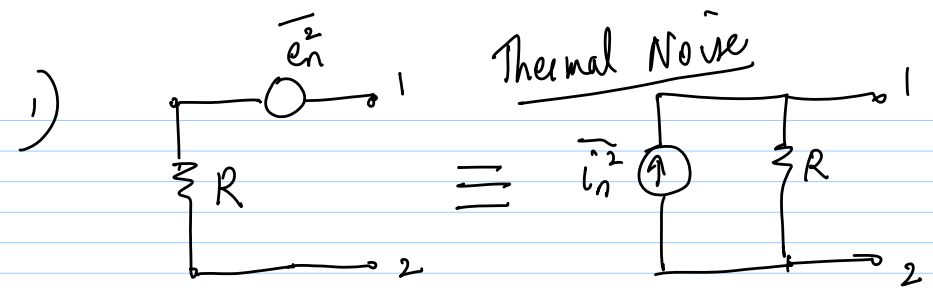
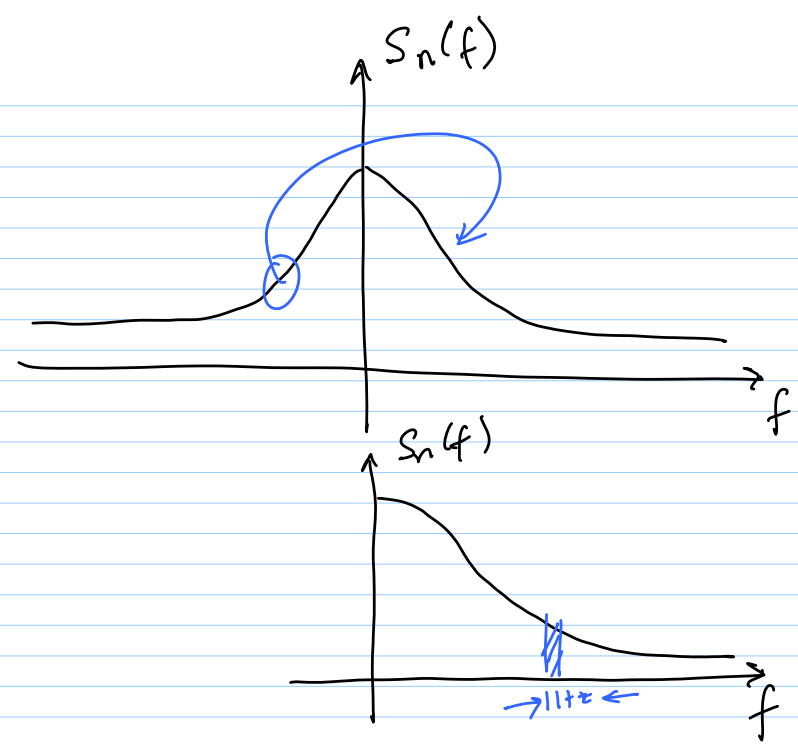


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Lec 6
Noise

- * Disturbances on top of desired signal
- * Unwanted signal
- * Random in nature ← Statistical representation
- * Can have specific freq. characteristics



$$\overline{e_n^2} = R^2 \overline{i_n^2}$$

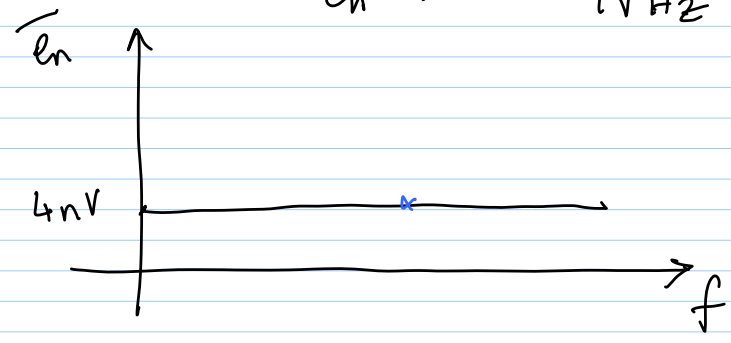
$$\frac{\overline{e_n^2}}{\Delta f} = 4kTR$$

$1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$

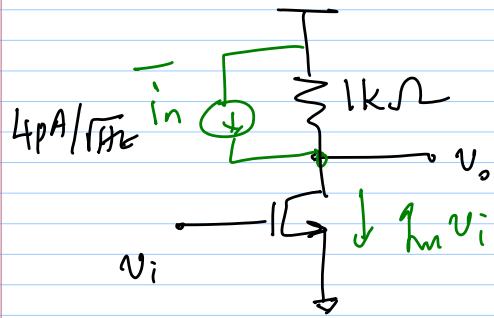
$$\frac{\overline{i_n^2}}{\Delta f} = \frac{4kT}{R}$$

$$R = 1k\Omega \Rightarrow \overline{e_n^2} = 1.656 \times 10^{-17} \text{ V}^2/\text{Hz}$$

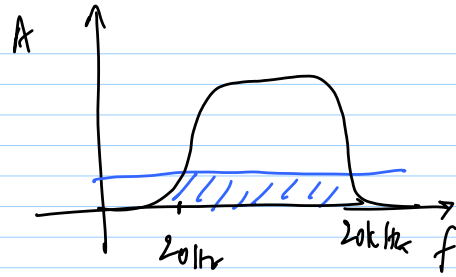
$$\overline{e_n} \approx 4 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$$



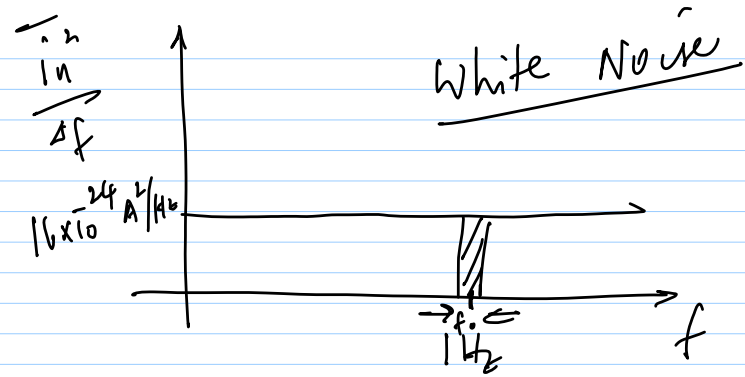
$$\overline{i_n} = 4 \text{ pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$$



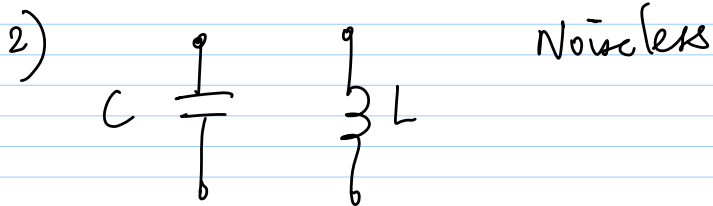
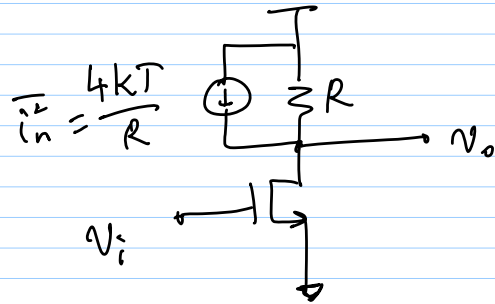
$$SNR_o = \frac{|V_o|^2}{\cancel{\overline{v_{no}}^2}}$$



$$\frac{\int_{f_1}^{f_2} S_s(f) df}{\int_{f_1}^{f_2} S_n(f) df}$$



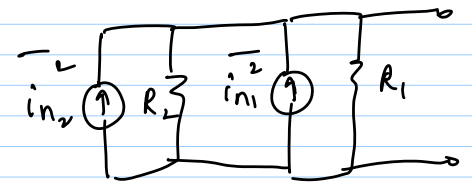
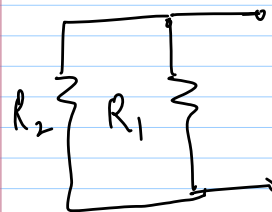
$$\overline{i_n} \Big|_{f=f_0} = 4pA$$

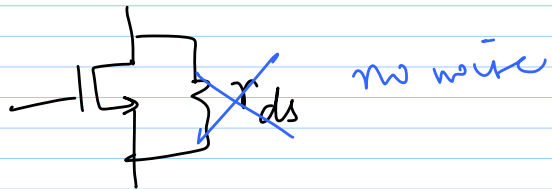
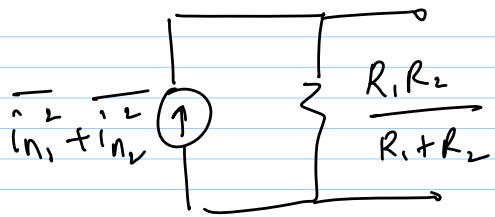


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Lec 7

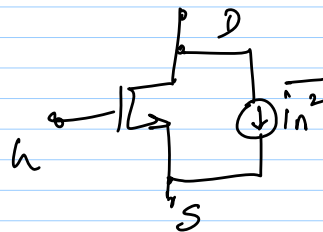
- * Noise sources ← use superposition
- * Independent noise sources add as powers
- * Correlated noise sources add as \$v/i\$ and then squared to get power





