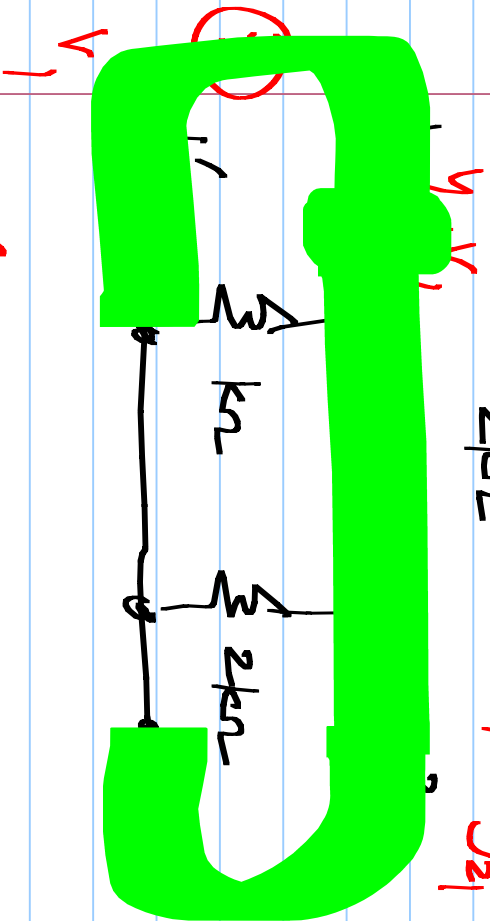


EET 2015

Two-port networks w/ only resistors

4/9/2017

$$2k_2 \cdot 0.5ms \cdot V_1 \quad y_{21} \cdot V_1$$

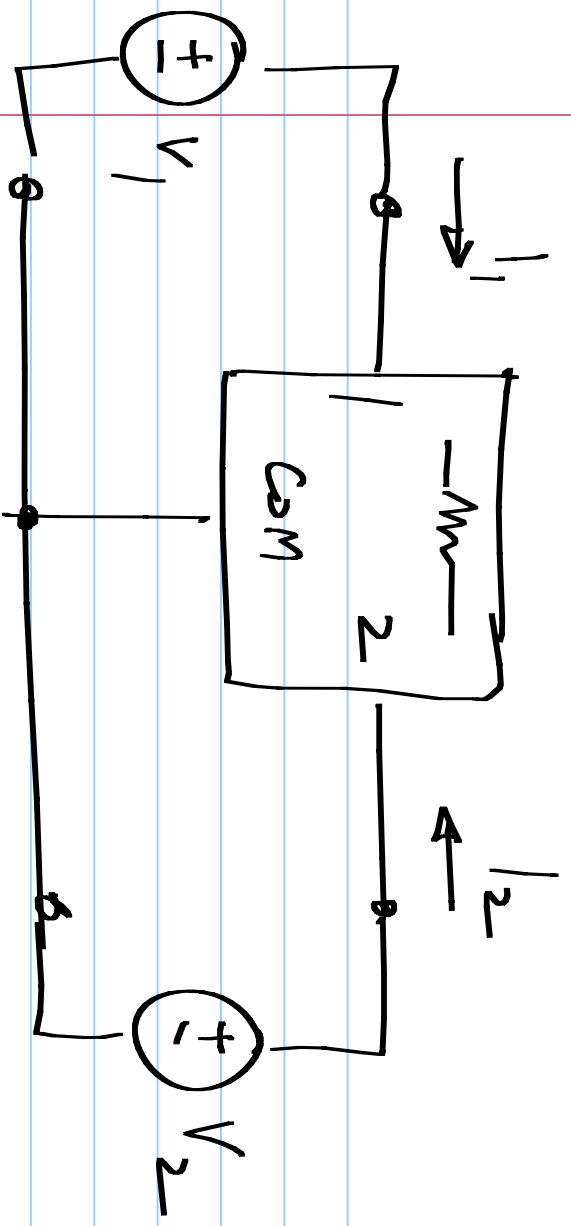


$$y = \begin{bmatrix} \blacksquare & -0.5 \\ -0.5 & \blacksquare \end{bmatrix} ms$$

