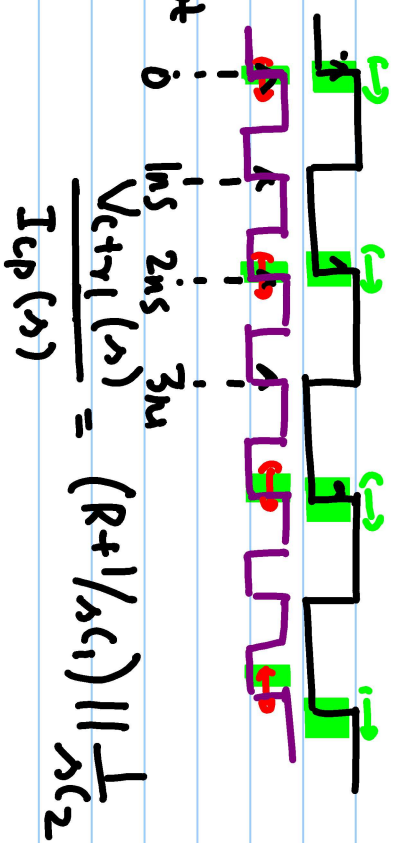
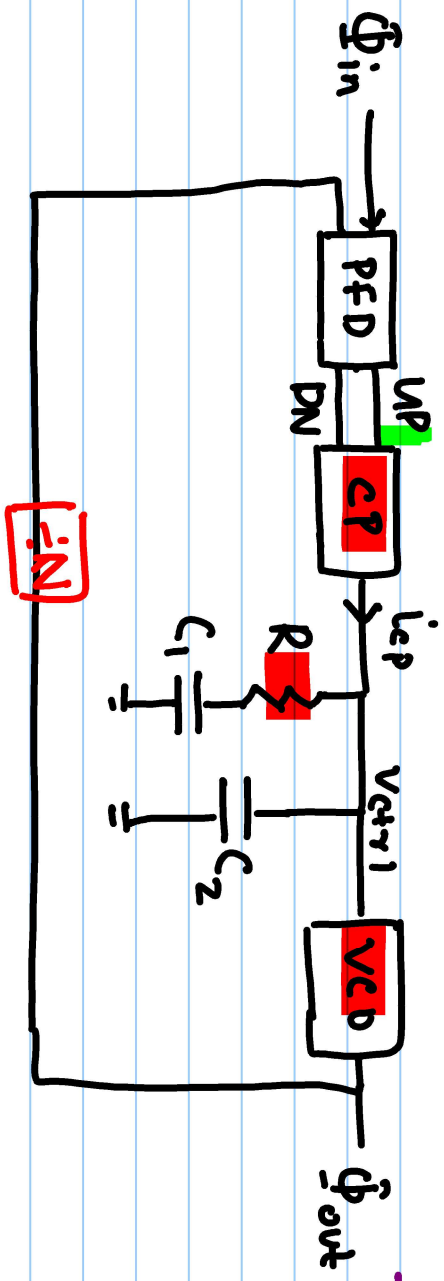


