

Modified nodal analysis

EE2015: Electrical Circuits and Networks

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Generalized nodal analysis with extra variables for systematically writing down nodal equations

- Accommodates all components
 - R, L, C, M
 - Independent current and voltage sources
 - Controlled sources (VCVS, VCCS, CCVS, CCCS)
- More variables than in nodal analysis
 - Node voltages
 - Currents through voltage sources (independent and controlled)
 - Currents through inductors
 - Controlling currents of current controlled sources

$$[\mathbf{G}] \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{I}_s$$

- $[\mathbf{G}]$: Conductance matrix
 - Not all entries necessarily conductances
- \mathbf{v} : Variable vector
 - Node voltages
 - Currents through voltage sources
 - Currents through inductors
 - Controlling currents of current controlled sources
- \mathbf{I}_s : Vector of independent sources
 - Current and voltage sources

Every circuit element contributes to $[\mathbf{G}]$ or \mathbf{I}_s ; Independent voltage source contributes to both.

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ \vdots \\ v_N \\ i_{V,1} \\ \vdots \\ i_{V,P} \\ i_{c,1} \\ \vdots \\ i_{c,Q} \end{bmatrix}$$

Node voltages

Voltage source currents

Controlling currents

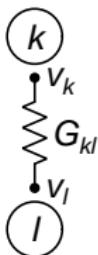
- First label the elements and form the variable vector

Modified nodal analysis—conductance matrix

$$\begin{array}{c|cc|cc|cc|cc} & v_1 & \cdots & v_N & i_{V,1} & \cdots & i_{V,P} & i_{C,1} & \cdots & i_{C,Q} \\ \text{node 1} & & & & & & & & & \\ \vdots & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{node } N & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{Voltage source 1} & & & & & & & & & \\ \vdots & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{Voltage source } P & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{Contr. current 1} & & & & & & & & & \\ \vdots & & & & & & & & & \\ \text{Contr. current } Q & & & & & & & & & \end{array}$$

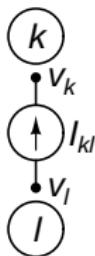
- First label the elements and form the variable vector

- Each element contributes to certain rows and columns of $[G]$ or certain rows of v
- Element stamp indicates the rows and columns and corresponding contributions
- For each element, add the stamp to the appropriate entry of $[G]$ or v



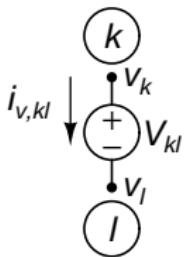
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{node } k \quad \begin{bmatrix} v_k & v_l \\ G_{kl} & -G_{kl} \end{bmatrix} \\
 \text{node } l \quad \begin{bmatrix} -G_{kl} & G_{kl} \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array} \equiv \begin{array}{c}
 \text{node } k \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dots & G_{kl} & \dots & -G_{kl} & \dots \end{bmatrix} \\
 \text{node } l \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dots & -G_{kl} & \dots & G_{kl} & \dots \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

- Contributes to $[\mathbf{G}]$



$$\begin{matrix} \text{node } k \\ \text{node } l \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{kl} \\ -I_{kl} \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{matrix} \text{node } k \\ \text{node } l \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ I_{kl} \\ \vdots \\ -I_{kl} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

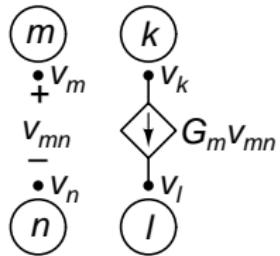
- Contributes to \mathbf{I}_s



$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{matrix} & \text{node } k & \text{node } l & i_{V,kl} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ i_{V,kl} & +1 & -1 & 0 \end{matrix}$$

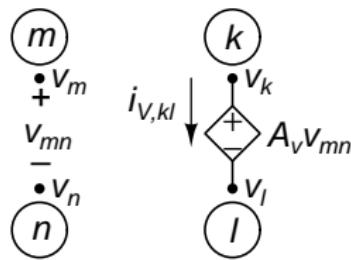
$$\mathbf{I}_s : \begin{matrix} & \text{node } k & \text{node } l & \\ \text{node } k & 0 \\ \text{node } l & 0 \\ i_{V,kl} & V_s \end{matrix}$$

