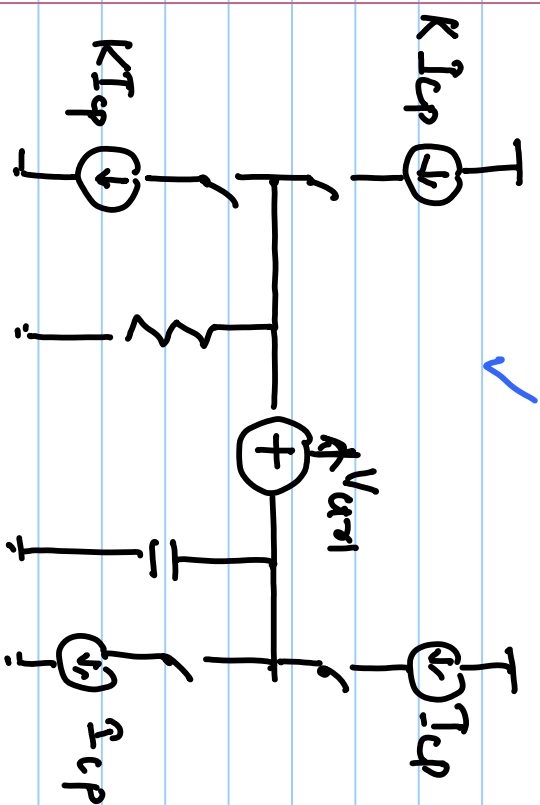


Lecture # 43

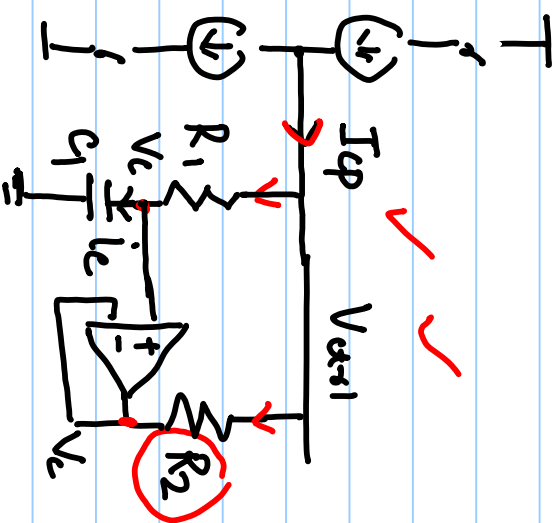


$$I_{cp} = (V_{oc1} - V_c) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$

$$V_{oc1}(s) = I_{cp}(s) \left(R + \frac{1}{sC_1} \right)$$

$$= K I_{cp}(s) \cdot R + \frac{I_{cp}(s)}{sC_1}$$

$$I_{cp} = \frac{V_{oc1} - V_c}{(R_1 \parallel R_2)}$$



$$i_c = \frac{V_{oc1} - V_c}{R_1}$$

$$= V_c \cdot sC_1$$

$$\Rightarrow V_c = \frac{V_{oc1}}{1 + sR_1C_1}$$

$$I_{cp} = \frac{V_{oc1} - \frac{V_{oc1}}{1 + sR_1C_1}}{R_1 \parallel R_2} = \frac{V_{oc1} \cdot sR_1C_1 / (1 + sR_1C_1)}{R_1 R_2 / (R_1 + R_2)}$$

$$I_{cp} = V_{ctrl} \lambda C_1 \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1 + \lambda R_1 C_1}{1 + \lambda R_1 C_1}$$

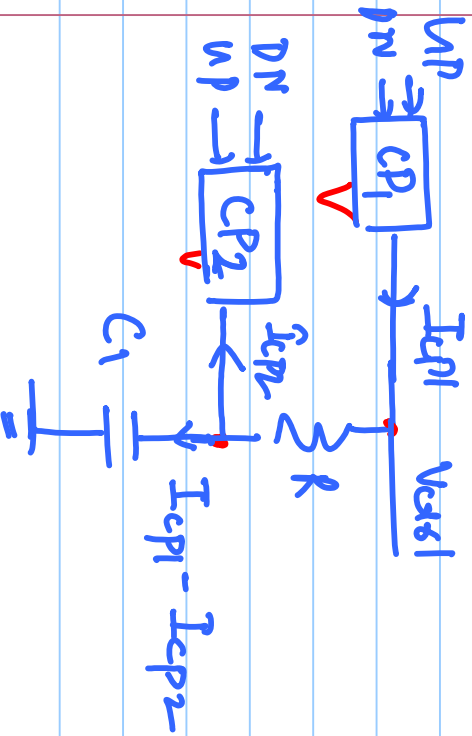
$$\frac{V_{ctrl}}{I_{cp}} = \frac{1 + \lambda R_1 C_1}{\lambda C_1 \left(\frac{R_1}{R_2} + 1 \right)}$$

More noise.

$$L_u(s) = \frac{I_{cp}}{2\pi} \frac{(1 + \lambda R_1 C_1)}{\lambda C_1} \frac{2\pi K_{vco}}{s} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\lambda C_1 \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)$$

K_{vco} varies.