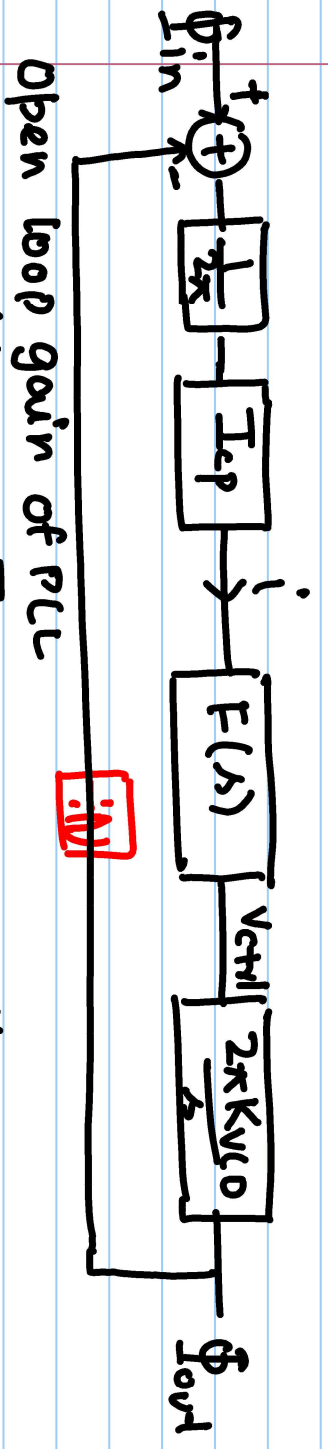
Lecture # 19

Charge-pump PLL



$$F(s) = \frac{(1+sRC_1R)}{sC_1}$$

$$\frac{V_{cp1}(s)}{I_{cp}(s)} = (R + 1/sC_1) \parallel \frac{1}{sC_2}$$



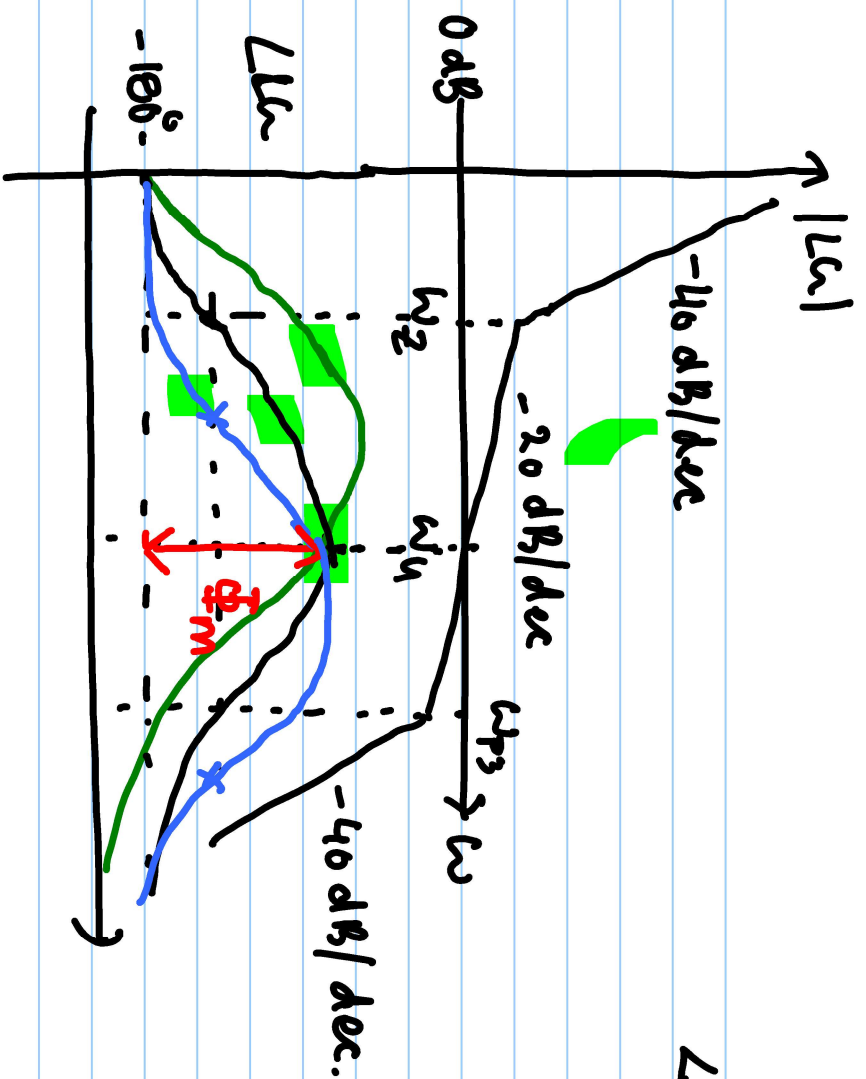
Open loop gain of PLL

$$LG(s) = \frac{I_{cp}}{2\pi} F(s) \times \frac{2\pi K_{vco}}{s}$$

$$= \frac{I_{cp} K_{vco}}{s^2 C_2} \frac{(s + \omega_z)}{(s + \omega_{p3})} f(s)$$

$$\omega_z = \frac{1}{RC_1}, \omega_{p1} = \omega_{p2} = 0$$

$$\omega_{p3} = \frac{1}{RC_1 C_2 (C_1 + C_2)}$$



Required : ω_u, Φ_m

$$\angle L_u = -180^\circ + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_z} \right)$$

