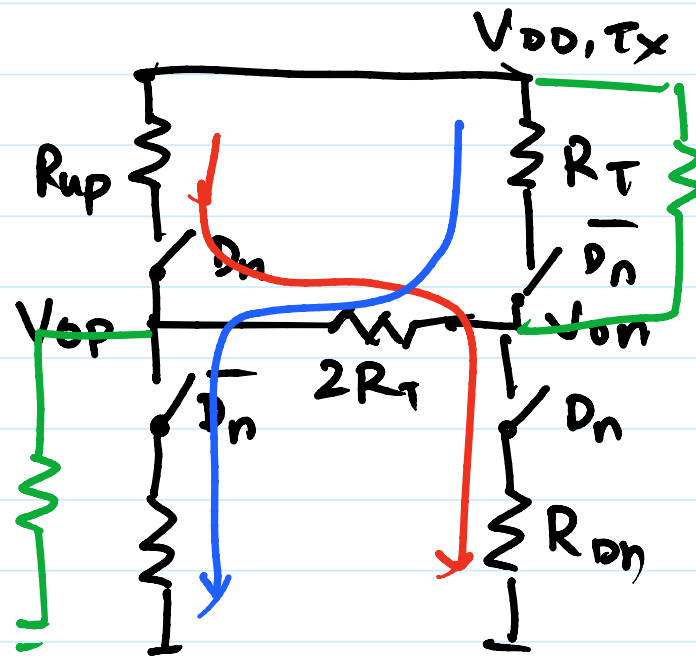
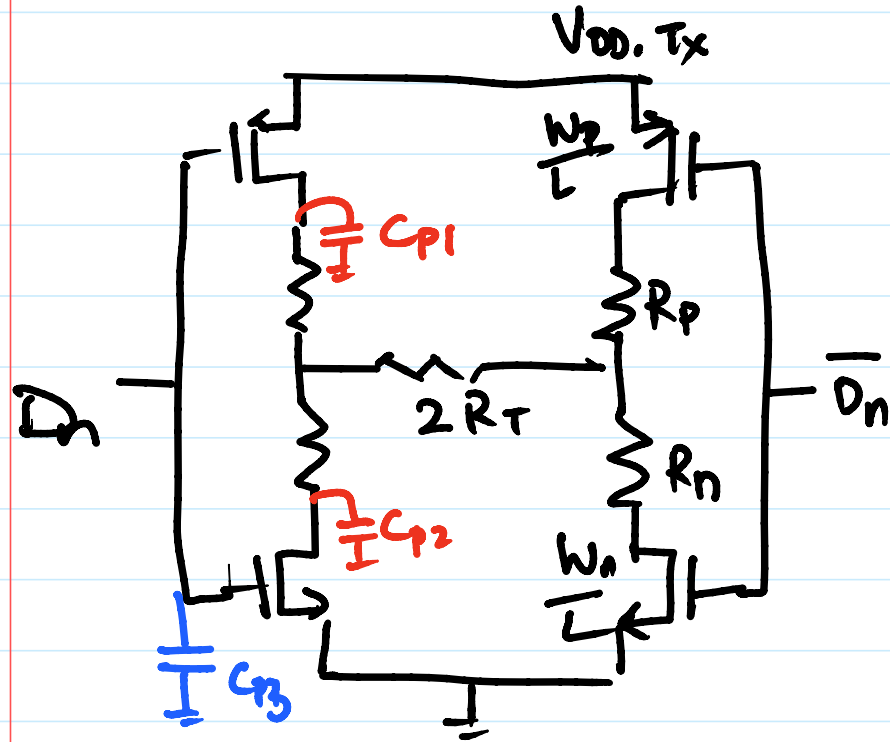


Lecture - 36

High Swing VM o/p driver

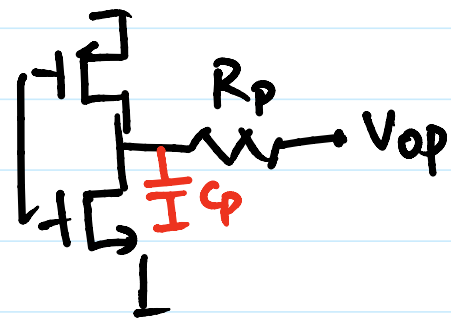


$$V_{op} - V_{on} = \pm \frac{V_{DD,Tx}}{2}$$

$$R_T = R_{pmos} + R_p$$

$$= R_{nmos} + R_p$$

$R_p \gg R_{mos}$ / Process variation negligible
 \ Parasitic cap large



$$R_{pmos} + R_{p1} = R_{nmos} + R_{p2} = R_T \quad (\text{Typ. } 27^\circ\text{C, 1V})$$

