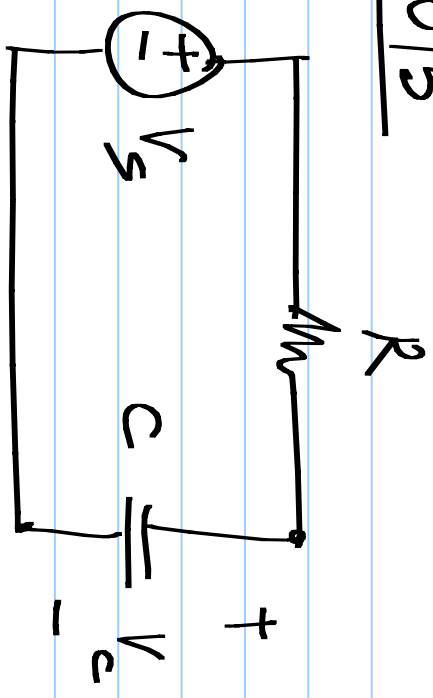


EE 2015

18/9/2017



$$RC \frac{dV_c}{dt} + V_c = V_s$$

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = \frac{V_s}{RC}$$

Source-free circuit:

$$V_s = 0$$

highest derivative  
= 1st derivative  
First order diff. eq.

Linear D.E

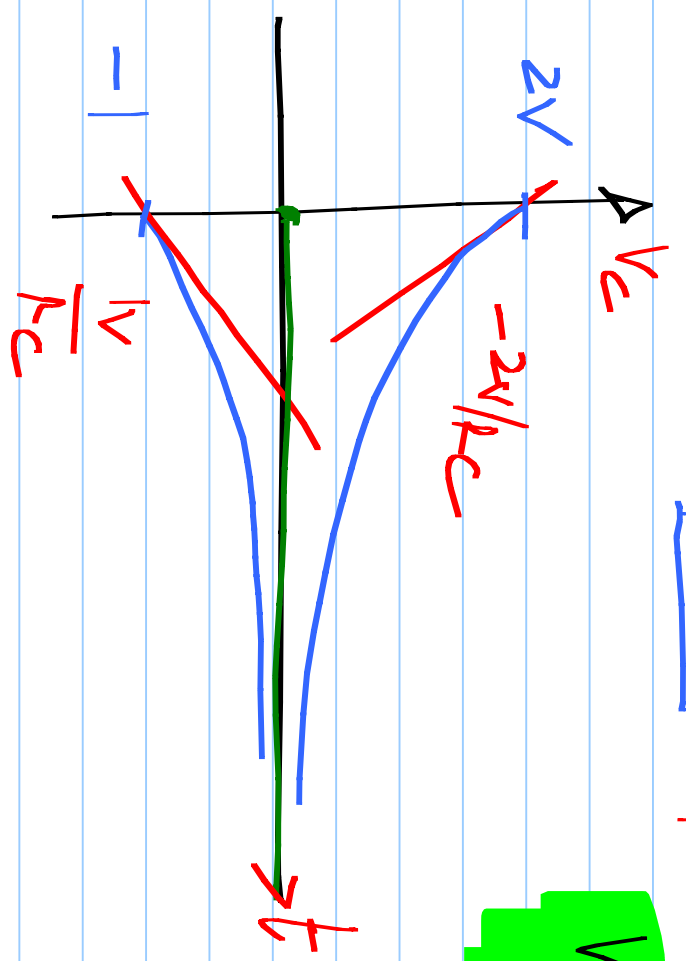
Constant coeff.

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = 0$$

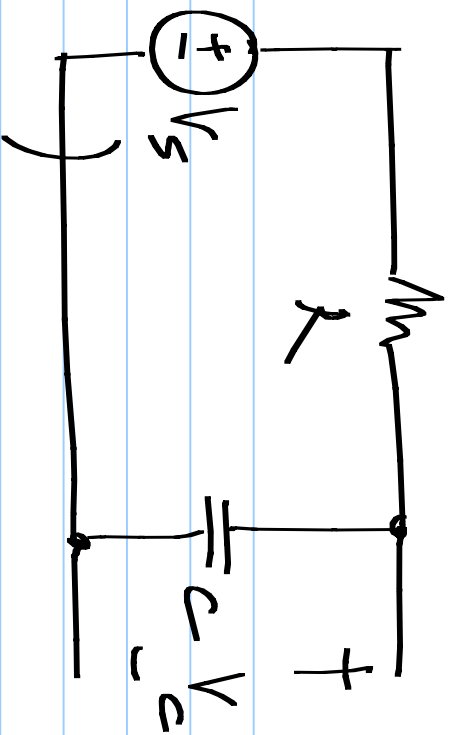
$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = 0$$