3) MOSFETS

a) OFF: no noise

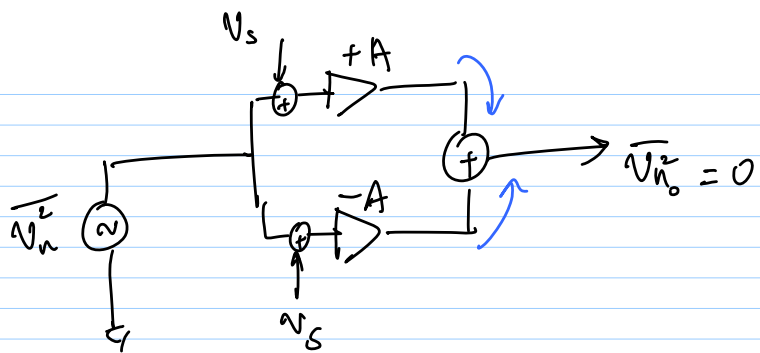


b) Triode

$$\frac{\overline{i_n^2}}{\Delta f} = \frac{4kT}{r_{ds}} = 4kT g_{do}$$

$$g_{do} = \mu_n C_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right) (V_{ds} - V_T)$$

$$= g_m$$



Drain Thermal Noise

$$\frac{\overline{i_{nd}^2}}{\Delta f} = 4kT \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \cdot g_m = \frac{8kT}{3} g_m$$

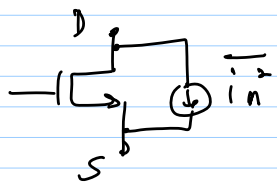
Flicker Noise

$$\frac{\overline{i_{nf}^2}}{\Delta f} = \frac{k}{WL C_{ox}} \cdot \frac{g_m^2}{f}$$

device parameter

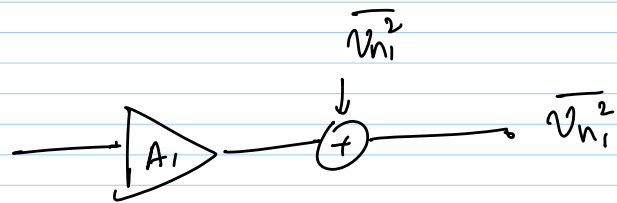
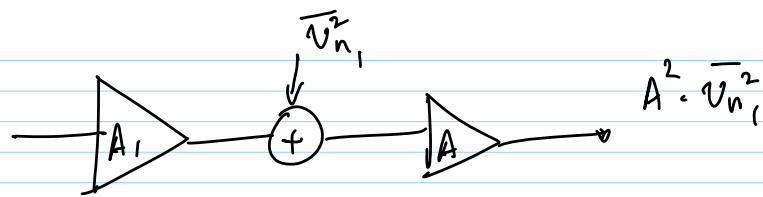
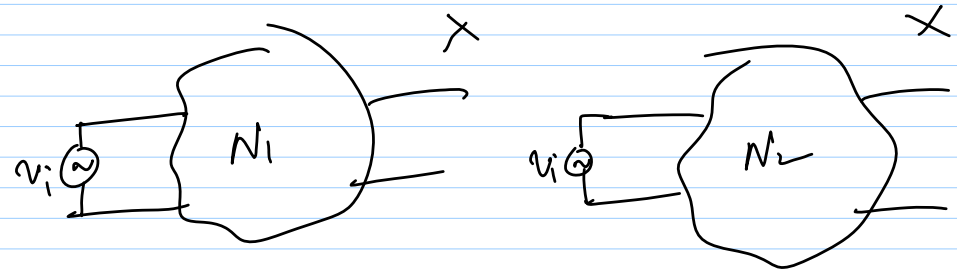
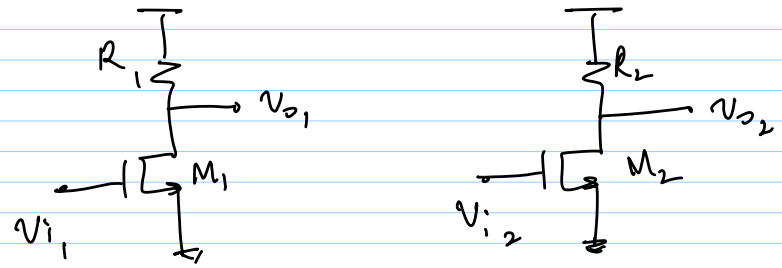
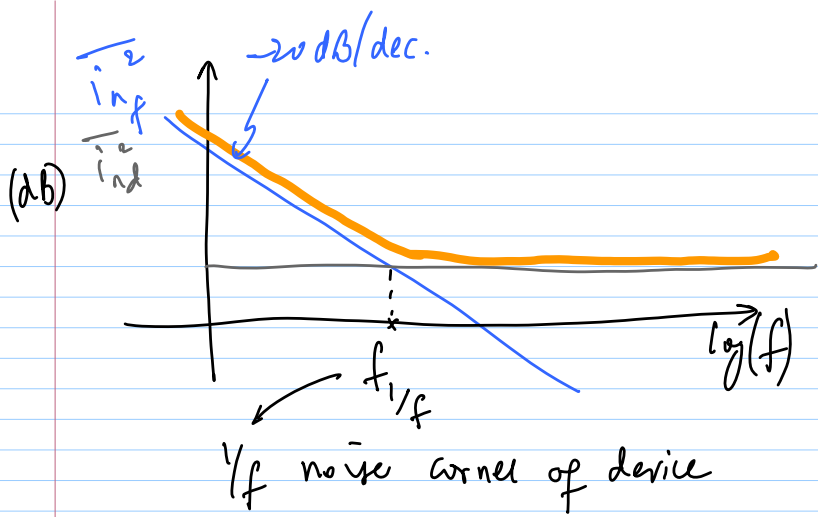
$$\frac{\overline{v_{nf}^2}}{\Delta f} = \frac{k}{WL C_{ox}} \cdot \frac{1}{f}$$

c) Saturation

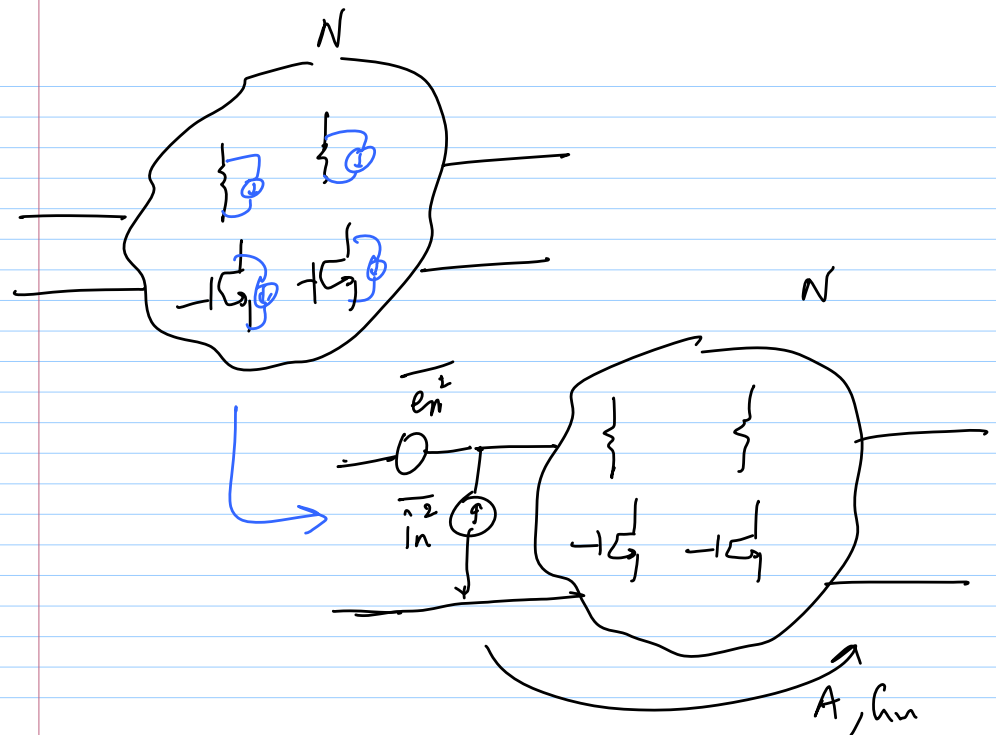


drain thermal noise
 $\overline{i_{nd}^2}$

flicker noise
 $\overline{i_{nf}^2}$

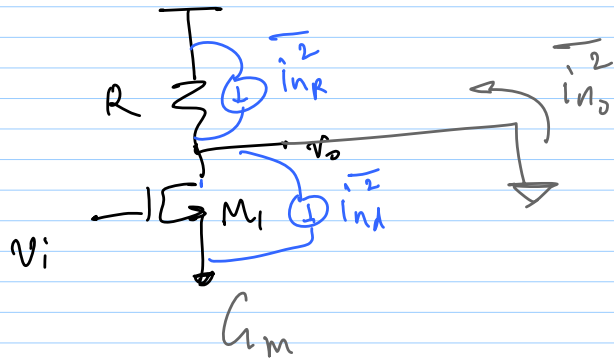


* Input-referred noise

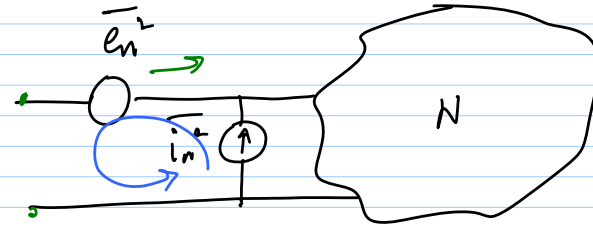


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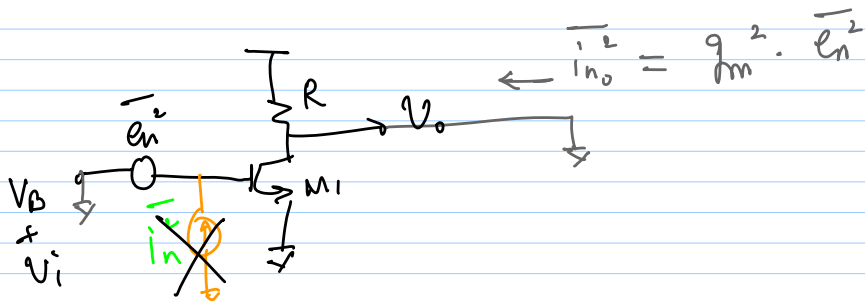
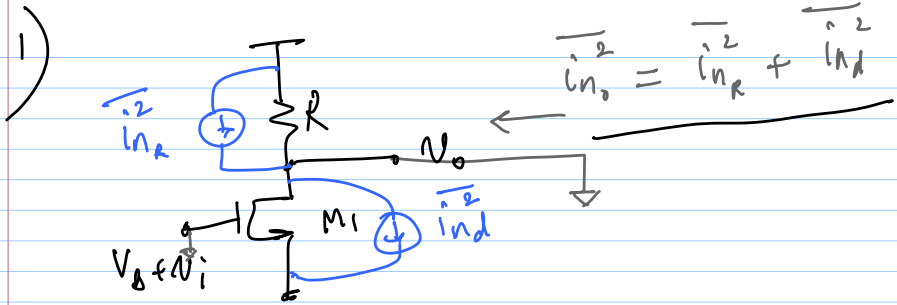
Lec 8



