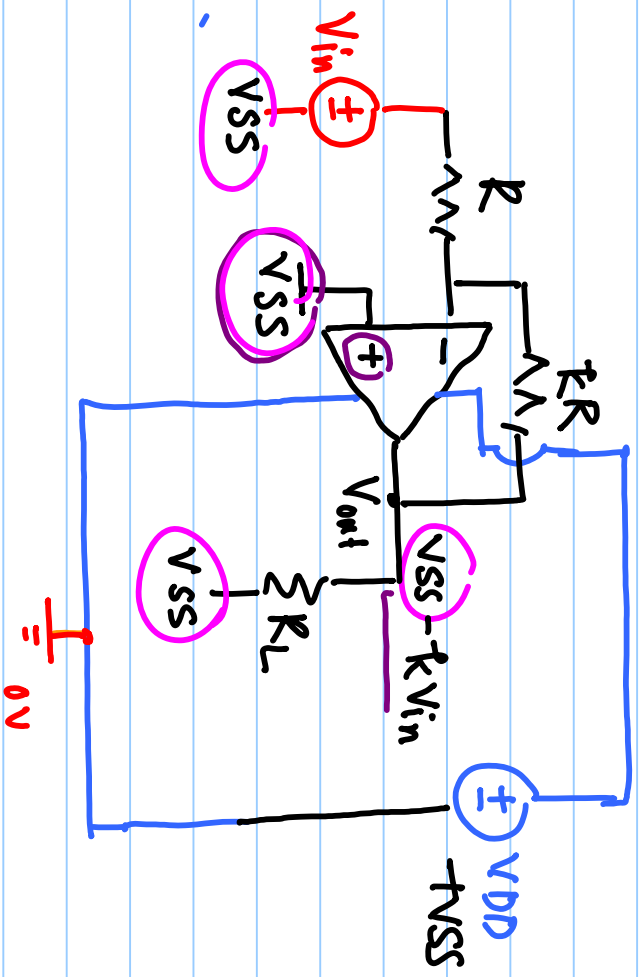
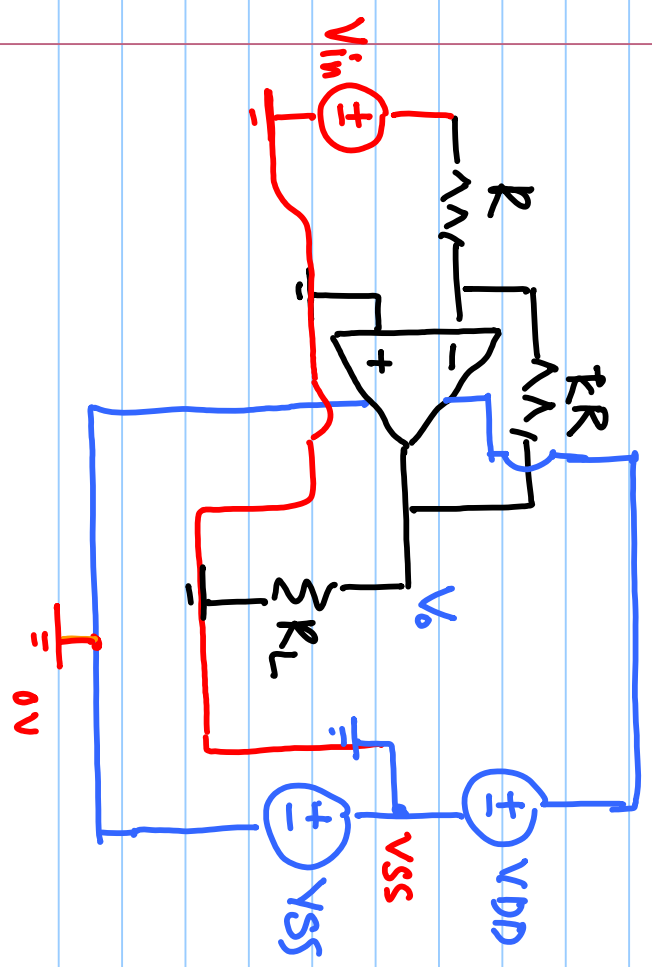


