

EECE 1010: Electrical and Magnetic Circuits.

Problem set #1 (Due on 2 Feb. 2013)

HKD: Hayt, Kemmerly, and Durbin

Engineering circuit analysis, 7th Edition

Tata McGraw Hill 2010, 2006

Chapter Problem

① HKD 4.13 (Fig. 4.43)

(label the nodes 1, 2, 3, ... starting from the left)

* Set up the nodal analysis eqn. $[G] \underline{v} = \underline{I}$

* Solve for \underline{v}

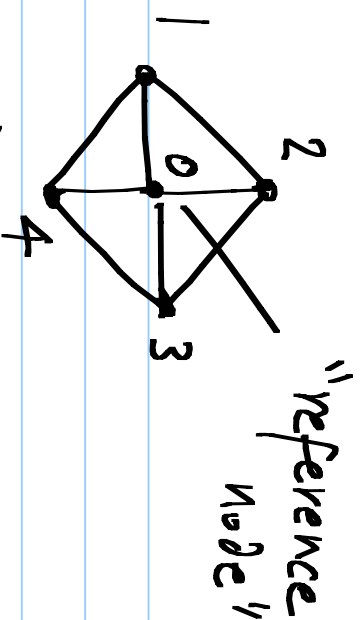
* Answer the given question

* Setup the MNA equations

MNA: modified nodal analysis

② HKD 4.16 (Fig. 4.46)

(Label the nodes as shown here:)



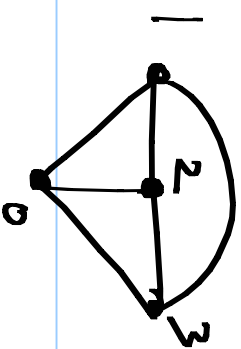
* Set up the nodal analysis eqn. $[G] \underline{v} = \underline{I}$

* Solve for \underline{v}

* Answer the given question

* Setup the MNA equations

③ HKD 4.17 (Fig. 4.46)



(Label the nodes as shown here:)

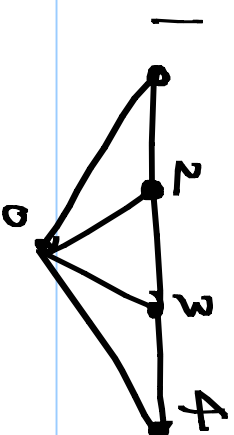
* Set up the nodal analysis eqn. $[G] \underline{v} = \underline{I}$

* Solve for \underline{v}

* Answer the given question

* Setup the MNA equations

④ HKD 4.19 (Fig. 4.49)



(Label the nodes as shown here:)

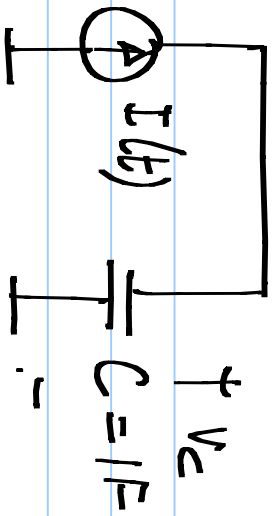
* Set up the nodal analysis eqn. $[G] \underline{v} = \underline{I}$

* Solve for \underline{v}

* Answer the given question

* Setup the MNA equations

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(initially discharged)

$$(a) \quad I(t) = 0 \quad t < 0$$

$$1A \cdot \cos(2\pi t) \quad t \geq 0$$

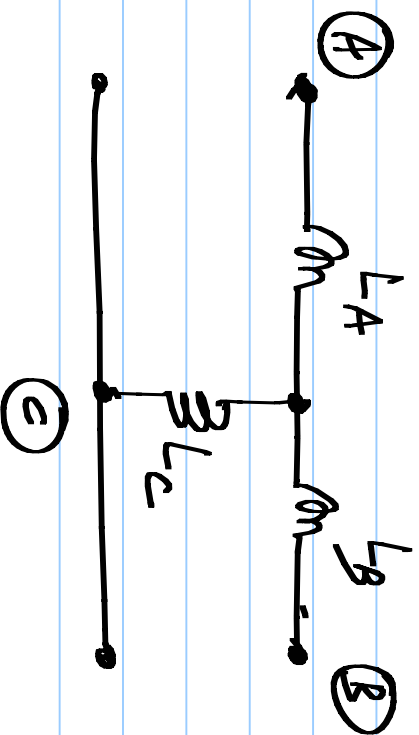
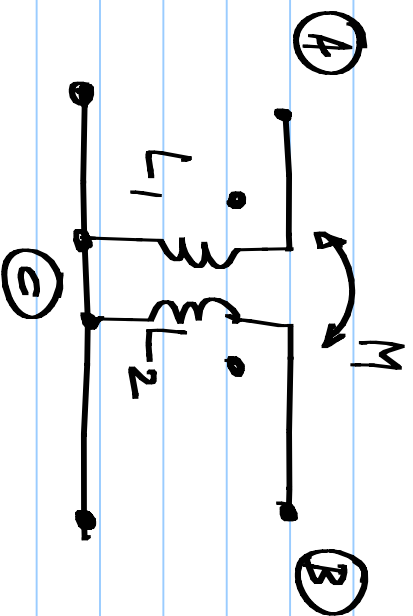
$$(b) \quad I(t) = 0 \quad t < 0$$