- Contributes to $[\mathbf{G}]$ and \mathbf{I}_s



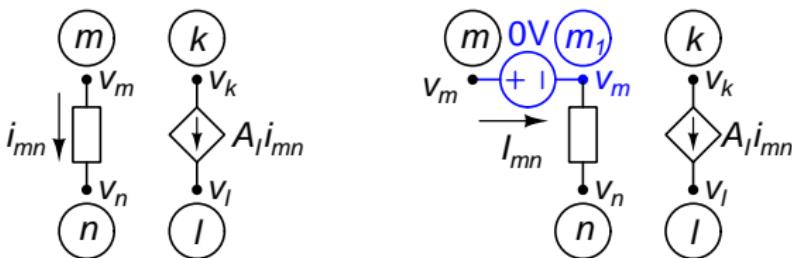
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} v_m & v_n \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{node } k \\ \text{node } l \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} G_m & -G_m \\ -G_m & G_m \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

- Contributes to $[\mathbf{G}]$
- Note the asymmetry (rows k, l , columns m, n)



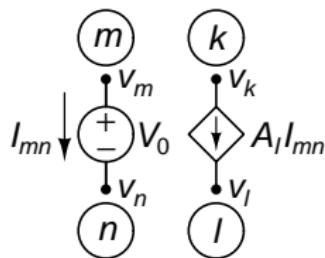
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{matrix} & v_k & v_l & v_m & v_n & i_{V,kl} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ i_{V,kl} & +1 & -1 & -A & +A & 0 \end{matrix}$$

- Contributes to $[\mathbf{G}]$



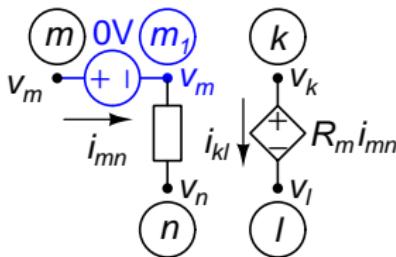
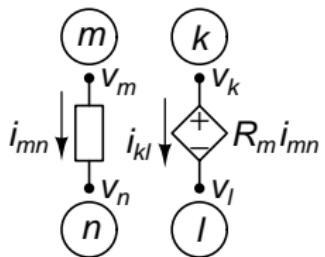
$$[G] : \begin{array}{l} \begin{matrix} & v_k & v_I & v_m & v_{m1} & i_{mn} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +A_I \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -A_I \\ \text{node } m & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } m_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ i_{mn} & 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 \end{matrix} \end{array}$$

- Add a 0 V source in series with the current-sensing branch
- Extra node m_1
- Row i_{mn} corresponds to the 0 V voltage source equation

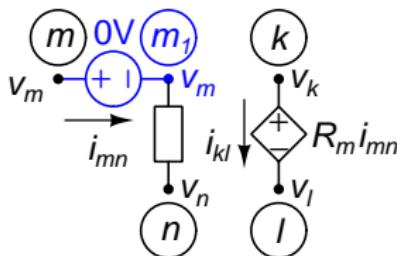
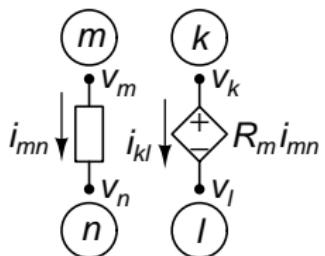


$$[G] : \begin{array}{rccccc} & v_k & v_l & v_m & v_n & i_{mn} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +A_I \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -A_I \\ \text{node } m & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ i_{mn} & 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 \end{array}$$

- No need for extra voltage source
- Rows for i_{mn} and nodes m, n : 0 V voltage source stamp

