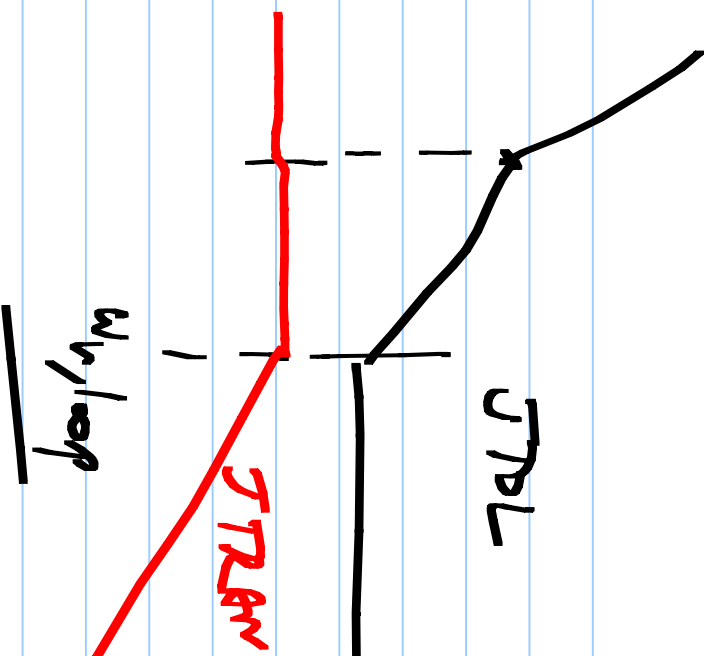


EE 6322

JTRAN

JTDL

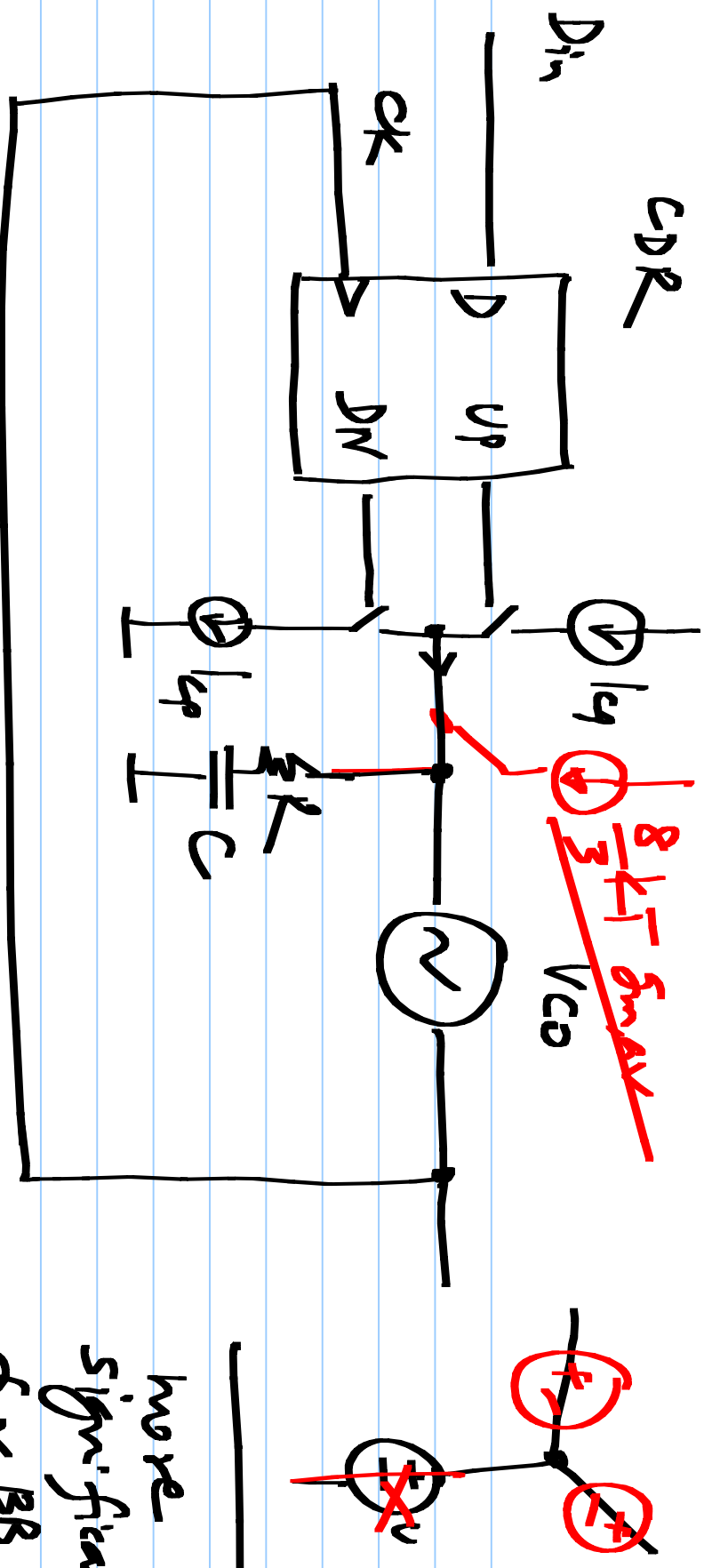


9/2/2018
For a binary PD,
gain depends
on input jitter

Linear PD

JGEN : Jitter generation

(output jitter, with a jitter-free input data)