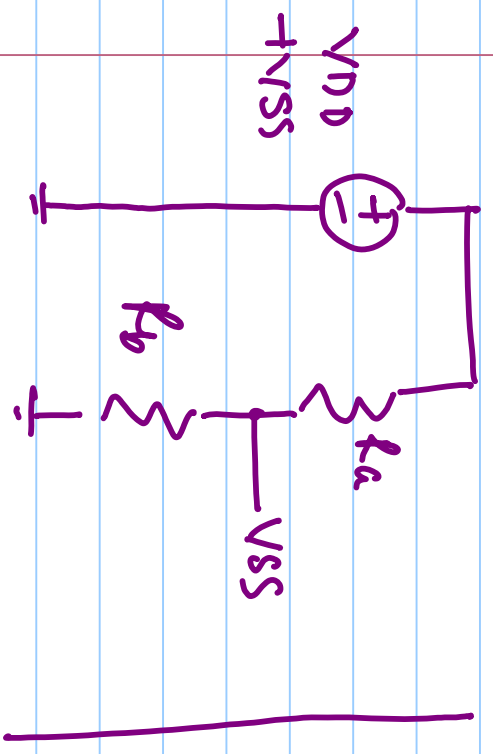
Lecture # 11

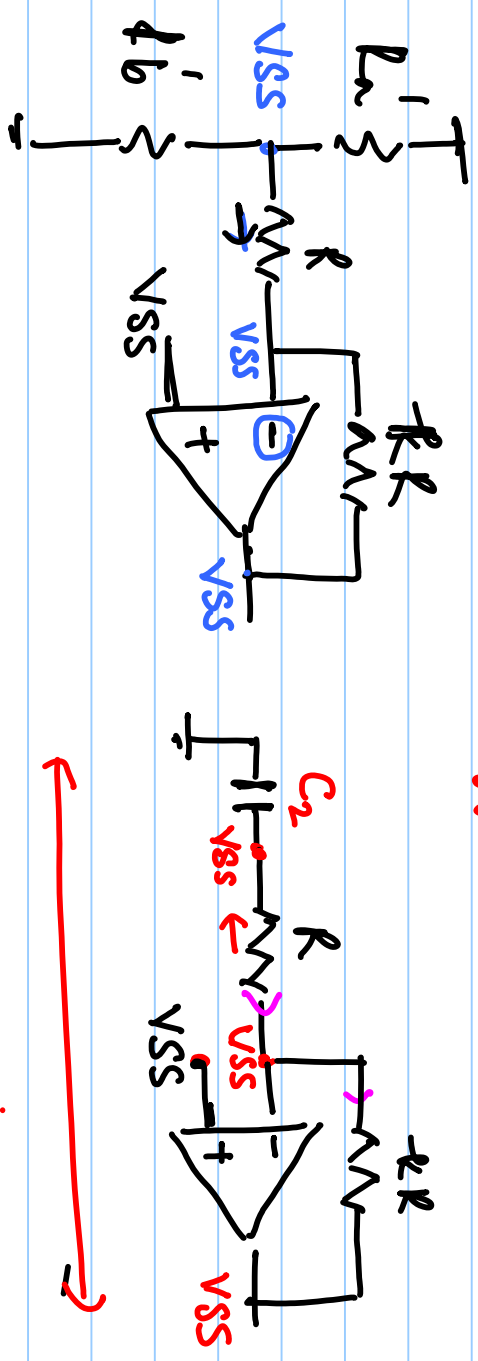
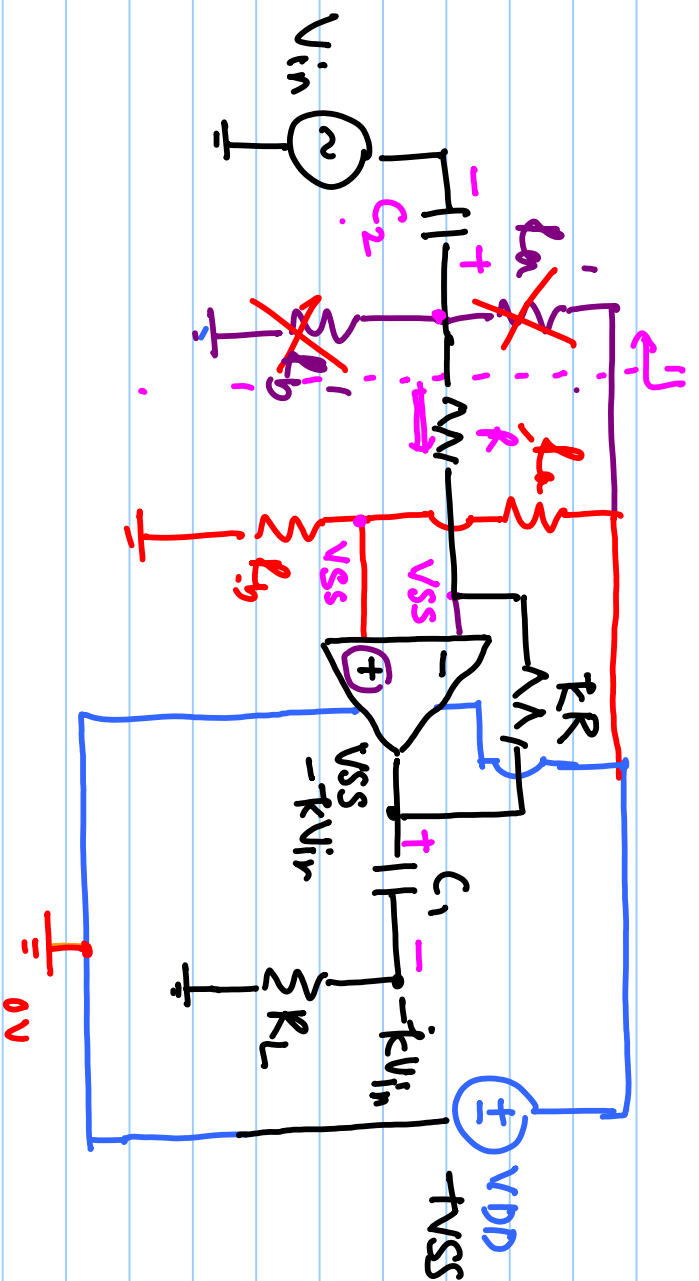


$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R} V_{in}$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R} V_{in} = -k V_{in}$$

