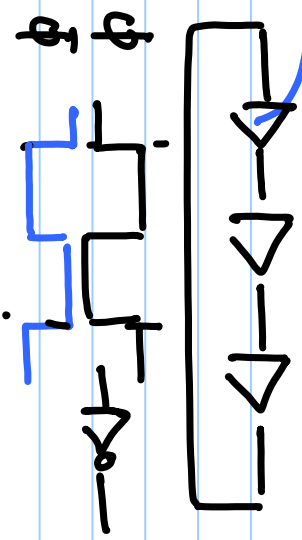
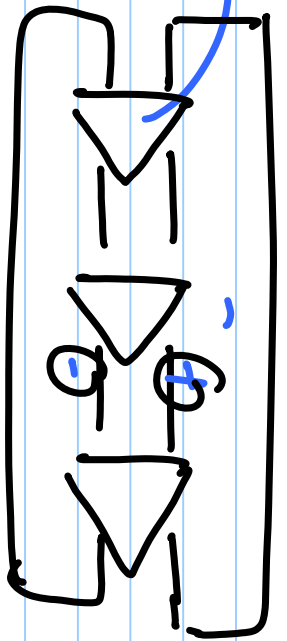
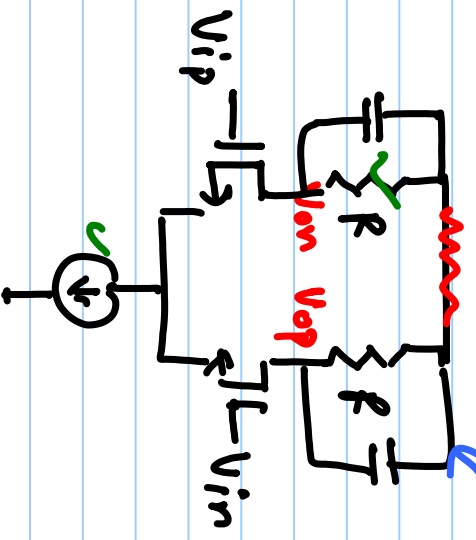
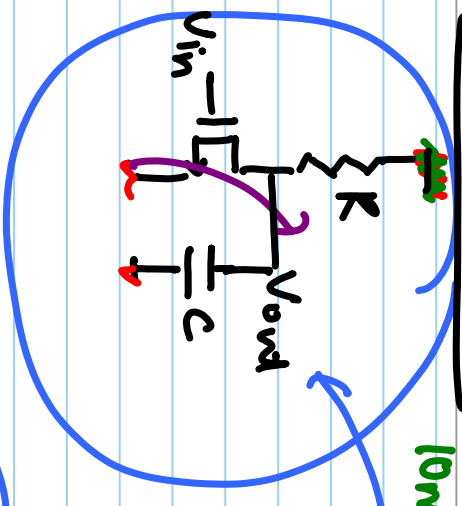


