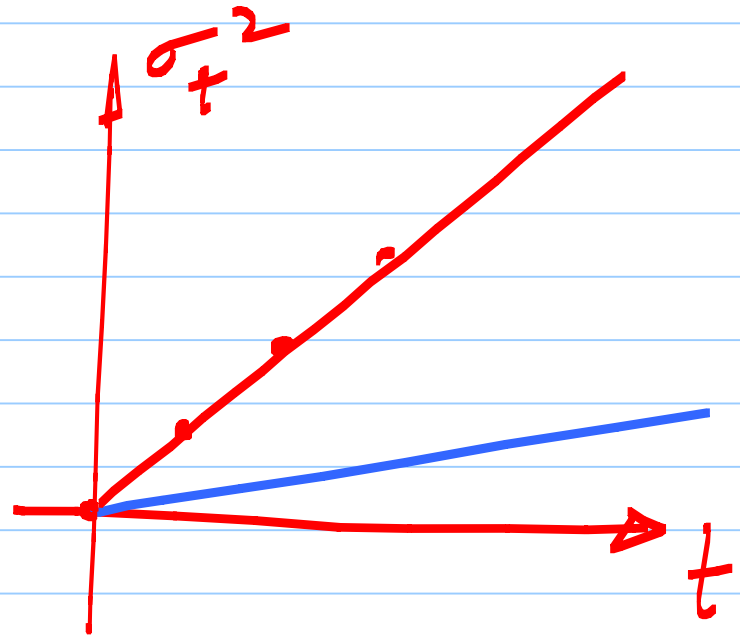


$0$        $T_0/2$        $T_0$        $\frac{3T_0}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{v_n(0)}{R} & -\frac{v_n[0]}{R} & -\frac{v_n[0]}{R} \\
 & +\frac{v_n[T_0/2]}{R} & +\frac{v_n[T_0/2]}{R} & -\frac{v_n[T_0]}{R}
 \end{aligned}$$