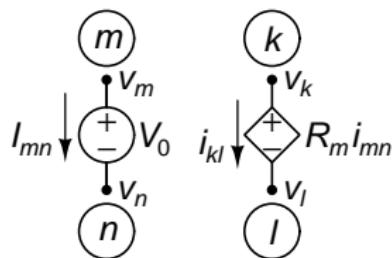


$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{array}{c} v_k \\ \text{node } k \\ v_l \\ \text{node } l \\ v_m \\ \text{node } m \\ v_{m1} \\ \text{node } m_1 \\ i_{mn} \\ i_{kl} \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -R_m & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



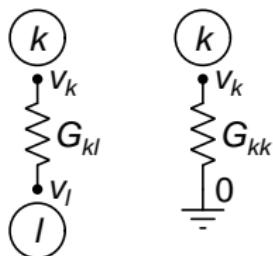
$$[G] : \begin{bmatrix} v_k & v_l & v_m & v_{m1} & i_{mn} & i_{kl} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ \text{node } m & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } m_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ i_{mn} & 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 \\ i_{kl} & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -R_m \end{bmatrix}$$

- Add a 0 V source in series with the current-sensing branch
- Extra node m_1
- Row i_{mn} corresponds to the 0 V voltage source equation
- Row i_{kl} corresponds to the CCVS equation



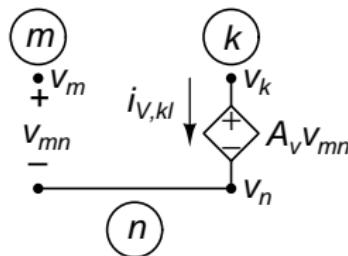
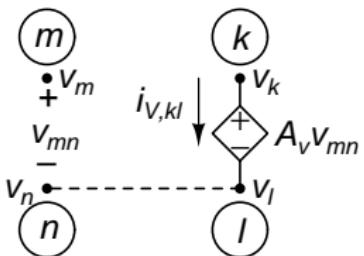
$$[G] : \begin{array}{cccccc} & v_k & v_l & v_m & v_{m1} & i_{mn} & i_{kl} \\ \text{node } k & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ \text{node } l & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ \text{node } m & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 \\ \text{node } n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ i_{mn} & 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ i_{kl} & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -R_m & 0 \end{array}$$

- No need for extra voltage source
- Rows for i_{mn} and nodes m, n : 0 V voltage source stamp



$$\begin{matrix} \text{node } k & \begin{bmatrix} v_k & v_l \\ G_{kl} & -G_{kl} \\ -G_{kl} & G_{kl} \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{node } l & \end{matrix} \equiv \begin{matrix} \text{node } k & [v_k] \\ & [G_{kk}] \end{matrix}$$

- If one of the nodes k, l, m, n is the reference node, the corresponding row/column will not be present



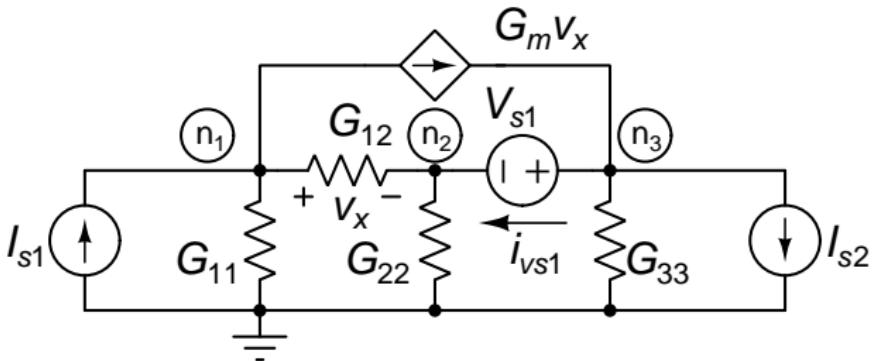
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} v_k & v_l & v_m & v_n & i_{V,kl} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{node } k \\ \text{node } l \\ i_{V,kl} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ +1 & -1 & -A & +A & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} v_k & v_m & v_n & i_{V,kl} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{node } k \\ \text{node } n \\ i_{V,kl} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ +1 & -A & +A - 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