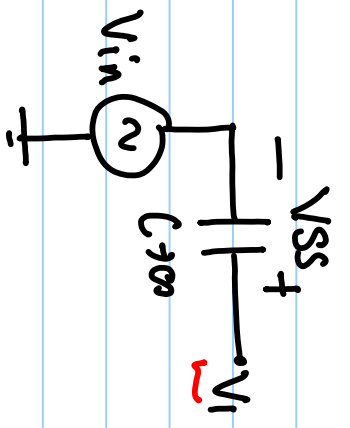
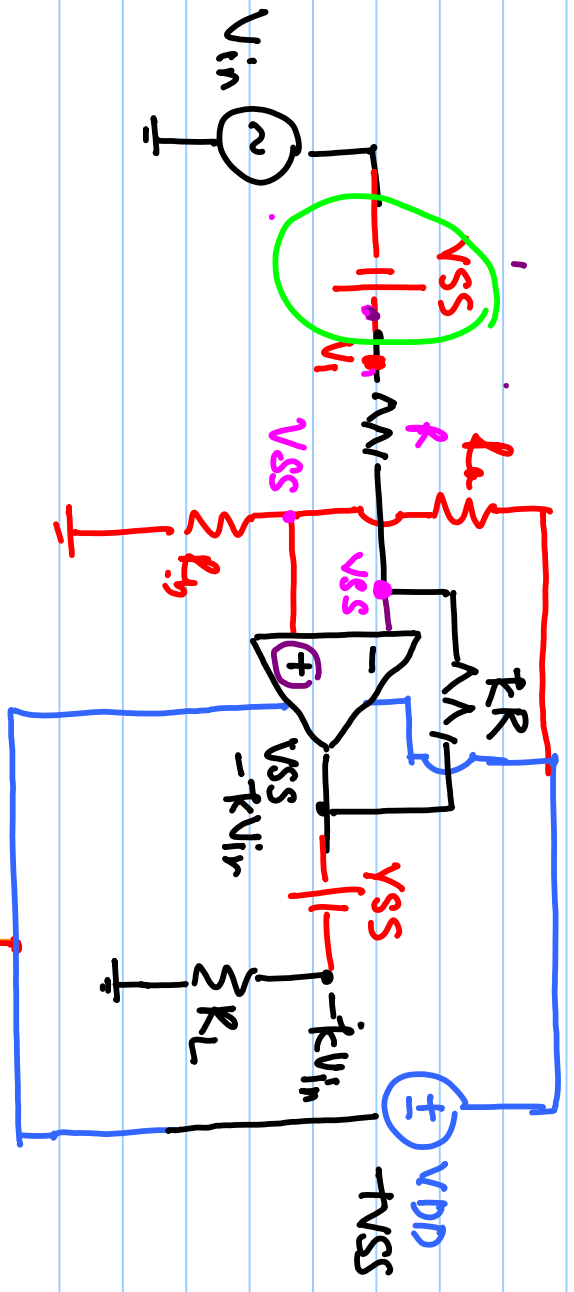
$$V_{out} = -k V_{in}$$



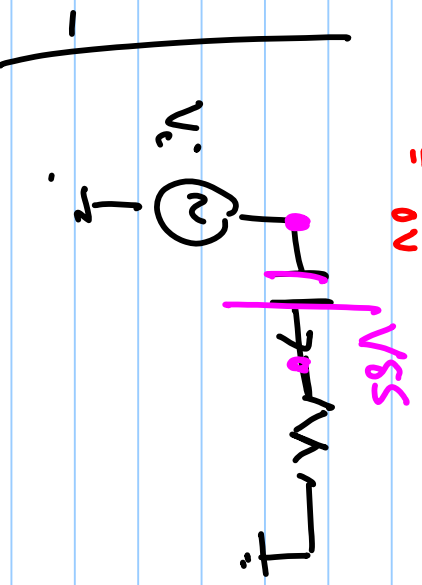
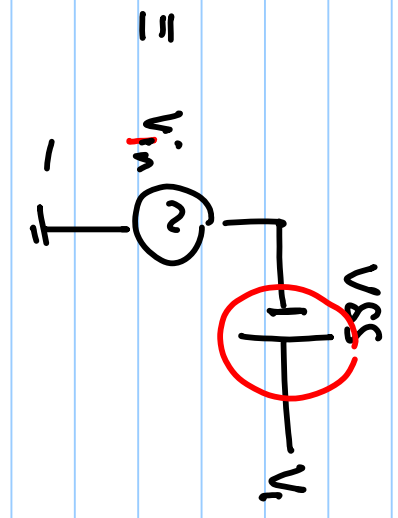