Random jitter: ① Phase noise of the V_{CO}

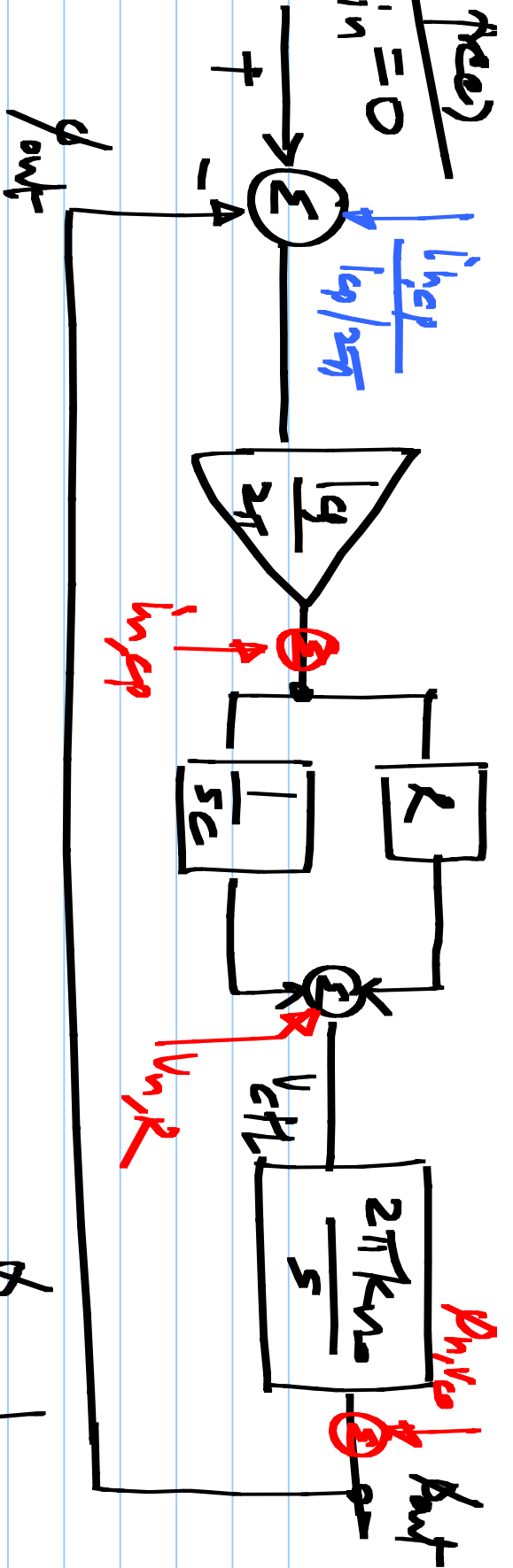
② Noise in R, I_{cp}

Systematic jitter: instantaneous pulsing of I_{cp}

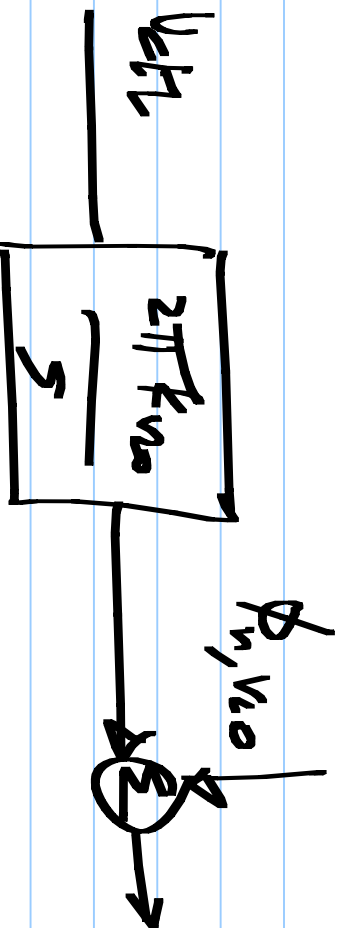
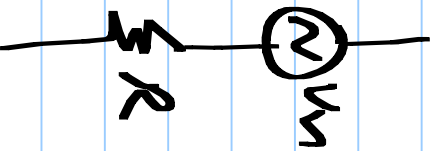
more significant for PD

(jitter free)

$$\phi_{in} = 0$$



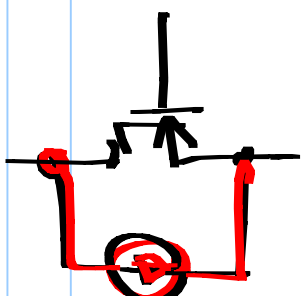
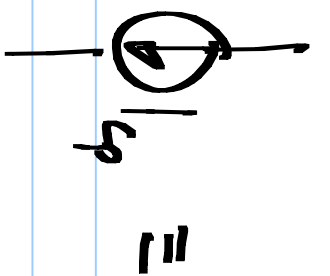
$$S_{V_n} = 4K_R$$