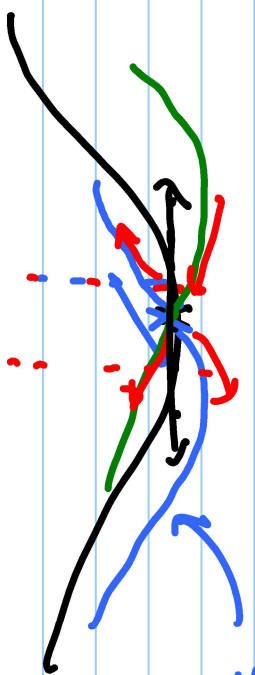
$$-\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p3}} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$\Phi_m = \angle L_u - (-180^\circ)$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_z} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_{p3}} \right)$$

ω_u : unity gain frequency

for ω_{p3} is higher — time domain response is fast.



$$|L_n(\omega_n)| = 1$$

$$\Phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_2}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_{p3}}\right)$$

$$\frac{d\Phi}{d\omega} \Big|_{\omega=\omega_n} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_n^2 = \omega_2 \cdot \omega_{p3}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{1}{RC_1}, \quad \omega_{p3} = \frac{1}{RC_1 C_2 / (C_1 + C_2)}$$

$$\tan \rightarrow \Phi_m = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_2}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_{p3}}\right)$$

$$\cdot \frac{C_1}{C_2} = 2 \left(\tan^2(\Phi_m) + \tan \Phi_m \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \Phi_m} \right)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} -\omega_n, \Phi_m \\ -\frac{d\Phi}{d\omega} \Big|_{\omega=\omega_n} = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{C_1}{C_2}, \quad \omega_n^2 = \omega_2 \cdot \omega_{p3}$$

$$\frac{d\Phi}{d\omega} \Big|_{\omega=\omega_n} = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_2}\right)^2} \times \frac{1}{\omega_2} - \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_{p3}}\right)^2} \times \frac{1}{\omega_{p3}} = 0$$

$$\frac{\omega_{p3}}{\omega_2} = \frac{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_2}\right)^2}{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega_{p3}}\right)^2} = \frac{\omega_2^2 \omega_n^2}{\omega_{p3}^2 \omega_n^2}$$

$$\frac{\omega_2}{\omega_{p3}} = \frac{\omega_2^2 + \omega_n^2}{\omega_{p3}^2 + \omega_n^2} \times \frac{\omega_{p3}}{\omega_2}$$

$$= \omega_{p3} \omega_2^2 + \omega_{p3} \omega_n^2$$

IC_{CP}, R, C₁, C₂, K_{VC0} (PLL parameters)

$$\omega_u^2 (\omega_{p3} - \omega_z^2) = \omega_{p3} \omega_z (\omega_{p3} - \omega_z)$$

- Choose R (Noise perspective)

$$\omega_z = \frac{1}{RC_1}$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega_z^2}{\omega_u} \right) = f(\tan \phi_m)$$

$$\omega_z = \frac{1}{RC_1} \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{1}{R\omega_z}$$

R, C₁, C₂

$$|L(s)| = \frac{I_{CP} \cdot (K_{VC0})}{\omega_u^2 C_2} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_u^2 + \omega_z^2}{\omega_u^2 + \omega_{p3}^2}} = 1$$

$\Rightarrow I_{CP}$

$$\omega_u^2 = \omega_z \cdot \omega_{p3}$$

$$\phi_m^i = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_z} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_{p3}} \right)$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_z} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_z}{\omega_u} \right)$$

