

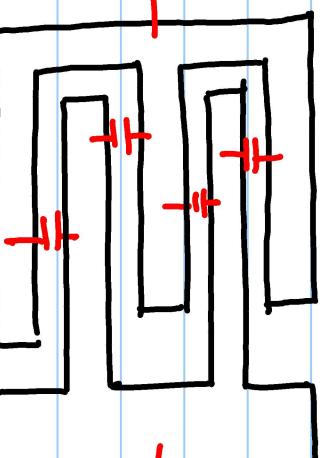
# Lecture # 42

Note Title

04-12-2020

## loop filter

Top -

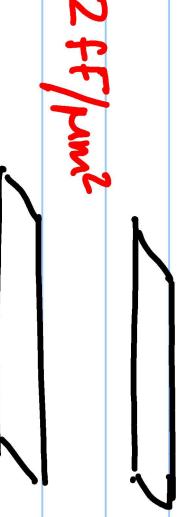


-Bot.

$$d_m = f\left(\frac{C_1}{C_2}\right)$$

$$w_u = \frac{I_{up} \cdot R_{k_u} \cdot C_1}{N} \cdot \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$1-2 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$$

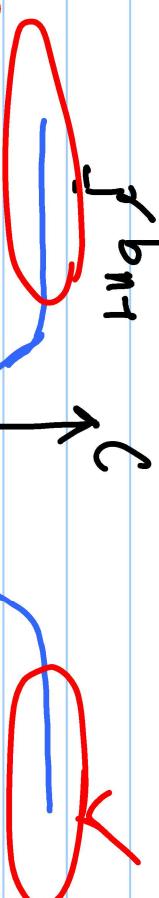


p-sub

$$C_0 \frac{1}{\int b_0} \frac{1}{\Delta C} \frac{1}{\int 2\Delta C} \dots \frac{1}{\int 2^n \Delta C} \quad C_{tot} = C_0 + b_0 \cdot \Delta C + b_1 \cdot 2^1 \cdot \Delta C + \dots + b_{n-1} \cdot 2^{n-1} \cdot \Delta C$$