$i_{in,sp}$ _____

V_{ctrl} _____ ϕ_{out}

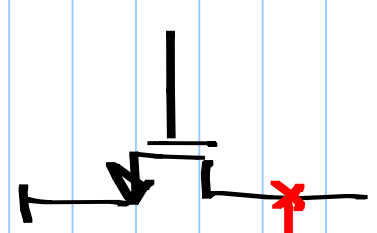
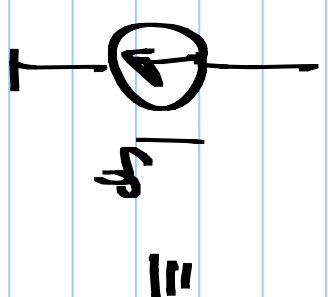
$\phi_{n,vco}$ _____



$$\frac{8}{3} kT g_{mp} = \frac{16}{3} kT \frac{I_{sp}}{V_{GS} - V_T}$$

PMOS in sat.

$$\frac{8}{3} kT (g_{mn} + g_m) = \frac{8}{3} kT g_{mp}$$



$$\frac{8}{3} kT g_{mn} = \frac{16}{3} kT \frac{I_{sp}}{V_{GS} - V_T}$$

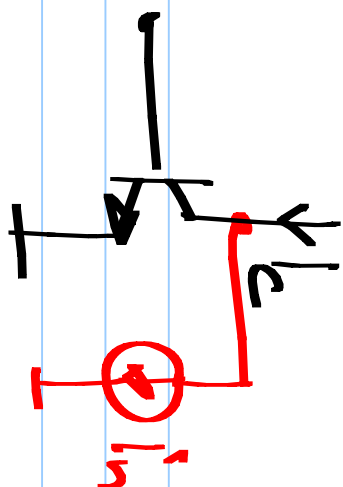
NMOS in

$$g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{GS} - V_T}$$

sat.

Noise from the two current sources have different spectral densities.

↳ Consider the average spectral density
(OK when we look at output
phase noise at low frequencies)



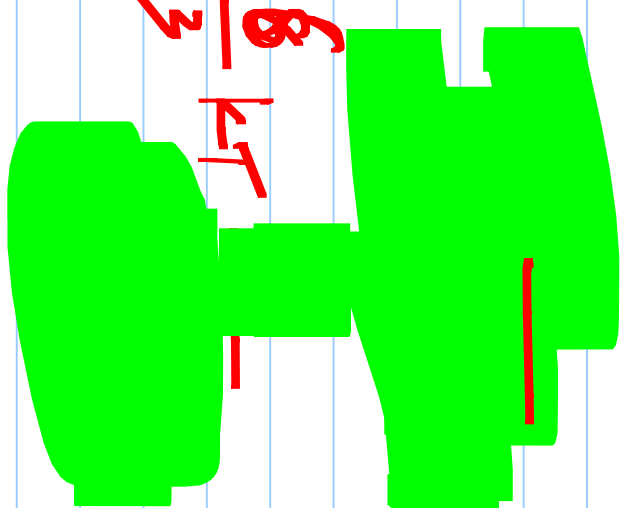
$$S_{in} =$$

$$= 2g_m \cdot g_m \cdot \frac{kT}{q} = \underline{2kTg_m}$$

$$g_m = \frac{I_c}{V_T} \rightarrow 2kT \cdot \frac{q}{kT} \cdot I_c$$

$$\sim \frac{8}{3} kT g_m$$

$$\sim \frac{16}{3} kT$$



$$\frac{\phi_{out}}{\phi_{in}} = \frac{1 + sCR}{1 + sCR + s^2 \frac{C}{I_q \cdot K_{vo}}}$$

$I_{n,q} / (I_q / \pi)$

$$\frac{\phi_{out}}{I_{n,q}} = \frac{2\pi}{I_q} \cdot \frac{1 + sCR}{I_q \cdot K_{vo} + s^2 \frac{C}{I_q \cdot K_{vo}}}$$

$$\frac{\phi_{out}}{I_{n,q}} = \frac{2\pi K_{vo}}{s} \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{I_q}{2\pi} (R + \frac{1}{sC}) \cdot \frac{2\pi K_{vo}}{s}}{I_q \cdot K_{vo} + s^2 \frac{C}{I_q \cdot K_{vo}}}$$

$$\frac{\phi_{out}}{\phi_{in}} = \left[\frac{2\pi}{l_p \cdot R} \right] \left[\frac{sR}{|1 + sR + s^2 \frac{C}{l_p \cdot k_{vo}}|} \right]$$

$$\frac{\phi_{out}}{\phi_{in}} = \frac{\frac{s^2 C}{l_p \cdot k_{vo}}}{|1 + sR + s^2 \frac{C}{l_p \cdot k_{vo}}|}$$