$$\frac{\bar{i}_{no}^2}{g_m} = \bar{v}_{ni}^2$$

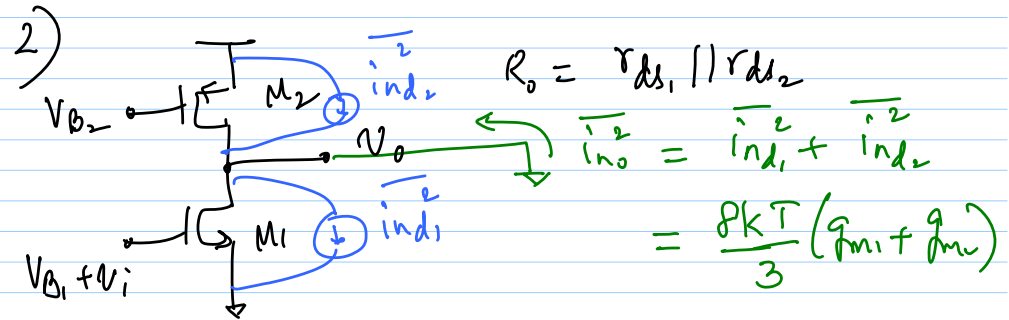


* In general, \bar{e}_n & \bar{i}_n are correlated



$$g_m^2 \bar{e}_n^2 = \frac{4kT}{R} + \frac{8kT}{3} g_m$$

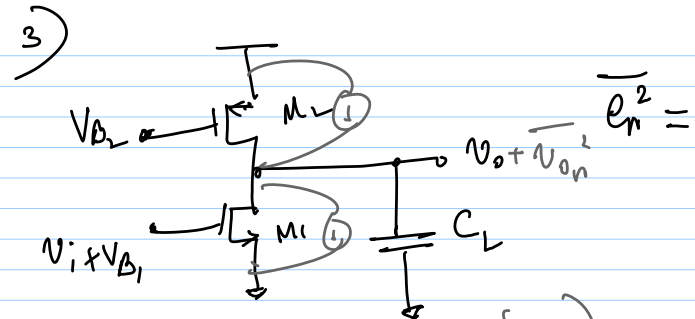
$$\bar{e}_n^2 = \frac{4kT}{g_m^2 R} + \frac{8kT}{3g_m}$$



$$= \frac{8kT}{3} (g_{m1} + g_{m2})$$

$$g_{m1} \cdot \overline{e_n^2} = \frac{8kT}{3} (g_{m1} + g_{m2})$$

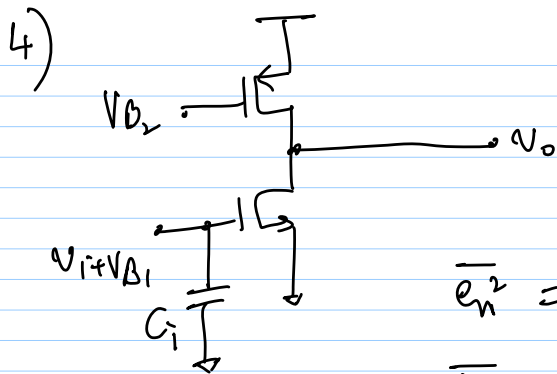
$$\overline{e_n^2} = \frac{8kT}{3} \left[\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + \frac{g_{m2}}{g_{m1}^2} \right]$$



$$A (\text{gain}) = g_{m1} \times \left(\text{Roll} \frac{1}{j\omega C_L} \right)$$

$$\overline{v_{on}^2} = \left(\overline{i_{n1}^2} + \overline{i_{ndv}^2} \right) \times \left(\text{Roll} \frac{1}{j\omega C_L} \right)^2$$

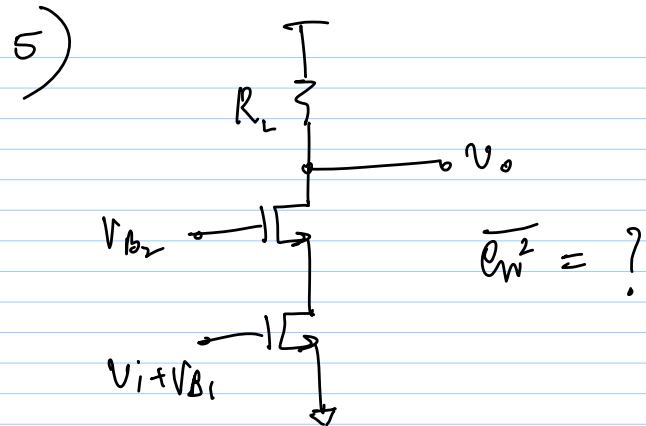
$$\overline{e_n^2} = \frac{\overline{v_{on}^2}}{A^2}$$



$$\overline{e_n^2} = \text{same as before}$$

$$\overline{i_n^2} = \omega^2 C_i^2 \cdot \overline{e_n^2}$$

choose directions carefully

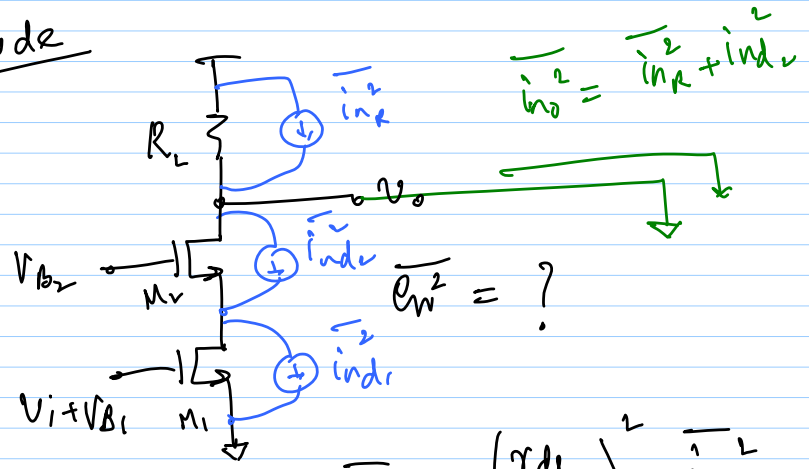


$$\overline{e_n^2} = ?$$

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Lec 9

Cascode



$e_n^2 = ?$

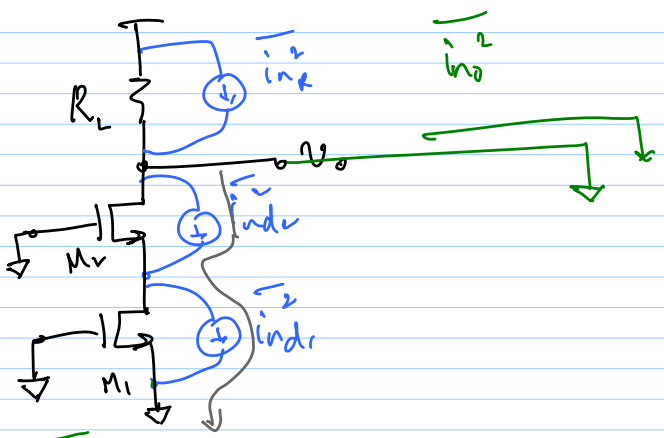
i)
$$\overline{i_{n0}^2} = \overline{i_{nR}^2} + \overline{i_{ndv}^2} \cdot \left(\frac{r_{ds2}}{r_{ds1}} \right)^2 + \overline{i_{indr}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + r_{ds2}/r_{ds1})^2}$$

ii)
$$\overline{e_n^2} = \frac{4kT}{g_m^2 R_D} + \frac{8kT}{3} \cdot \frac{(g_{m1} + g_{m2})}{g_m^2}$$

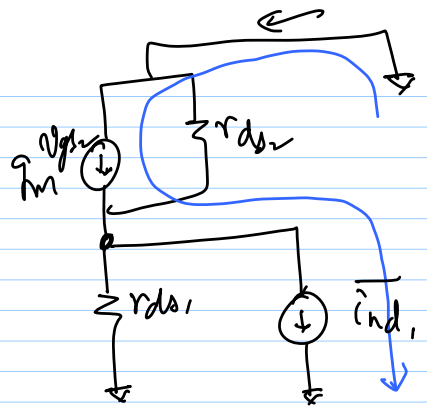
$$\overline{i_{n0}^2} = \overline{i_{nR}^2} + \overline{i_{ndv}^2} +$$