- If two or more nodes are the same, the corresponding terms add up

- Add 0 V voltage sources for controlling-current branches if necessary
- Assign variables for voltage source currents
- Form the variable vector \mathbf{v}
- Place each element's stamp appropriately in $[\mathbf{G}]$ and \mathbf{I}_s
- For each element of $[\mathbf{G}]$ and \mathbf{I}_s , add all the stamp contributions
- Solve $\mathbf{v} = [\mathbf{G}]^{-1} \mathbf{I}_s$

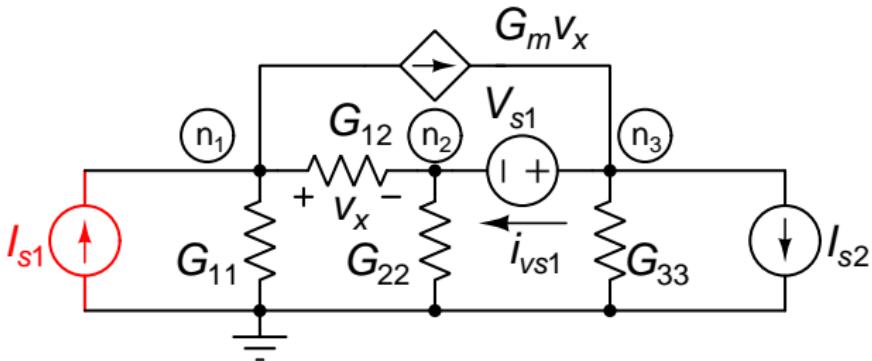
MNA example 1: Variable vector



$$[\mathbf{G}] \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ i_{vs1} \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{I}_s$$

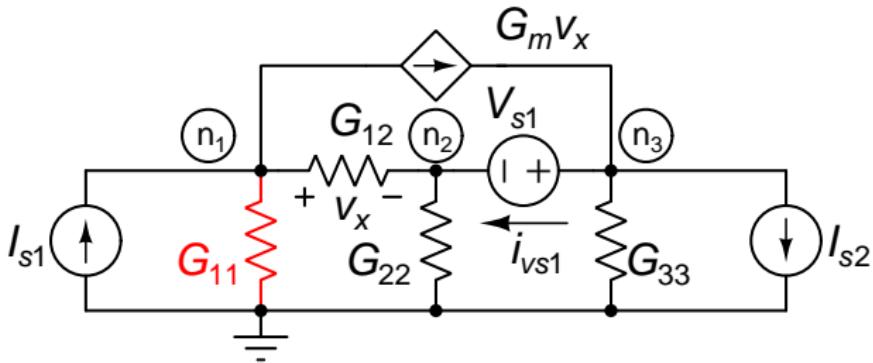
- 4 node circuit; 3 node voltages
- Variable vector: $[v_1 \ v_2 \ v_3 \ i_{vs1}]^T$
- One extra variable: i_{vs1}
- $[\mathbf{G}]$: 4×4 matrix; \mathbf{I}_s : 4 element vector

MNA example 1: Elements



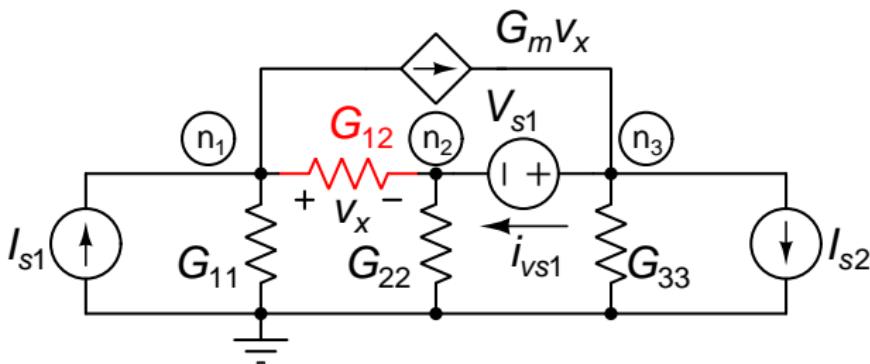
$$\mathbf{I}_s : \begin{bmatrix} I_{s1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements