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} = -\frac{1}{RC} \cdot V_c$$

$$V_c \sim V_c(0) \exp(-t/RC)$$



(State) of the system



$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = \frac{V_s}{RC}$$

$$V_{e1} = V_c - V_s$$

$$\frac{dV_{e1}}{dt} = \frac{dV_c}{dt}$$

constant with time

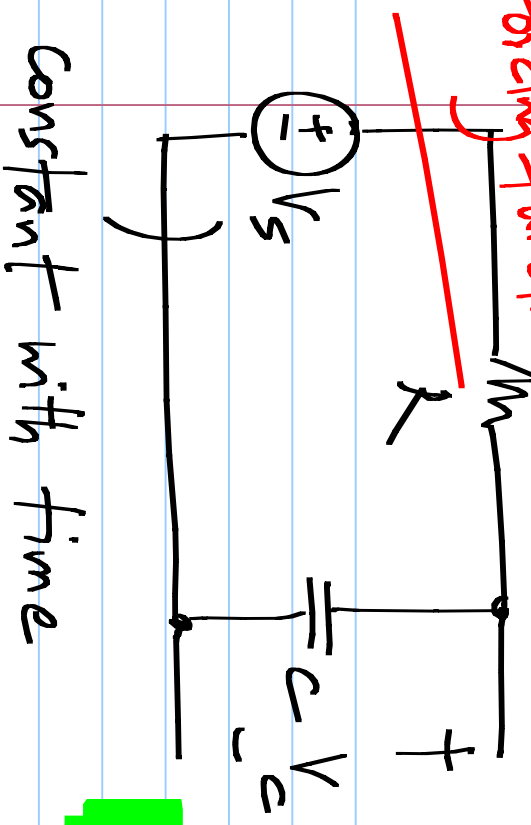
$$V_{e1}(t) = \underbrace{V_{e1}(0)}_{\text{constant}} \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$V_c(t) - V_s = (V_{e1}(0) - V_s) \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$\frac{dV_{e1}}{dt} + \frac{V_{e1}}{RC} = 0$$

$$V_c(t) = V_s + (V_{e1}(0) - V_s) \exp(-t/RC)$$

Forcing function



$$V_c(t) = V_s + (V_c(0) - V_s) \exp(-t/\tau_c)$$

Forced response

steady state response

Natural response

Transient response

$$V_c(t) = V_s (1 - \exp(-t/\tau_c)) + V_c(0)$$

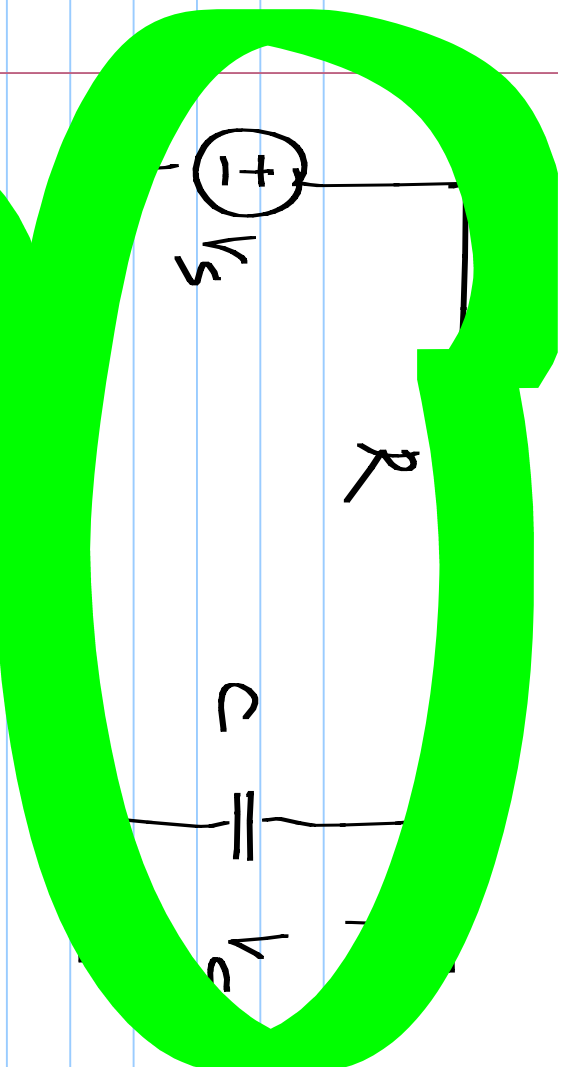
Zero-state response

Zero-input response

Total response: not linear w/  $V_S$

Zero-input response: linear with  $V_C(t_0)$

Zero-state response: linear with  $V_S$



D.E. with  $V_c$

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = \frac{V_s}{RC}$$

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} =$$

$$\frac{V_s}{RC} = \frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{1}{s_2}$$

$$\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{V_c}{RC} = \frac{1}{s_1} - \frac{1}{s_2}$$

