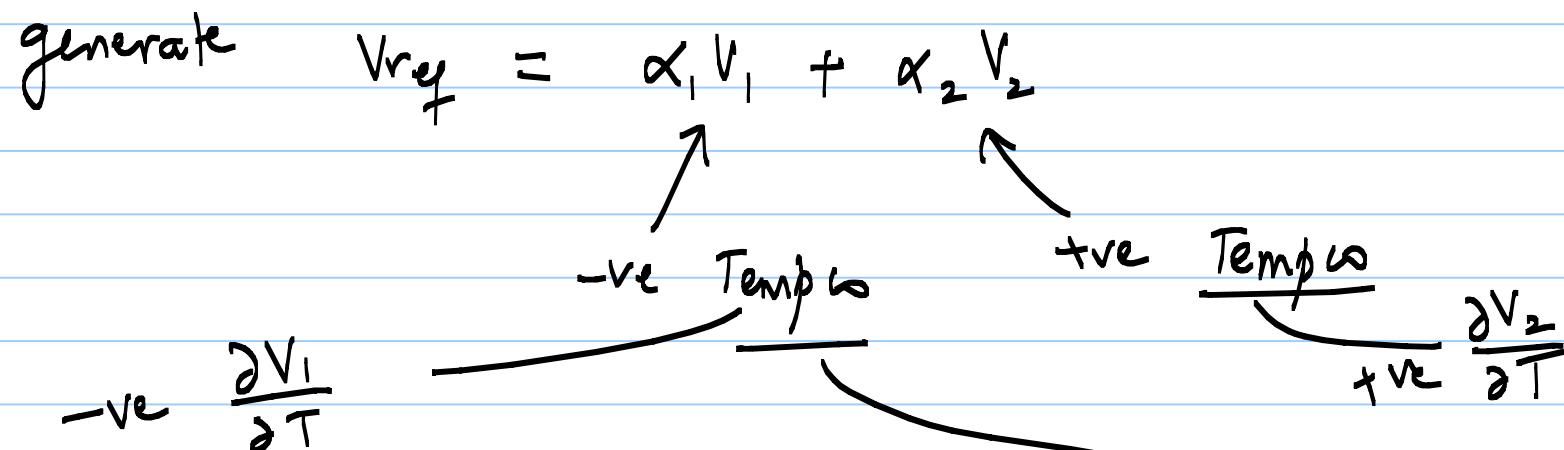


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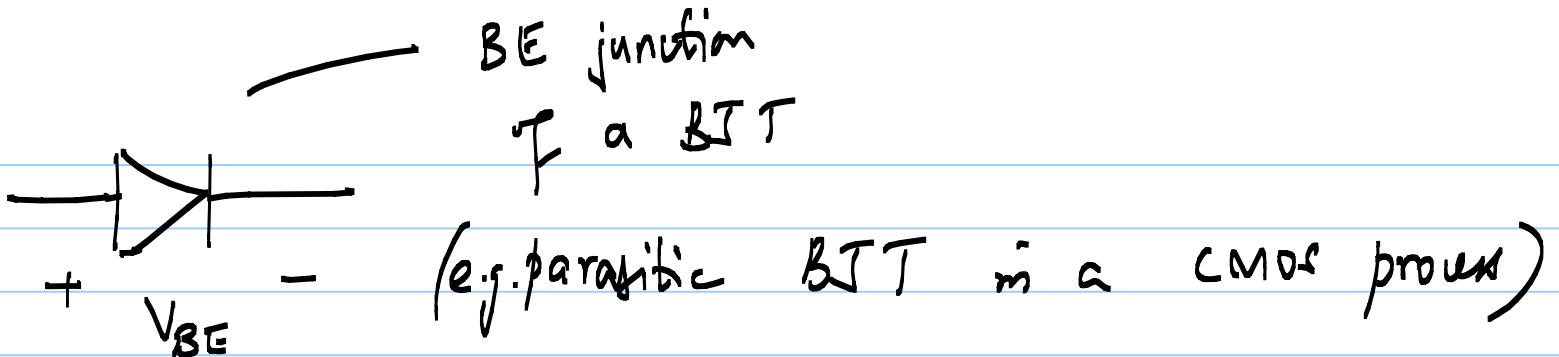
Lecture 49

