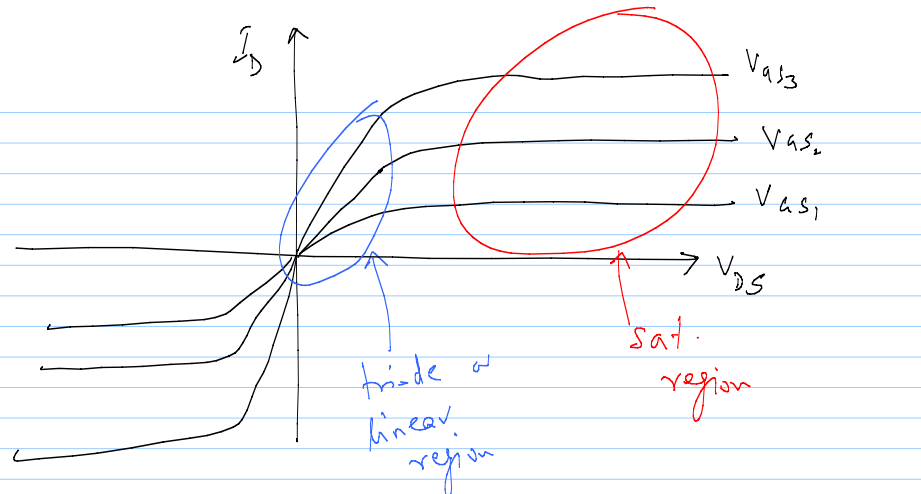
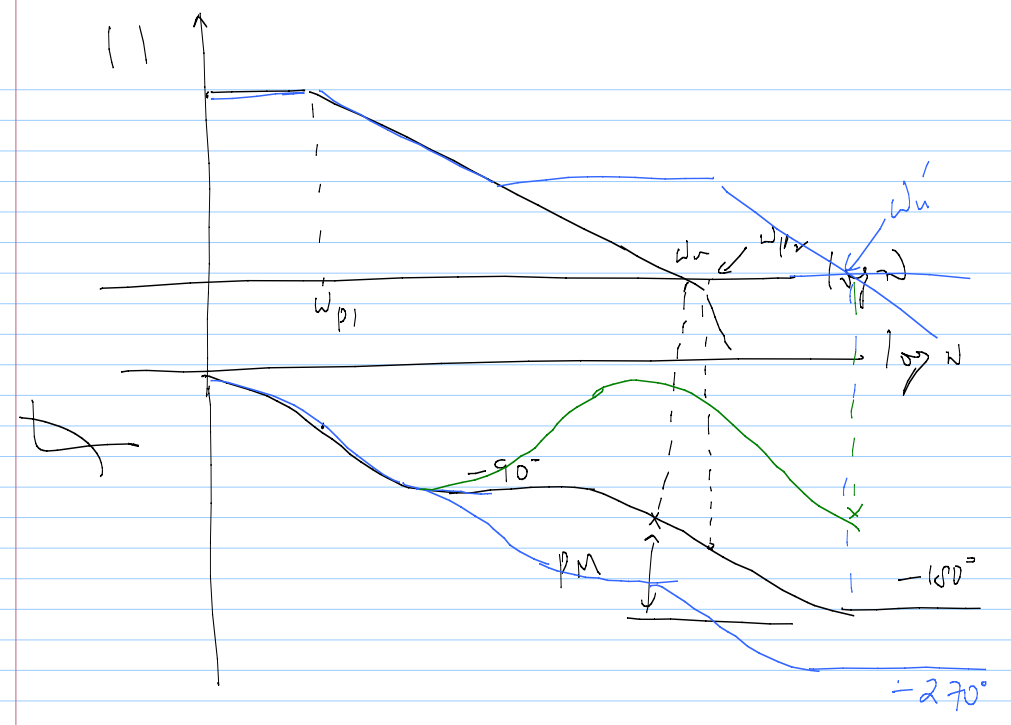
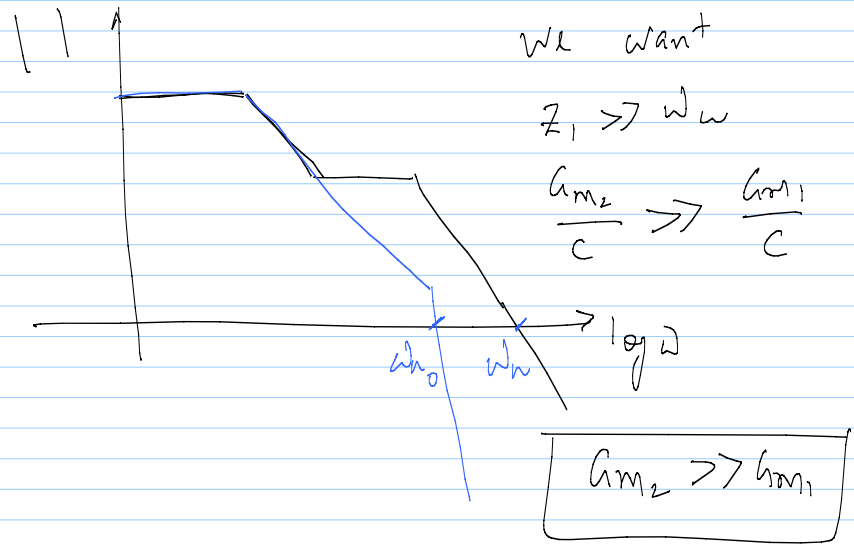