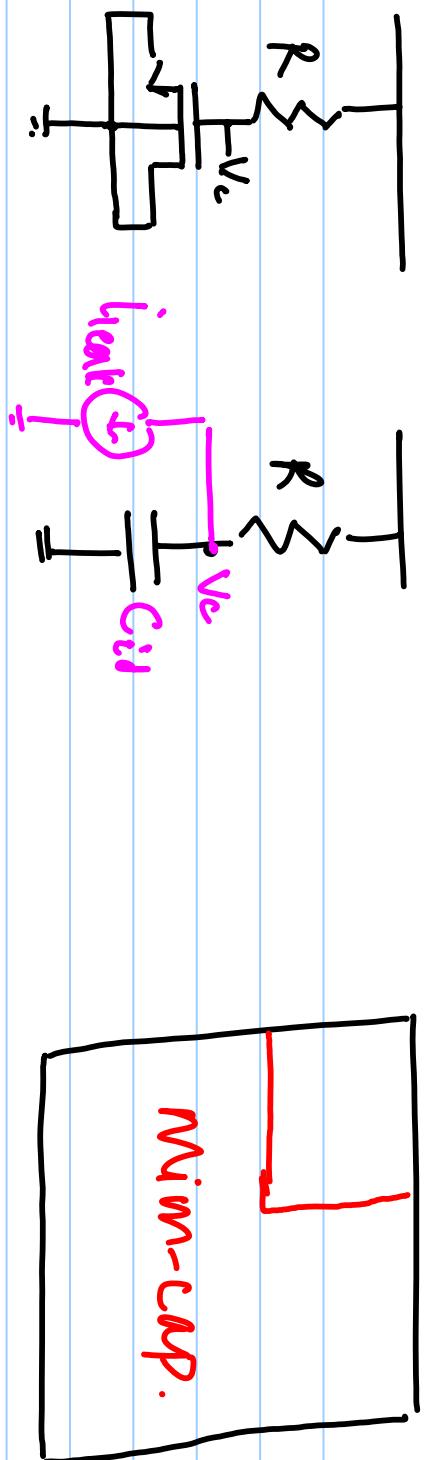


$$10-12 \text{ fF}/\mu\text{m}^2$$



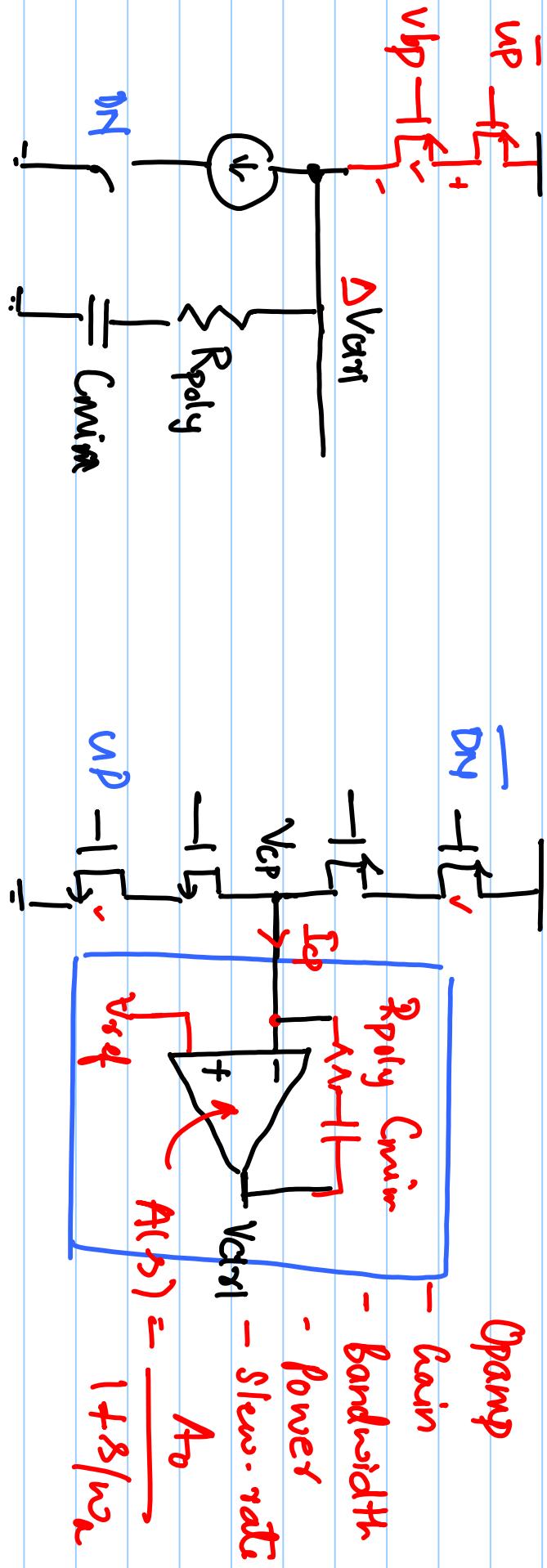
C

$$\rightarrow V_{CS} = V_C$$



**Opamp**

- Gain
- Bandwidth
- Power
- slew. rate



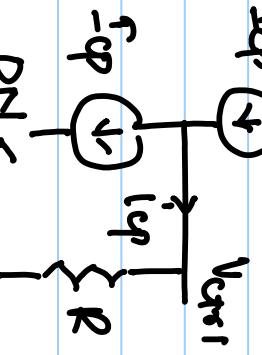
$$\frac{V_{ctrl}}{I_{cp}} = - \left( R_{poly} + \frac{1}{\lambda C_{min}} \right)$$

$$T_{CP}$$

$$V_{CP}(s) = I_{CP}(s) \left( R + \frac{1}{sC} \right)$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{1}{R \cdot C}$$