Longitude

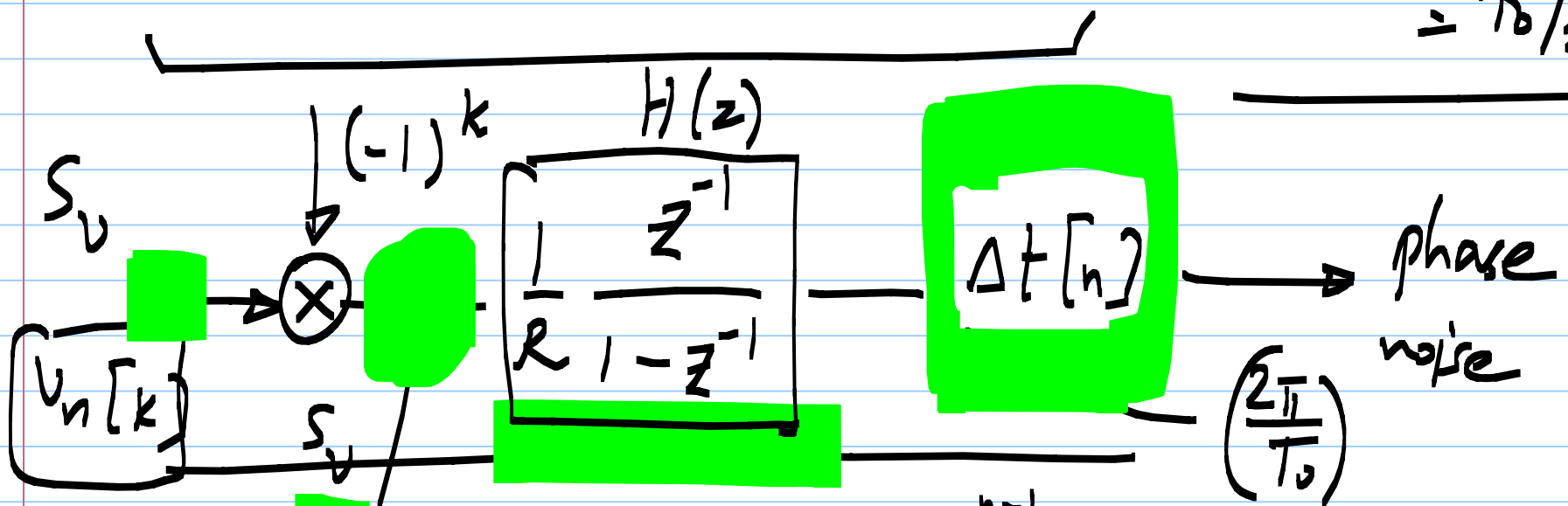




Deviation in the position of the  $n^{\text{th}}$  edge

$$\Delta t[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^k v_n[k]}{R}$$

discrete-time  
sampling period  
 $= T_0/2$



$$\Delta t[n] - \Delta t[n-1] = \frac{(-1)^{n-1} v_n[n-1]}{R}$$

$H(z) :$