$$1A \cdot \sin(2\pi t) \quad t \geq 0$$

Determine $V_c(t)$ in the two cases

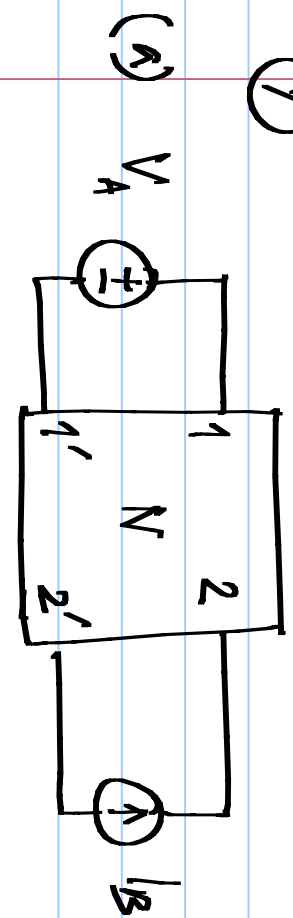
⑥ The following two networks are equivalent.

Determine L_A , L_B , L_C in terms of L_1 , L_2 , M

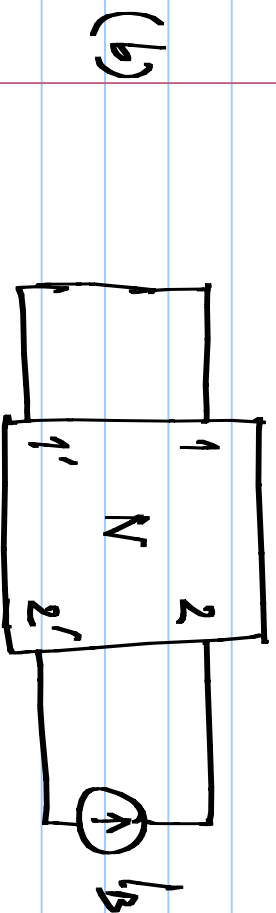


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N consists only of resistors.



Relate the power dissipated in the network N in

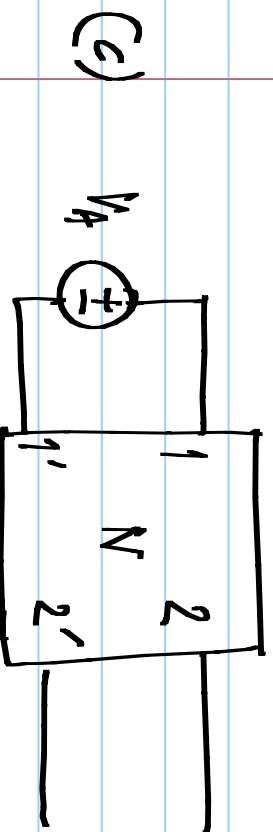


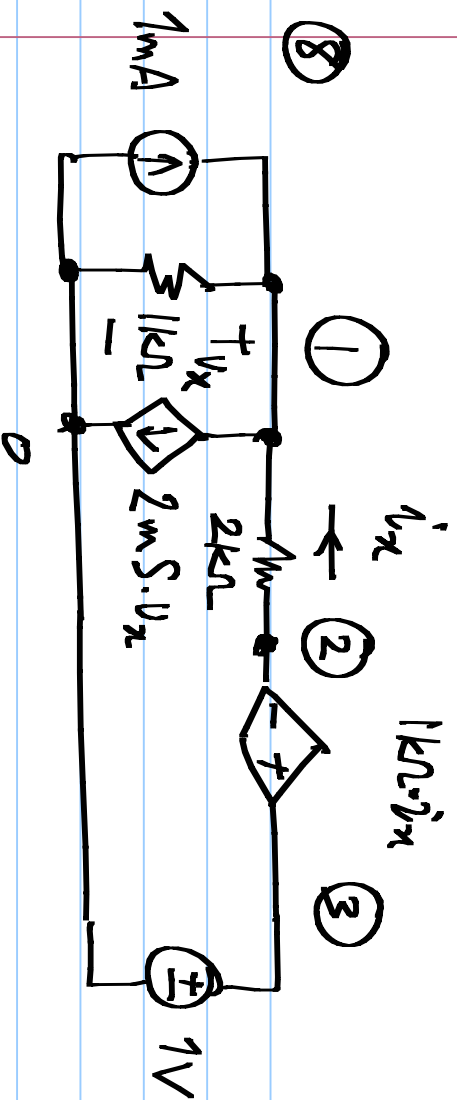
(a) to that in (b) and

(c).

Is this relationship true

in general?





* Write down the NVA equations

* Are the $1mA$ and $1V$ sources dissipating or generating power? How much?