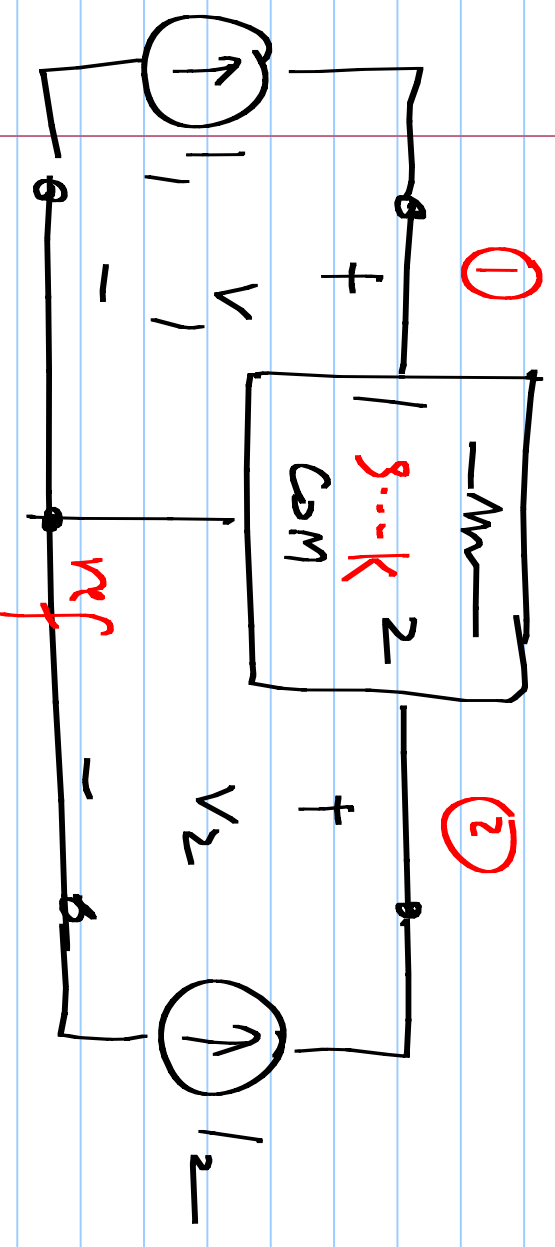
$$(ms + 0.5ms) V_1$$

$$y_{11}$$

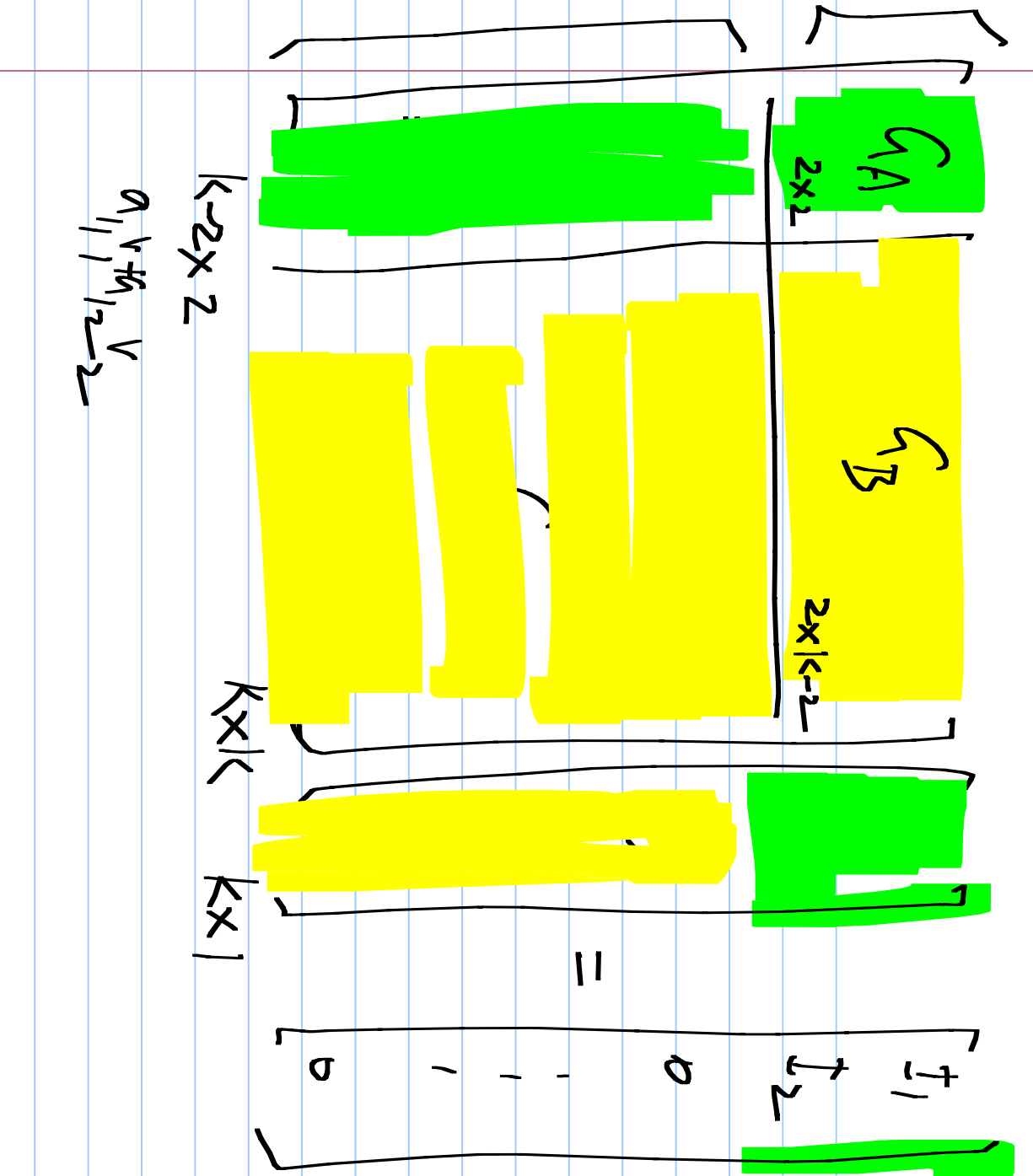
$$\underbrace{-0.5ms}_{y_{21}}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = [Y] \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = [Z] \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



a_1, v_1, a_2, v_2

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_A \\ \gamma_B \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_B \\ \vdots \\ \gamma_C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_3 \\ \vdots \\ v_k \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2×2 2×1 $2 \times (k-2)$ $k-2 \times 1$ 2×1

Solve for $(\gamma \dots v_k)$

~~Resistive network~~

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_B \\ \gamma_C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_D \\ \vdots \\ \gamma_E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_3 \\ \vdots \\ v_k \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$k-2 \times 2$ 2×1 $k-2 \times (k-2)$ $k-2 \times 1$ $k-2 \times 1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_3 \\ \vdots \\ v_k \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_B^{-1} \\ \gamma_C \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_D \\ \gamma_E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_A \\ \gamma_B \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_B \\ \gamma_D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_D^{-1} \\ \gamma_B^T \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

