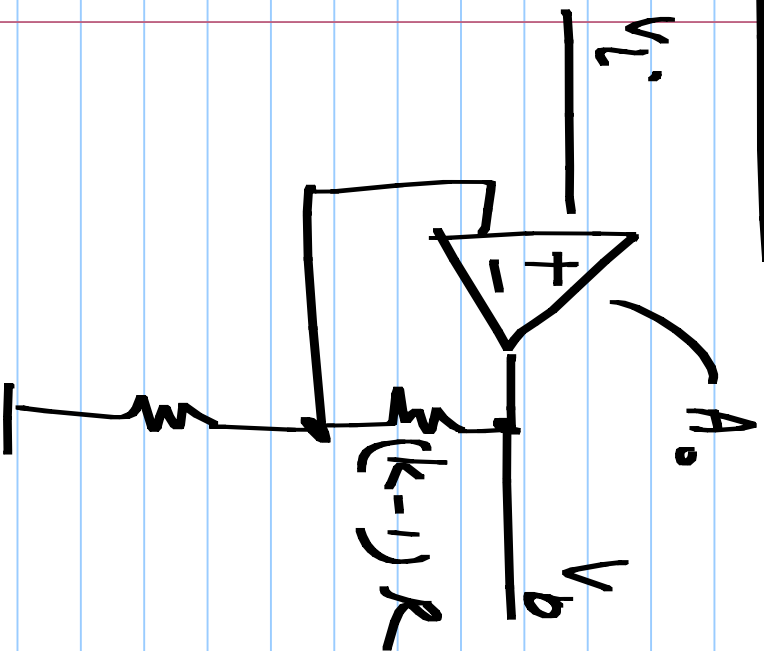
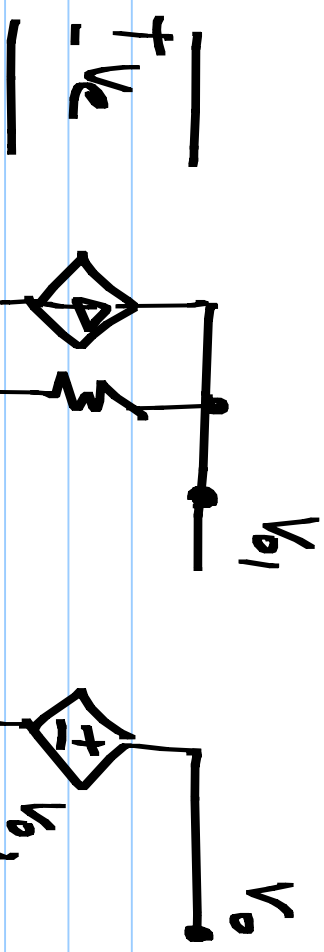
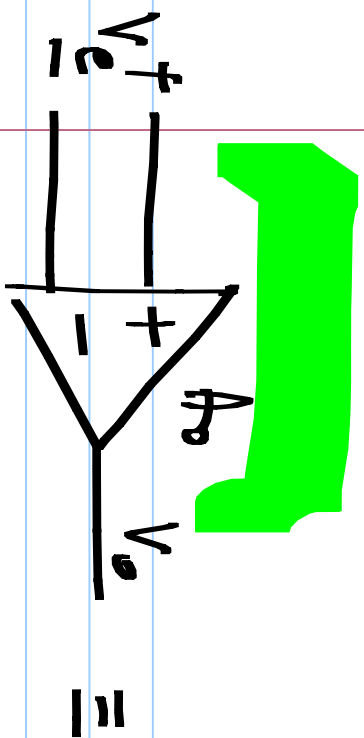


FE2019



$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = k \frac{1}{1 + \frac{k}{A_o}}$$