$$V_{out}(t) = i_{CP} \cdot R + \frac{1}{C} \int i_{CP} dt$$



$$= i_{CP1} \cdot R + \frac{1}{C} \int i_{CP2} dt$$

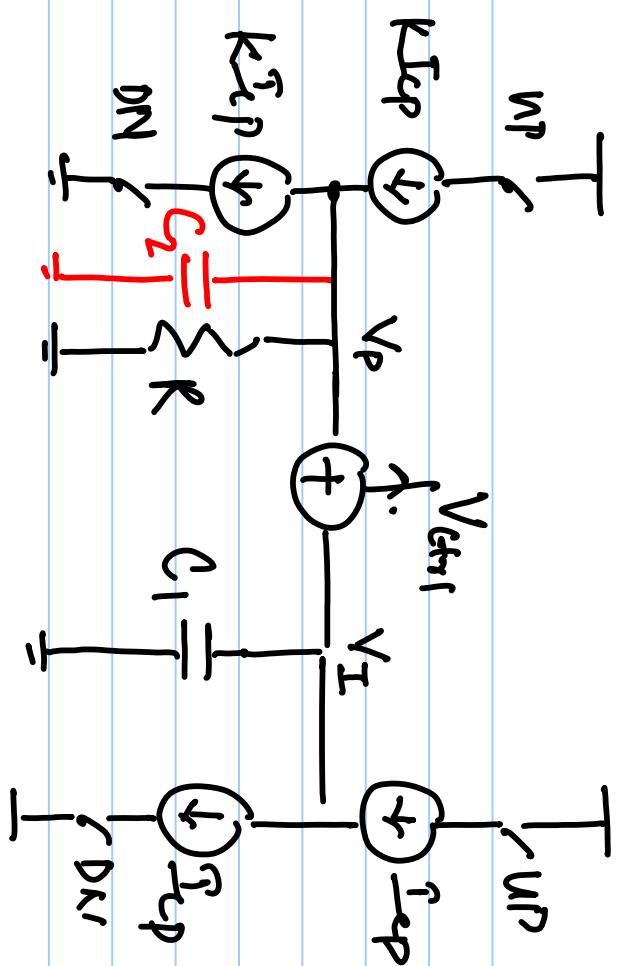
$$V_{out}(s) = I_{CP1} \cdot R + \frac{1}{sC} I_{CP2}$$

$$= \frac{I_{CP2}}{sC} \left( 1 + \frac{I_{CP1}}{I_{CP2}} sRC \right)$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{I_{CP2}} = \frac{1}{sC} \left( 1 + sR \left( \frac{I_{CP1}}{I_{CP2}} \right) C \right) = \frac{1}{sC} \left( 1 + sR(C_C) \right)$$

$$K_2 = \frac{1}{R \left( \frac{I_{CP1}}{I_{CP2}} \right) C_1} = \frac{1}{RC_0} \Rightarrow \frac{I_{CP1}}{I_{CP2}} C_1 = C_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{I_{CP1}}{I_{CP2}} > 1$$