Band gap Reference

- * Create V_{ref} that is independent of temperature
- * $C, R, M, V_T, V_b \rightarrow$ all vary with temp.
- * At least at one temp. $T_0 \rightarrow$ make $\frac{dV_{ref}}{dT} = 0$



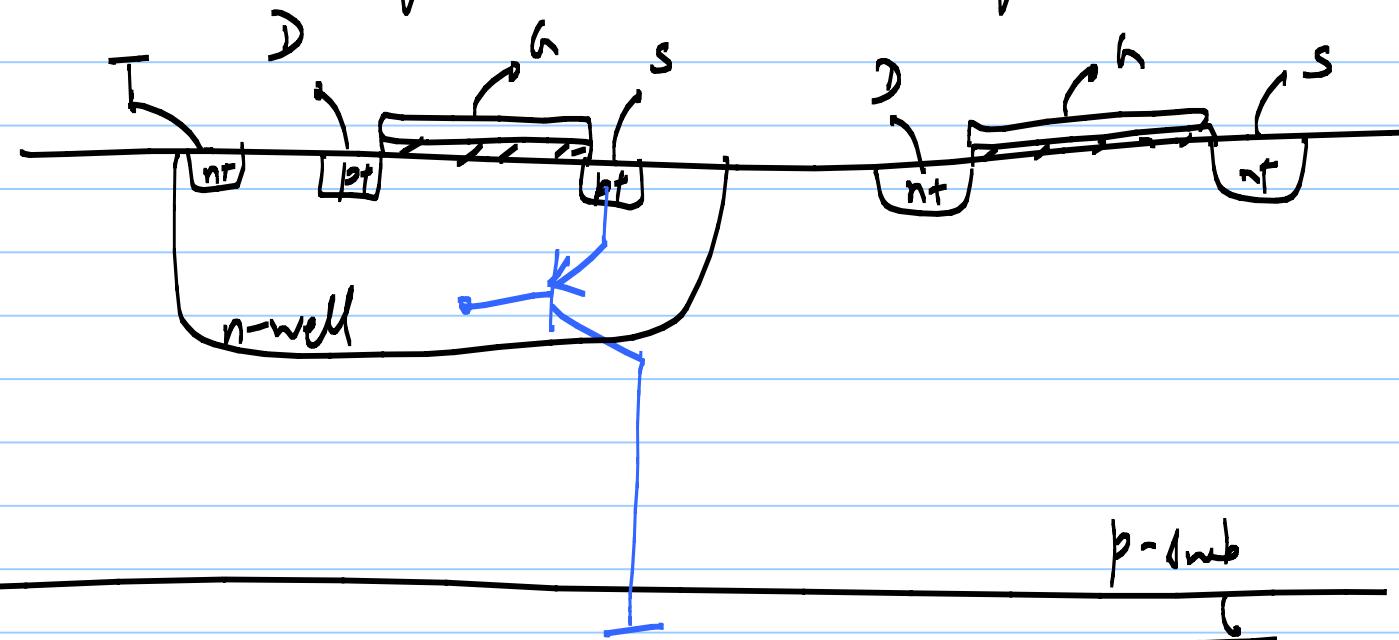
@ R_T : set $\left. \frac{\partial V_{ref}}{\partial T} \right|_{R_T} = 0$ temperature coefficient

