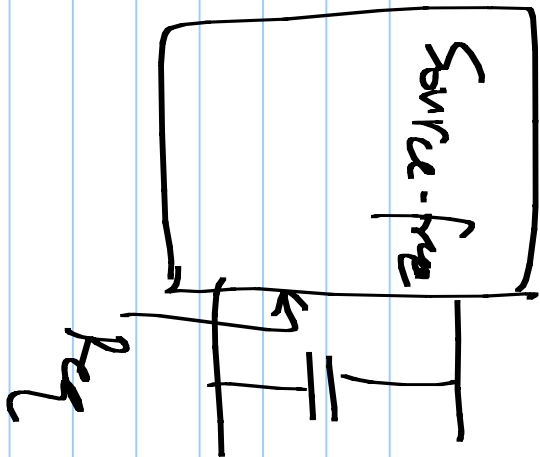
$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = \frac{V_s}{RC}$$

Steady-state + Transient response

derivatives = 0

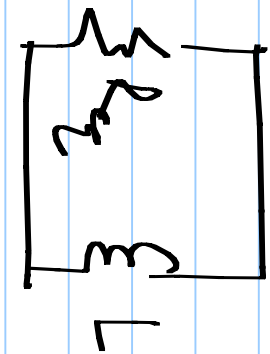
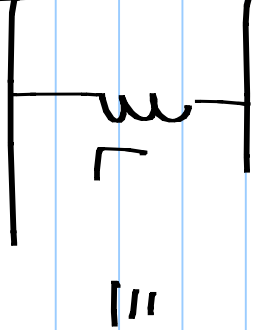
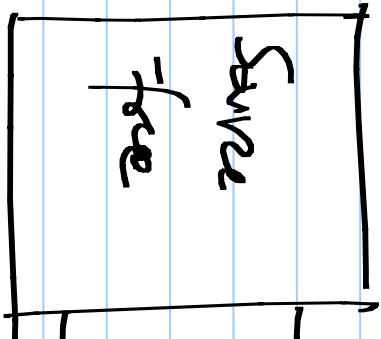
$$0 = C \frac{dV_c}{dt} \quad \left(\text{exp}\left(-\frac{t}{\tau}\right) \right)$$

