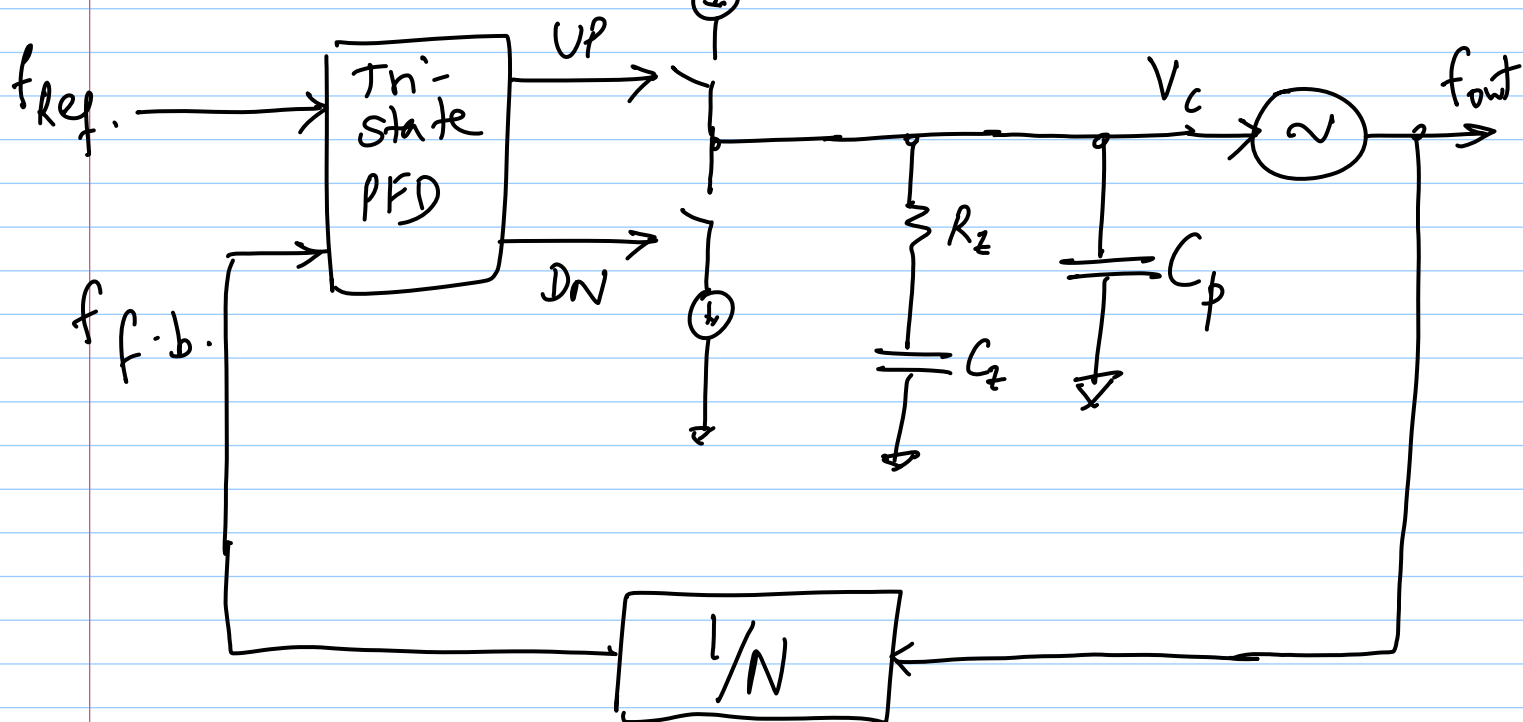


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Lec 47

C.P. (I_{CP})

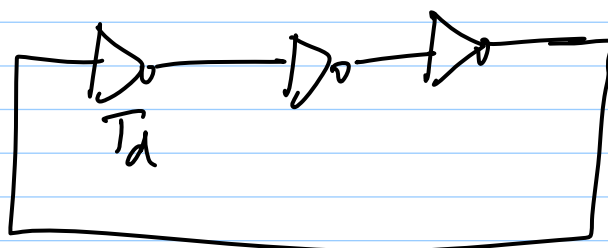
VCO



VCO - Voltage controlled Oscillator

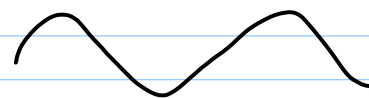
1) Schmitt trigger + Integrator
- Relaxation oscillator

2) Ring oscillator



The timing diagram shows a square wave output from the ring oscillator. The period of the oscillation is indicated as $f_0 = \frac{1}{6T_d}$.

