

7-3-13

Lec 32

$$R_c = \frac{1}{g_{m5}} \left(1 + \frac{C_L}{C_c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\mu_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_C (V_{shc} - |V_T|)} = \frac{1}{\mu_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_S (V_{shs} - |V_T|)} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{C_L}{C_c} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{shc} - |V_T| &= V_x - V_c - |V_T| \\ &= (V_{DD} - V_{shs}) - (V_{DD} - V_{shq} - V_{shio}) \\ &\quad - |V_T| \end{aligned}$$

$$= V_{shio} + (V_{shq} - V_{shs}) - |V_T|$$

If M_q & M_s are identically biased,

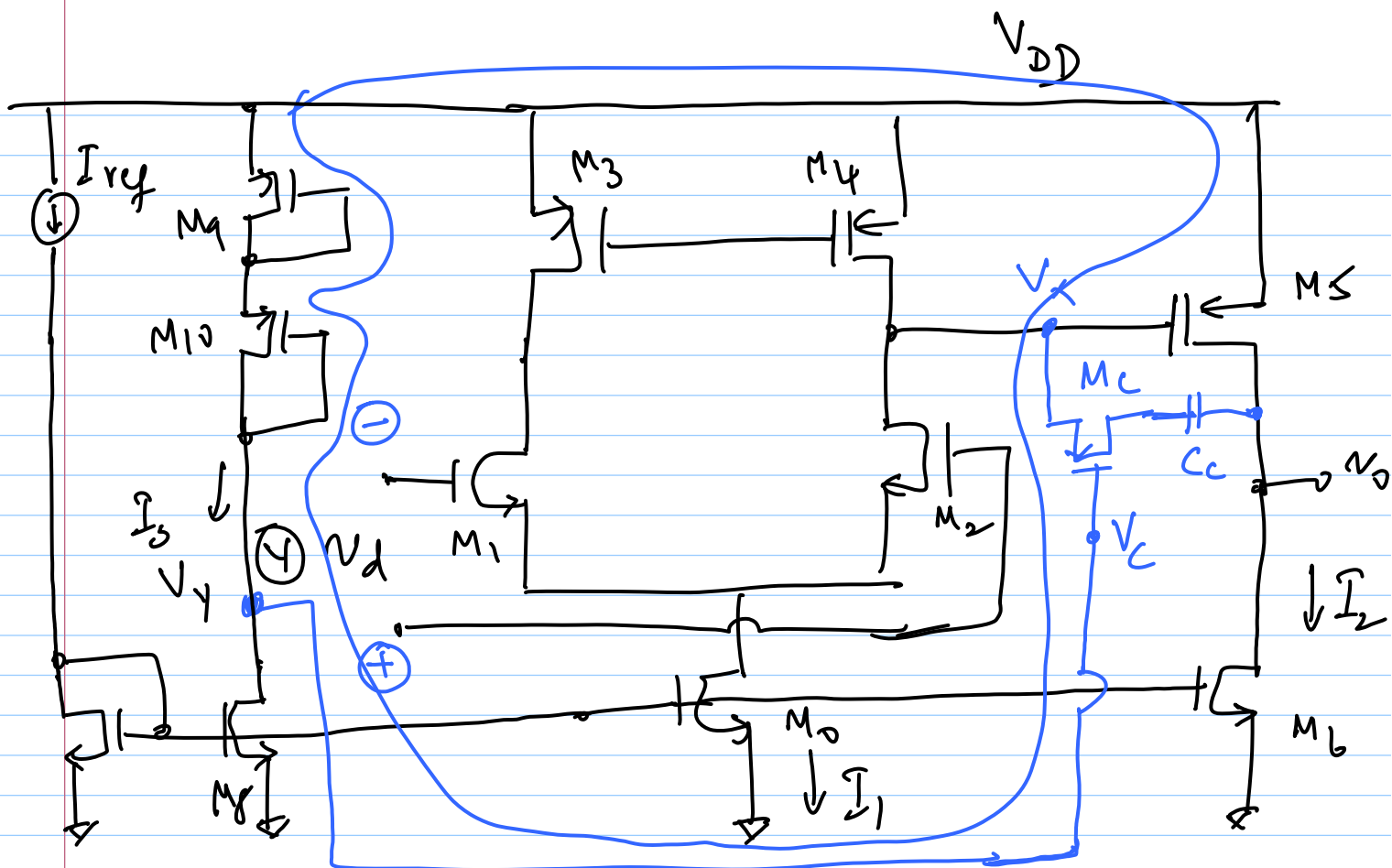
$$V_{shq} = V_{shs}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{shc} - |V_T| = V_{shio} - |V_T|$$