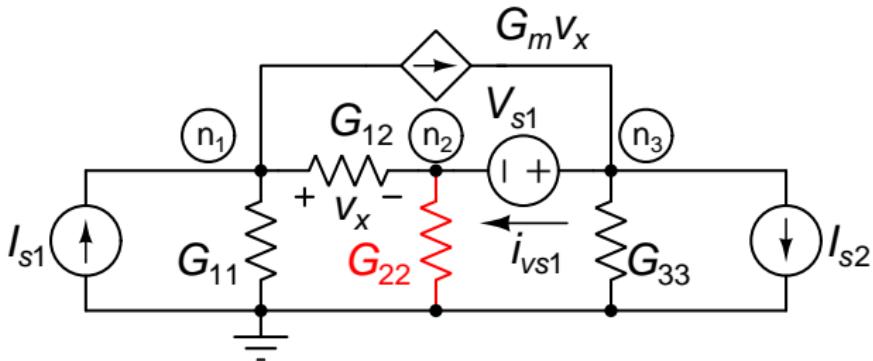
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} G_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements

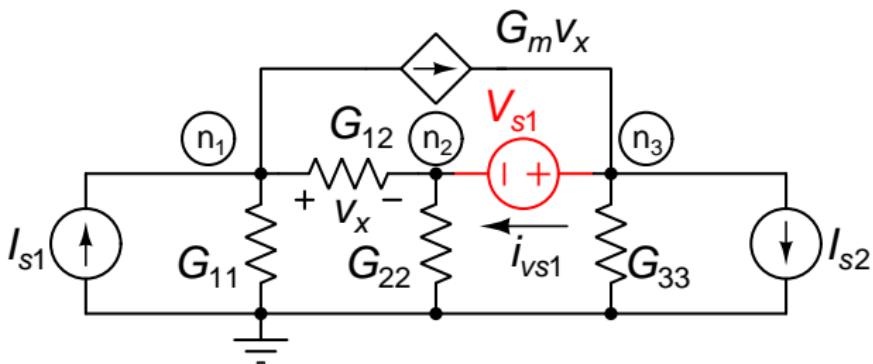


$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} G_{12} & -G_{12} & 0 & 0 \\ -G_{12} & G_{12} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements

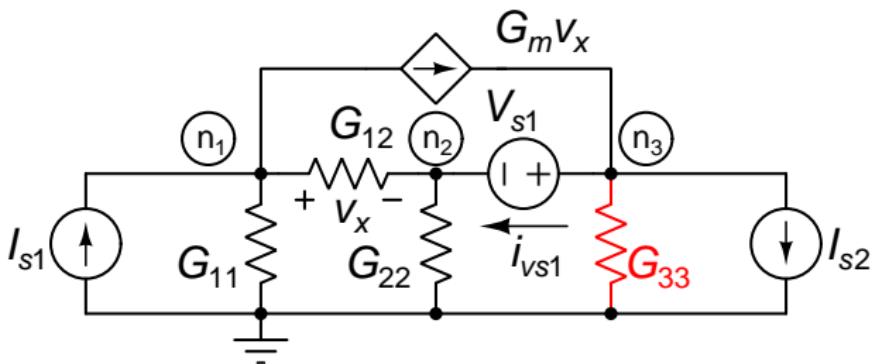


$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & G_{22} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



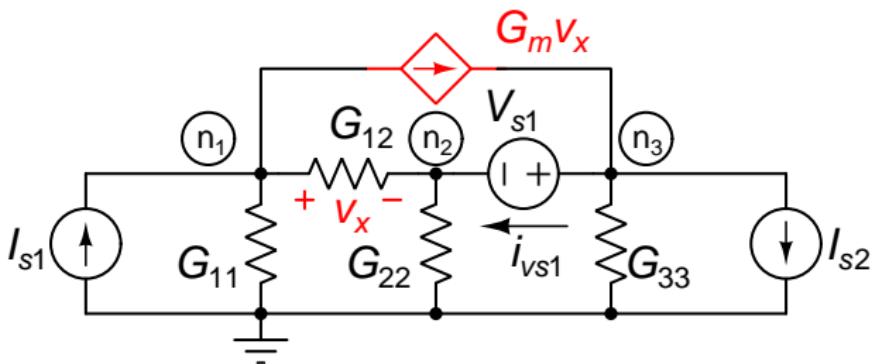
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & -1 & +1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{I}_s : \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_{s1} \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements