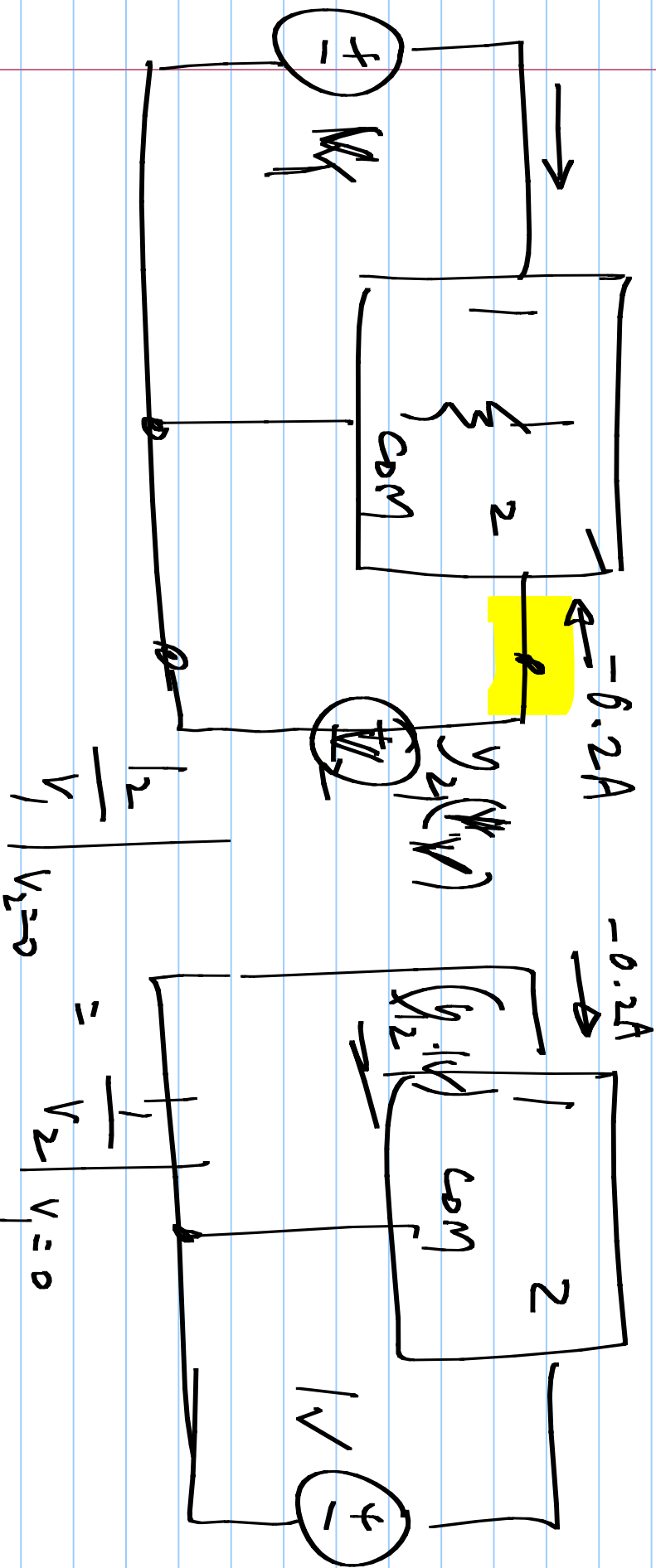
$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_A \\ \gamma_B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_B \\ \gamma_D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_D^{-1} \\ \gamma_B^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

y-parameter matrix

2x2

$$\begin{pmatrix} \gamma_B \cdot \gamma_D^{-1} & \gamma_B^T \\ \gamma_D & \gamma_B \end{pmatrix}^T$$

For a resistive 2-port network, $y_{12} = y_{21}$ (Reciprocity)



[For a resistive 2-port network, $y_{12} = y_{21}$

(Reciprocity)

Reciprocity relationship:

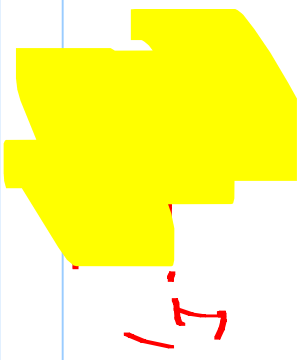
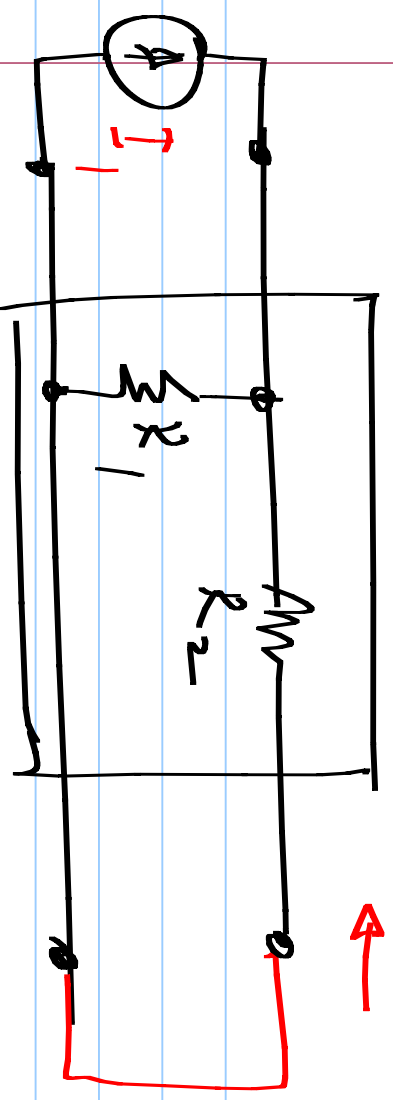
$$y_{12} = y_{21}$$