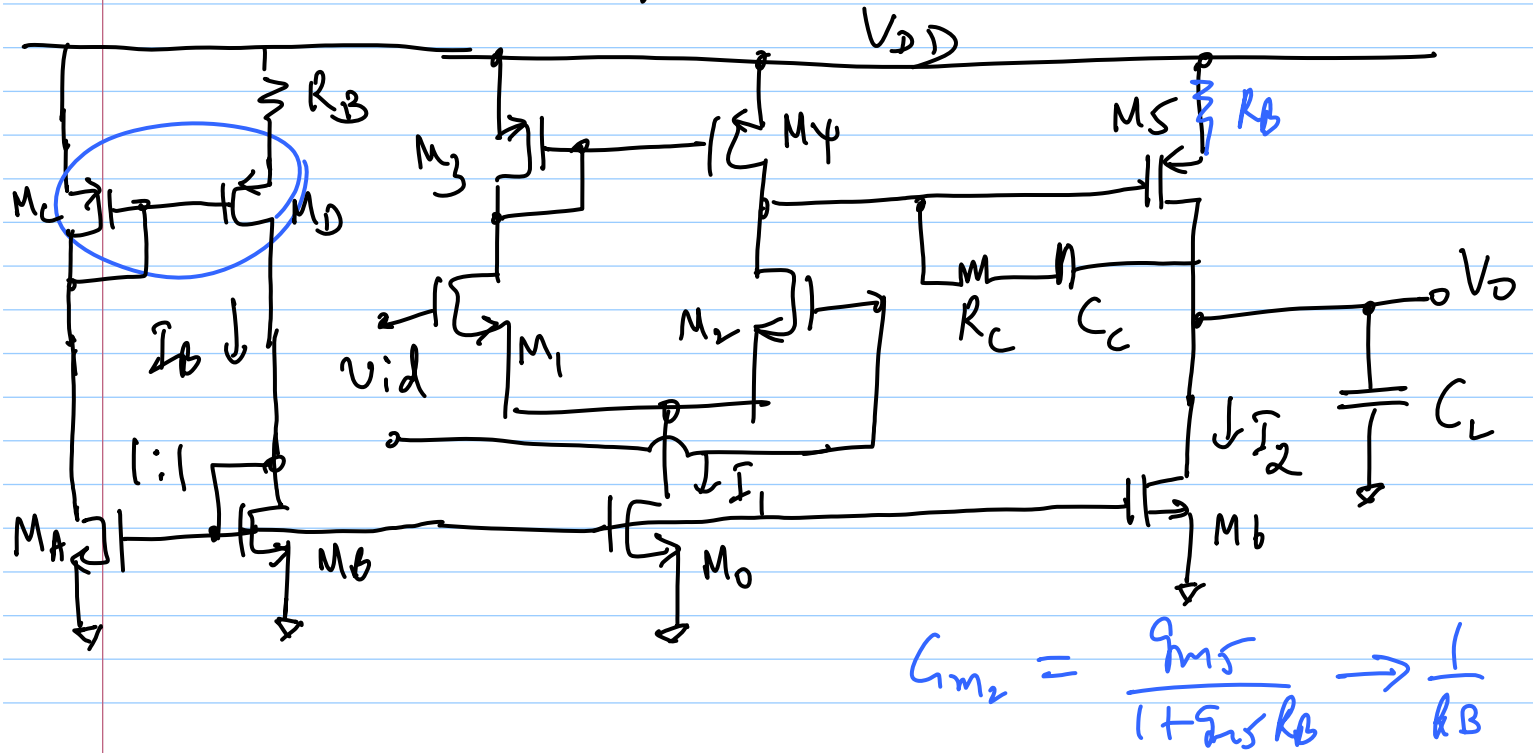
$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_C [V_{shio} - |V_T|] &= \left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_S (V_{shs} - |V_T|) \\ &\quad \times \left(\frac{C_c}{C_L + C_c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_C &= \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_S \frac{V_{SHS} - |V_T|}{V_{SH10} - |V_T|} \cdot \frac{C_c}{C_L + C_c} \\ &= \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_S \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2I_2}{\mu C_{ox} (W/L)_S}}}{\sqrt{\frac{2I_3}{\mu C_{ox} (W/L)_{10}}}} \cdot \frac{C_c}{C_L + C_c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_C = \left[\left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_S \left(\frac{W}{L} \right)_D \cdot \left(\frac{I_2}{I_3} \right) \right]^{1/2} \cdot \left(\frac{C_C}{C_L + C_C} \right)$$