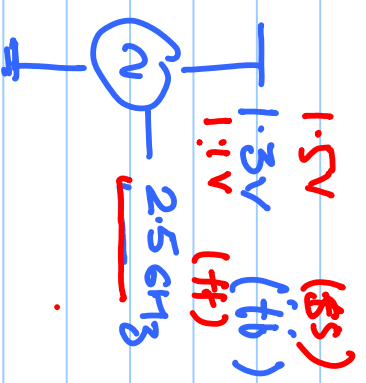


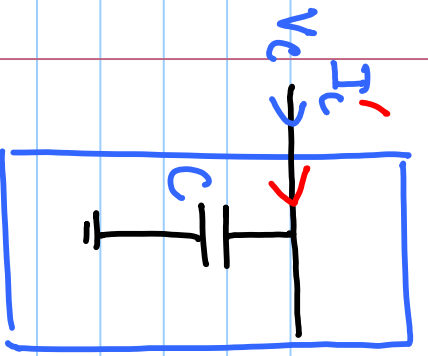
$$V_{ctrl}(s) = (I_{cp1} - I_{cp2}) \frac{1}{\lambda C_1} + I_{cp1} \cdot R$$

$$= I_{cp1} \left[R + \left(1 - \frac{I_{cp2}}{I_{cp1}} \right) \frac{1}{\lambda C_1} \right]$$