$w_p$ 

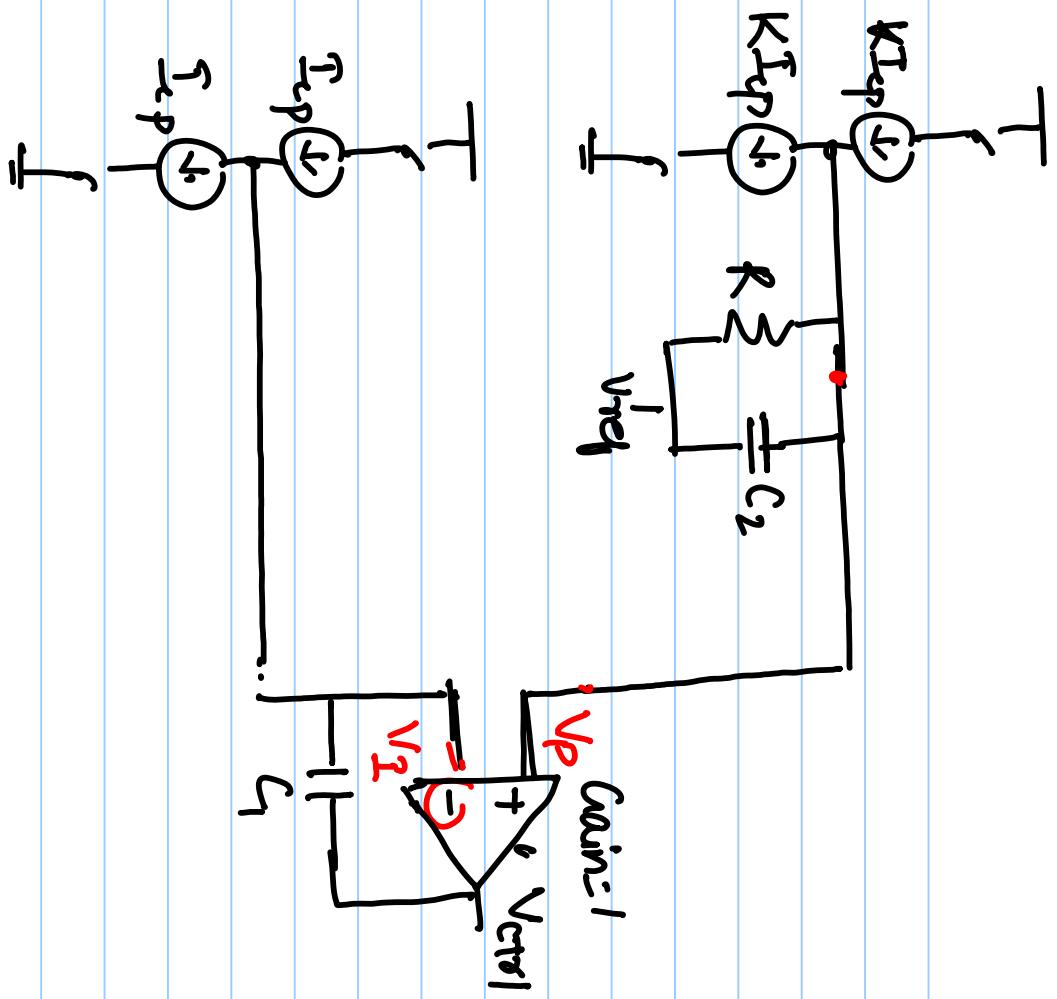
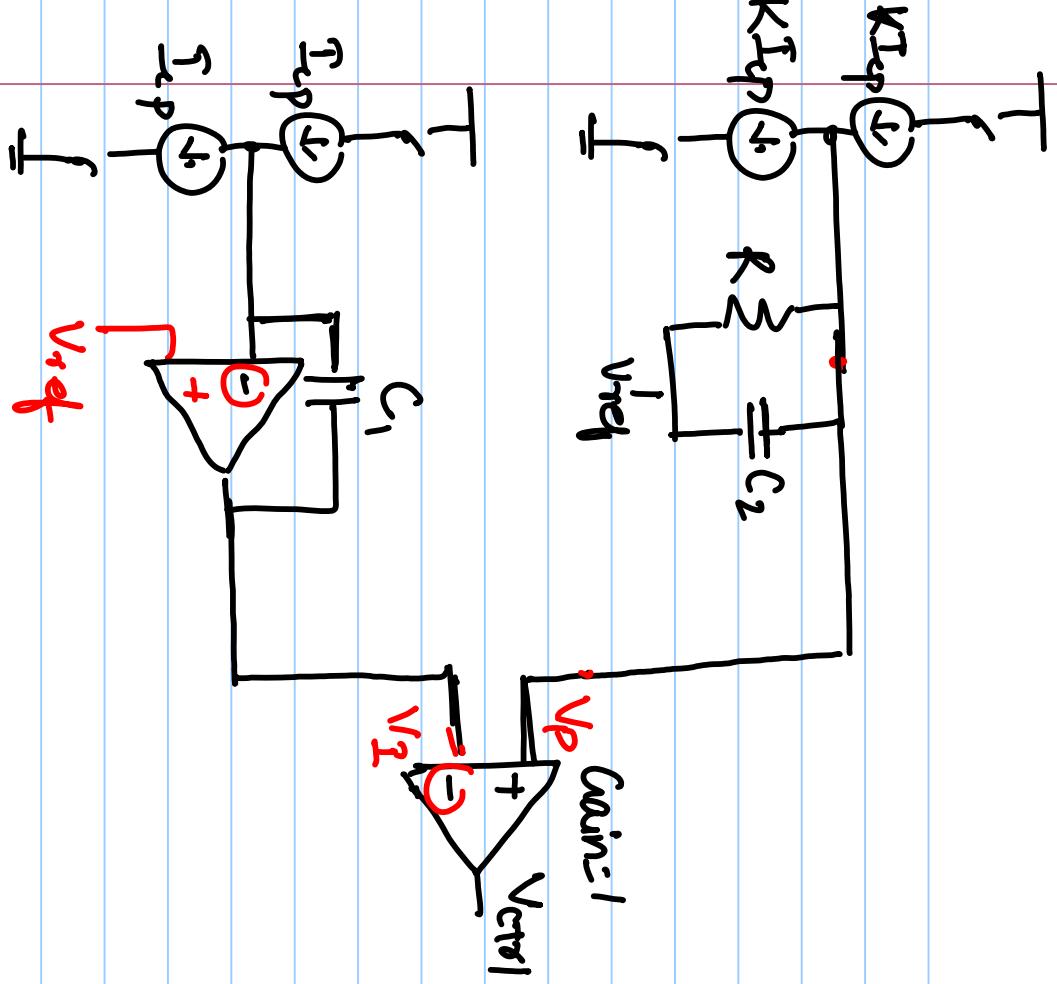
$$V_{out}(s) = \frac{K I_p R}{(1+s R C_2)} + \frac{I_p}{s C_1}$$