2) Use a physical resistor for R_c
& make g_{m5} track R_c



$$g_{m5} \propto \frac{1}{R_c} \propto \frac{1}{R_B}$$

$$I_2 \propto \frac{1}{R_B^2}$$

- * Need a startup ckt.

$$V_{sa_c} = V_{sa_d} + I_b R_b \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{L}\right)_D = n \left(\frac{w}{L}\right)_C \Rightarrow V_{ov,D} = \frac{V_{ov,C}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$V_{ovc} = \frac{V_{ovc}}{\sqrt{n}} + I_B \cdot R_B$$

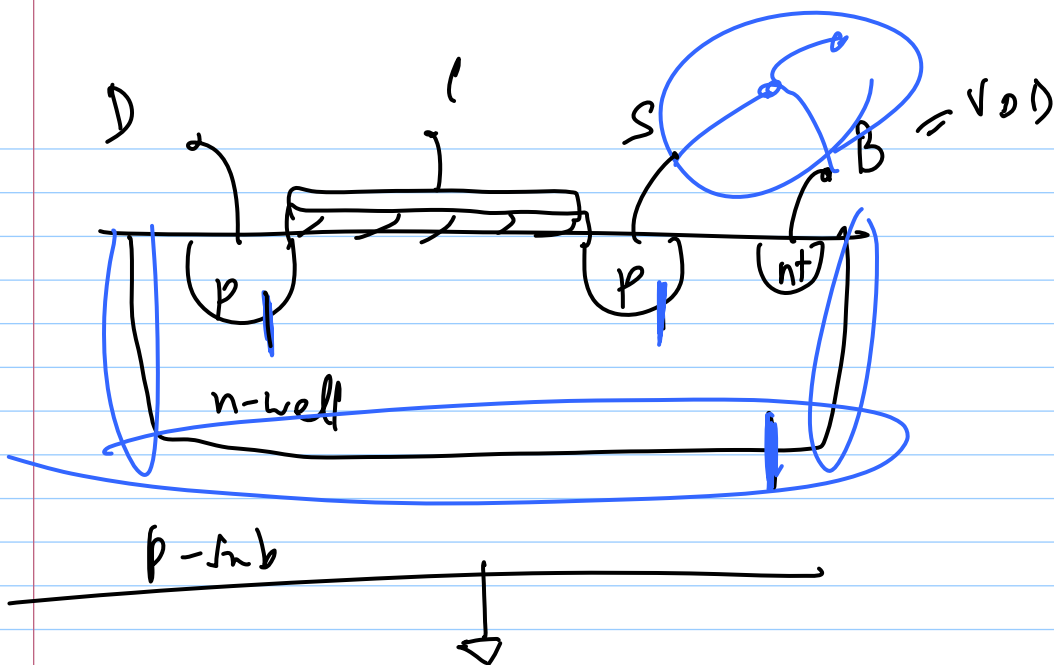
$$g_m = \frac{2 I_D}{V_{OV}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2 I_B}{g_{m_c}} = \frac{2 I_B}{\sqrt{n} g_{m_c}} + I_B R_B$$

$$g_{m_c} = \frac{2 (1 - 1/\sqrt{n})}{R_B}$$

$$\sqrt{2 K_p' \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_c} I_B = \frac{2 (1 - 1/\sqrt{n})}{R_B}$$

$$I_B = \frac{2}{K_p' R_B^2} \cdot \alpha$$



* Mirror I_B with I_1 & I_2

$$I_a = m I_B$$

$$g_{m5} = \sqrt{2k'_p \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_5 \cdot I_2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2\cancel{k'_p} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_5 \cdot m_1 \cdot \frac{2}{\cancel{k'_p} R_B} \cdot \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{\beta}{R_B} \propto \frac{\beta}{R_C}$$