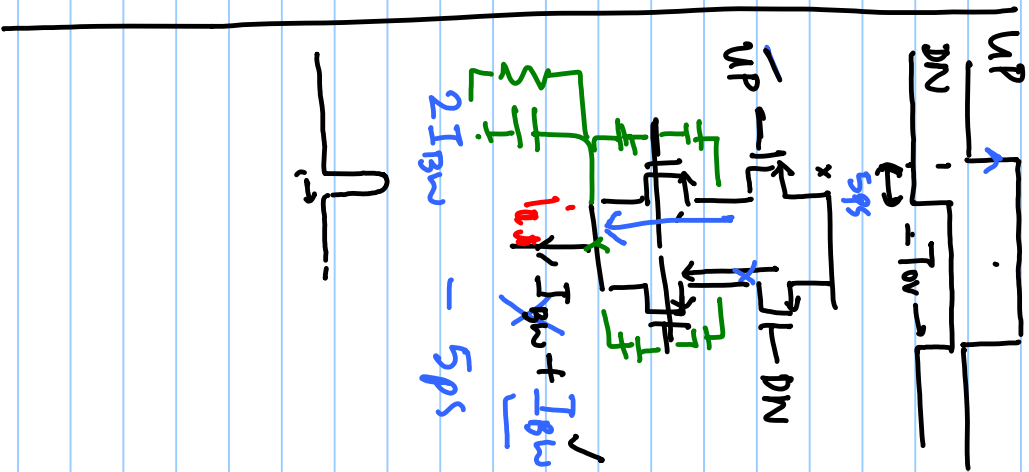
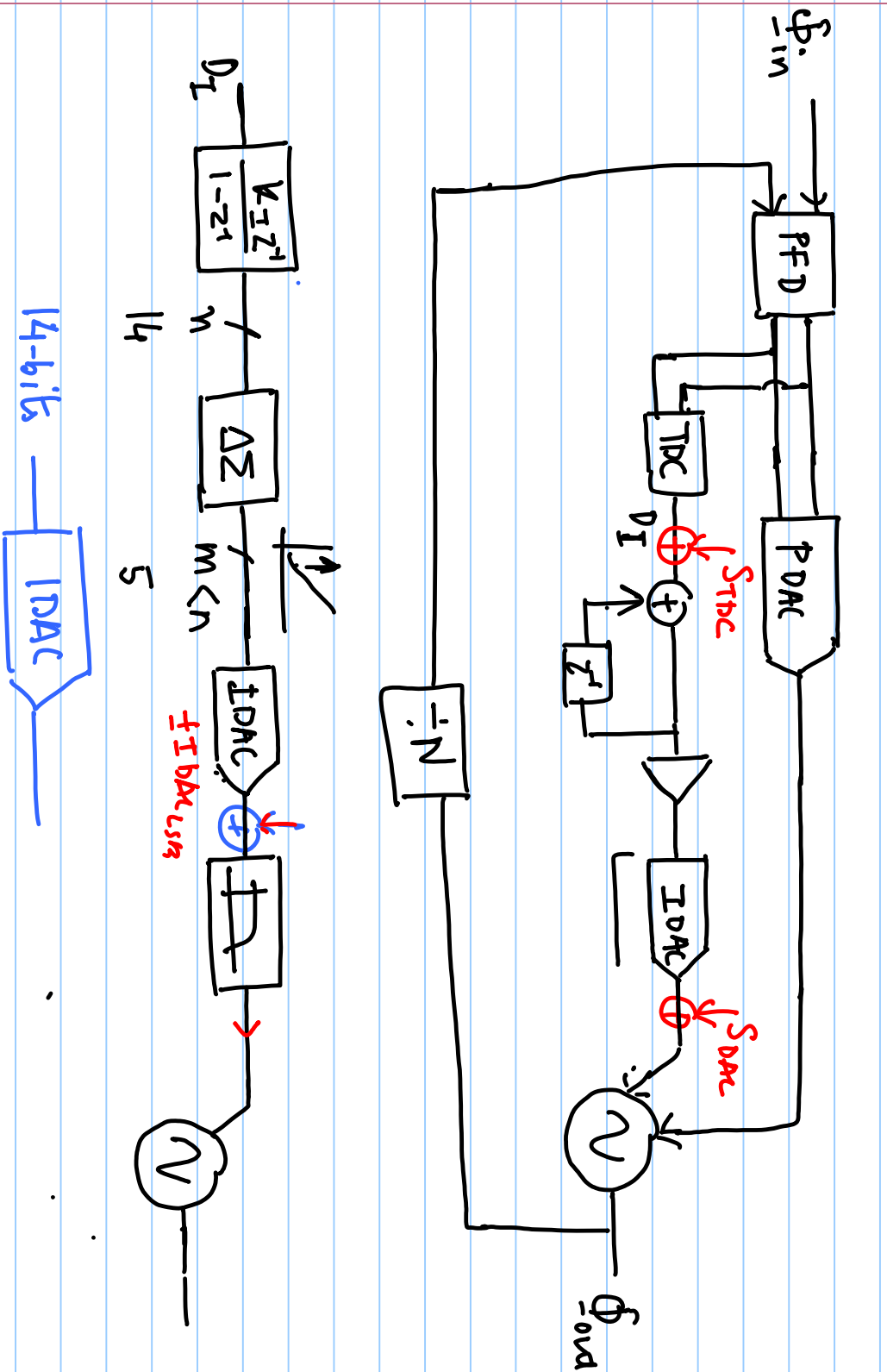