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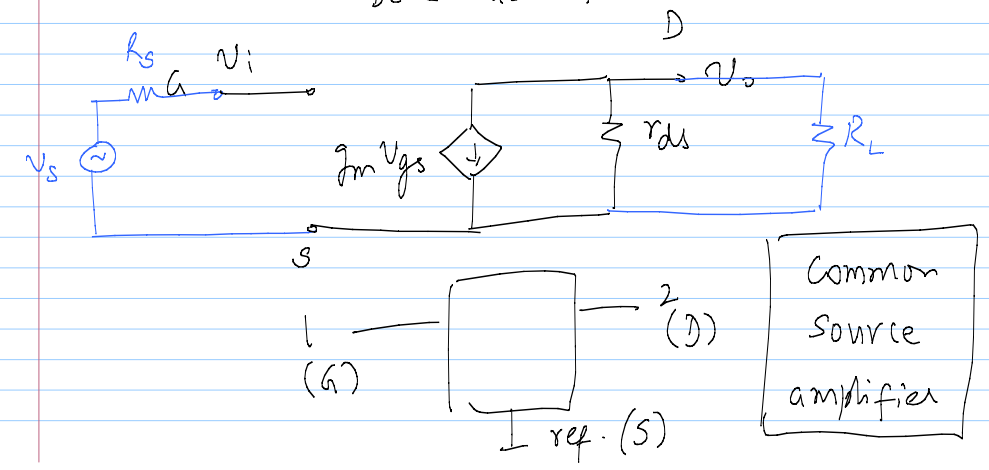
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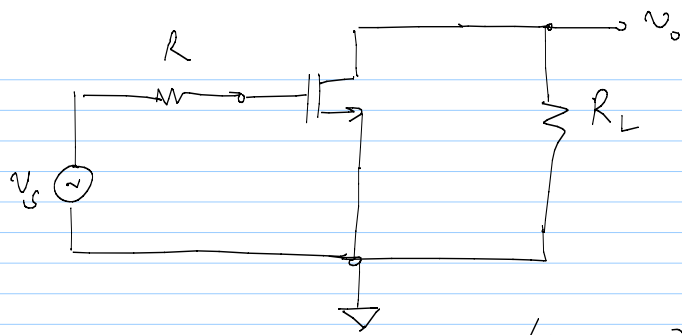


$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right) (V_{GS} - V_T)^2 (1 + \lambda V_{GS})$ in sat. region

$V_{GS} > V_T \leftarrow I_D > 0$
 $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_T$

$I_D = \mu_n \lambda \left(\frac{W}{L}\right) \left[(V_{GS} - V_T) V_{DS} - \frac{V_{DS}^2}{2} \right]$ in triode region
 $V_{GS} > V_T$
 $V_{DS} \leq V_{GS} - V_T$

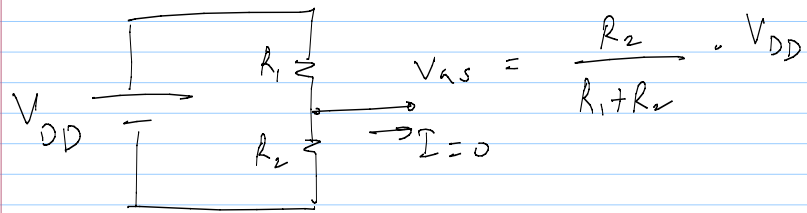
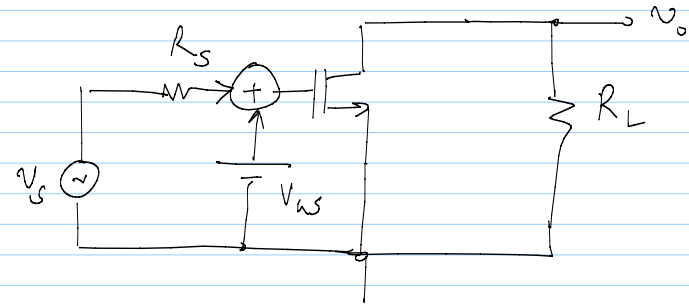
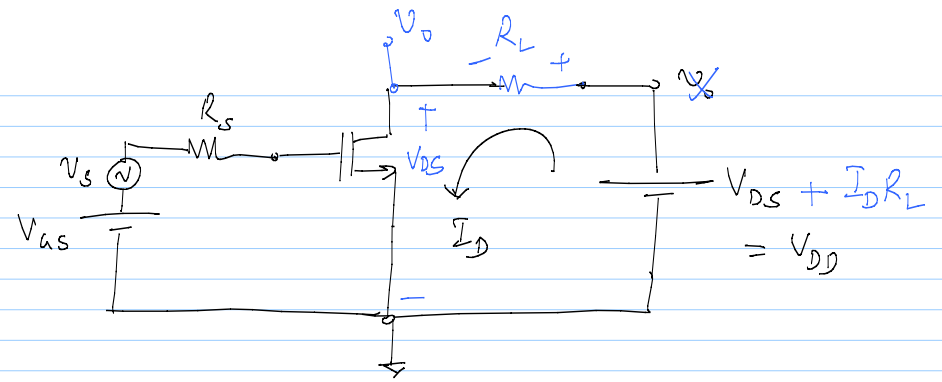




We need to choose (V_{gs}, V_{ds}) such that

$$V_{gs} > V_T \quad \text{so that } I_D > 0$$

$$V_{ds} > V_{gs} - V_T \quad \text{sat. region}$$



$$V_{gs} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_{DD}$$