Sampling period =  $\frac{T_0}{2}$

$$\left| H \left( \exp \left( j 2\pi \frac{f}{f_s} \right) \right) \right|^2$$

\_\_\_\_\_

Sampling rate

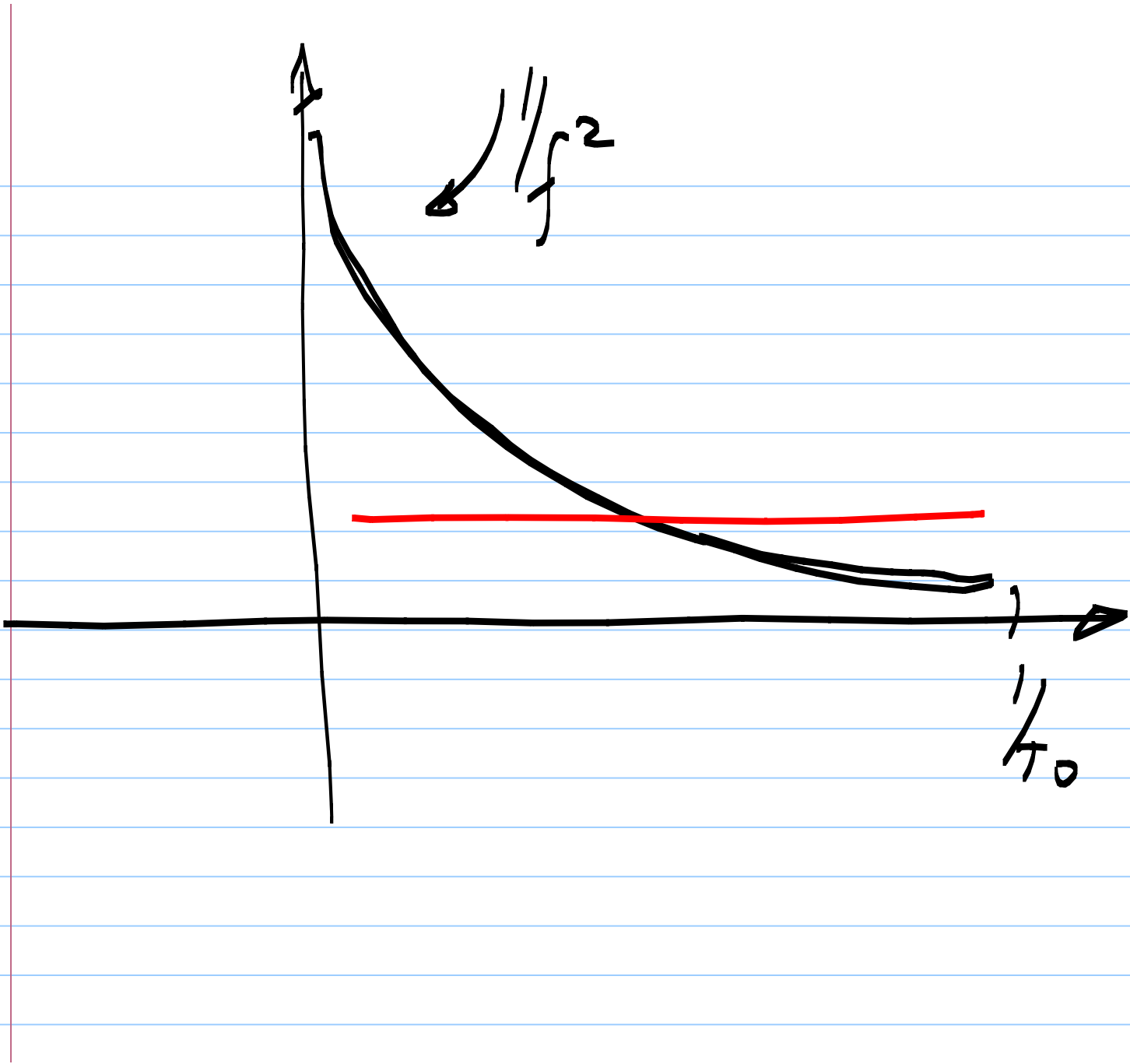
$$\left| \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{R^2} \left| \frac{z^{-1/2}}{z^{1/2} - z^{-1/2}} \right|^2$$