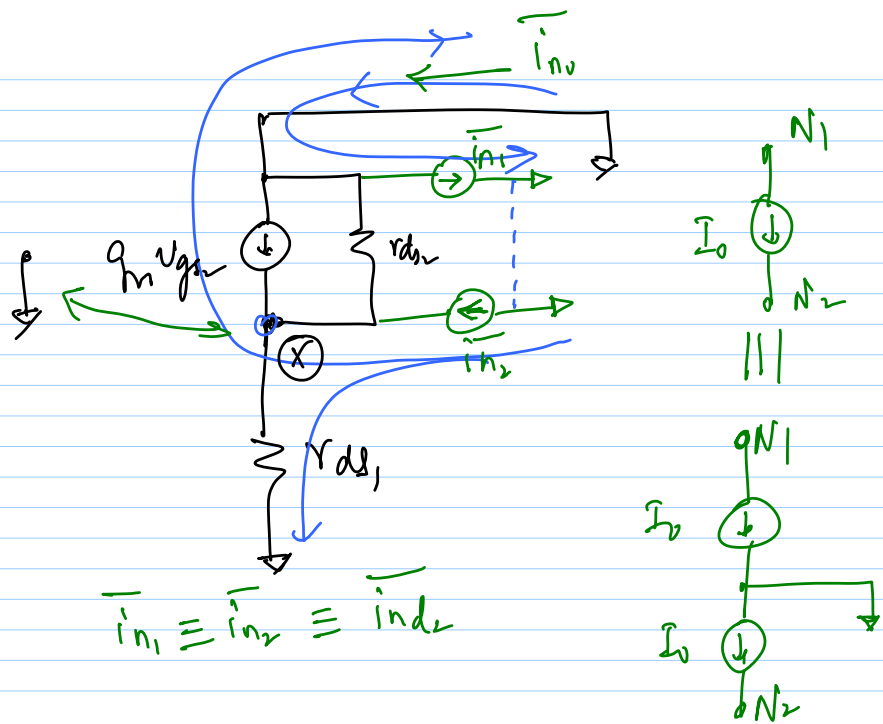
iii)
$$\overline{i_{n0}^2} = \overline{i_{nR}^2} + \overline{i_{ndv}^2}$$

iv)
$$\overline{i_{n0}^2} = \overline{i_{nR}^2} + \overline{i_{ndv}^2} \cdot \left[\frac{r_{ds1}}{r_{ds1} + (1/g_{m2} || r_{ds2})} \right]^2 + \overline{i_{indr}^2} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{g_{m2} || r_{ds2}} \right]^2$$



- a) $\frac{\overline{i_{nR}^2}}{\overline{i_{ndv}^2}}$
- b) $\frac{\overline{i_{indr}^2}}{\overline{i_{ndv}^2}}$





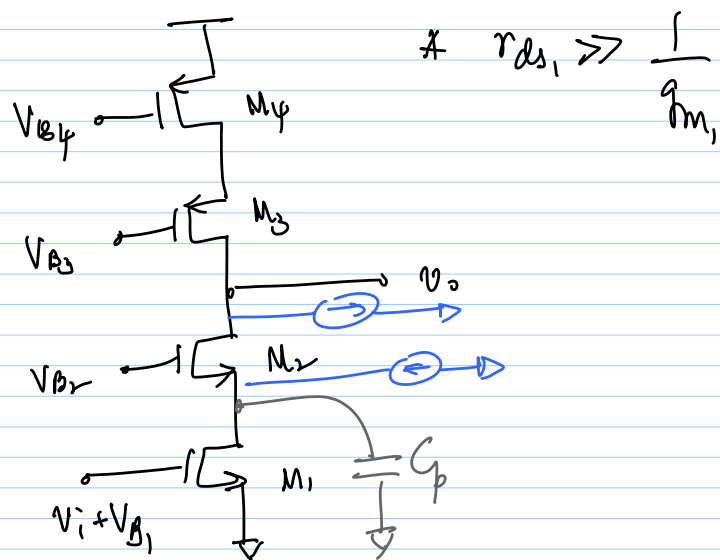
$$\bar{i}_{n_{o_1}} = \bar{i}_{n_1} = \bar{i}_{nd_1}$$

$$\bar{i}_{n_{o_2}} = -\bar{i}_{nd_1}$$

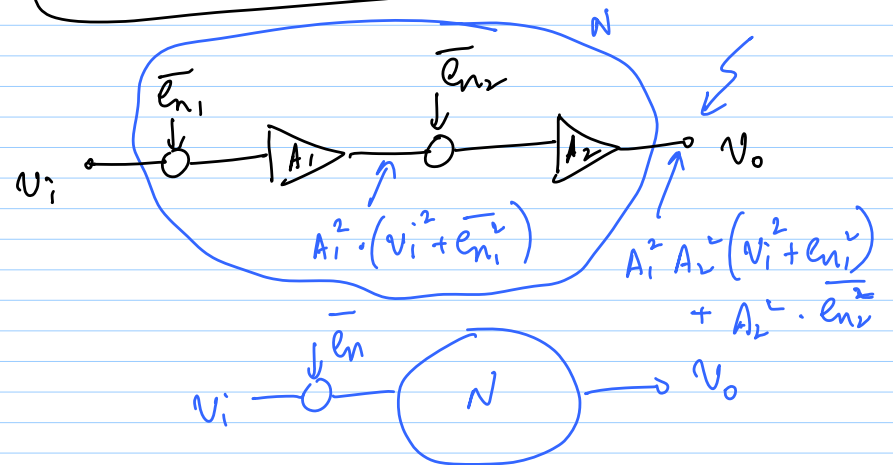
$$\bar{i}_{n_{o_{M_2}}} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\bar{i}_{n_{o_{M_2}}} = 0$$

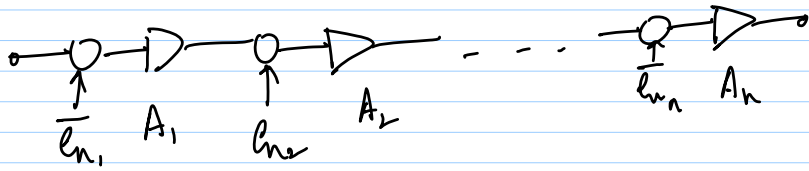
$$\bar{i}_{n_o}^2 = \bar{i}_{n_p}^2 + \bar{i}_{nd_1}^2$$



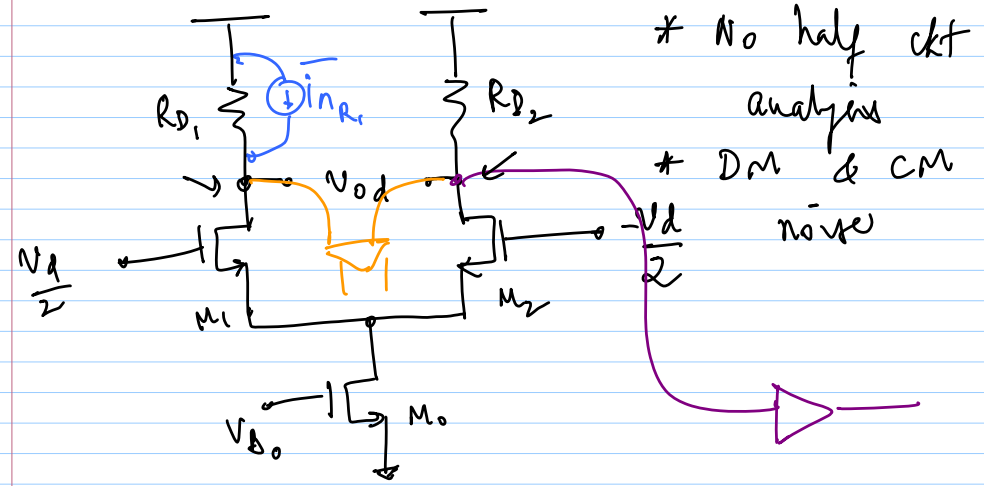
$$\bar{e}_n^2 = \frac{\bar{i}_{n_o}^2}{g_{m_1}^2}$$



$$\overline{e_n^2} = \overline{e_{n1}^2} + \frac{\overline{e_{n2}^2}}{A_1^2}$$

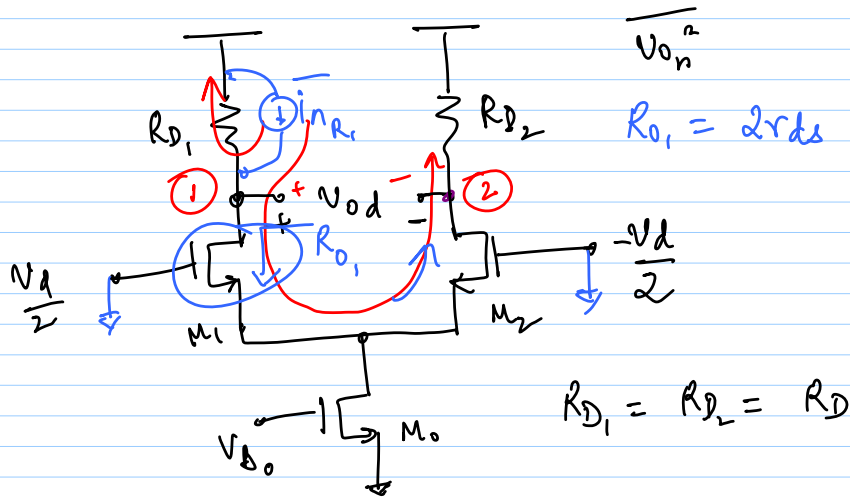


$$\overline{e_n^2} = \overline{e_{n1}^2} + \frac{\overline{e_{n2}^2}}{A_1^2} + \frac{\overline{e_{n3}^2}}{A_1^2 A_2^2} + \dots + \frac{\overline{e_{nn}^2}}{(A_1 \dots A_{n-1})^2}$$



