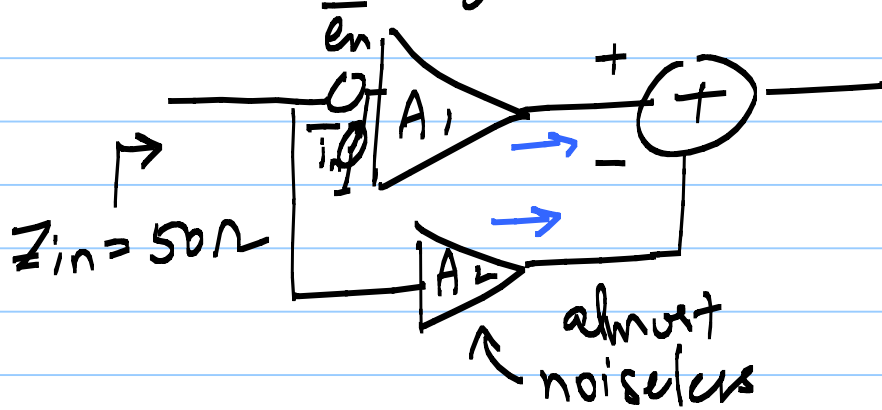


20/2/20

Lec 16

Noise cancelling LNAs



these can be quite
broad band

* A_1, A_2 - opposite signs
equal magnitudes

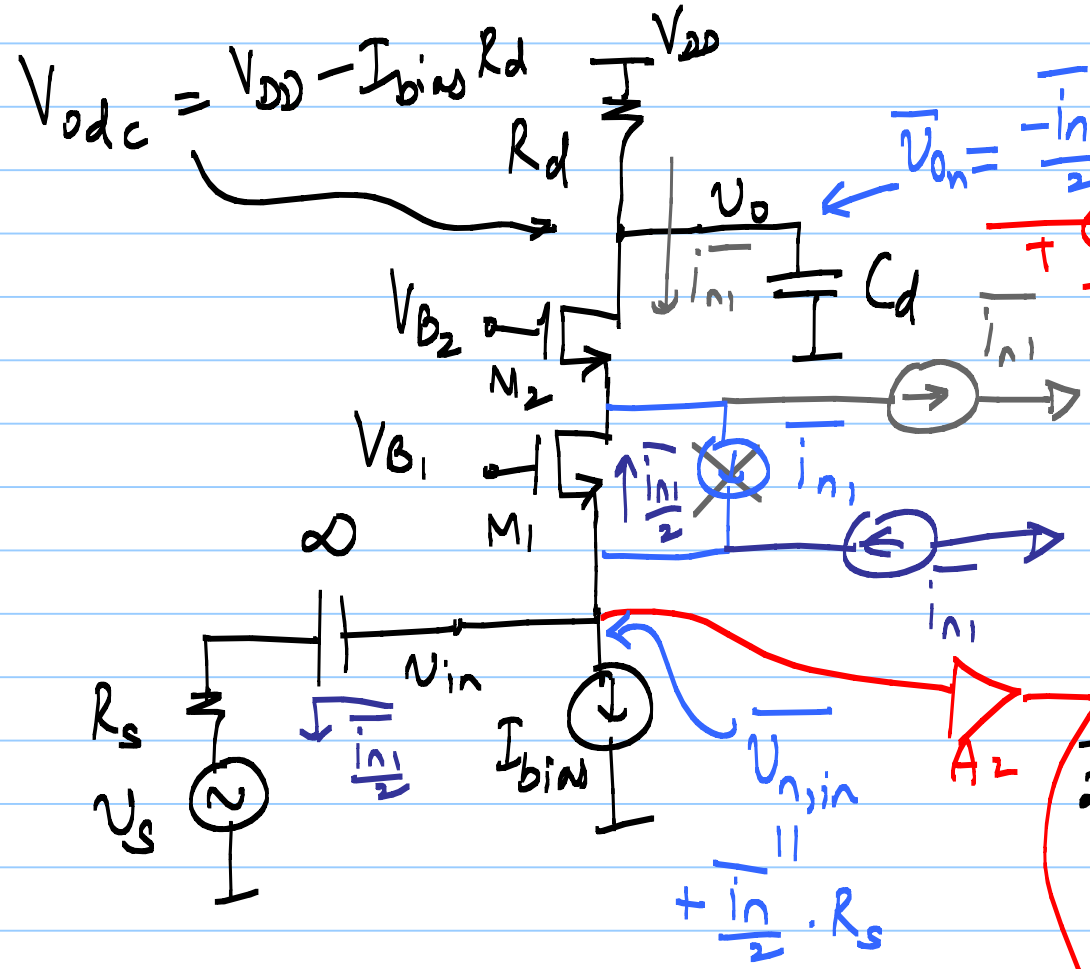
* A_2 should have low
noise

* $Z_{in} = 50\Omega$
e.g. A_1 was originally
matched to 50Ω
@ input

* A_2 should have $Z_{in} \rightarrow \infty$

Broadband CG LNA

$g_{m1} = 20 \text{ mS}$



