## EE5160: Error Control Coding Problem Set 7

1. Find the power series s(D) for the rational function

$$\frac{a(D)}{b(D)} = \frac{1+D+D^2}{1+D+D^3}$$

and note that, after a transient, its coefficients are periodic. Show that a(D) = b(D)s(D).

2. Find  $G_{sys}(D)$ ,  $H_{sys}(D)$ ,  $G_{poly}(D)$  and  $H_{poly}(D)$  for the rate-2/3 convolutional-code generator matrix given by

$$G(D) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1+D}{1+D+D^2} & 1+D & 0\\ 1 & \frac{1}{1+D} & \frac{D}{1+D^2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

3. Find the Type I realization of the transfer function

$$g_{ij}(D) = \frac{a_0 + a_1 D + \dots + a_m D^m}{b_0 + b_1 D + \dots + b_m D^m}$$

To do so write  $c^{(j)}(D)$  as

$$c^{(j)}(D) = \left(u^{(i)}(D) \cdot \frac{1}{b(D)}\right) \cdot a(D).$$

Then sketch the direct implementation of the leftmost "filtering" operation  $v(D) = u^{(i)}(D) \cdot 1/b(D)$ , which can be determined from the difference equation

$$v_t = u_t^{(i)} - b_1 v_{t-1} - b_2 v_{t-2} - \dots - b_m v_{t-m}.$$

Next, sketch the direct implementation of the second filtering operation  $c^{(j)}(D) = v(D)a(D)$ , which can be determined from the difference equation

$$c_t^{(j)} = a_0 v_t^{(i)} + a_1 v_{t-1}^{(i)} \dots + a_m v_{t-m}^{(i)}.$$

Finally, sketch the two "filters" in cascade, the 1/b(D) filter followed by the a(D) filter (going from left to right), and notice that the *m* delay (memory) elements may be shared by the two filters.

4. Consider the rate-2/3 convolutional code with

$$G(D) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1+D}{1+D+D^2} & 0 & 1+D\\ 1 & \frac{1}{1+D} & \frac{D}{1+D^2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Let the input for the encoder G(D) be  $u(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1+D \end{bmatrix}$  and find the corresponding codeword  $c(D) = \begin{bmatrix} c_1(D) & c_2(D) & c_3(D) \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the input which yields the same codeword when the encoder is given by  $G_{sys}(D)$ . Repeat for  $G_{poly}(D)$ .

5. Consider a rate-2/3 convolutional code with

$$G_{poly}(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1+D & 0 & 1\\ 1+D^2 & 1+D & 1+D+D^2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Show that the memory required for the Type I and TypeII realizations of  $G_{poly}(D)$  is  $\mu = 3$  and  $\mu = 6$ , respectively. Show that

$$G_{sys}(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{1+D} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{D^2}{1+D} \end{bmatrix},$$

and that the memory required for its Type I realization is  $\mu = 3$ . Finally, show that the Type II realization of  $G_{sys}(D)$  requires only $\mu = 2$ . Thus, the Type II realization of  $G_{sys}(D)$  is the minimal encoder for rate k/k + 1 convolutional codes.

6. Show that

$$\max(x, y) = \log\left(\frac{e^x + e^y}{1 + e^{-|x-y|}}\right).$$

Hint: First suppose x > y.

7. Draw the state diagram for the rate-1/2 encoder described by

$$u(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + D + D^2 & 1 + D^2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the input output weight enumerator (IO-WE)

$$A'(I,W) = \sum_{i,w} A'_{i,w} I^i W^w$$

where  $A'_{i,w}$  is the number of weight-*w* paths, corresponding to weight-*i* encoder inputs, that diverge from the all-zeros trellis path one time in *L* trellis stages.

8. (Optional) Assuming the BI-AWGNC, simulate Viterbi decoding of the rate-1/2 convolutional code whose encoder matrix is given by

$$G(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + D^2 + D^3 + D^4 & 1 + D + D^4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Plot the bit error rate from  $P_b = 10^{-1}$  to  $P_b = 10^{-6}$ . Repeat for the BCJR decoder and comment on the performance of the two decoders.