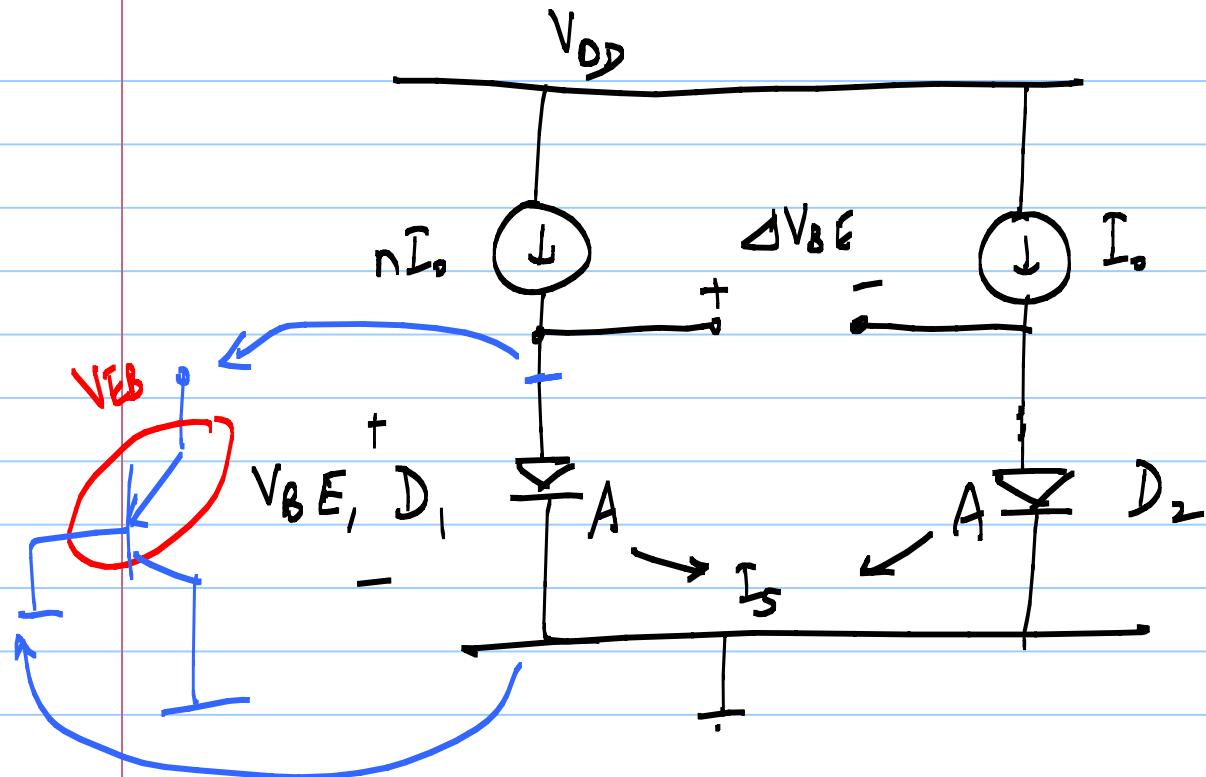


$$\approx 0.65V$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial V_{BE}}{\partial T} \right|_{RT} \approx -1.5 \text{ to } -2 \text{ mV/K} \rightarrow \text{use to create } V_1$$

$$V_t = \frac{kT}{q} \rightarrow \frac{\partial V_t}{\partial T} = \frac{k}{q} \rightarrow \text{use to create } V_2$$





$$\Delta V_{BE} = V_{BE_1} - V_{BE_2}$$

$$= V_t \ln\left(\frac{I_c}{I_s}\right) - V_t \ln\left(\frac{I_{c_1}}{I_s}\right)$$

$$= V_t \ln\left(\frac{nI_s}{I_s}\right) - V_t \ln\left(\frac{I_s}{I_s}\right)$$

$$\Delta V_{BE} = V_t \ln(n)$$

$$= \frac{kT}{q} \ln(n)$$

$\propto T$

V_T with +ve T.C.