\downarrow $\pm 20\%$ \downarrow $\pm 10\%$

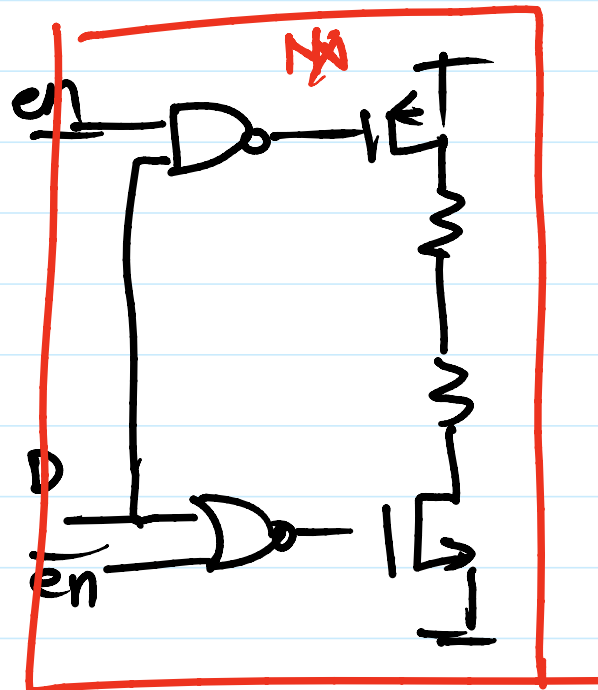
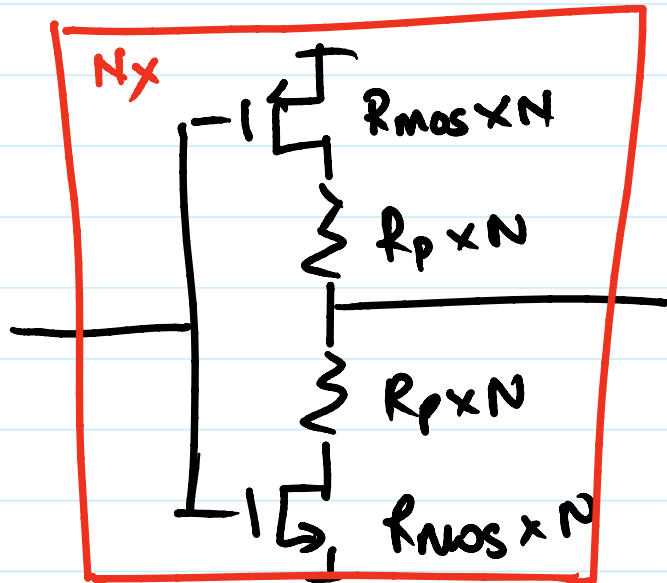
To compensate RT variation $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Vary size} \\ \text{Vary } V_{ctrl} \text{ (Fixed } V_{DD}, \text{ and)} \end{array} \right.$

$$R_T = \frac{(R_{mosp} + R_{poly0})}{N} \quad (\text{Typical})$$

'ss', 'tt', 'ff', 'sf', 'fs'