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Lec 10

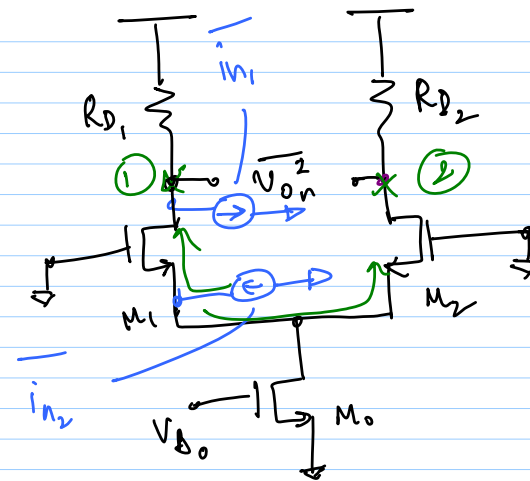
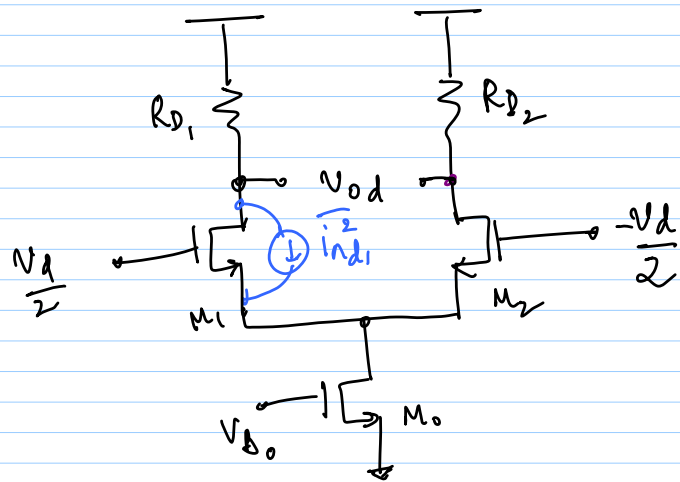


$$1) \frac{\overline{V_{on}^2}}{\Delta f} = 4kT R_{D1}$$

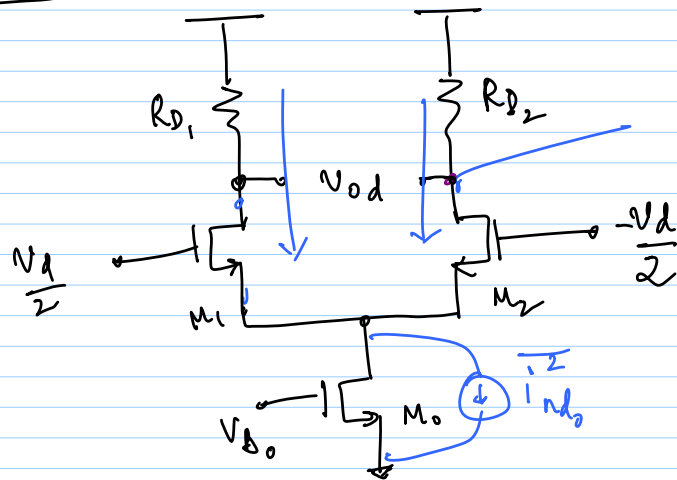
$$2) \frac{\overline{V_{on}^2}}{\Delta f} = 4kT R_{D2}$$

$$3) \frac{\overline{V_{on}^2}}{\Delta f} = \overline{i_{n1}^2} \cdot R_{D1}^2 + \left[\overline{i_{n2}^2} (R_{D1} - R_{D2})^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{8kT}{3} g_{m1,2}^2 R_{D1}^2$$



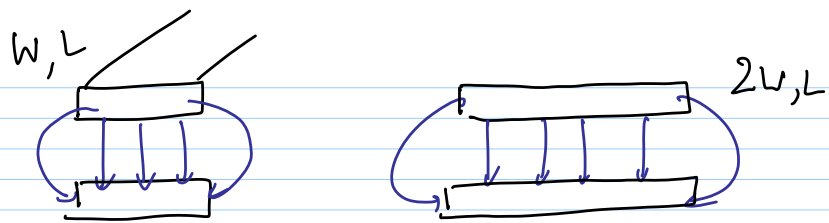
4) M_0 :



$$\overline{e_n^2} = \frac{\overline{V_{on}^2}}{(g_m R_D)^2}$$

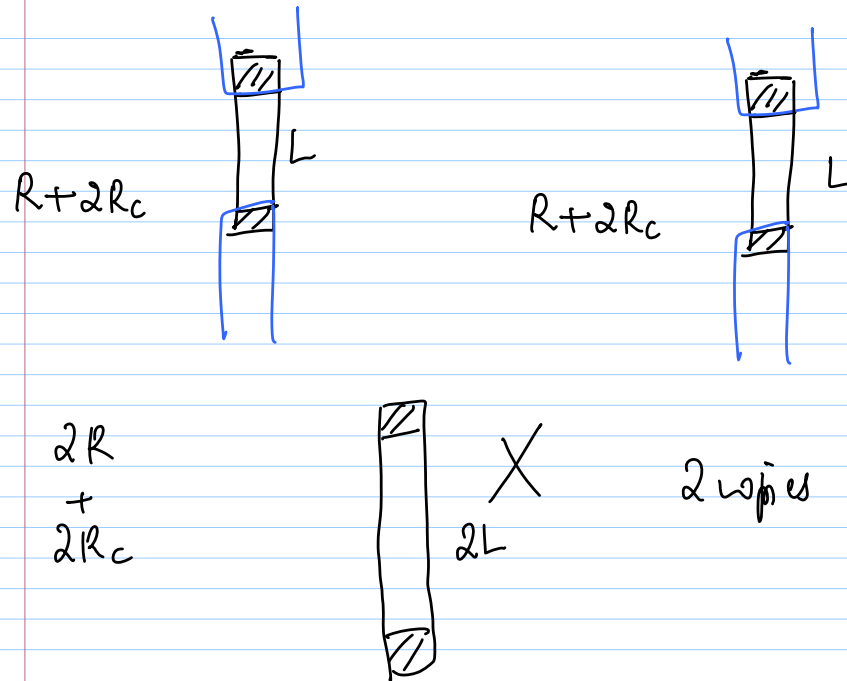
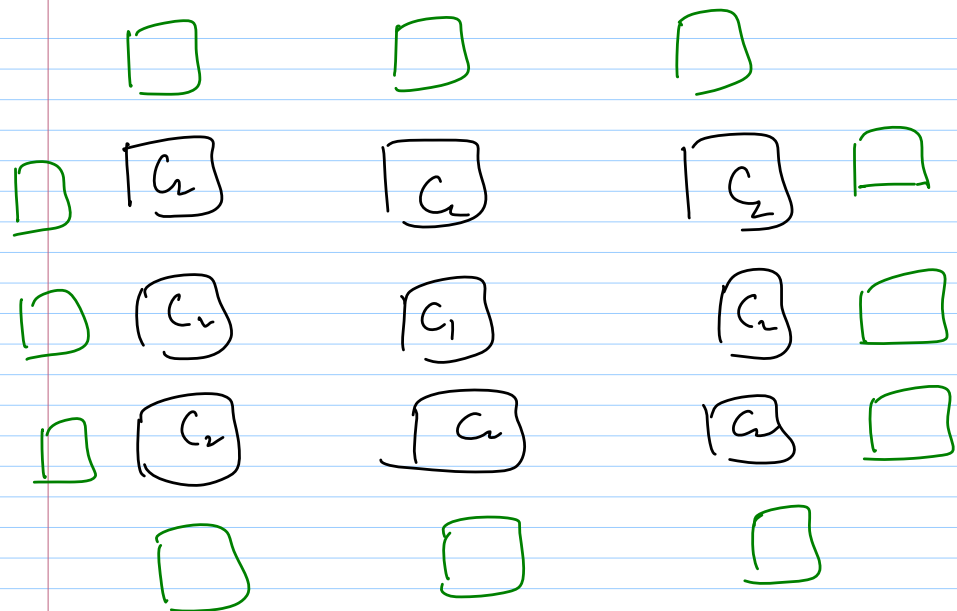
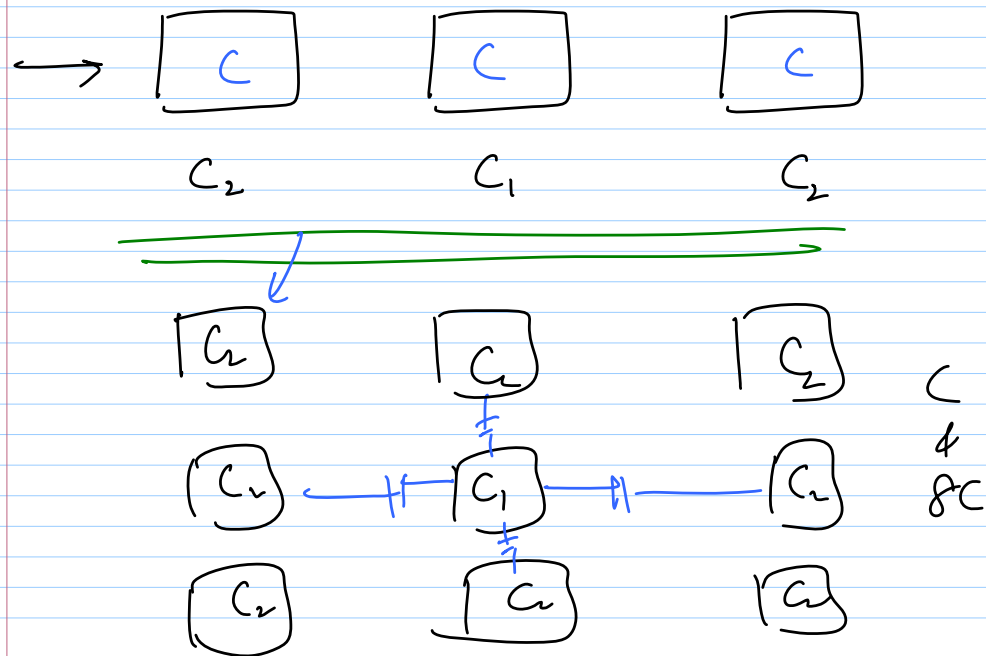
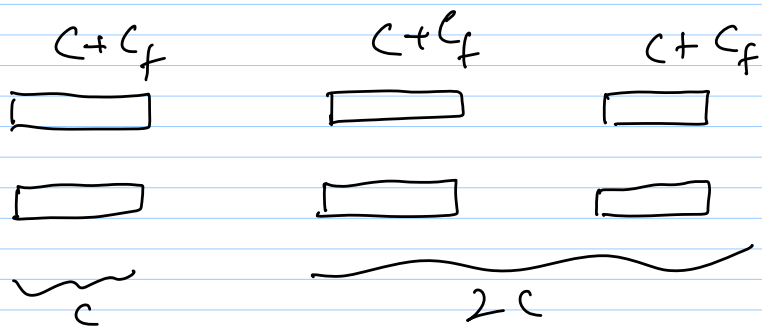
$$= \frac{8kT R_D}{(g_m R_D)^2} + \frac{\frac{16kT}{3} \cdot g_m R_D^2}{(g_m R_D)^2}$$