$$V_c = L \cdot \frac{dV_c}{dt} = 0$$

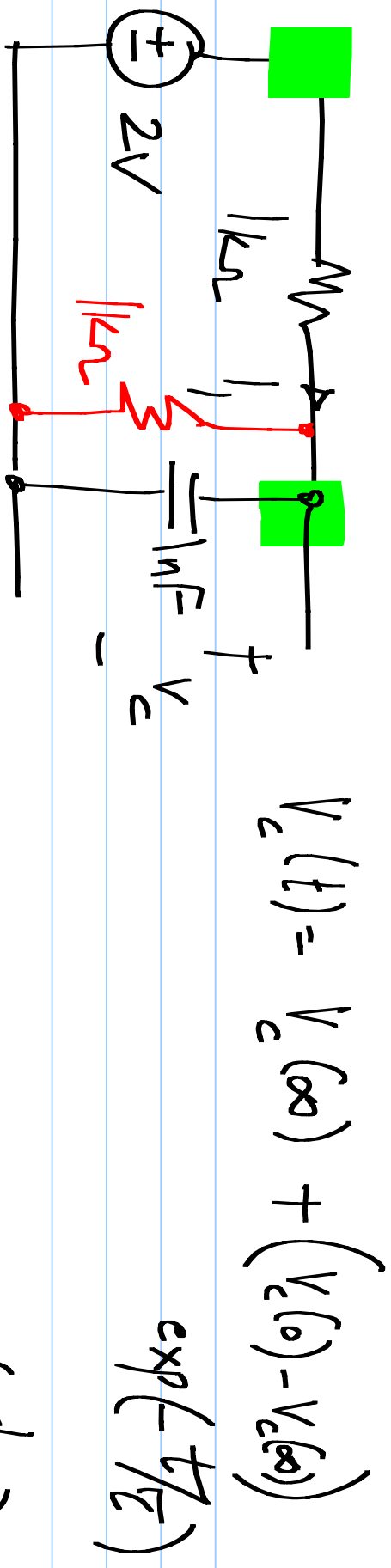


$$\tau = R_{eq} \cdot C$$

$$\underline{\exp(-t/\tau)}$$



$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_{eq}}$$

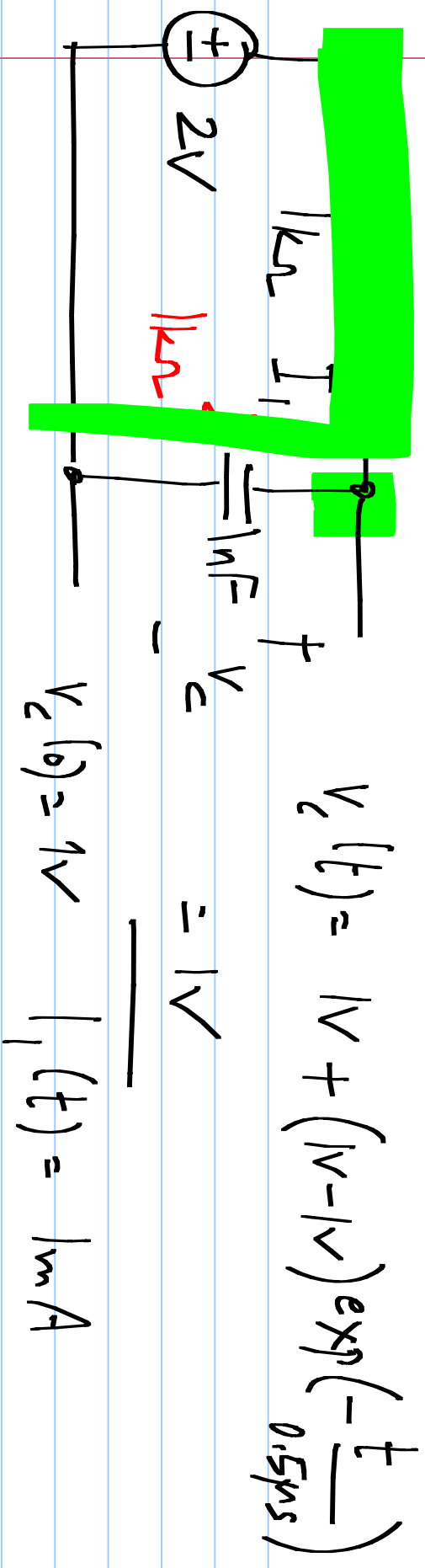


$$V_c(t) = V_c(\infty) + (V_c(0) - V_c(\infty)) \exp(-t/\tau)$$

$$V_c(0) = 1V \quad V_c(t) = 2V - 1V \cdot \exp(-\frac{t}{1\mu s})$$

$$i_1(t) = i_1(\infty) + (i_1(0) - i_1(\infty)) \exp(-t/\tau)$$

$$0 + 1mA \exp(-t/1\mu s)$$

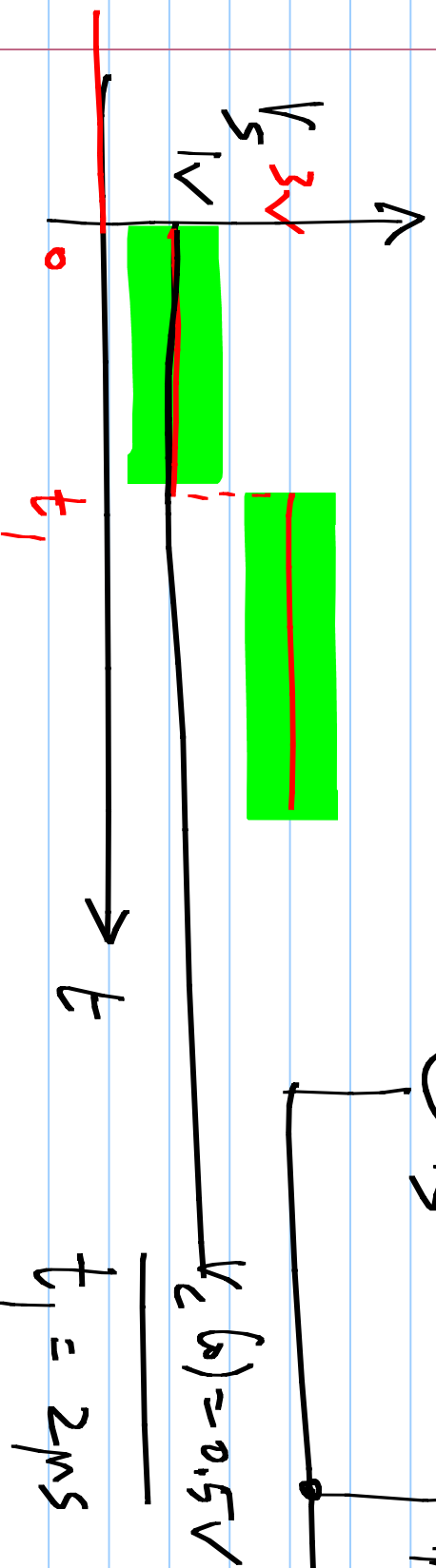
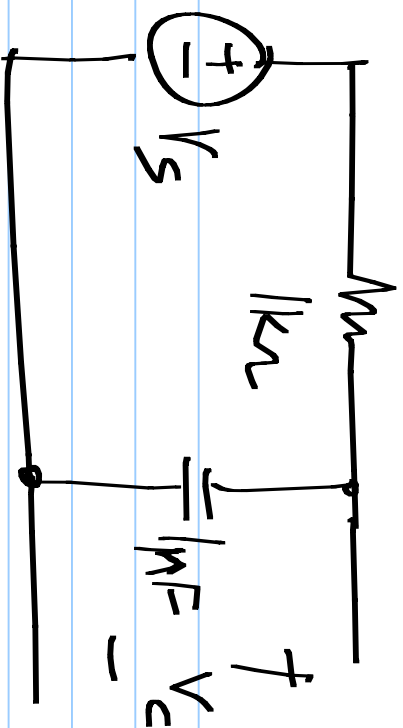