$$= \frac{(R_{mos0} + R_{poly0})}{M (> N)} \quad (ss)$$

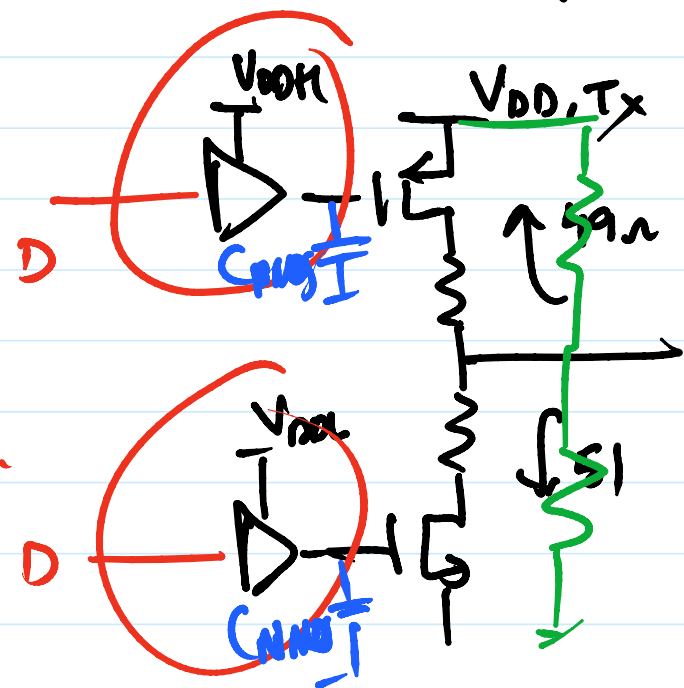
PMOS slow Higher V_t
 NMOS fast lower V_t



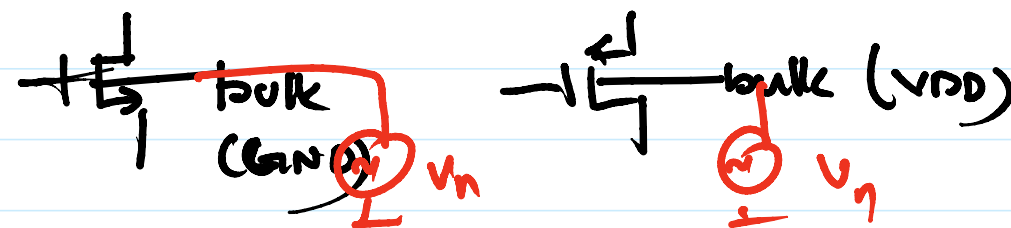
en =)