$$= I_{cp} \left[R + (1 - \alpha) \frac{1}{\lambda C_1} \right]$$

$$\therefore I_{cp} \left[R + \frac{1}{\lambda C_1 (1 - \alpha)} \right]$$

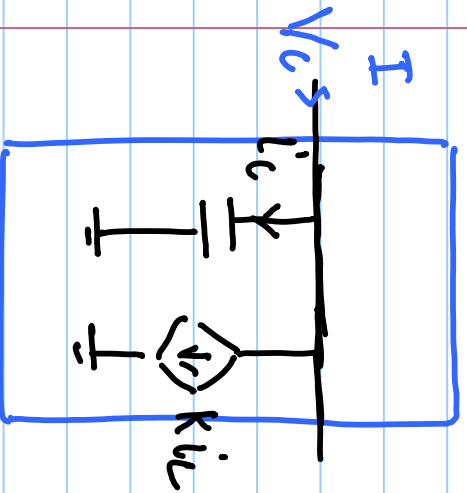




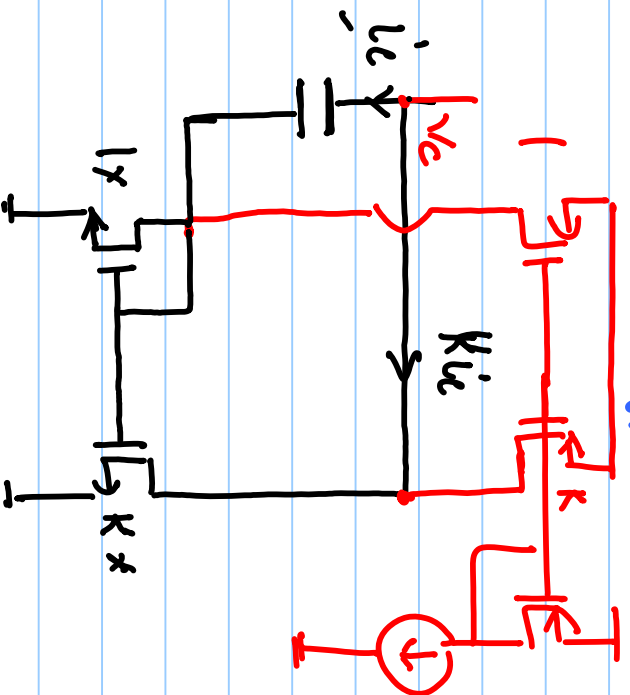
$$\frac{V_c}{I_c} = \frac{1}{sC}$$

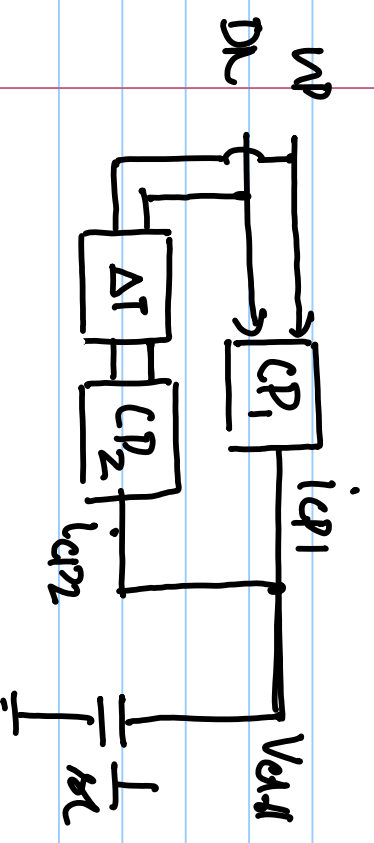
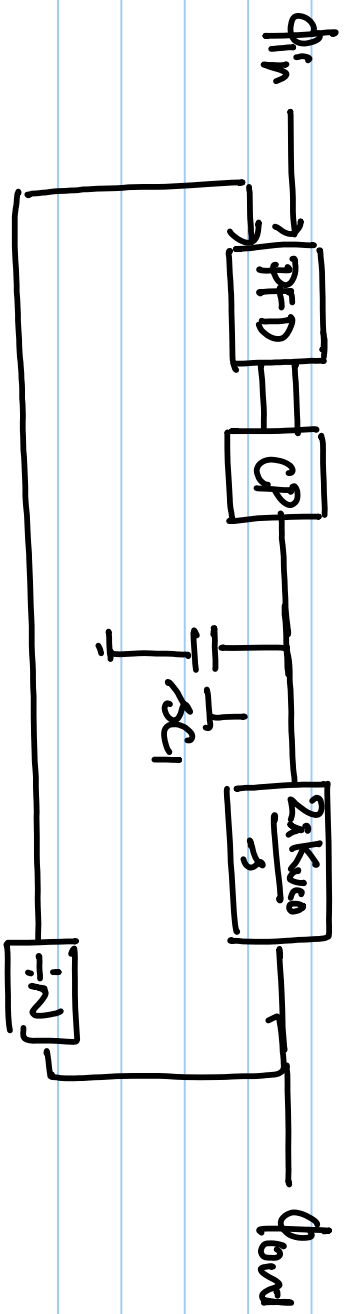
$$I_c' = (k+1) I_c \Rightarrow C_{eff} = (k+1)C$$

$$= (k+1) V_c \cdot sC$$



$$I = i_c + k i_c \Rightarrow C_{eff} = (k+1)C$$





$$i_{cp2} = -\alpha i_{cp1}$$

$$V_{ctrl} = i_{cp1} \frac{1}{sC} + i_{cp2} e^{-s\Delta T} \frac{1}{sC}$$

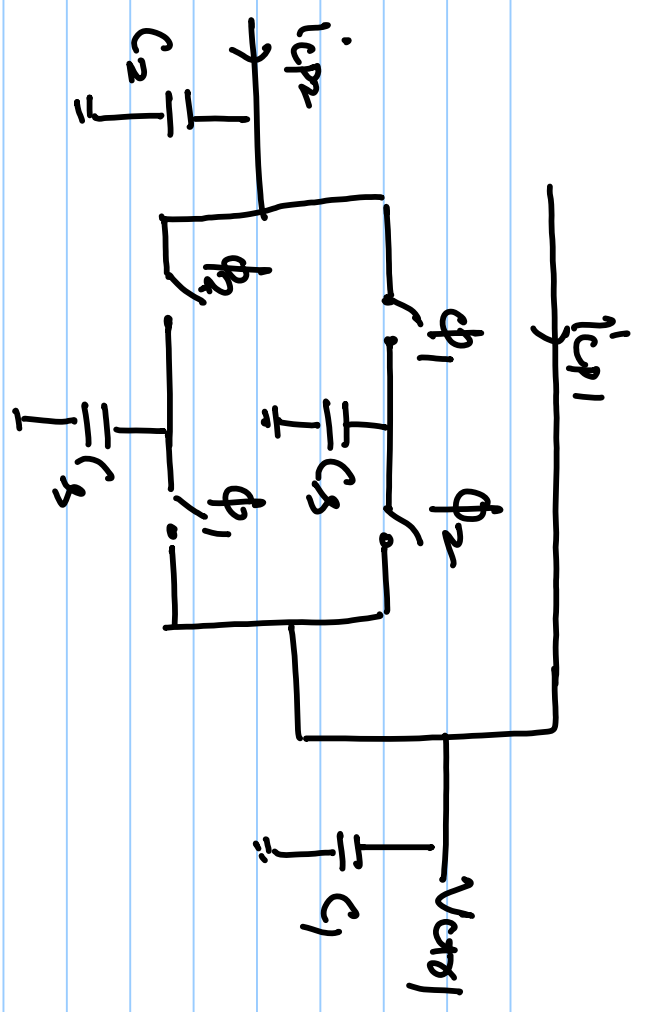
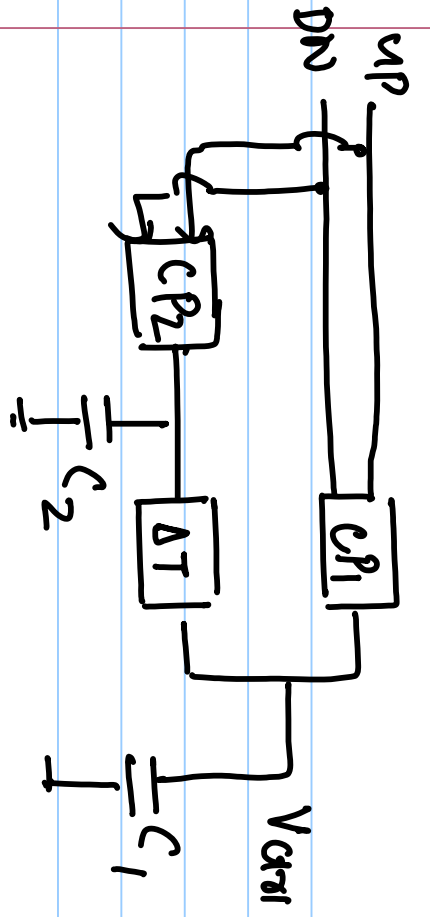
$$= [i_{cp1} + i_{cp2} (1 - s\Delta T)] \frac{1}{sC}$$