Lecture # 45

Digital PLLs (Hybrid Analog-Digital)



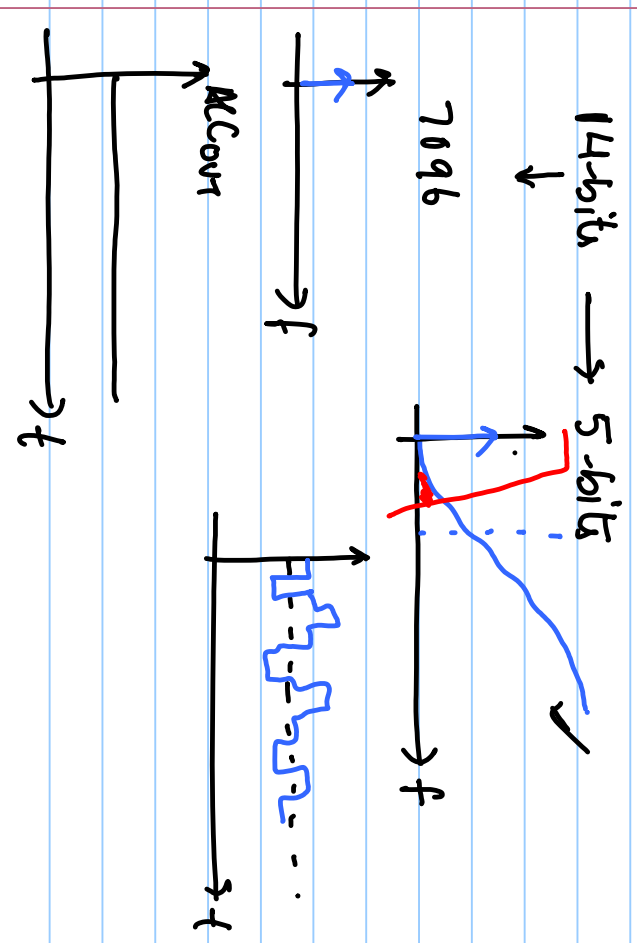


$\pm \Delta F$

$$\pm K_{C10} \times I_{DAC,LSB} = \frac{2\Delta F}{(2^{14}-1)}$$

ΔF_{LSB}

$$\Delta F_{LSB} = K_{C10} \cdot I_{DAC_{LSB}}$$

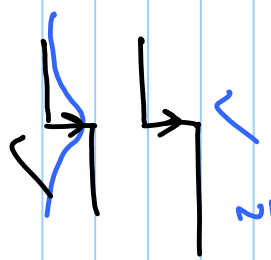
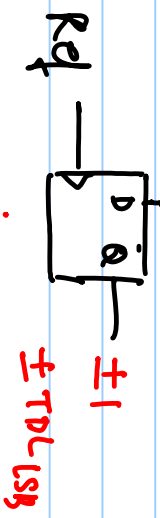
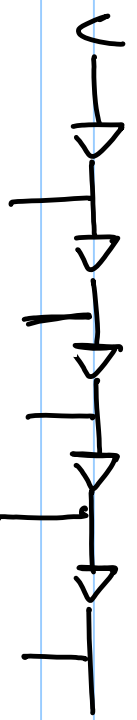
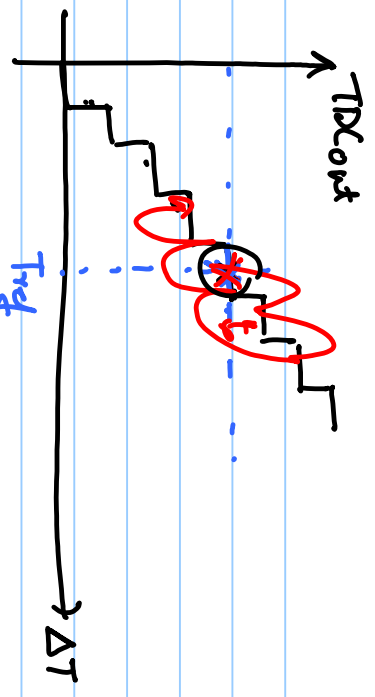