en	0	PMOS off	NMOS ON
0	0	off	ON
0	1	off	OFF
1	0	off	ON
1	1		

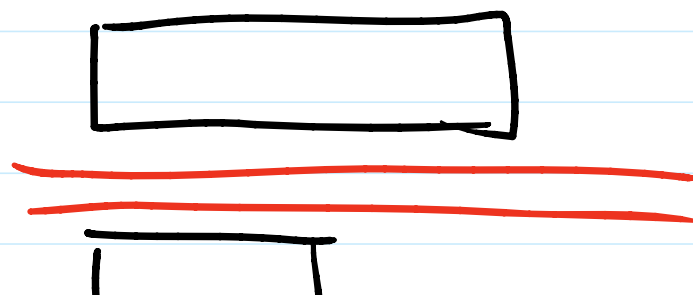
N = 1000 Higher reso



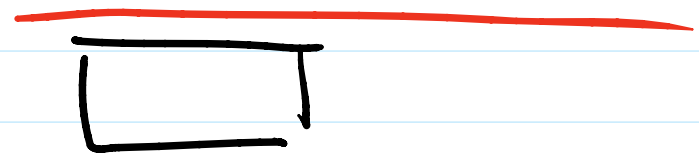
Vary V_{DDH} , V_{DDL} for $R_T = 50$



Pcell - 64
 Ncell - 32



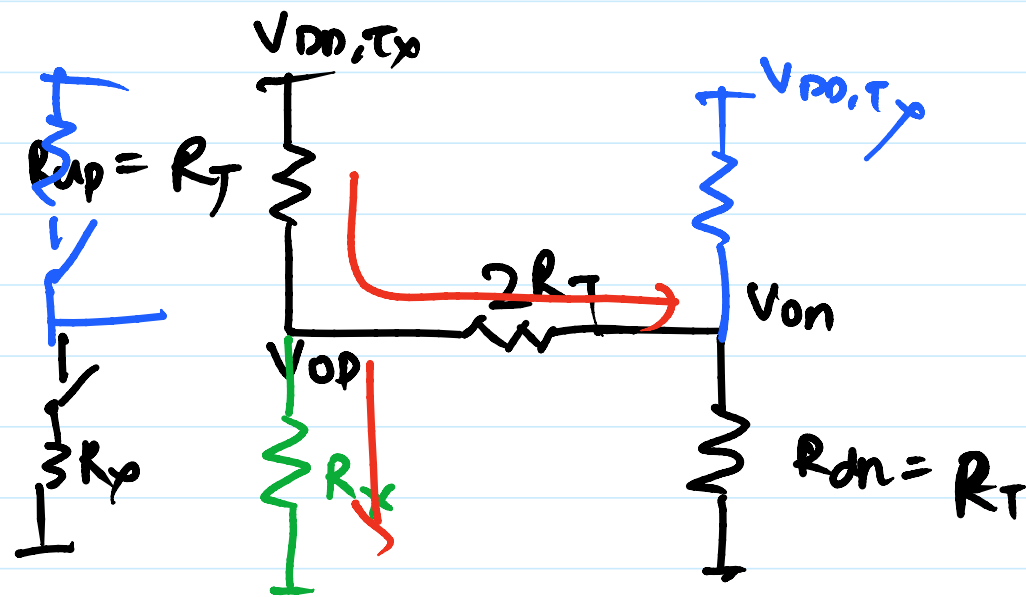
Ncell — 32



$$V_{ovb, \min} = \frac{1}{2} (\max(|V_{Th,p}|, V_{Th,n}))$$

PMOS gets cut off $\Rightarrow V_{DD, Tx} = |V_{Th,p}|$

NMOS " " $\Rightarrow V_{DD, Tx} = V_{Th,n}$

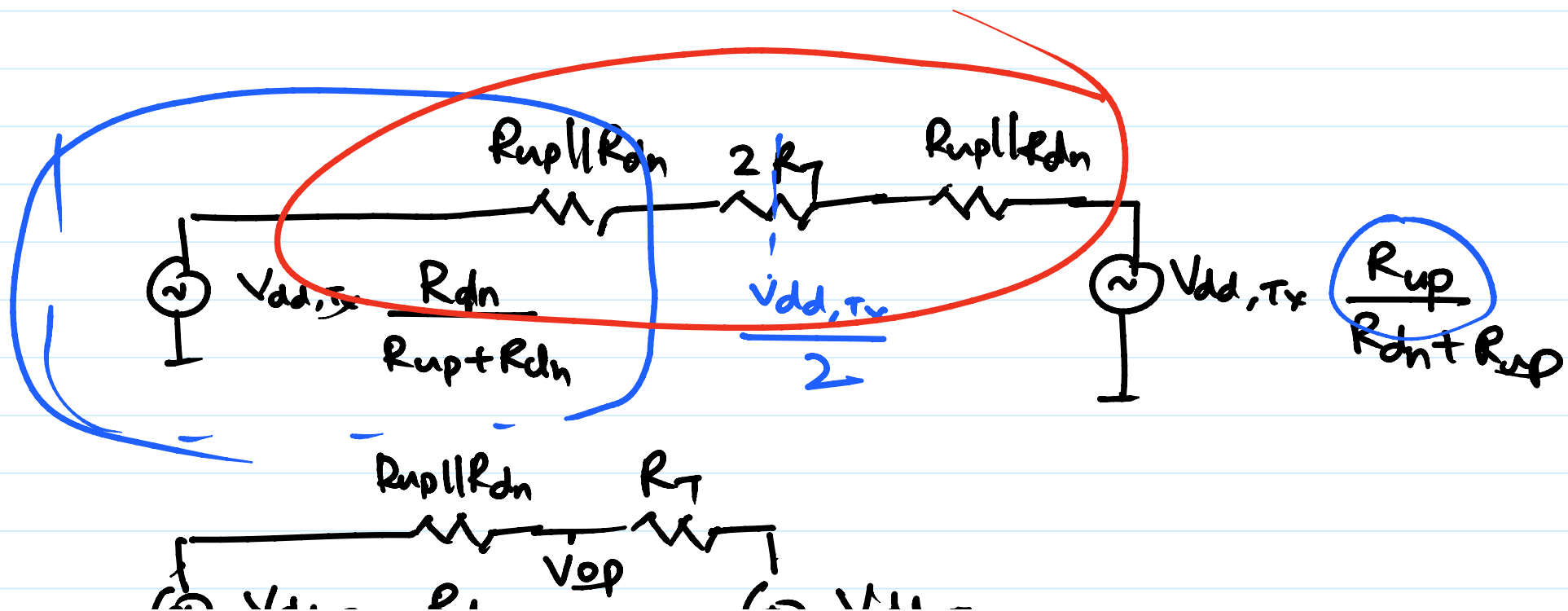
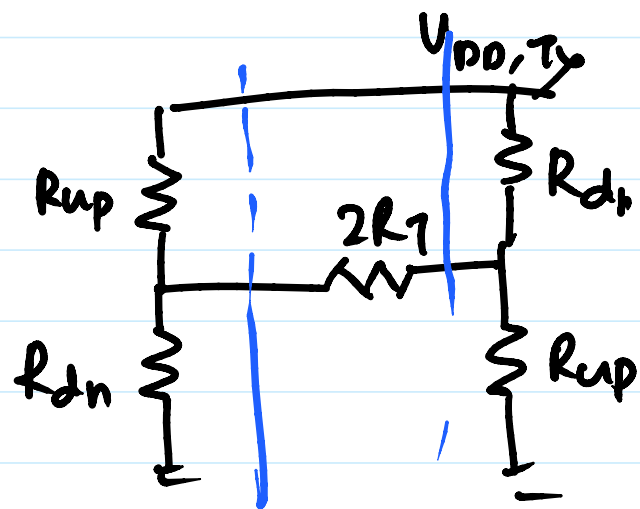