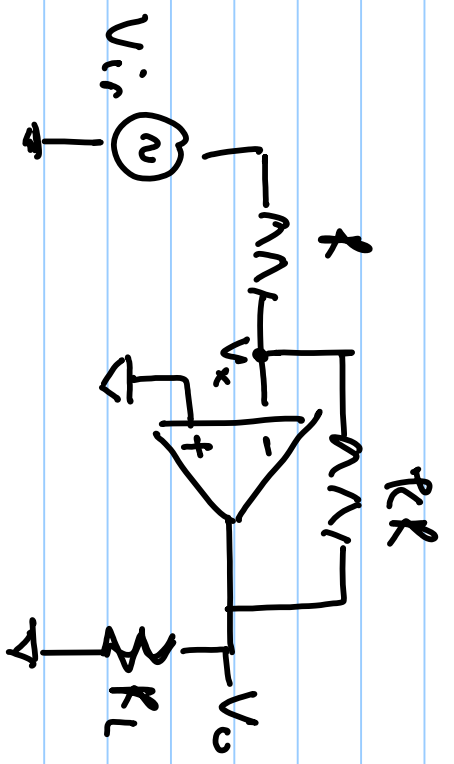
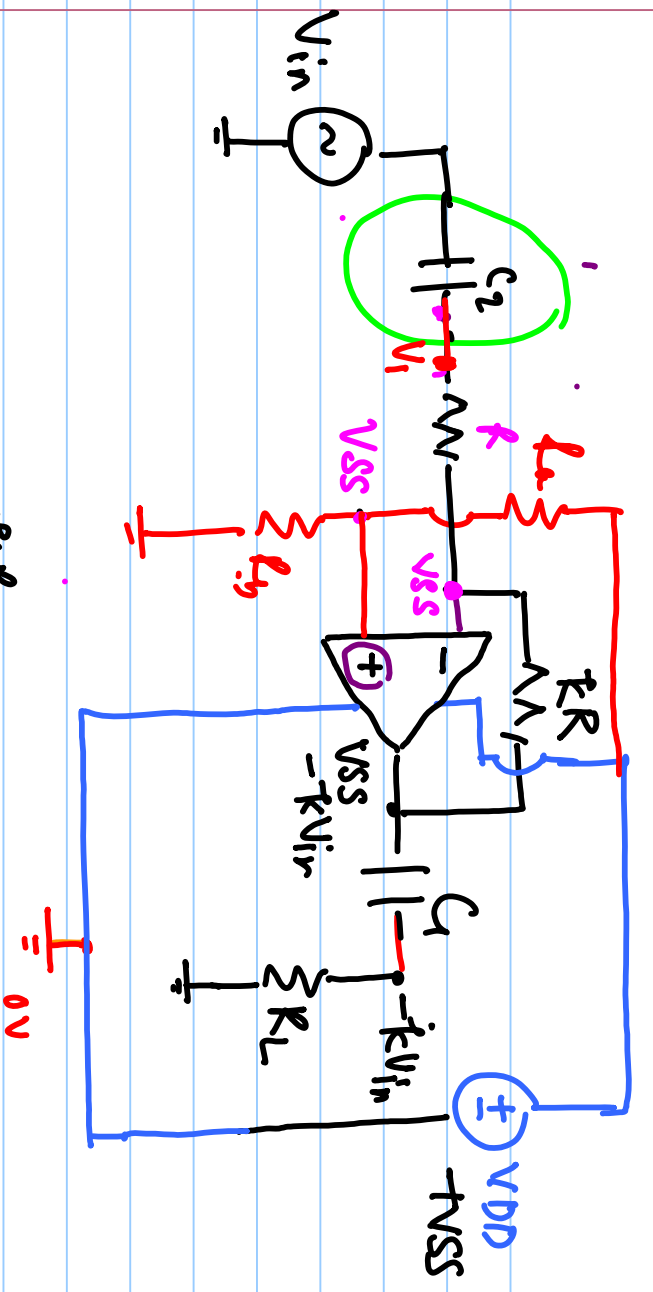
1