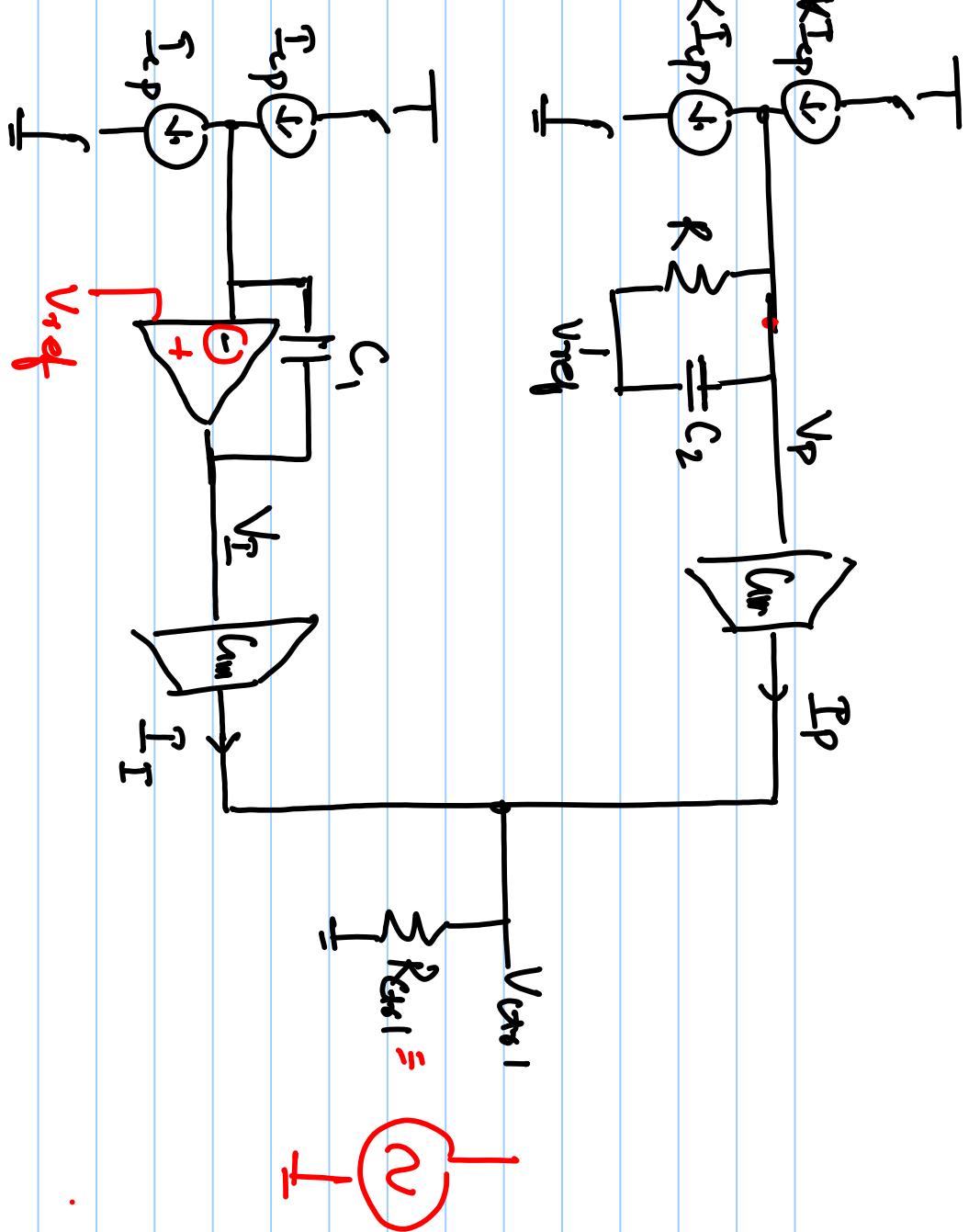
$$\frac{V_{out}(s)}{I_p} = \frac{K \cdot R s C_1 + 1 + s R C_2}{s C_1 (1 + s R C_2)}$$