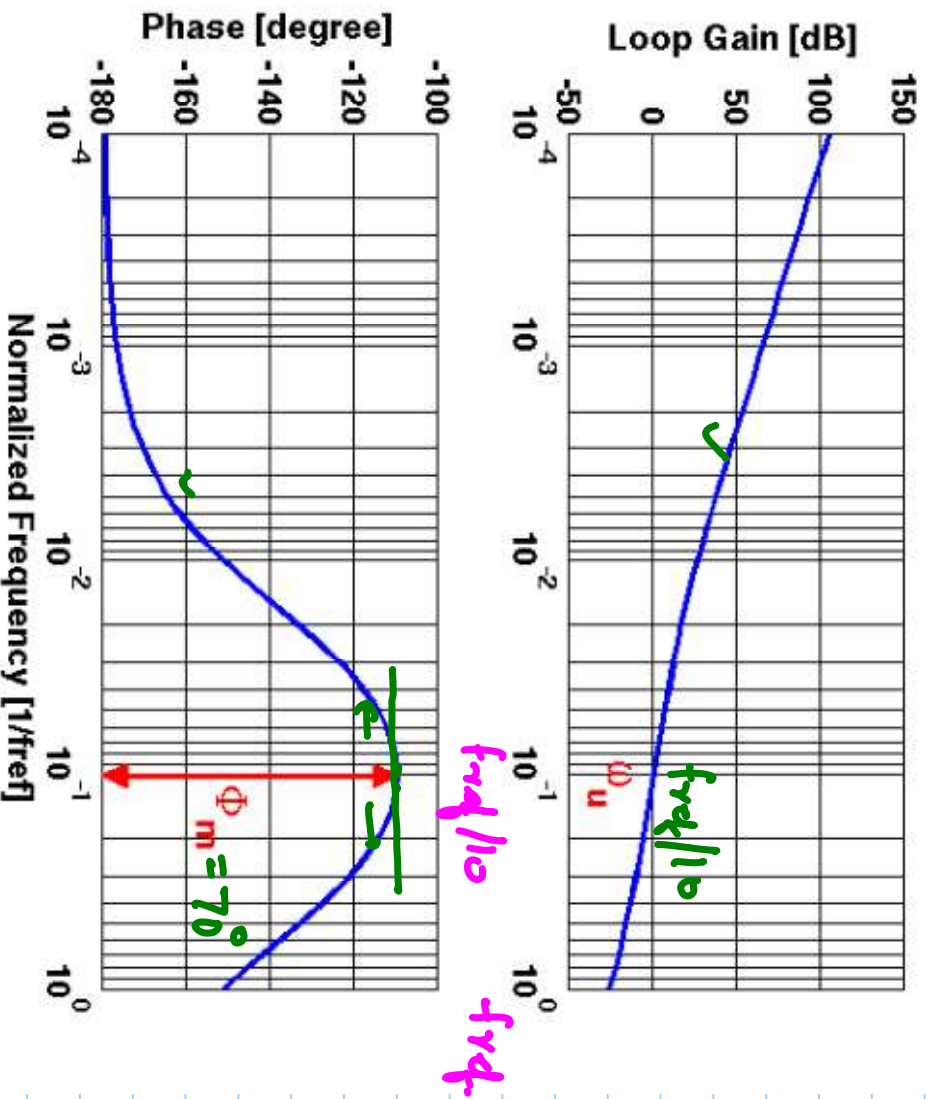
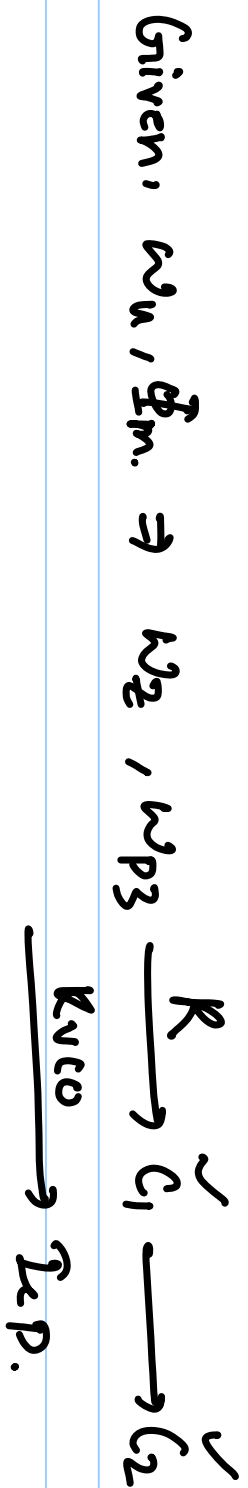
$$\tan(\phi_m^i) = \frac{\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_z} - \frac{\omega_z}{\omega_u}}{1 + 1}$$

$$\frac{\omega_u}{\omega_z} - \frac{\omega_z}{\omega_u} = 2 \tan \phi_m^i$$

$$x - 1/x + 2 \tan \phi_m^i = 0$$

$$x^2 + 2x \tan \phi_m^i - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{\omega_z}{\omega_u} = x = \frac{-2 \tan \phi_m^i + \sqrt{4 \tan^2 \phi_m^i + 4}}{2}$$