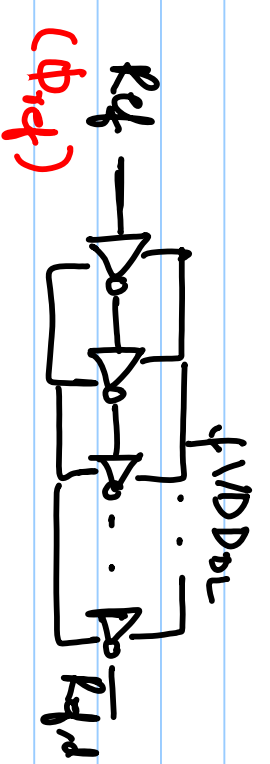
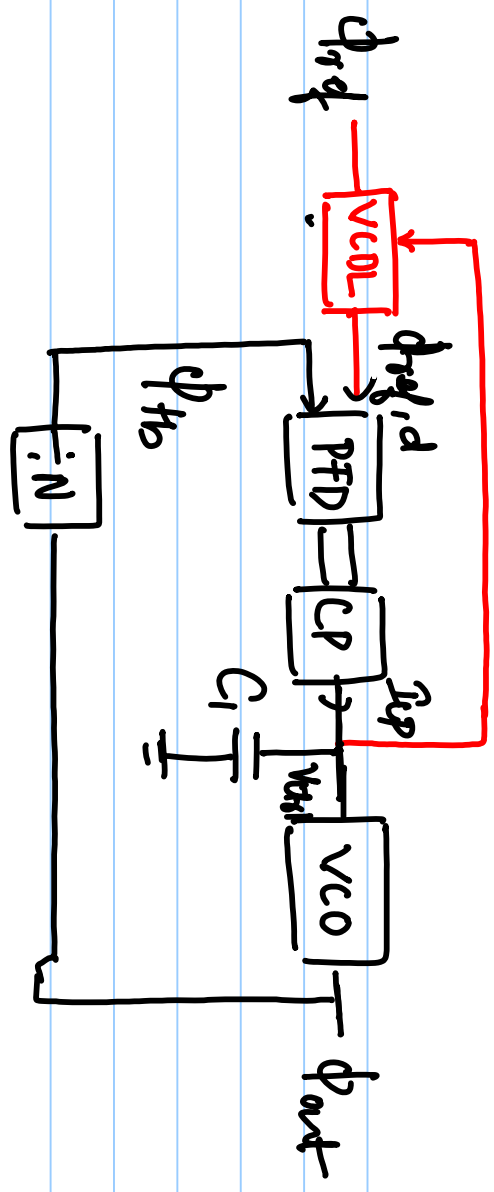
$$= [i_{cp1} + i_{cp2} - s i_{cp2} \Delta T] \frac{1}{sC}$$

$$= [(i_{cp1} - \alpha i_{cp1}) + s i_{cp2} \Delta T] \frac{1}{sC}$$

$$= i_{cp1} (1 - \alpha) \left[1 + \frac{s\alpha}{1 - \alpha} \Delta T \right] \frac{1}{sC}$$

$$K_2 = \frac{1 - \alpha}{\alpha} \frac{1}{\Delta T}$$





$$\phi_{ref,d} = \phi_{ref} + \phi_{H0} + K_{VCO} \cdot \Delta V_{DD0L}$$

$$\Delta \phi_e$$