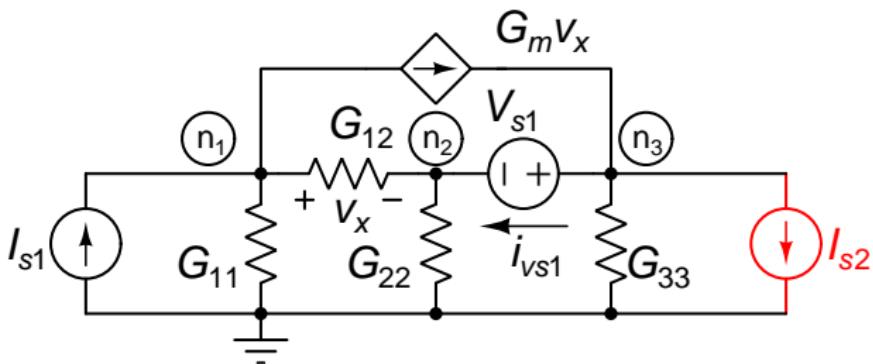
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & G_{33} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements



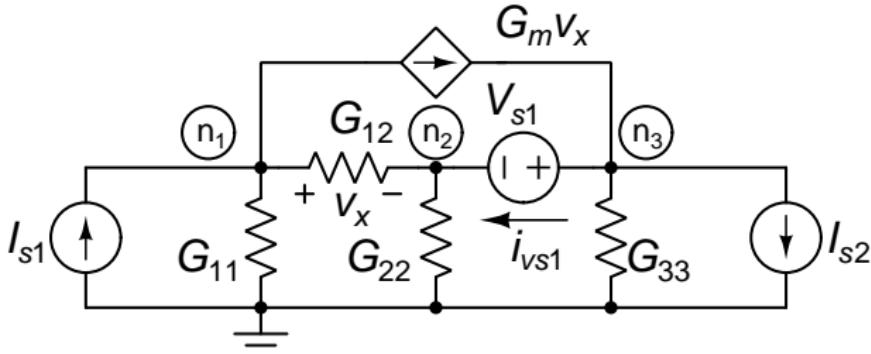
$$[\mathbf{G}] : \begin{bmatrix} G_m & -G_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -G_m & G_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

MNA example 1: Elements



$$\mathbf{I}_s : \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -I_{s2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

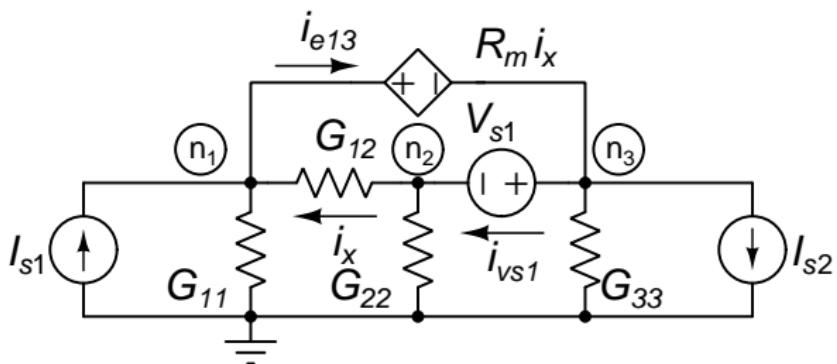
MNA example 1: Complete set of equations



$$\begin{bmatrix} G_{11} + G_{12} + G_m & -G_{12} - G_m & 0 & 0 \\ -G_{12} & G_{12} + G_{22} & 0 & -1 \\ -G_m & G_m & G_{33} & +1 \\ 0 & -1 & +1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \\ i_{vs1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{s1} \\ 0 \\ -I_{s2} \\ V_{s1} \end{bmatrix}$$