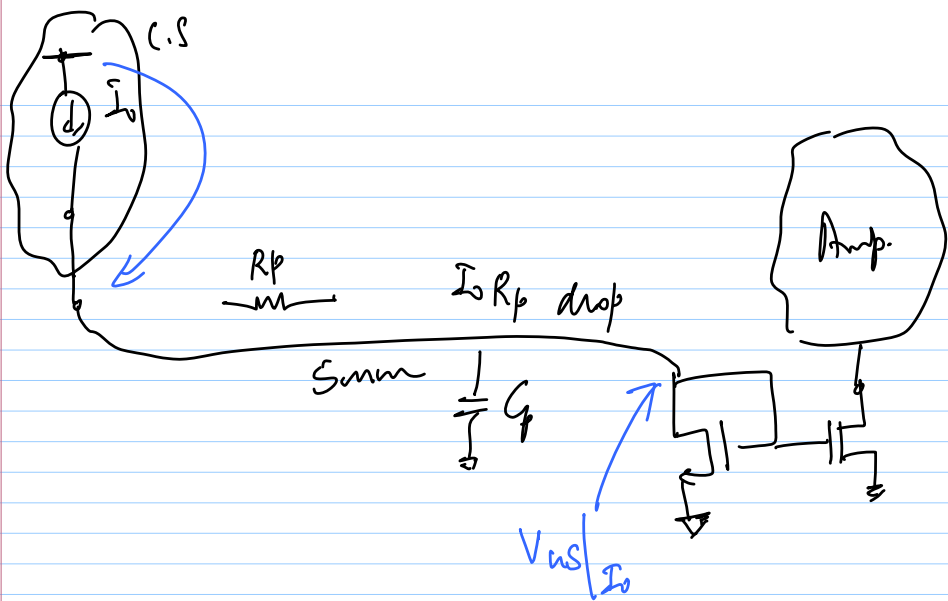
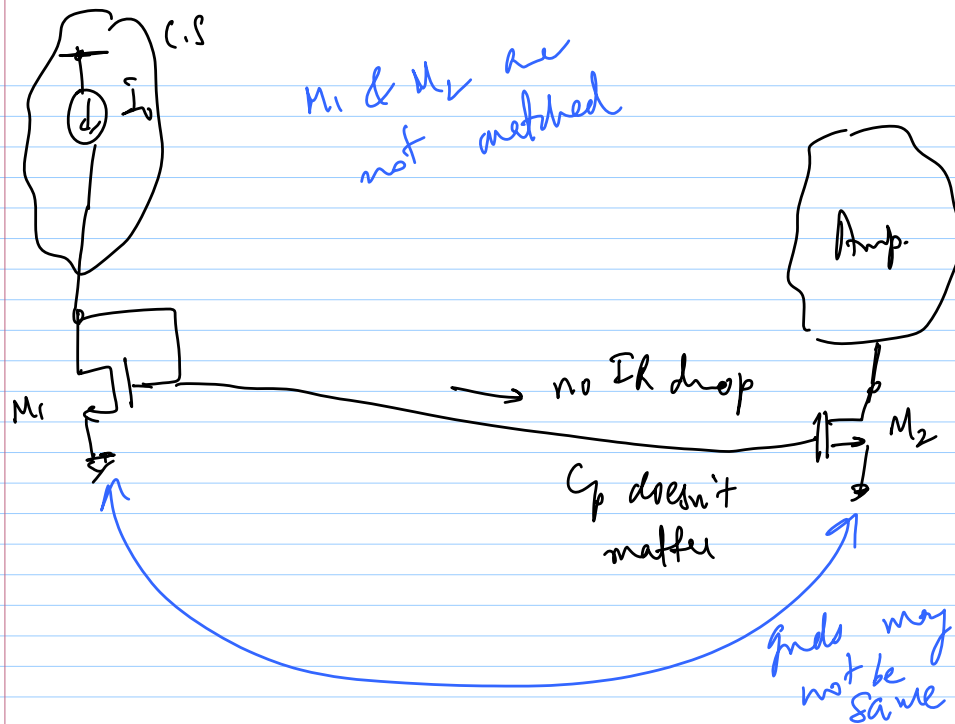
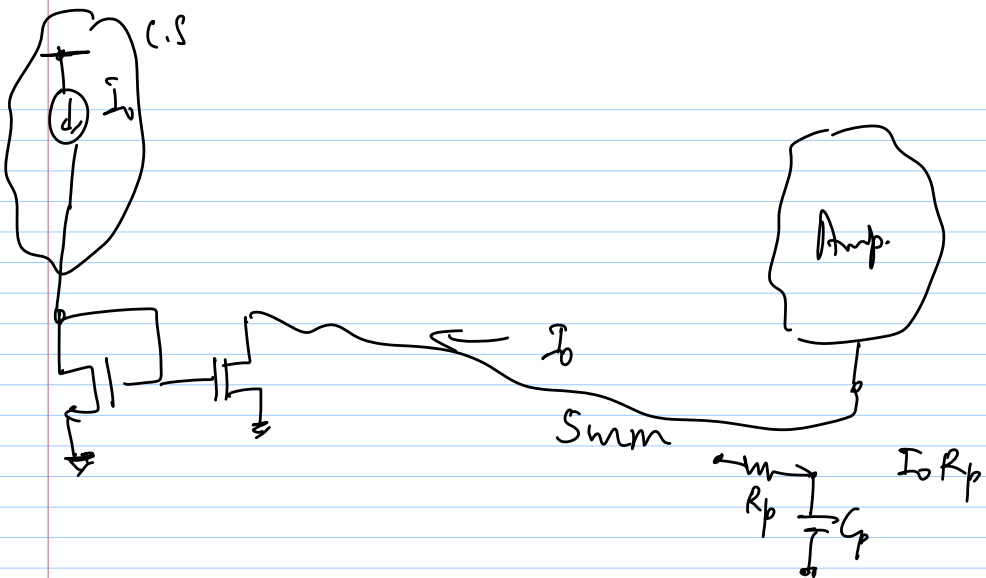
$$= \frac{8kT}{g_m^2 R_D} + \frac{16kT}{3 g_m}$$



$$C + C_f$$

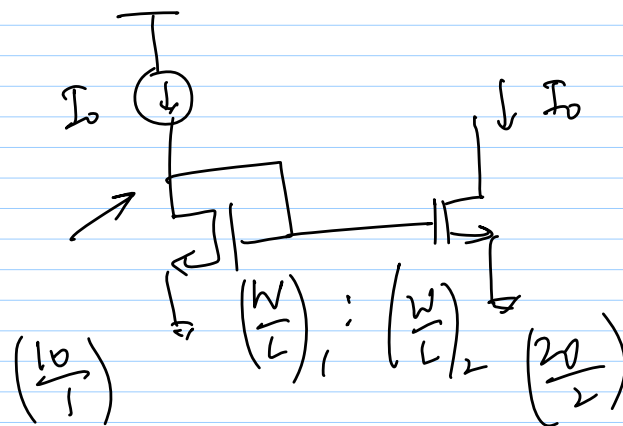
$$2C + C_f$$

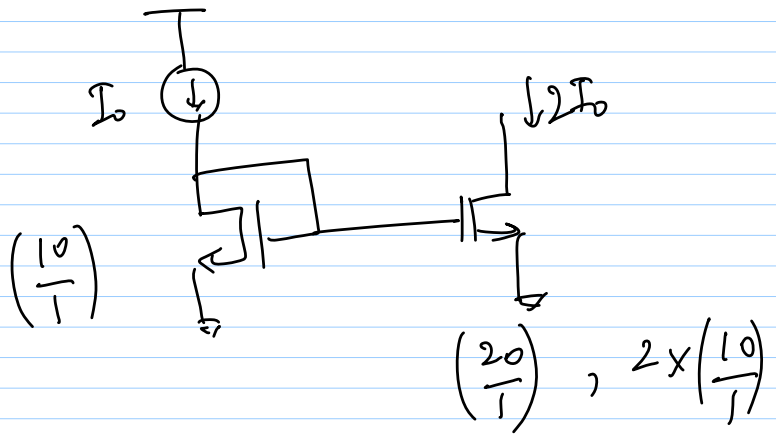




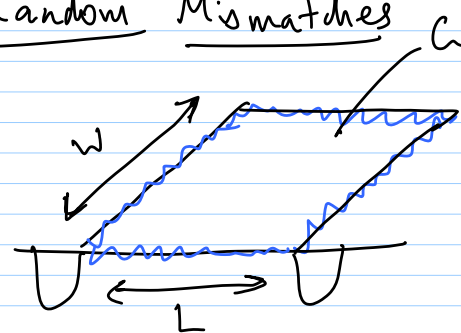
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Lec 12





Random Mismatches



"averaging effect"
 $f(w, L)$

$$\frac{\Delta W}{W}, \frac{\Delta L}{L}$$

"large area"