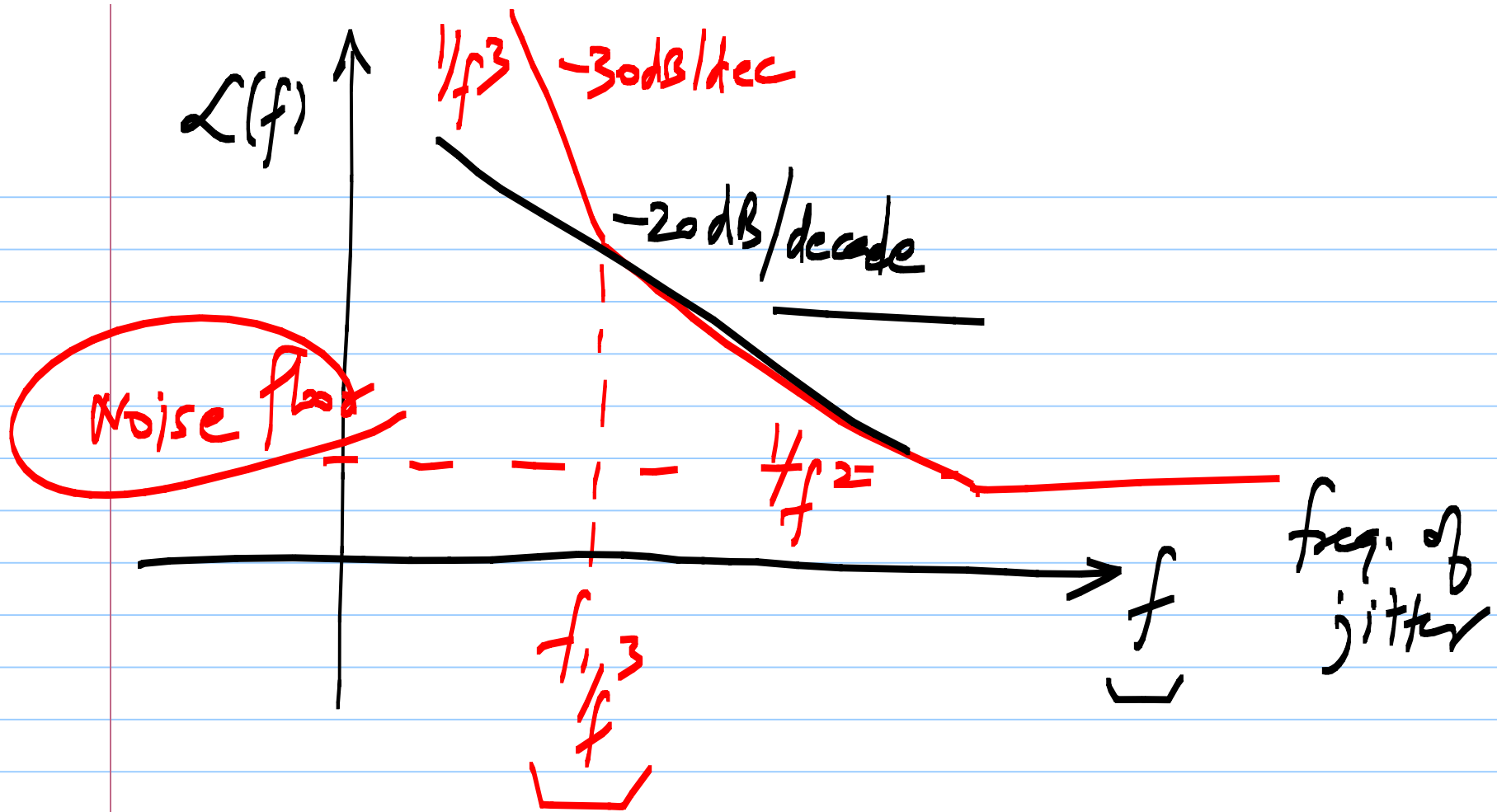
$$\left| \frac{\exp(j\pi f/f_s) - \exp(-j\pi f/f_s)}{j2 \sin(\pi f/f_s)} \right|^2$$