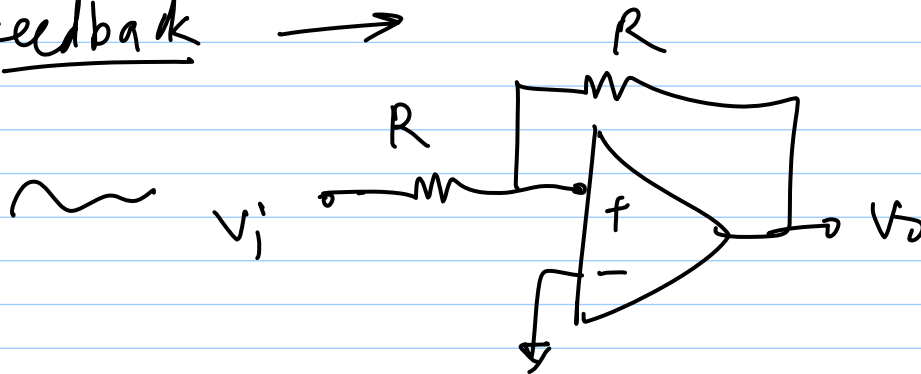
3) LC oscillators - resonance



Ring Osc. $\rightarrow$ processor clocks, serial links

LC Osc. $\rightarrow$ v transceivers
wireless

F.b. Osc.
feedback



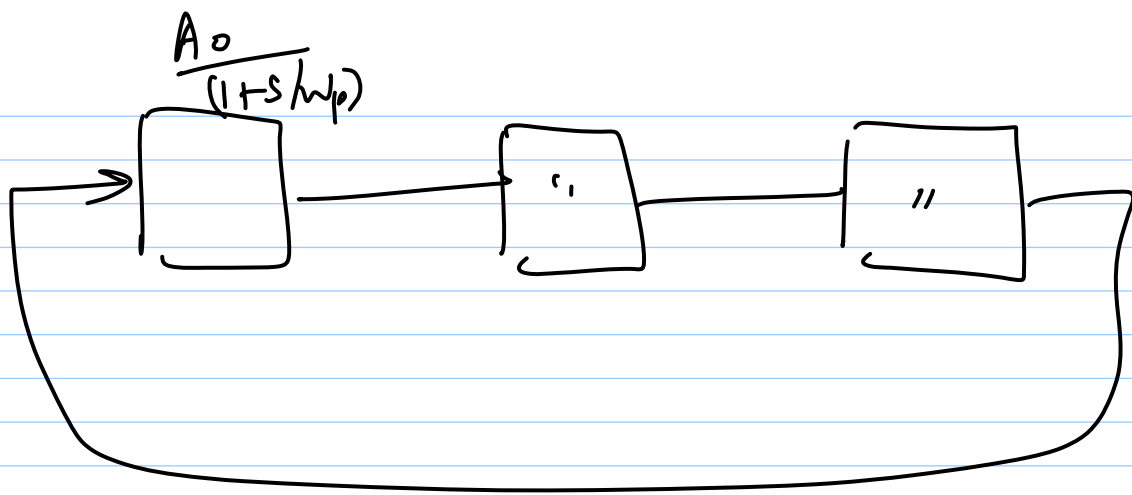
$$|L| = 1, \quad \angle L = 180^\circ$$

$$CLG = \frac{1}{f} \cdot \frac{L}{1+L} \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow$$

Barkhausen Criteria

* Necessary but not sufficient
criteria

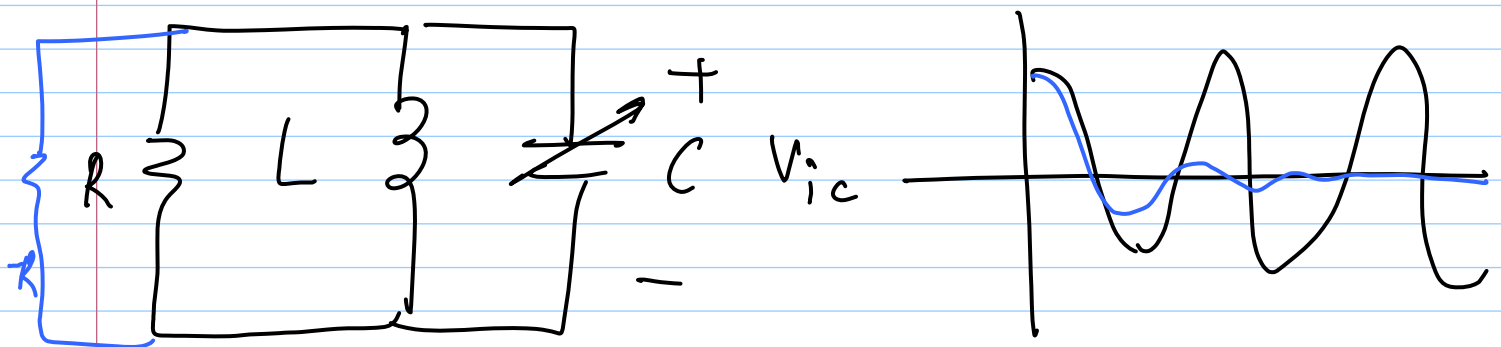
* 180° additional phase
 360° total phase



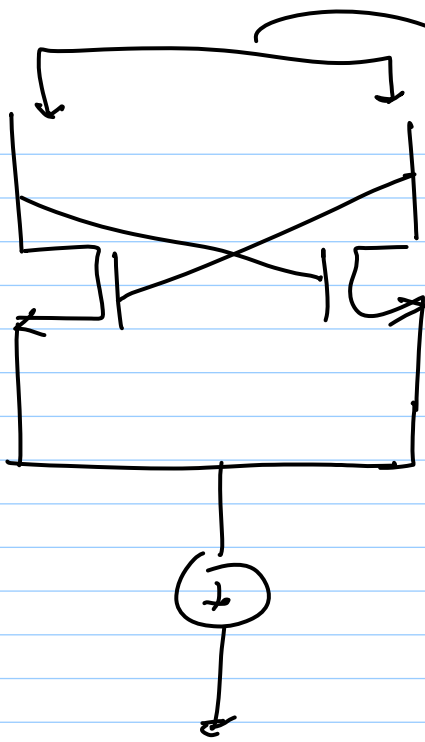
DC
AC) phases

LC Osc.

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$



- 1) Charge periodically
- 2) f.b — Colpitts Osc.
- 3) -ve Res — cross-coupled osc.



$$Z_{in} = -2/g_m$$

- 1) Stable amplitude
- 2) Well defined freq.
- 3) $f = f_0 + K_0 V_c$

Further Courses in Analog

- 1) RFIC - Radio-frequency Integrated Ckts
→ EE6240
- 2) Data Converters - ADC, DAC
- 3) Broadband comm. ckt's
- 4) Active Filter Design.