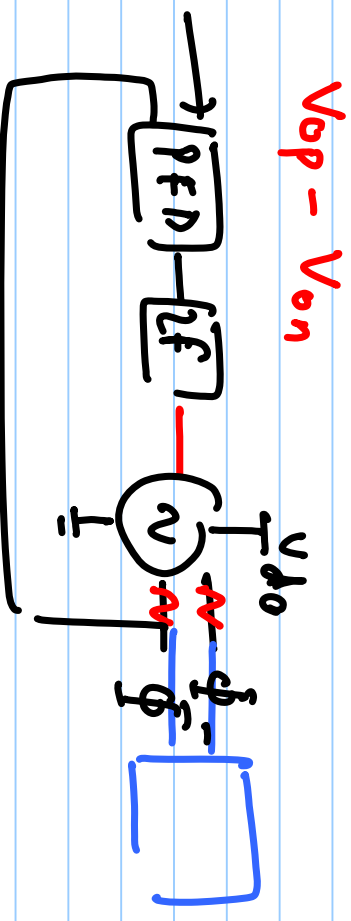
Lecture # 32

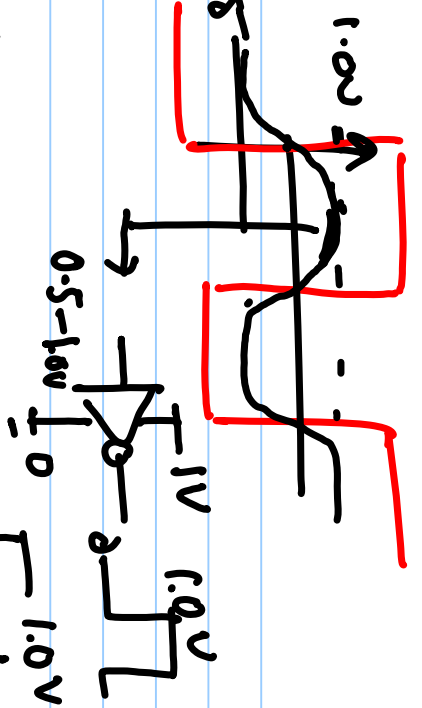
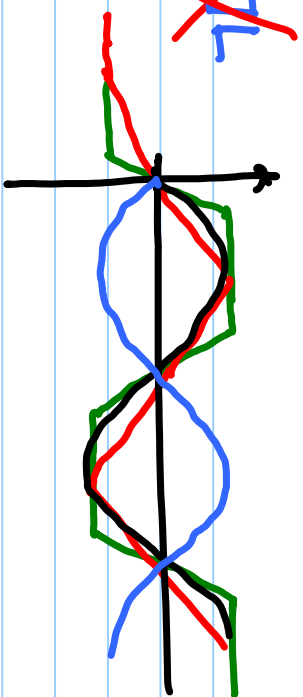
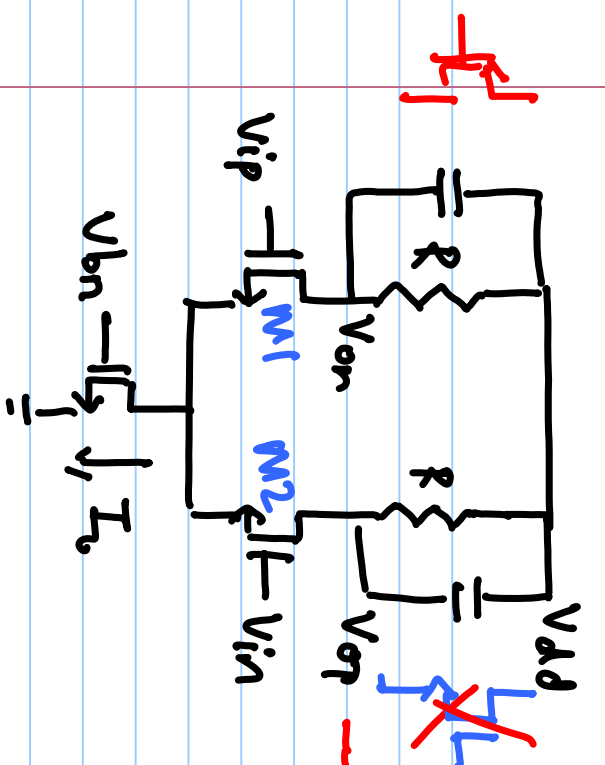
10mV @ 10MHz



Oscillator Performance Param.

- Amplitude
- Frequency (Noise = $\sqrt{3}W_p$)
- Frequency tuning.
- Power (lower power) ↗
- Phase noise / jitter (lower jitter) ↗
- PSRR (Power Supply Rejection)