TDC - 3bit →

Ref. period (25ns)

$$TDC_{LSB} = \frac{25\text{ ns}}{2^3} = 3.125\text{ ns}$$

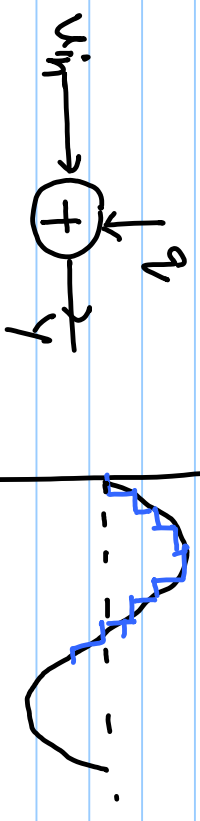
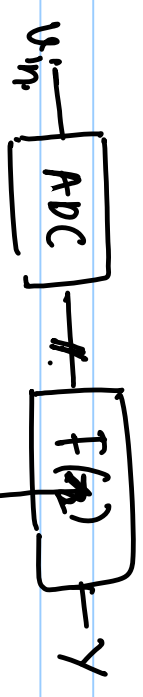
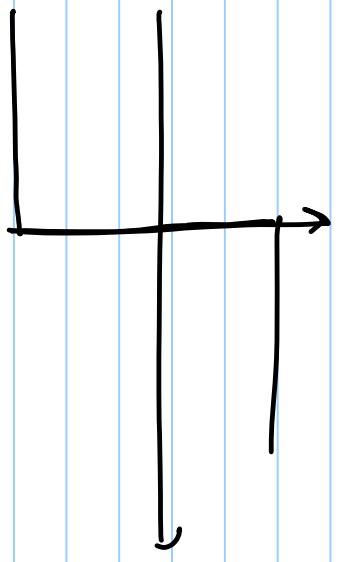
$$\frac{8}{25\text{ ns}} = TDC_{\text{gain}}$$



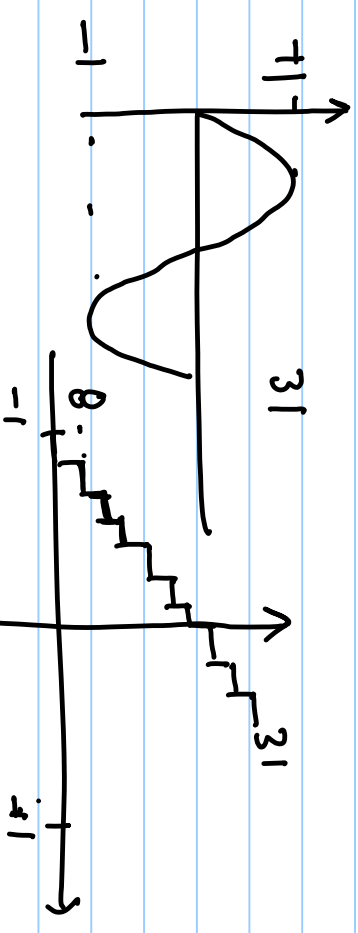
✓



25 μ s



$$Y = \lfloor V_{in} + Q \rfloor$$



$$y = \frac{31}{2V} \times V_{in} + Q$$

$$NTF_{DAC} = \frac{2\pi K_{CCO}/s}{1+L_u}$$

$$L_u = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[K_P + \frac{K_I \cdot f_{ref}}{s} \right] \frac{2\pi K_{CCO}}{s \cdot N}$$

$$NTF_{TDI} = \frac{K_I \cdot z^{-1} \cdot 2\pi K_{CCO}}{1-z^{-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{1+L_u} = \frac{K_{CCO}}{s^2 N} \left[s K_P + K_I \cdot f_{ref} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2\pi K_I K_{CCO} \cdot f_{ref}}{s^2} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{K_{CCO}}{s^2 N} (s K_P + K_I f_{ref})}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi K_I K_{CCO} \cdot f_{ref}}{s^2 + \frac{K_P K_{CCO}}{N} \cdot s + \frac{K_{CCO} \cdot K_I \cdot f_{ref}}{N}}$$

$$\omega_{p1} = \frac{K_P K_{CCO}}{N} \quad \omega_{p2} = \frac{K_I \cdot f_{ref}}{K_P}$$

✓
ω_z