$V_{dc} = V_{DD} - I_{bias} R_d$

$V_{on} = -\frac{i_{in1}}{2} R_d$

$Z_{in} = 50 \Omega$ from

DC to 1-2 GHz

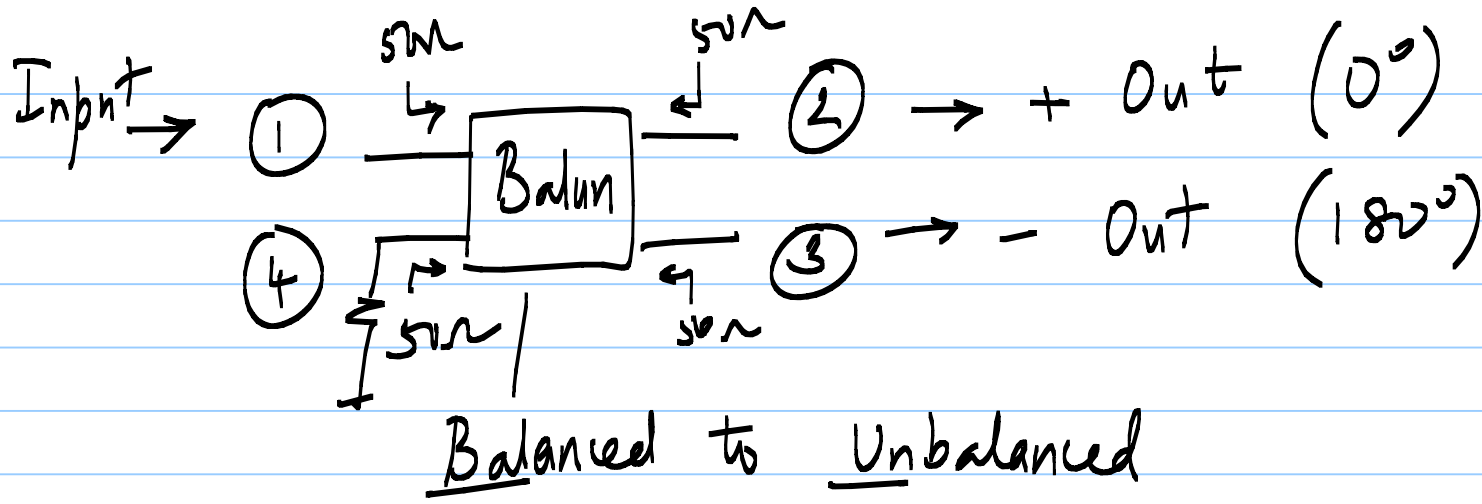
is possible

@ high freq., C_{gs} starts affecting Z_{in}

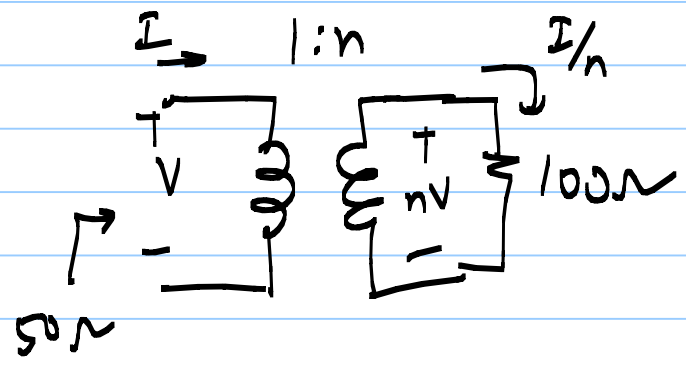
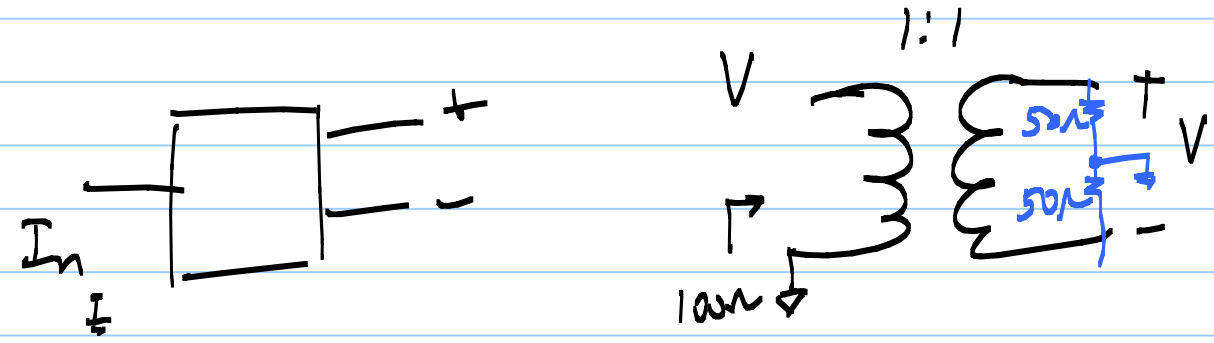
$\frac{1}{2\pi R_d C_d}$ should be much higher than max freq. of operation