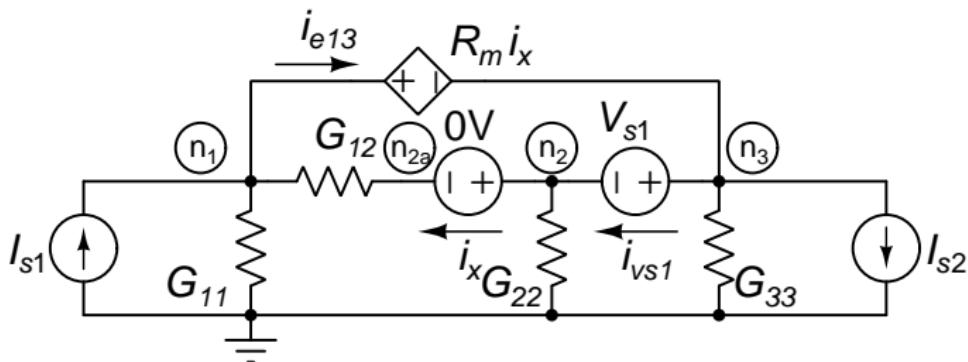
- Solve to get $[V_1 \ V_2 \ V_3 \ i_{vs1}]^T$
- Find all branch v, i from KCL, KVL, and element relationships

MNA example 2: Current-controlled source



- 0 V voltage source has to be added to the controlling branch

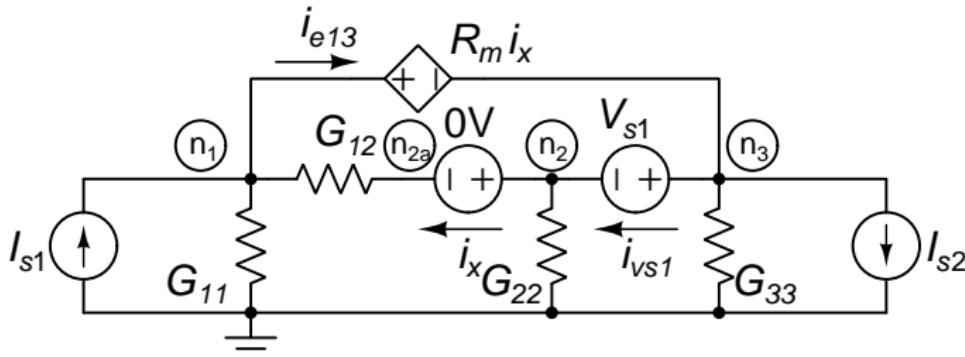
MNA example 2: Variable vector



$$[\mathbf{G}] \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \\ i_{vs1} \\ i_{e13} \\ i_x \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{I}_s$$

- 4 node circuit; 3 node voltages
- Variable vector: $[V_1 \ V_2 \ V_3 \ i_{vs1} \ i_{e13} \ i_x]^T$
- One extra variable: i_{vs1}
- $[\mathbf{G}]$: 4×4 matrix; \mathbf{I}_s : 4 element vector

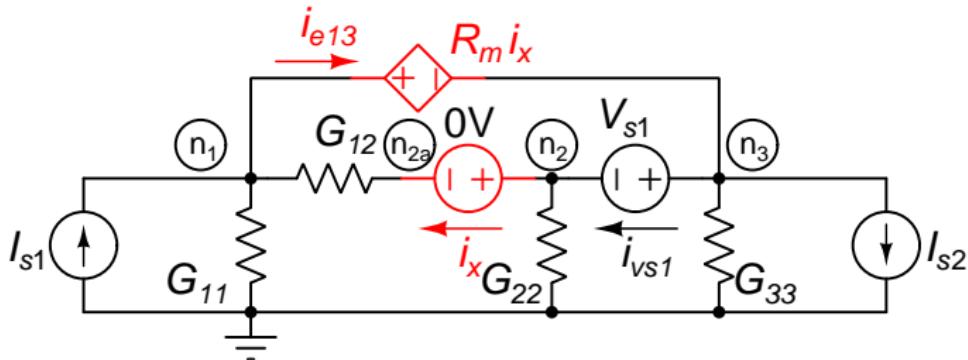
MNA example 2: Variable vector



$$[\mathbf{G}] \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_{2a} \\ v_3 \\ i_{vs1} \\ i_{e13} \\ i_x \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{I}_s$$