$$V_1 = V_{SS} + V_{in}$$



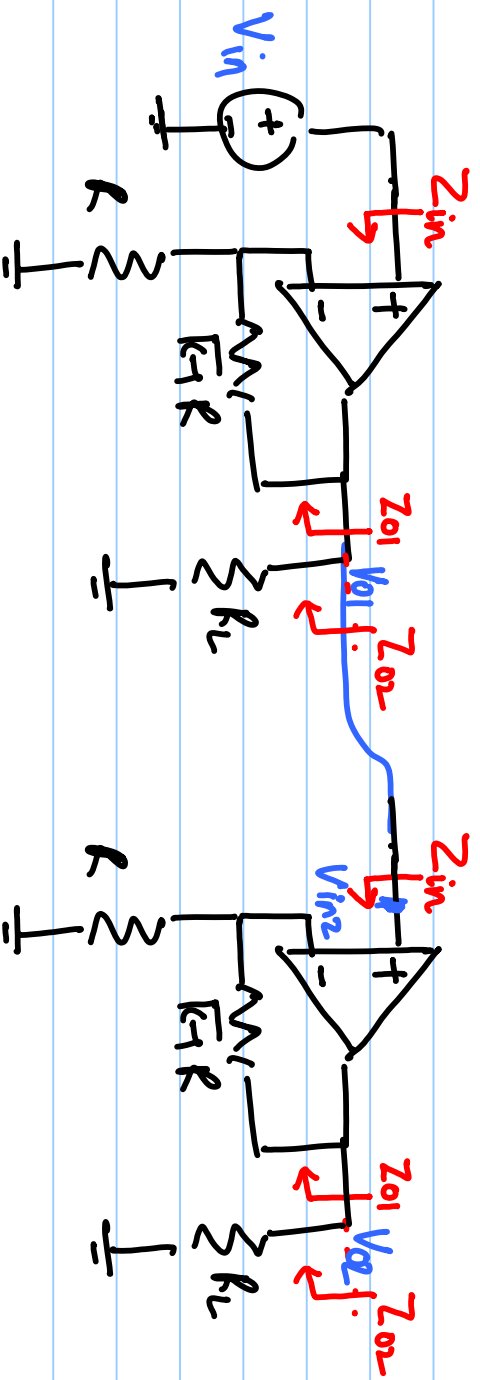
$$V_1 = V_{in} + V_{SS}$$





$$V_x = 0 \quad ,$$

$$V_o = -R V_{in}$$

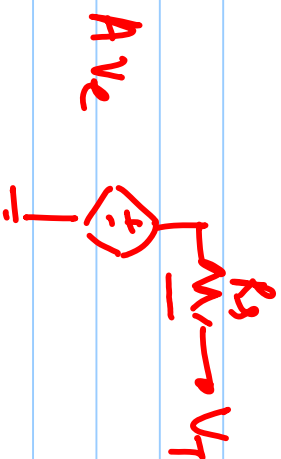
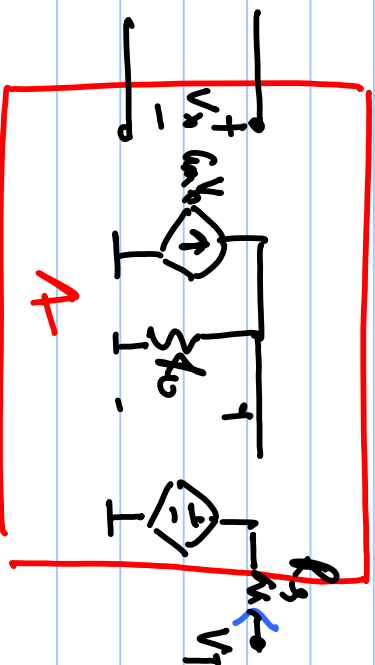