$$\omega_u = \frac{\omega_{freq}}{10}, \quad \Phi_m = 70^\circ$$

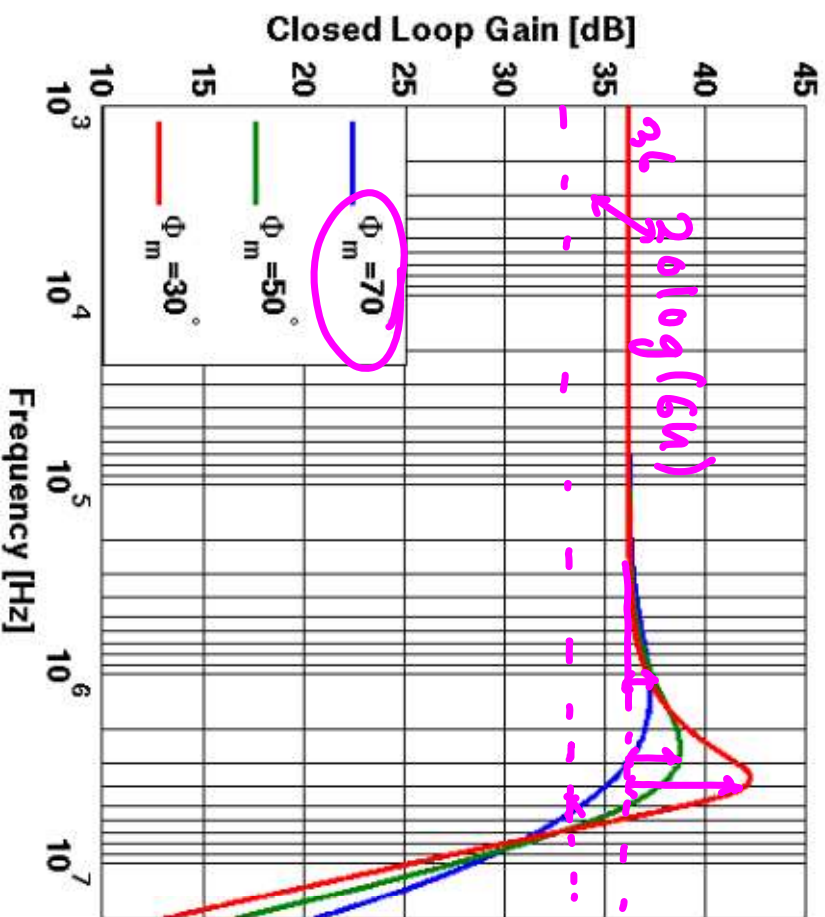
$$K_{vco} = 160 \text{ MHz/V}, \quad R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\frac{\Phi_{out}}{\Phi_{in}} = \frac{L_h}{1+L_h}$$

$$= N \cdot \frac{L_h}{1+L_h}$$

$$\frac{\Phi_{out}}{\Phi_{in}} = \frac{L_n}{1+L_n} \quad (\text{w/o freq. multiplication})$$

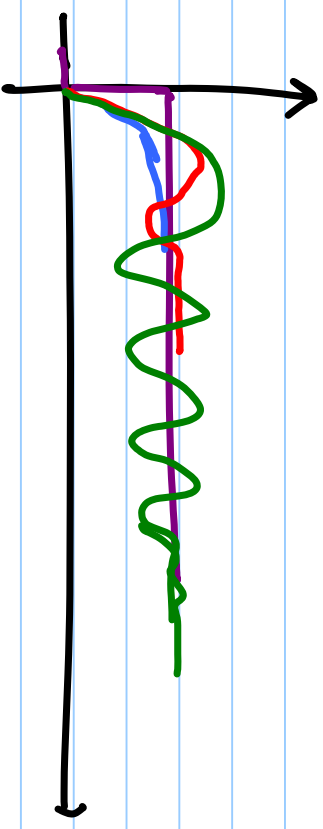
$$= N \cdot \frac{L_n}{1+L_n} \quad (\text{w/ freq. multiplication})$$



$$f_{ref} = 40 \text{ MHz}$$

$$N = 64$$

$$f_{out} = 2.56 \text{ GHz}$$



$\mu_n, \Phi_n, K_{\text{vco}}, R$

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Noise @ o/p

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