$$V_{op} = V_{DD} - \left(\frac{I_0 - \Delta I}{2}\right) R$$

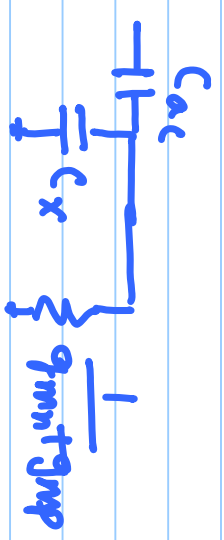
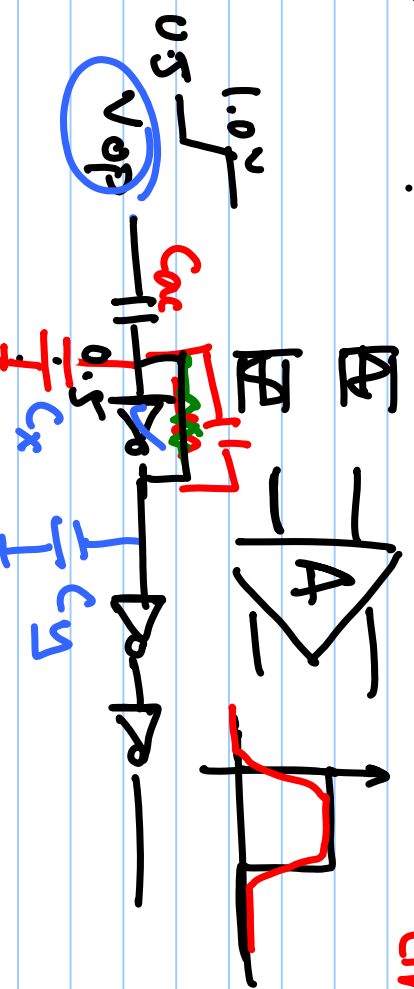
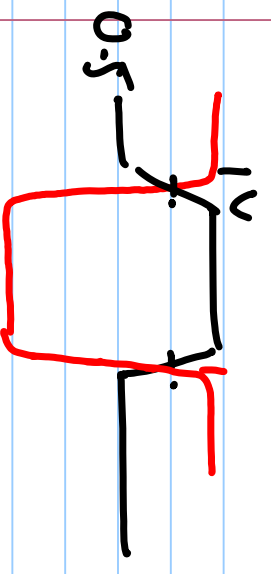
$$V_{on} = V_{DD} - \left(\frac{I_0 + \Delta I}{2}\right) R$$

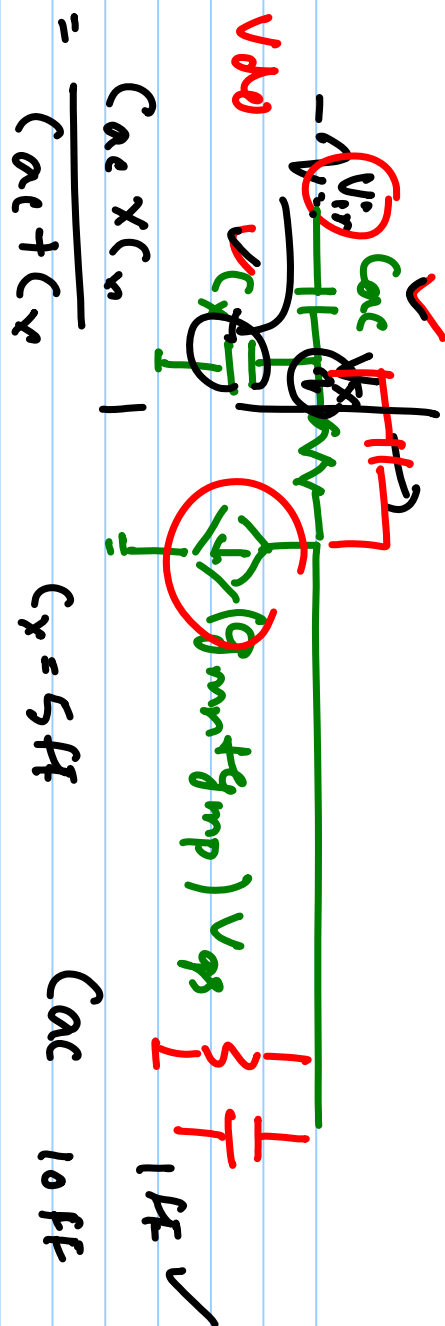
$$V_{out} = V_{op} - V_{on} = 2 \cdot \Delta I \cdot R \leq I_{DR} R < V_{DD}$$

To vary amp.

$$\omega_{osc} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{RC}$$

Limited of swing.