$$C_1 \frac{1}{\int \frac{1}{1 + s R C_2}} \frac{V_{ctrl}}{I_p} = \frac{1 + s R C_1}{(1 + s R C_2) \frac{C_1 + C_2}{C_1 R C_2}}$$

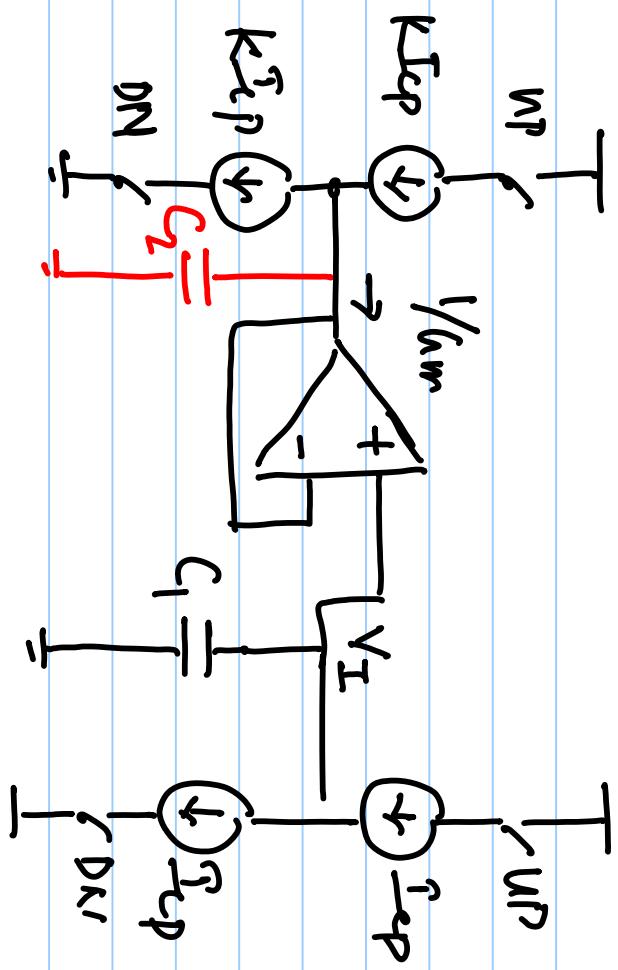
$$w_2 = \frac{1}{R C_1}$$

$$w_p = 0, \frac{1}{R C_1 C_2}$$



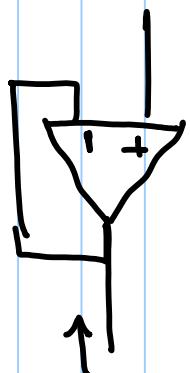
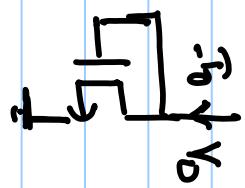


# Dual Path Loopfilter (DPLF)



$$= \frac{V_O}{V_{\text{IN}}} = \frac{-\bar{I}_0}{\bar{I}_{\text{LP}}}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{g_m} = \frac{\Delta V_o}{\Delta I}$$



$$\bar{I}_{\text{out}} = g_m (V_A - V_B)$$

$$\bar{I} = -g_m (0 - V_{\text{out}})$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{out}}}{\bar{I}} = \frac{1}{g_m}$$