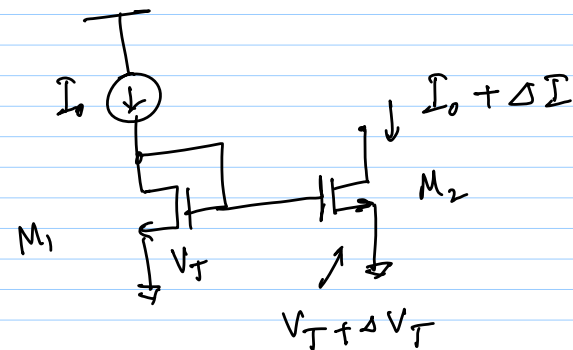
$$\sqrt{V_T} = \frac{A_{V_T}}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}} \quad \leftarrow \text{mV} \cdot \mu\text{m}$$

$\beta = \mu C_{ox}$

$$\sqrt{\beta} = \frac{A_{\beta}}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\Delta R}{R}} = \frac{A_R}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\Delta C}{C}} = \frac{A_C}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}}$$



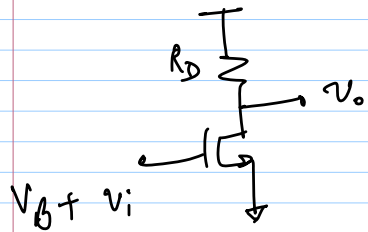
$$\Delta I = -g_m \Delta V_T$$

$$\sqrt{\Delta I}^2 = g_m^2 \sqrt{V_T}^2$$

$$\sigma \frac{\Delta I}{I} \approx \frac{g_m^2}{I_0^2} \cdot \frac{A_{v_T}^2}{WL}$$

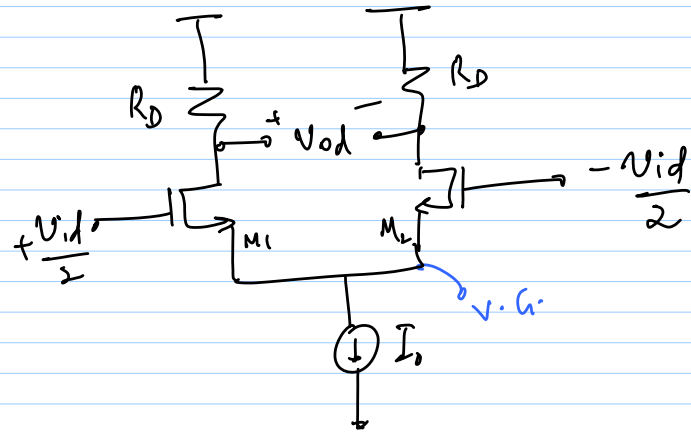
$$= \frac{4}{V_{DSAT}^2} \cdot \frac{A_{v_T}^2}{WL}$$

Effects of mismatch



gain = $g_m R_D$
 $\propto \sqrt{I_D}$

many cases: open loop gain of amp need not be precise

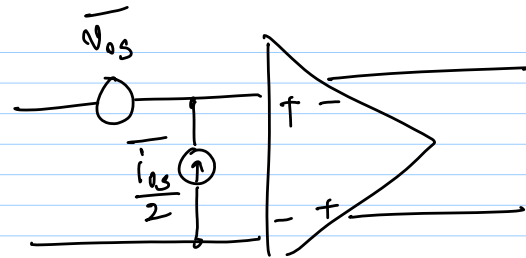


$$\left. \begin{aligned} A_1 &= g_{m1} R_D \\ A_2 &= g_{m2} R_D \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} g_{m2} &> g_{m1} \\ I_2 &> I_1 \end{aligned}$$

Output referred DC offset

$$V_{os, out_1} = \frac{I_1}{2} \Delta R_D$$

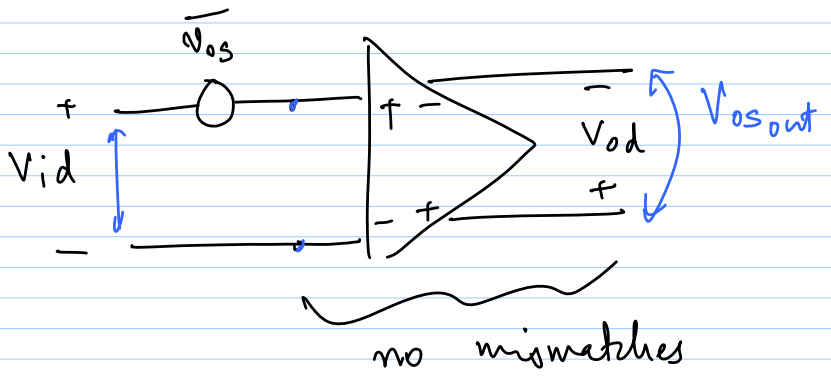
$$V_{os, out_2} = \frac{I_2}{2} \cdot \Delta R_D$$



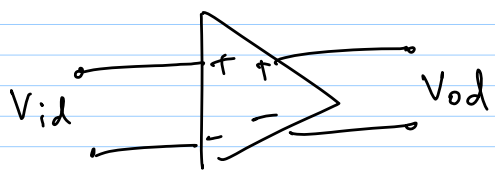
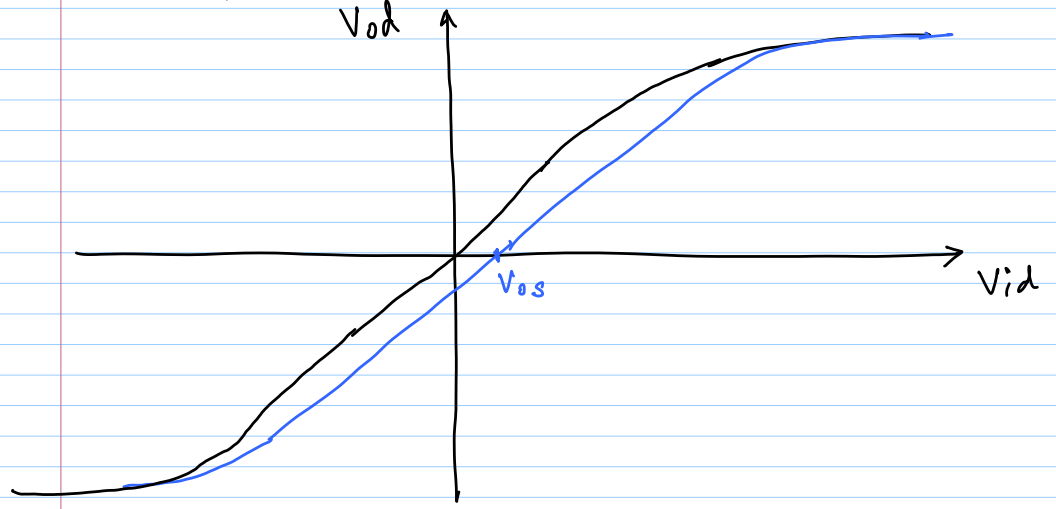
for MOS ckt's } $I_{os} \approx 0$
 driven @ gates }

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Lec 13



* Affects I/O characteristic

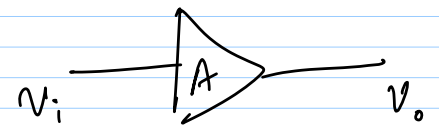


$$V_{od} = A_0 + A_1 V_{id} + A_2 V_{id}^2 + A_3 V_{id}^3 + \dots$$

Ideal diff amp: $A_0, A_2, A_4, \dots = 0$

DC offset

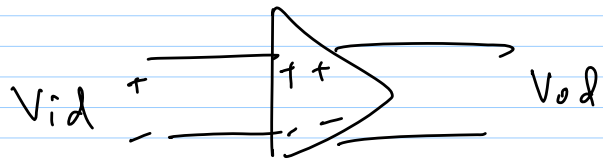
* DC offset: DC voltage to be applied @ input so that $V_{odc} = 0$