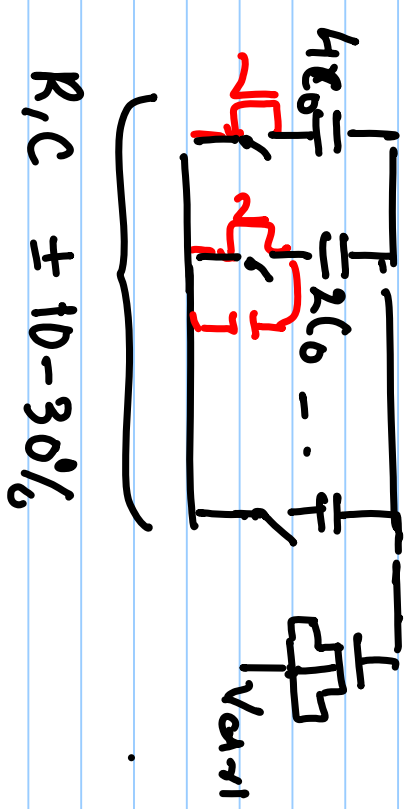


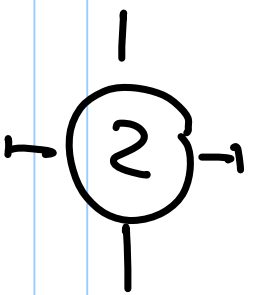
$$= \frac{C_x \times C_r}{C_x + C_r}$$

$$V_p = \frac{C_x}{C_x + C_r} V_{in}$$

Frequency ($\omega_{0.707} = \sqrt{3}/RC$)

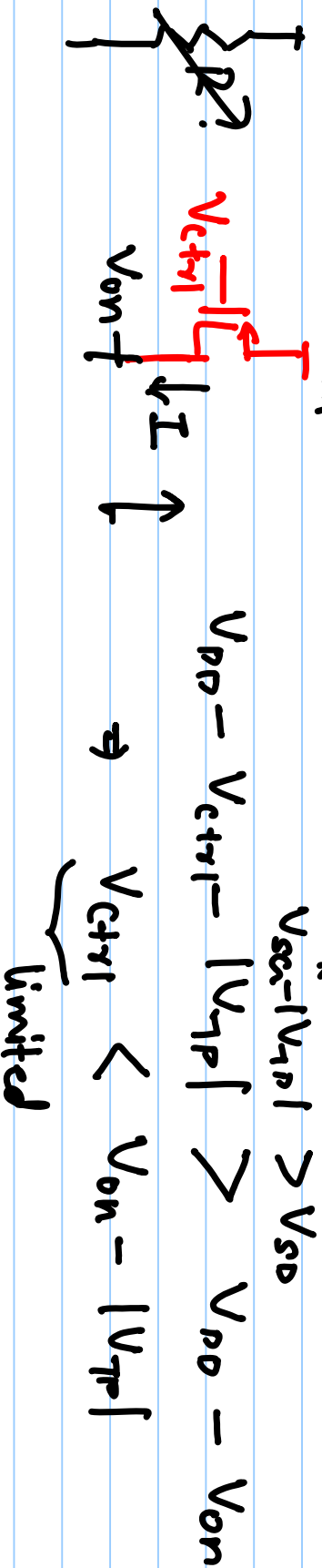
- Vary R
- Vary C
- Vary both R, C





R, C - ± 10-30% → +ve

$$f_{osc} = \frac{1}{2\pi RC} = \frac{1}{0.6\mu} \quad f_o \pm 20\% \text{ supply } f_o$$



$$I = \frac{K_W}{L} \left[(V_{DD} - |V_{TP}|) (V_{DD} - V_{on}) - \frac{(V_{DD} - V_{on})^2}{V_{SD}^2} \right]$$

$$R = \frac{V_{SD}}{I} \approx \frac{K_W}{L} \frac{1}{(V_{DD} - |V_{TP}|) V_{SD}}$$

$$f_{osc} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\pi RC} \propto \frac{R_{eq}}{L} (V_{DD} - V_{GS1} - |V_{TP1}|)$$

$$V_{out} = I_D \cdot R \propto \frac{R_{eq}}{L} (V_{DD} - V_{GS1} - |V_{TP1}|)$$

$V_{out} \propto \frac{1}{f_{osc}}$
 - Osc. o/p amp. varies w/ frequency.

$$I_D \propto \frac{1}{R} \propto \frac{1}{f_{osc}}$$

$$R \propto \frac{1}{f_{osc}}$$

$$f_{osc}$$

$$V_{amp} \quad \underline{V_{amp}}$$