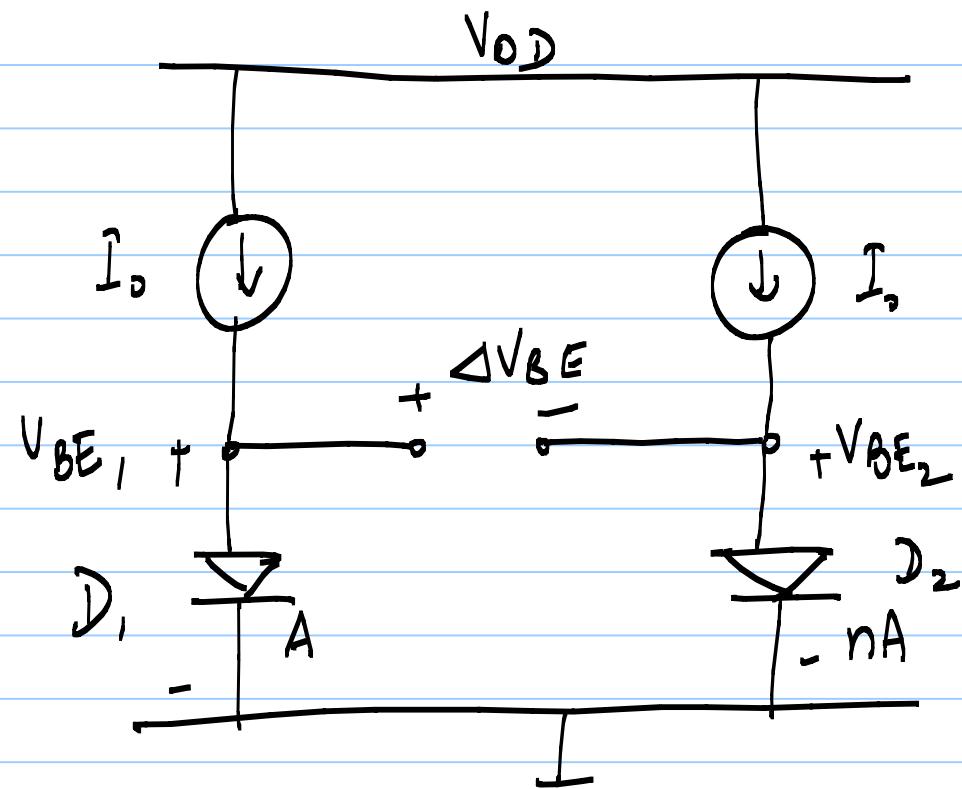
ΔV_{BE} is called a "PTAT" voltage

↳ proportional to absolute temperature

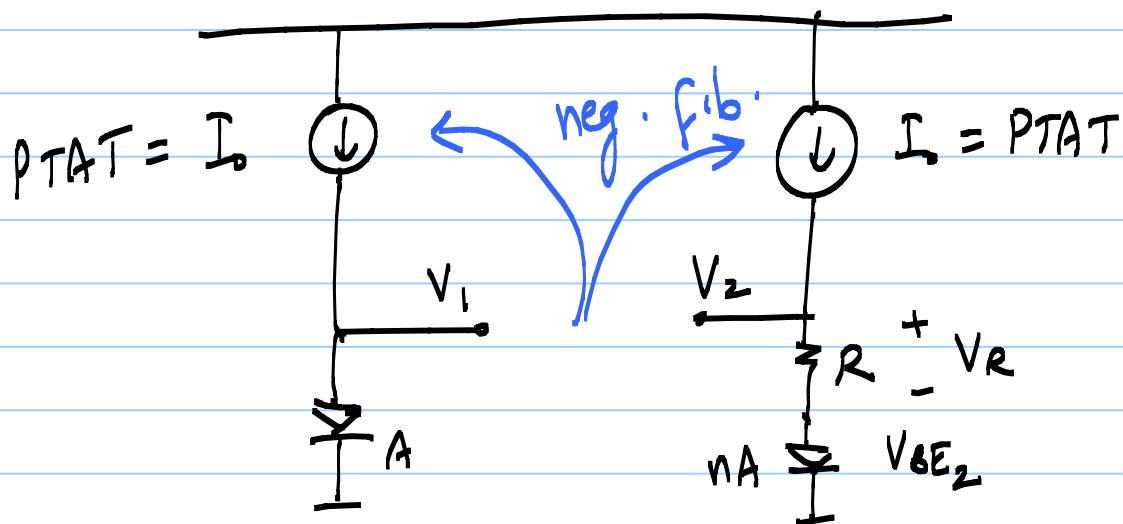
* exact value of I_s does
not matter

$$\Delta V_{BE} =$$

$$V_t \ln \left(\frac{I_o}{I_s/n} \right) - V_t \ln \left(\frac{I_o}{I_s} \right)$$



$$\Delta V_{BE} = V_t \ln(n)$$



$$\text{force } V_1 = V_2$$

$$\Rightarrow V_R = \Delta V_{BE_1} = V_t \ln(n)$$

Use an opamp

in negative f.b.

$$V_{ref} : V_2 = V_{BE_2} + V_R = V_{BE_2} + \Delta V_{BE} \leftarrow \text{set eqn to } V_{ref}$$

Set temp. coeff. @ RT if V_2 to be zero

$$\frac{\partial V_{ref}}{\partial T} \Big|_{300K} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(V_{BE_2} + \frac{kT}{q} \ln(n) \right) \Big|_{RT} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial V_{BE_2}}{\partial T} \Big|_{RT} + \frac{k}{q} \ln(n) = 0$$

$$-1.5mV/k \quad \rightarrow +1.5mV/k$$

$$\ln(n) = 1.5 \times \frac{q}{k} \approx 17.4$$

$$V_{ref} \approx 1.2V$$