$$V_c(0) = -1V$$

$$V_c(t) = 1V - 2V \exp\left(-\frac{t}{0.5\mu s}\right)$$

$$I_1(t) = 1mA + 2mA \exp\left(-\frac{t}{0.5\mu s}\right)$$

Piecewise - constant

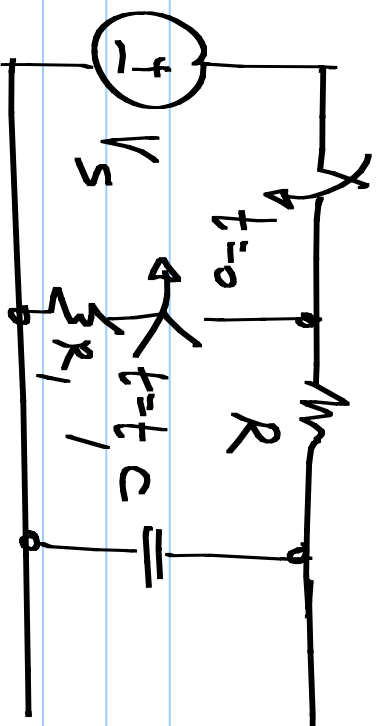
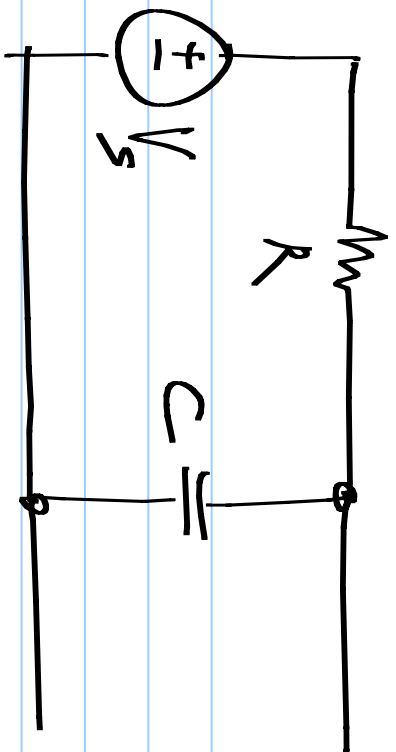


