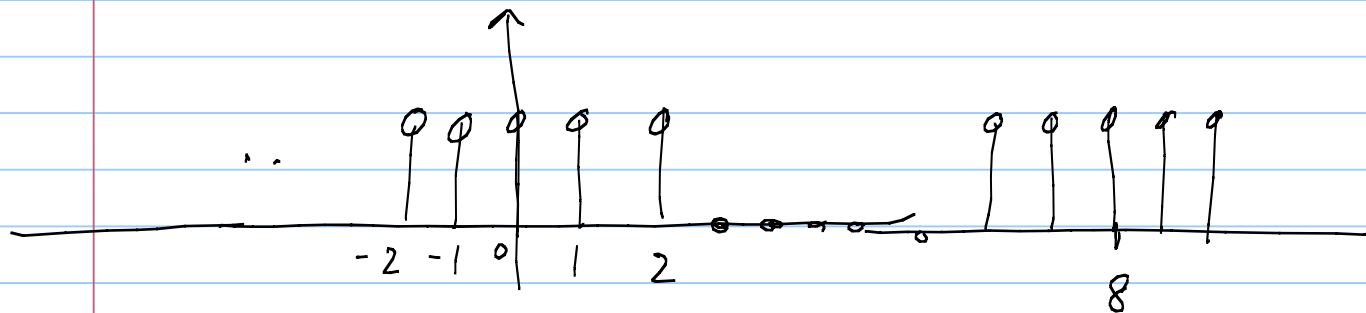


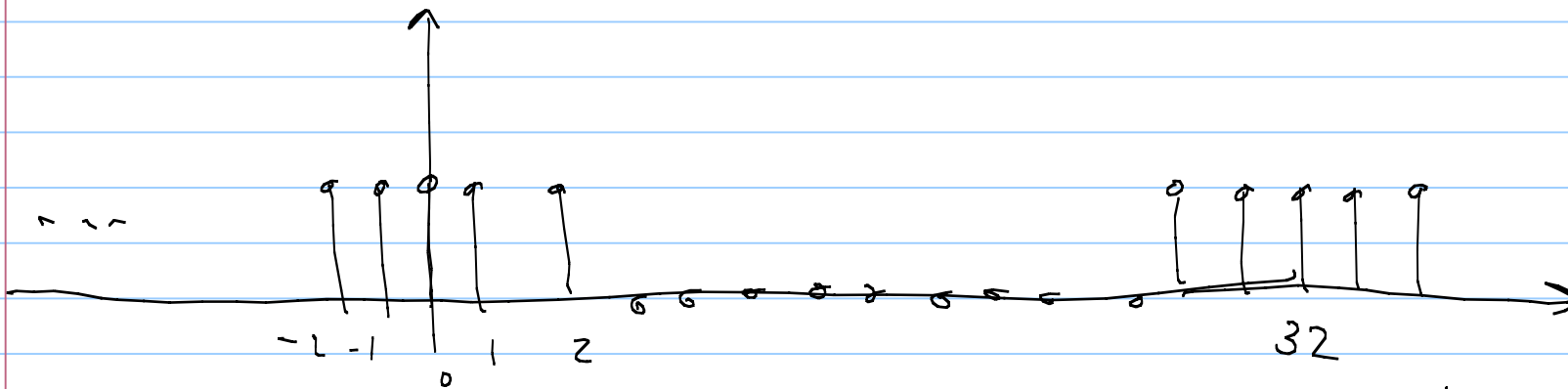
EC 5142 Sep. 8 2011

Note Title

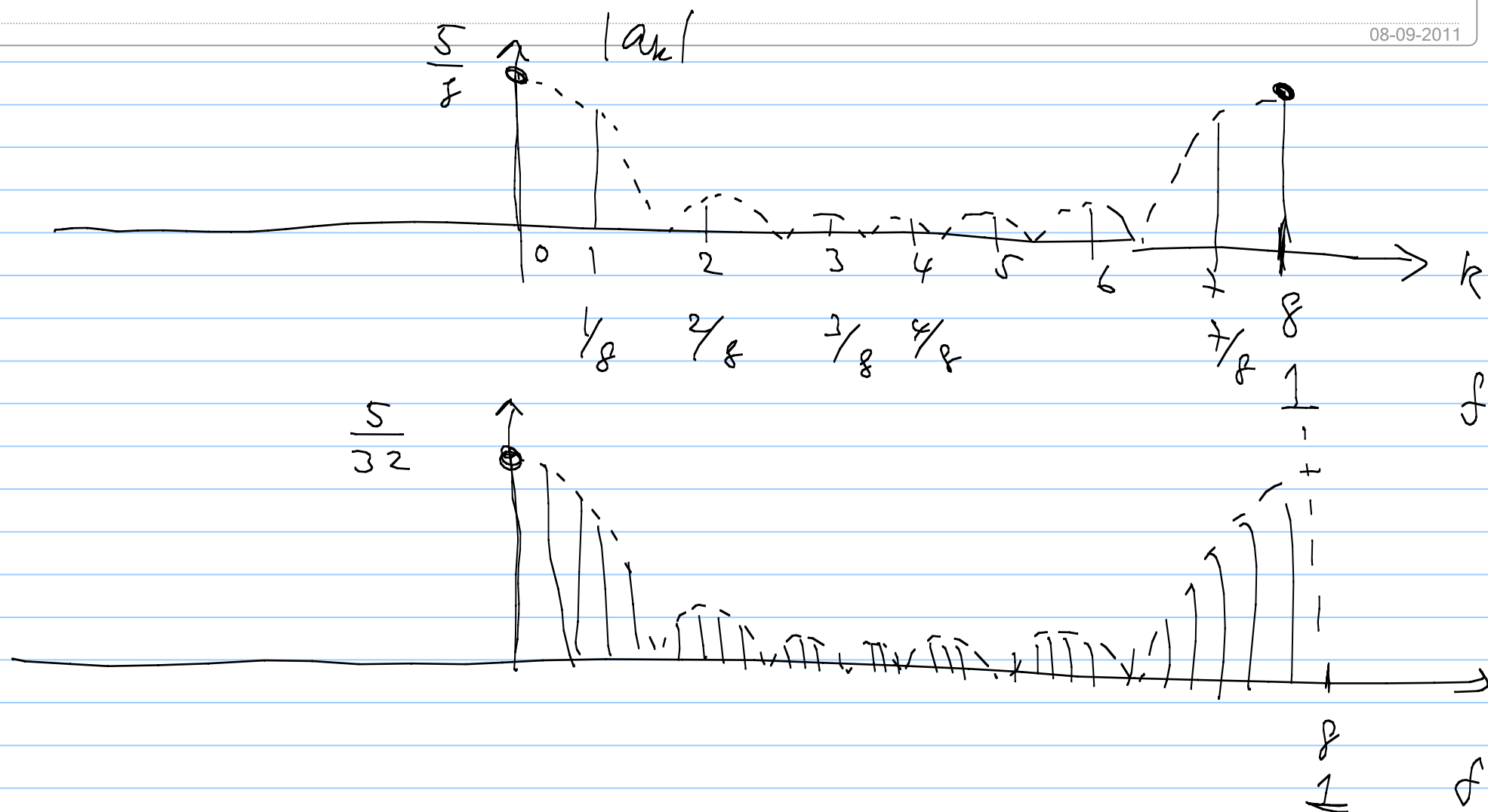
08-09-2011



$$a_k = \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sum_{k=-2}^2 \frac{5\pi k}{8}}{\sum_{k=-2}^2 \frac{\pi k}{8}}$$



$$a_k = \frac{1}{32} \frac{\sum_{k=-2}^2 \frac{5\pi k}{32}}{\sum_{k=-2}^2 \frac{\pi k}{32}}$$



DFT

$x[n]$ given for $n=0, 1, \dots, N-1$

$$X[k] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j 2\pi k n / N}$$

$\swarrow$ k^{th} DFT coefficient

DFT

$$X[k+N] = X[k]$$

$X[k]$ need to be considered only for $k=0, 1, \dots, N-1$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] e^{j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}} \quad \text{IDFT}$$

$$x[n+N] = x[n]$$