$$\frac{V_{o2}}{V_{in}} = \frac{V_{o1}}{V_{in}} \times \frac{V_{o2}}{V_{in2}}$$

$$Z_{in} = \frac{V_T}{I_T} = \infty$$

$$I_{T1} = \frac{V_T}{R_L}$$

$$I_{T2} = \frac{V_T}{k \cdot R}$$



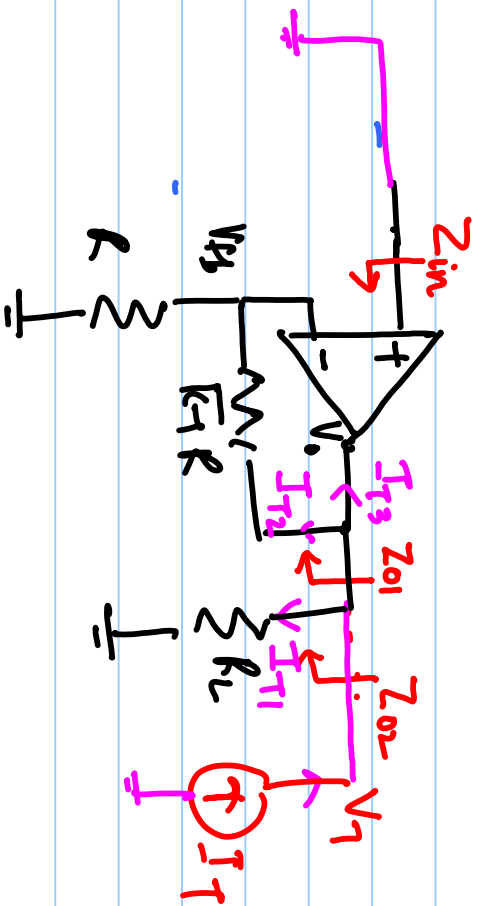
$$V_{Hb} = \frac{V_T}{k}$$

$$V_o = A \left(0 - \frac{V_T}{k} \right)$$

$$V_T = A \left(0 - \frac{V_T}{k} \right)$$

$$V_T \left(1 + \frac{A}{k} \right) = 0$$

$$V_T = 0$$



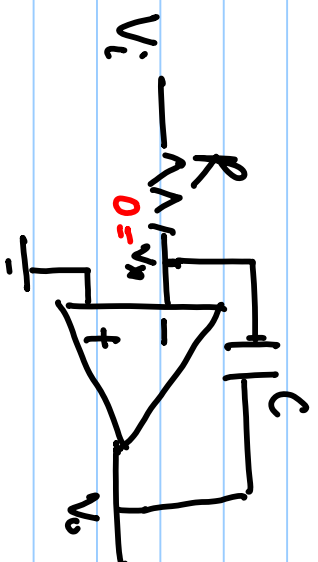
$$I_T = I_{T1} + I_{T2} + I_{T3}$$

$$A \left(0 - \frac{V_1}{R} \right) = V_1$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1 = 0$$

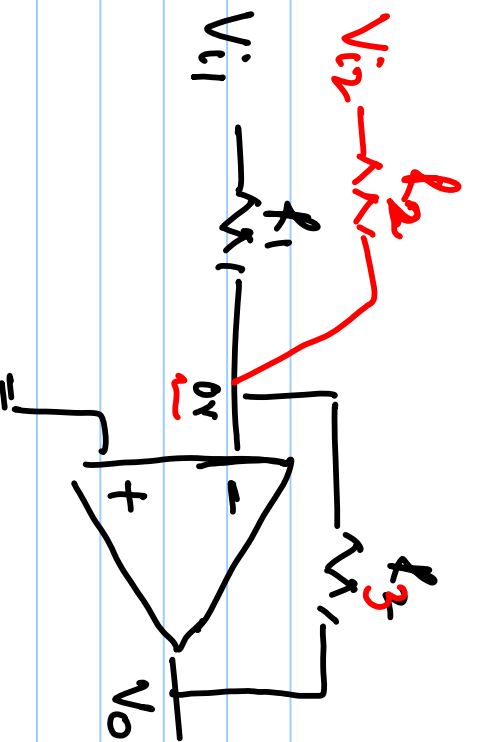
$$\frac{V_1}{I_T} \cdot \frac{0}{I_T} = 0$$

Opamp as integrator



$$\frac{V_i - 0}{R} = + C \frac{d(0 - V_o)}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV_o}{dt} = \frac{-V_i}{RC}$$



$$V_o = -\frac{R_3}{R_1} \cdot V_{i1} - \frac{R_3}{R_2} V_{i2}$$