$t < 0$; —

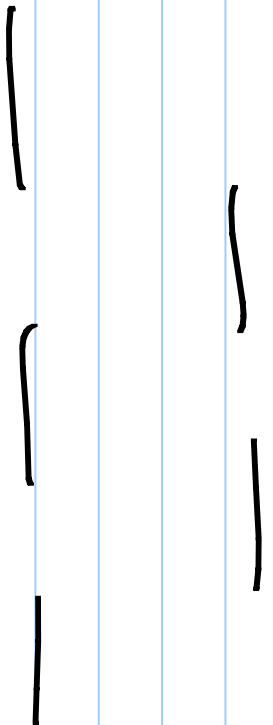
@ $t = 2\mu s$

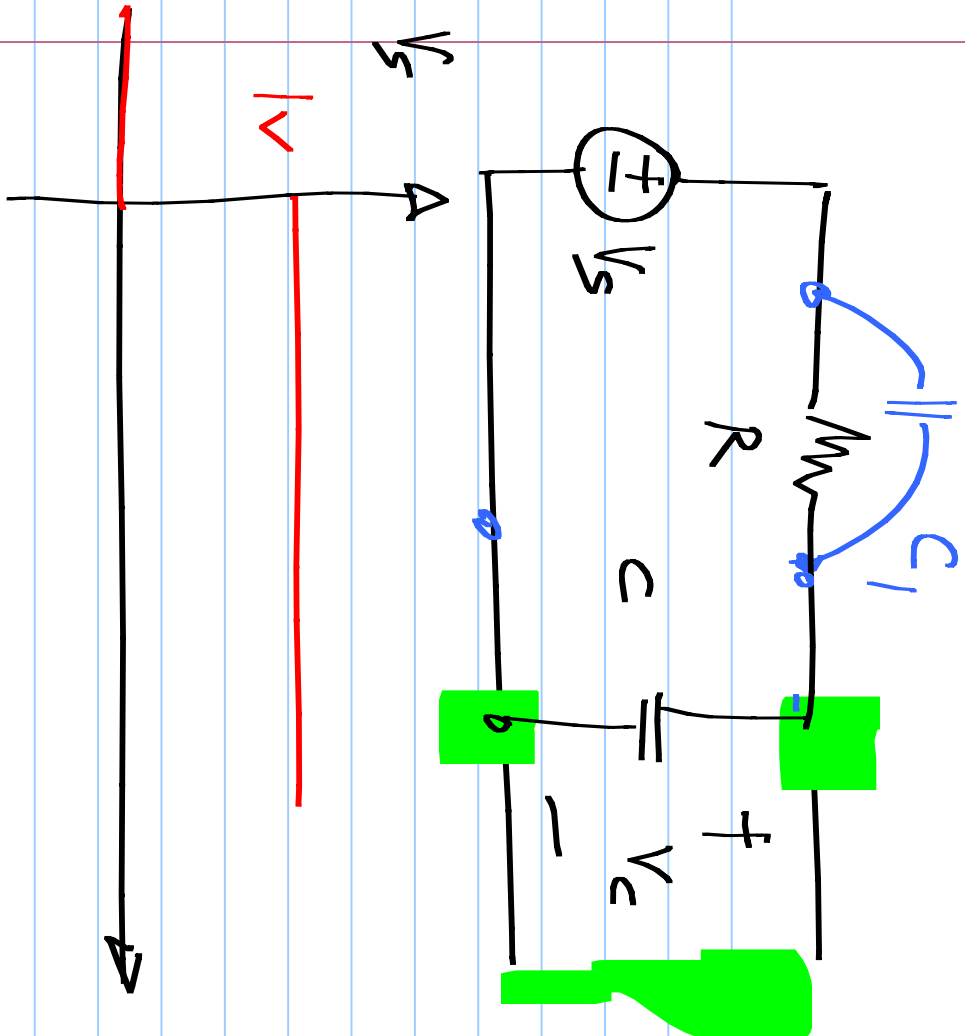
$0 < t \leq 2\mu s$; $1V - 0.5V \exp(-t/1\mu s)$ $1V = 0.5V \exp(-2)$

$2\mu s < t$; $3V + (0.932 - 3V) \exp(-\frac{t-2\mu s}{1\mu s})$

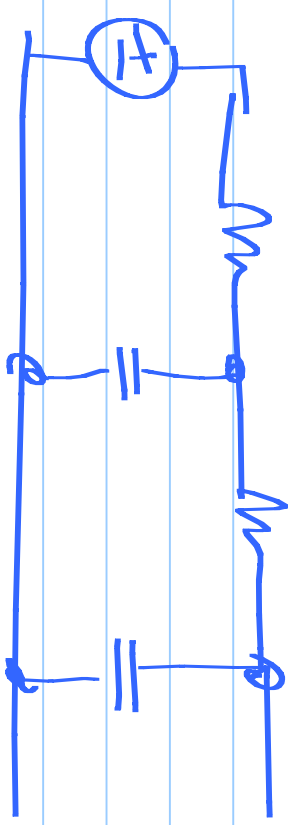


Step -





$$V_c(t) = 1 - \exp(-t/R_c)$$



$$V_c(0) = 0$$

t