$$\underbrace{\left| \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}} \right|^2}_{4R^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi f T_0}{2}\right)} \approx \underbrace{R^2 \cdot \pi^2 f^2 T_0^2}_{\pi^2 T_0^2} \cdot j2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi f}{f_s}\right)$$

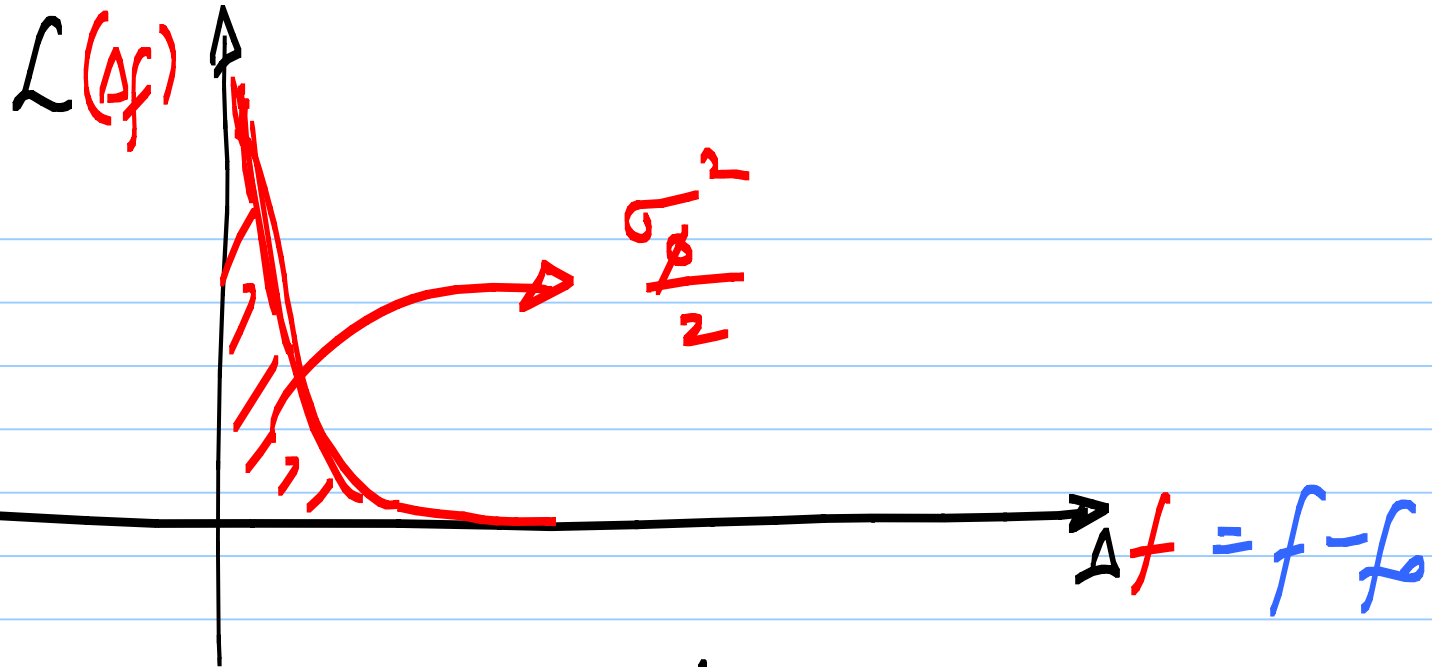
$$-\frac{1}{T_0} + \frac{1}{T_0}$$

$$f \ll \frac{1}{T_0} \quad \frac{\pi^2 T_0^2}{4} \quad f_s = \frac{2}{T_0}$$

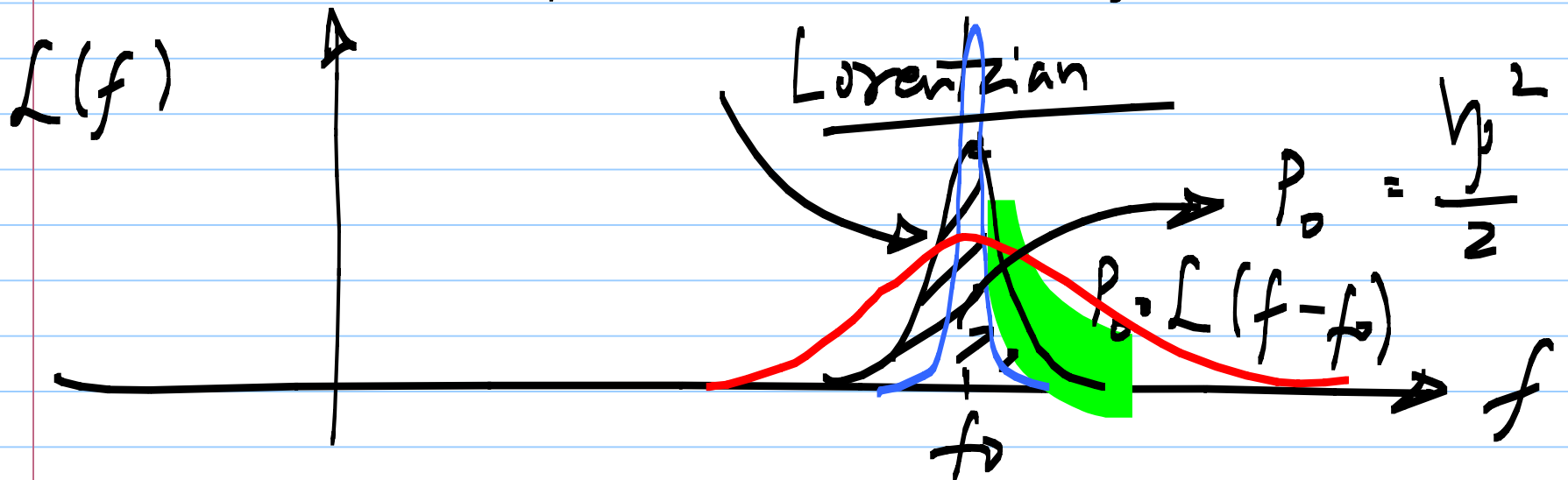








Oscillator @  $f_0$  which has phase noise



Lorentzian:

$$\frac{\alpha}{1 + \left(\frac{f - f_0}{f_w}\right)^2}$$

$$\approx \frac{\alpha \cdot f_w^2}{(f - f_0)^2}$$

$f - f_0 \rightarrow f_w$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha \cdot f_w \cdot d\left(\frac{f - f_0}{f_w}\right)}{1 + \left(\frac{f - f_0}{f_w}\right)^2} = p_0 = \frac{v_p^2}{2}$$

$$\pi \cdot \alpha \cdot f_w = \frac{v_p^2}{2}$$

$$\alpha =$$

$$\mathcal{L}(f) = \frac{A}{f^2} \cdot \left| \frac{\phi_{out}}{\phi_{in, r_{\infty}}} \right|^2$$