$$V_o = A v_i$$

$$v_o = A_0 + A_1 v_i \quad \times$$

$$V_o = A_1 v_i + A_2 v_i^2 \quad \times$$

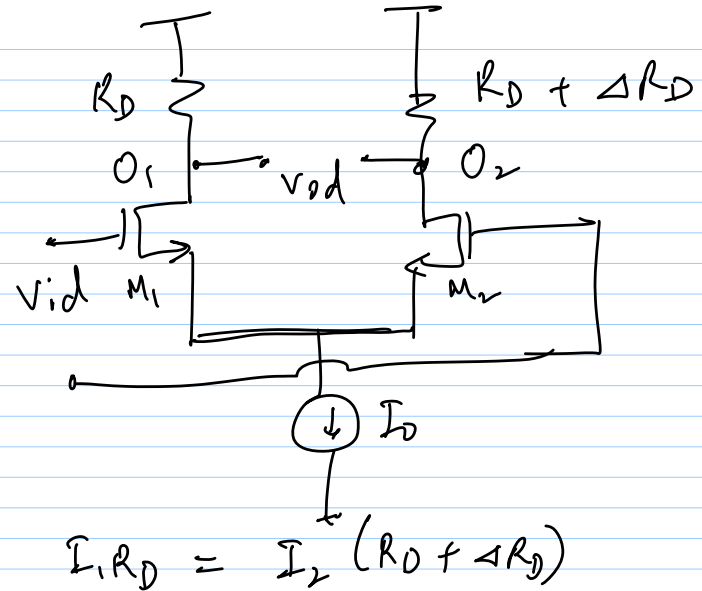
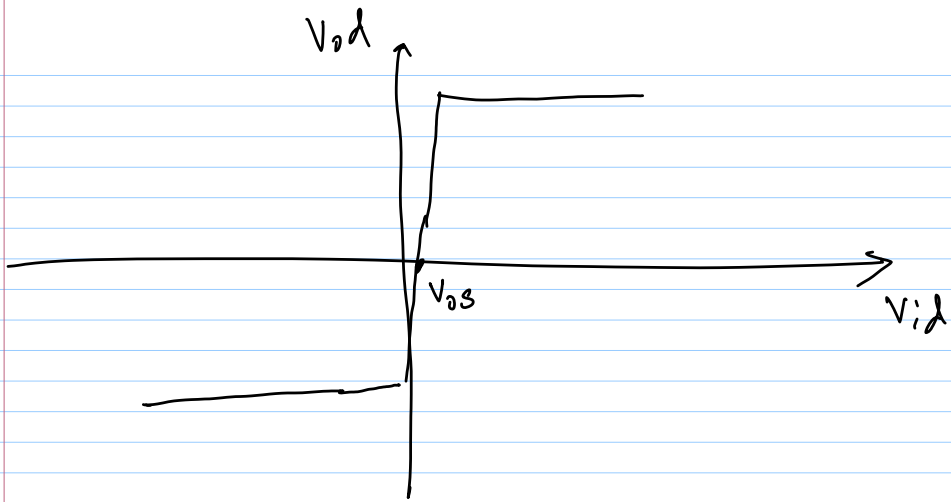
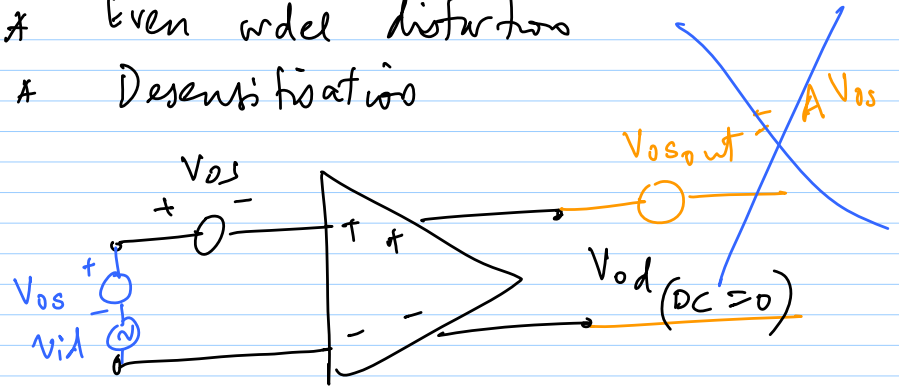


$$V_{od} = A_1 V_{id} + A_2 V_{id}^2$$

DC
2W

V_{os}

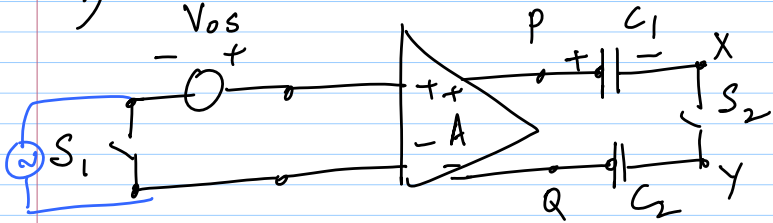
- * Even order distortion
- * Desensitisation



10-2-14

Lec 14

1)



S_1/S_2 closed $V_{PQ} = AV_{os}$

S_1/S_2 open $V_{PQ} = AV_i + AV_{os}$
 $V_{xy} = AV_i$

$V_{out} = -A (V_{out} - V_{os})$

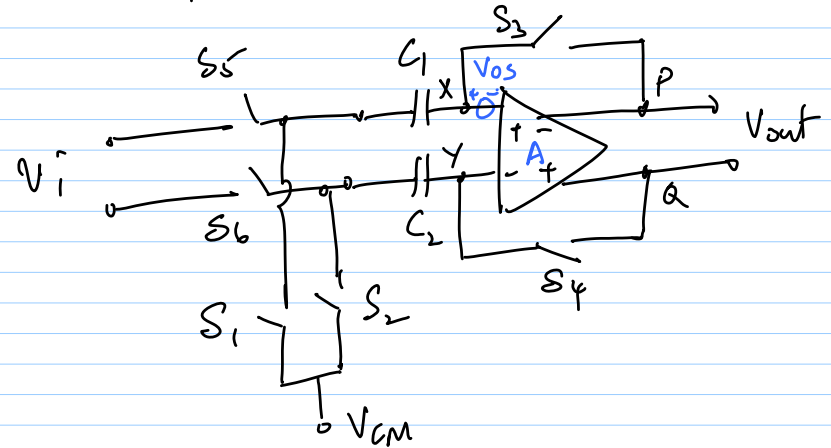
$V_{out} = \frac{A}{A+1} V_{xy} \approx V_{os}$

$V_{xy} = V_{os}$

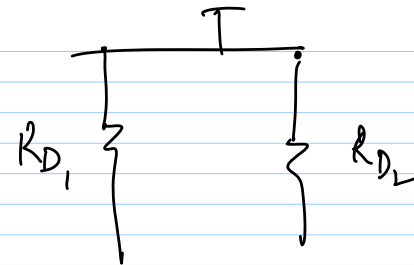
(ii) Open S_1-S_4 & close S_5-S_6

Input to ideal amp = $V_i + V_{os} - V_{os}$
 $= V_i$

2) Input-referred Offset storage - periodic



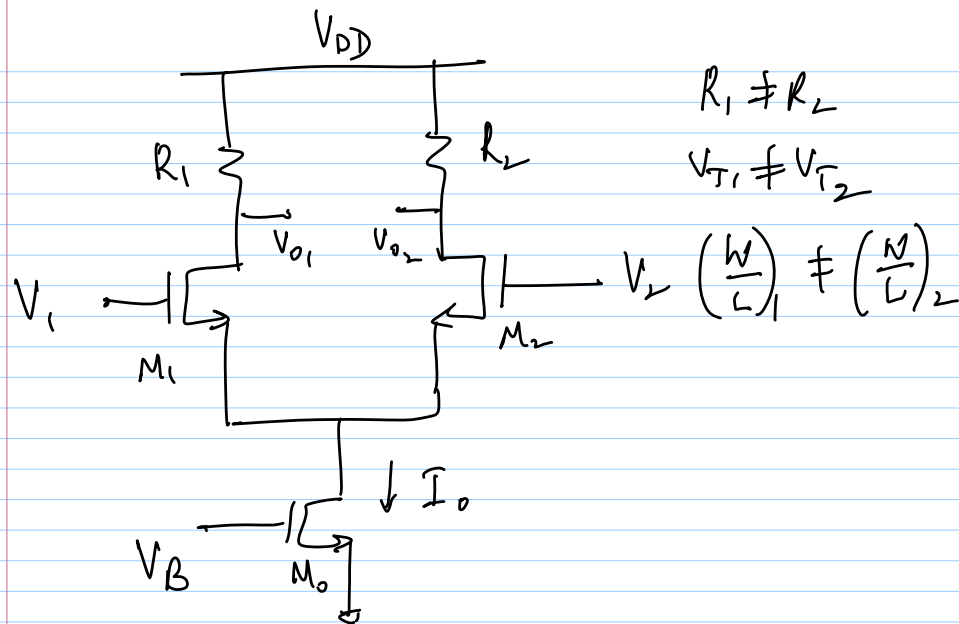
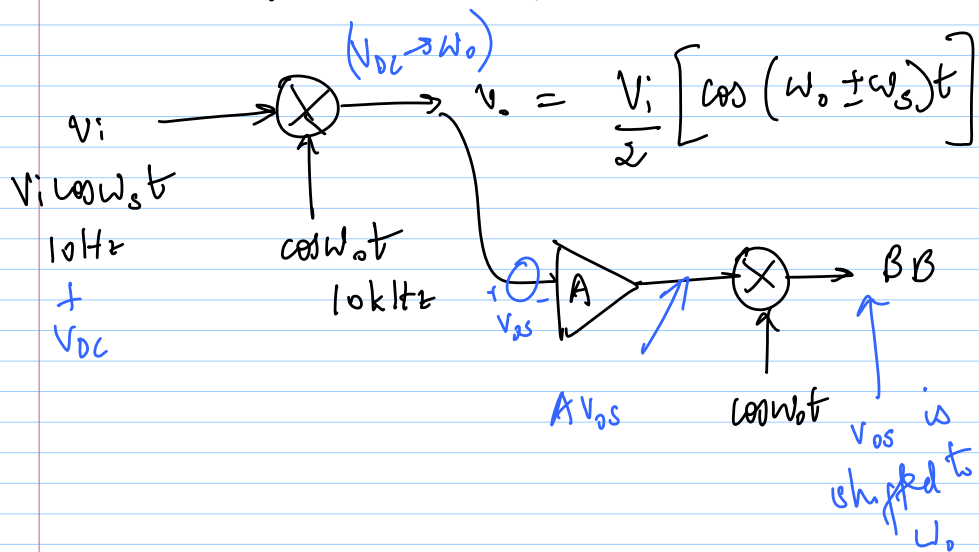
(i) S_1-S_4 closed - unity gain config.
 $V_{PQ} = V_{xy}$



Dynamic offset

- * offset - time varying
- * Problem in case of e.g. bio signals

* Chopping - DC offsets & 1/f noise



$$R = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2}; \quad \Delta R = \frac{R_1 - R_2}{2}$$

$$V_{ID} = V_1 - V_2$$

$$= V_{T1} + \sqrt{\frac{2I_1}{\beta \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_1}} - \left[V_{T2} + \sqrt{\frac{2I_2}{\beta \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_2}} \right]$$

$$= \Delta V_T + \left[\sqrt{\frac{2I_1}{\beta \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_1}} - \sqrt{\frac{2I_2}{\beta \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)_2}} \right]$$

$$V_{ID} = 0 \Rightarrow I_1 R_1 = I_2 R_2$$

$$V_{OS} = \Delta V_T + \frac{(V_{AS} - V_T)}{2} \left[\frac{-\Delta R}{R} - \frac{\Delta(W/L)}{(W/L)} \right]$$