$$Z_{12} = Z_{21}$$

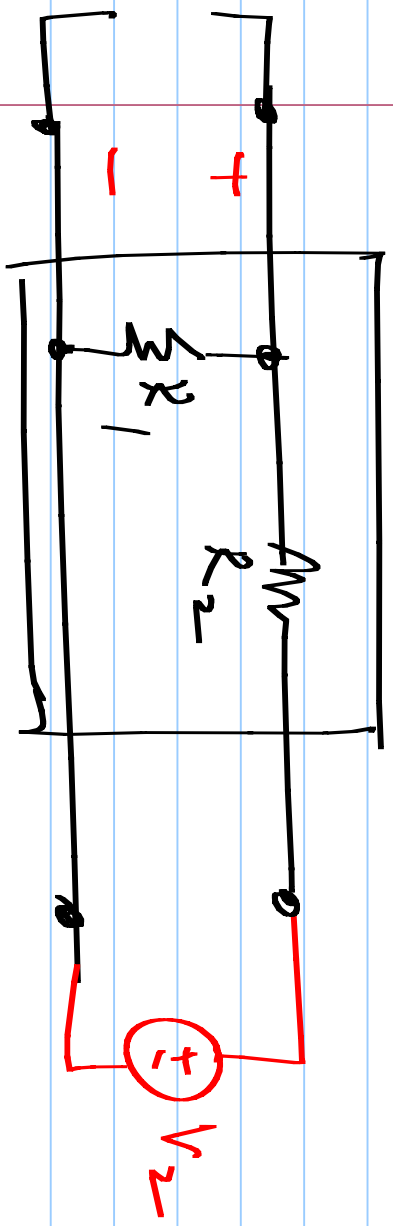
$$h_{12} = -h_{21}$$

$$g_{12} = -g_{21}$$

$$Z_{12} = \frac{-y_{12}}{\Delta y} ; Z_{21} = \frac{-y_{21}}{\Delta y}$$



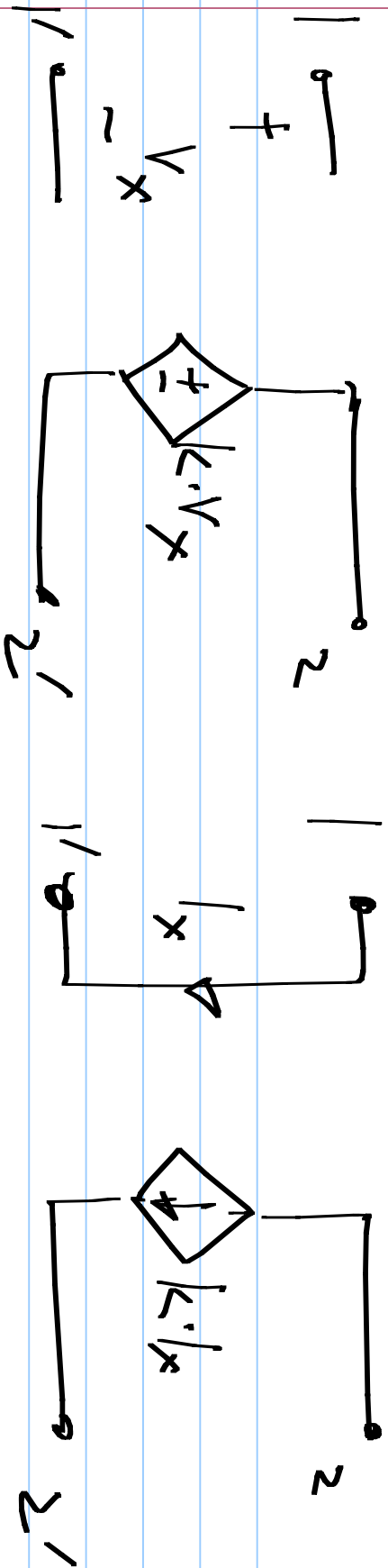
$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



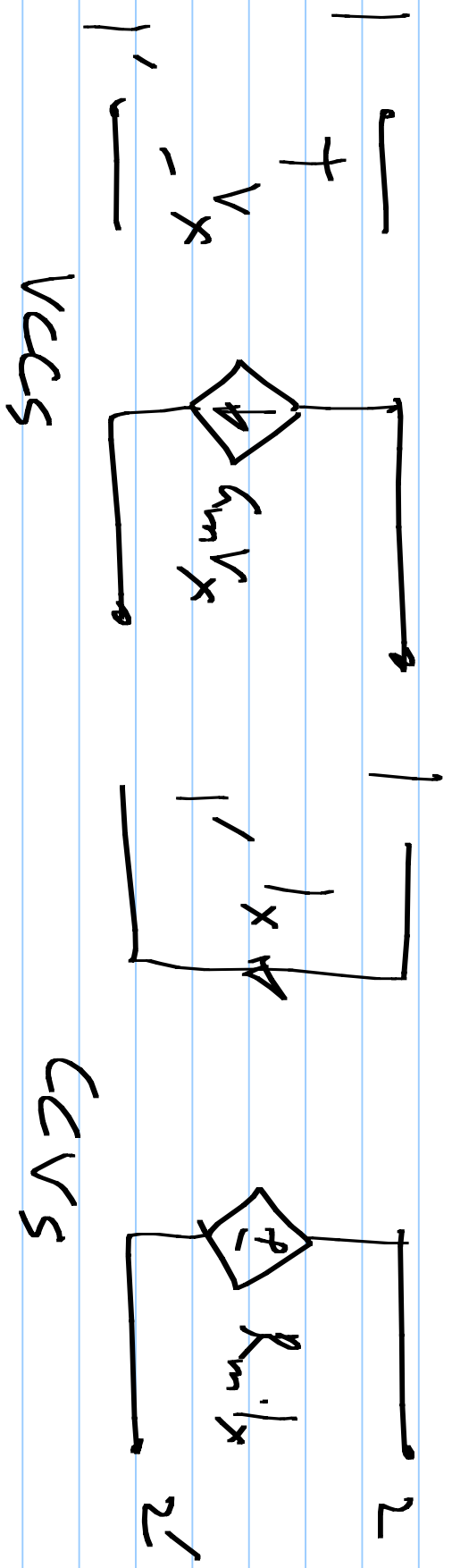
$$\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_2$$

~~$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$~~

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$



V_{CVS}
 y, z, h, g parameters



V_{CCS}

$CCVS$