$NF = 1 + \frac{4R_s}{R_d} + \gamma$

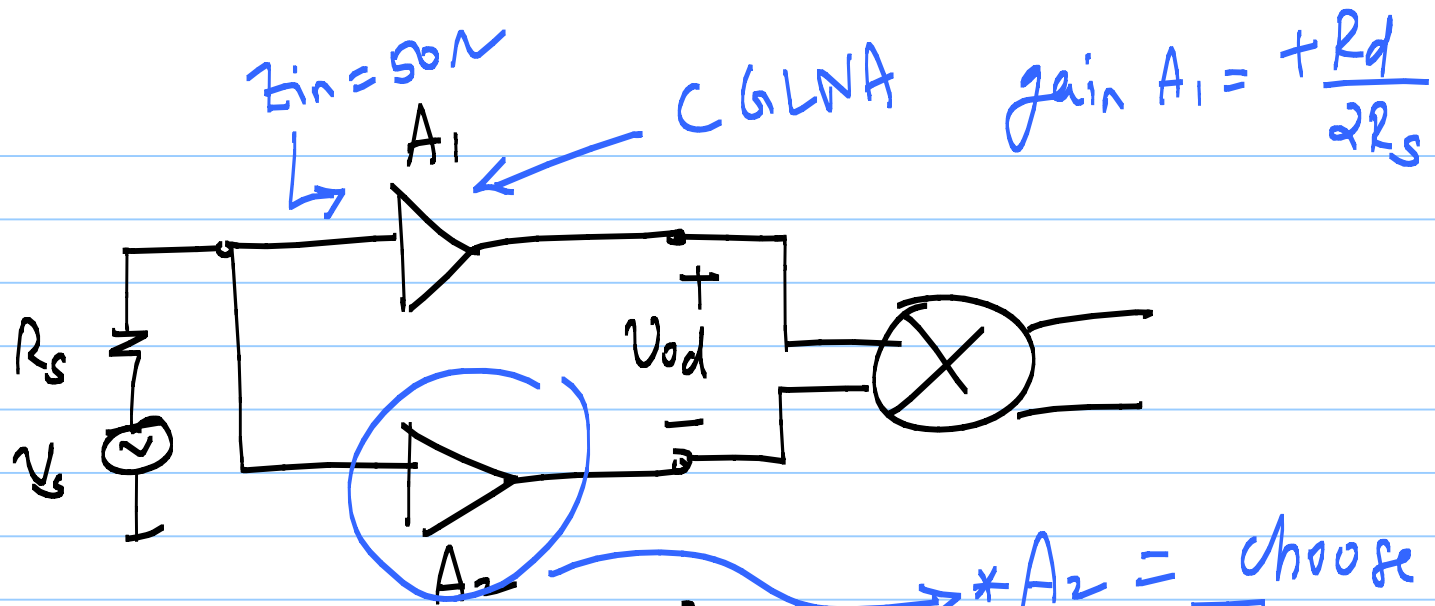
gain = $\frac{R_d}{2R_s}$



Normally
 purely
 passive



1: $\sqrt{2}$ transformer
 can be a good
 narrowband balun



achieves Active balun

- * $A_2 =$ choose so that $V_{odn} = 0$
- * $Z_{inA_2} =$ high impedance
- * Broad band
- * almost noiseless

Candidate 1 : CS amplifier
 with large g_m { \bar{e}_n is small }
 No L_s , keep $\frac{1}{RC}$ BW large