- Originally a 4 node circuit; 3 node voltages; 4 extra variables

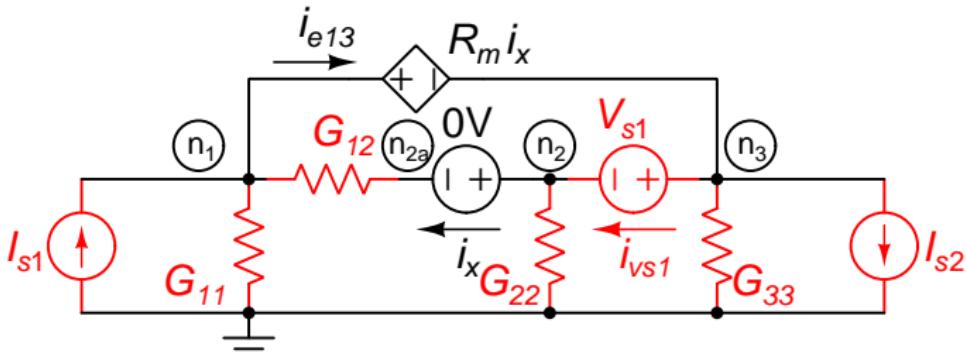
MNA example 2: CCVS



$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ +1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -R_m \\ 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_{2a} \\ v_3 \\ i_{vs1} \\ i_{e13} \\ i_x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- [G] due to the CCVS

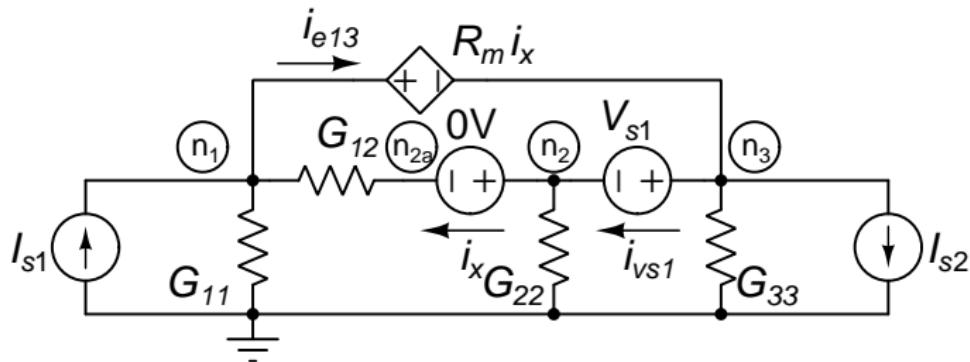
MNA example 2: Remaining elements



$$\begin{bmatrix} G_{11} + G_{12} & 0 & -G_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & G_{22} & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -G_{12} & 0 & G_{12} & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_{2a} \\ v_3 \\ i_{vs1} \\ i_{e13} \\ i_x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{s1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I_{s2} \\ V_{s1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Same as the earlier example, without G_m

MNA example 2: Complete equation setup



$$\begin{bmatrix}
 G_{11} + G_{12} & 0 & -G_{12} & 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 \\
 0 & G_{22} & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & +1 \\
 -G_{12} & 0 & G_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 & +1 & 0 \\
 0 & -1 & 0 & +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 +1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -R_m \\
 0 & +1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 v_1 \\
 v_2 \\
 v_{2a} \\
 v_3 \\
 i_{vs1} \\
 i_{e13} \\
 i_x
 \end{bmatrix}
 =
 \begin{bmatrix}
 I_{s1} \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 -I_{s2} \\
 V_{s1} \\
 0 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$