Recall:

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k e^{j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}}$$

Where $x[n+N] = x[n]$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}}$$

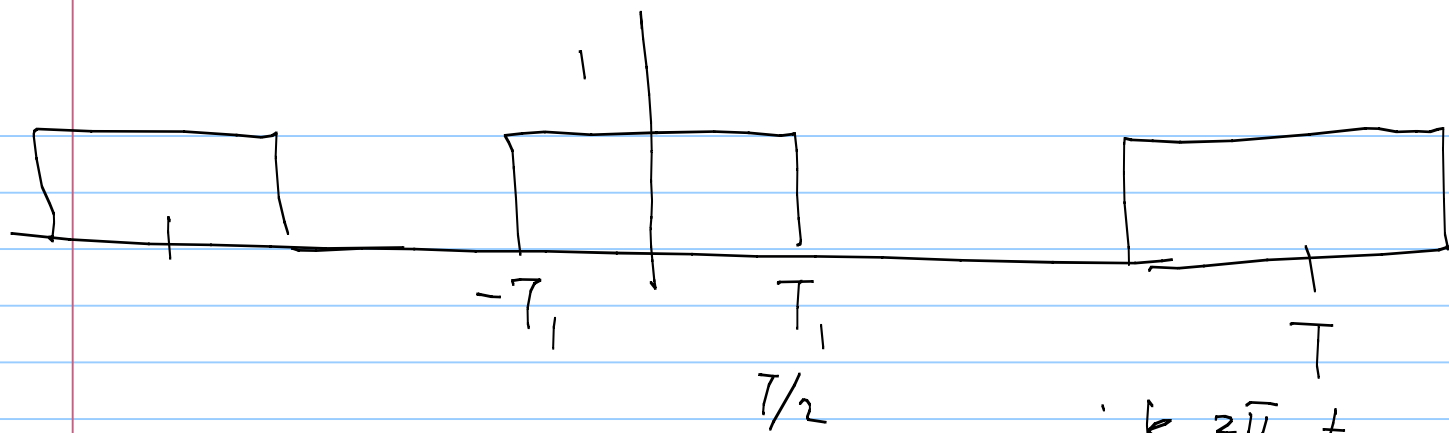
$$N a_k = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j 2\pi k n / N} = X[k]$$

$$x(t + T) = x(t)$$

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{-j k \Omega_0 t} \quad \Omega_0 = 2\pi / T$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{+j k \omega_0 t} dt$$





$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} 1 \cdot e^{-j k \frac{2\pi}{T} t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T_1}^{T_1} e^{-j k \frac{2\pi}{T} t} dt = \frac{1}{T} \frac{\sin \frac{2\pi k T_1}{T}}{k \pi / T}$$