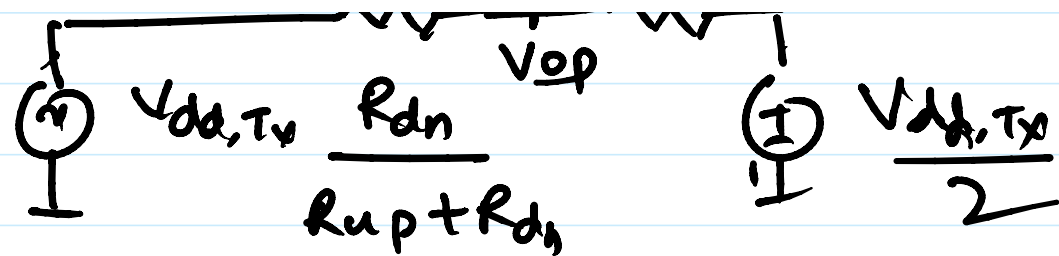
$$V_{op} = \frac{3}{4} V_{DD, Tx} \downarrow$$

$$V_{on} = \frac{1}{4} V_{on, Tx} \uparrow$$

$(V_{op} - V_{on}) \downarrow$

$$R_{up} || R_x = R_T$$





$$V_{op} = \frac{R_T}{R_T + R_{up} \parallel R_{dn}} \underbrace{V_{dd,Tv} \frac{R_{dn}}{R_{up} + R_{dn}}}_{\text{channel term}} + \frac{R_{up} \parallel R_{dn}}{R_T + R_{up} \parallel R_{dn}} \frac{V_{dd,Tx}}{2}$$

$$V_{cm} = \frac{R_T + (R_{up} \parallel R_{dn})}{2(R_T + R_{up} \parallel R_{dn})} \times \frac{R_{dn}}{(R_{dn} + R_{up})} V_{dd,Tx} \\ + \frac{R_T + (R_{up} \parallel R_{dn})}{2(R_T + (R_{up} \parallel R_{dn}))} \times \frac{R_{up}}{R_{dn} + R_{up}} V_{dd,Tx}$$

$R_{up} \parallel R_{dn} = R_T$ channel term

$$V_{op} = \frac{R_T \cdot R_{dn}}{R_T (R_{up} + R_{dn})} \frac{V_{dd,Tx}}{2} + \frac{R_T}{2R_T} \frac{V_{dd,Tx}}{2} \\ = \frac{R_{dn}}{R_{up} + R_{dn}} \frac{V_{dd,Tx}}{2} + \frac{V_{dd,Tx}}{4}$$

$$V_{on} = \frac{R_{up}}{R_{up} + R_{dn}} \frac{V_{DD, Tx}}{2} + \frac{V_{DD, Rx}}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{op} - V_{on} &= \left[\frac{R_{dn} - R_{up}}{R_{up} + R_{dn}} \right] \frac{V_{DD, Tx}}{2} = \frac{R_{up} \cdot R_{dn}}{R_{up} + R_{dn}} \left[\frac{1}{R_{up}} - \frac{1}{R_{dn}} \right] \frac{V_{DD, Tx}}{2} \\ &= \frac{V_{DD, Tx}}{2} \cdot R_T \left[\frac{1}{R_{up}} - \frac{1}{R_{dn}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{dn} \rightarrow \infty, R_{up} = R_T \Rightarrow V_{op} - V_{on} = \frac{V_{DD, Tx}}{2}$$