13/2/2018



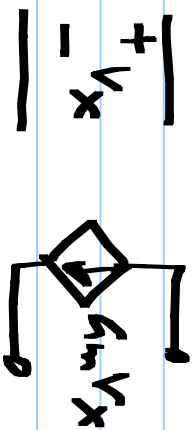
$g_m v_e$

R_o

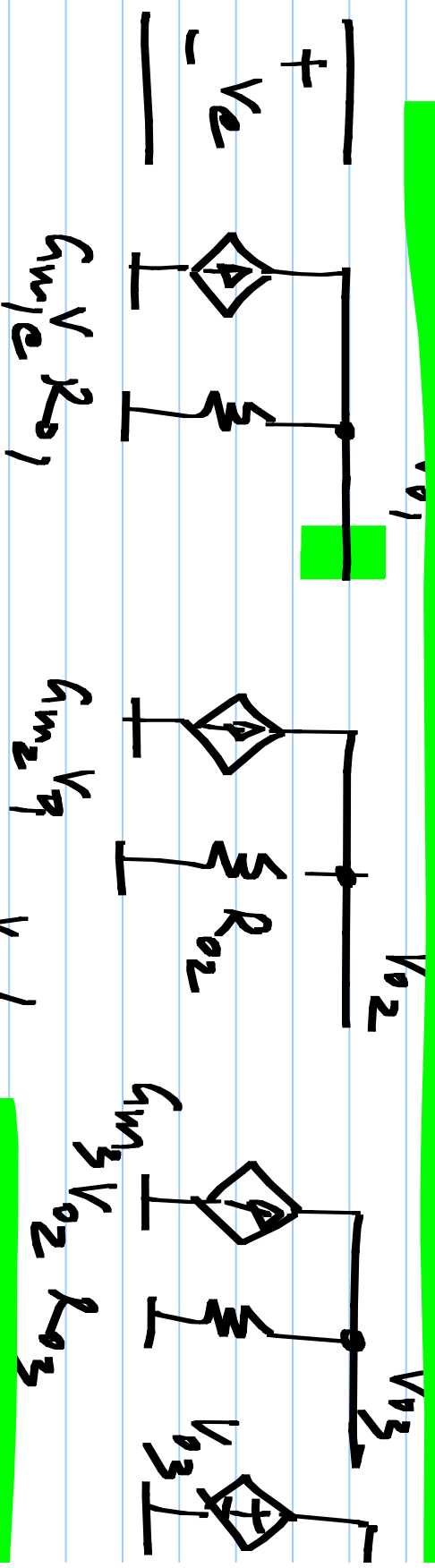
$$A_o : g_m R_o$$

$$A_o \gg 1$$

3-terminal
Source



$G_m R_o$ of a VCCS using a transistor $\sim 10^5$



$$\frac{V_{o1}}{V_e} = G_{m1} R_{o1}$$

$$\frac{V_{o2}}{V_e} = G_{m1} R_{o1} \cdot G_{m2} R_{o2}$$

$$V_{o3}/V_e =$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{k}{1 + \frac{k}{A_o}} = \frac{k}{1 + \frac{k}{A_o} \left(1 + \frac{s}{p_1}\right)} \propto \frac{1}{1 + s/\omega_B}$$

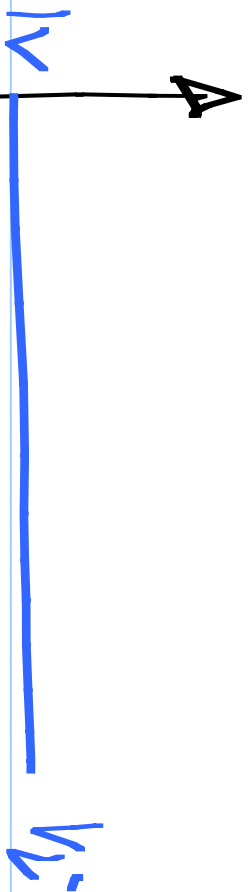
approx: 1 pole @ $-p_1$

$$\frac{A(s)}{A_o} = \frac{1}{1 + s/p_1}$$

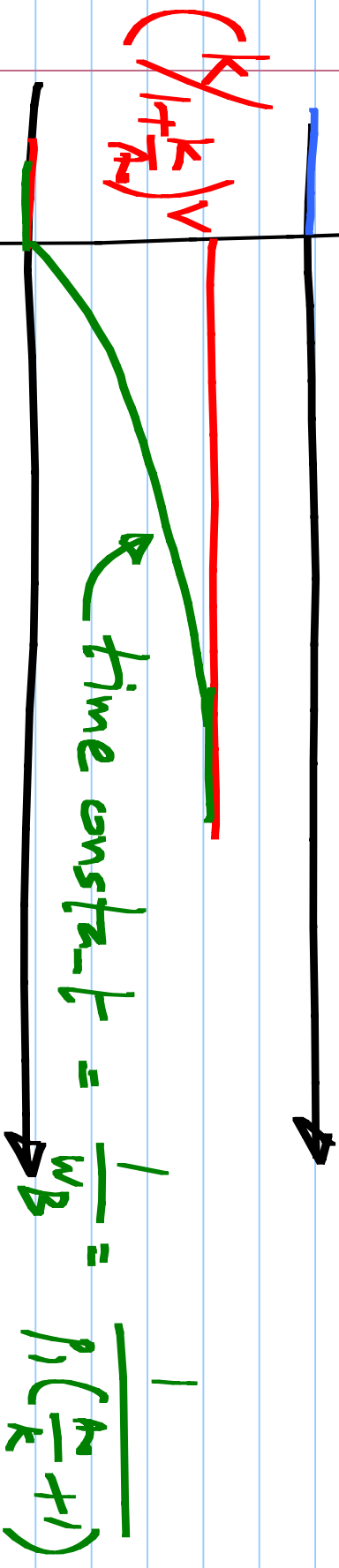
$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{k}{1 + \frac{k}{A_o} + \frac{s}{A_o p_1/k}} = \frac{k}{1 + \frac{s}{p_1(1 + \frac{A_o}{k})}}$$

$p_1 > 0$

de gain: $\frac{k}{1 + k/A_o}$; pole @ $-p_1(1 + \frac{A_o}{k})$

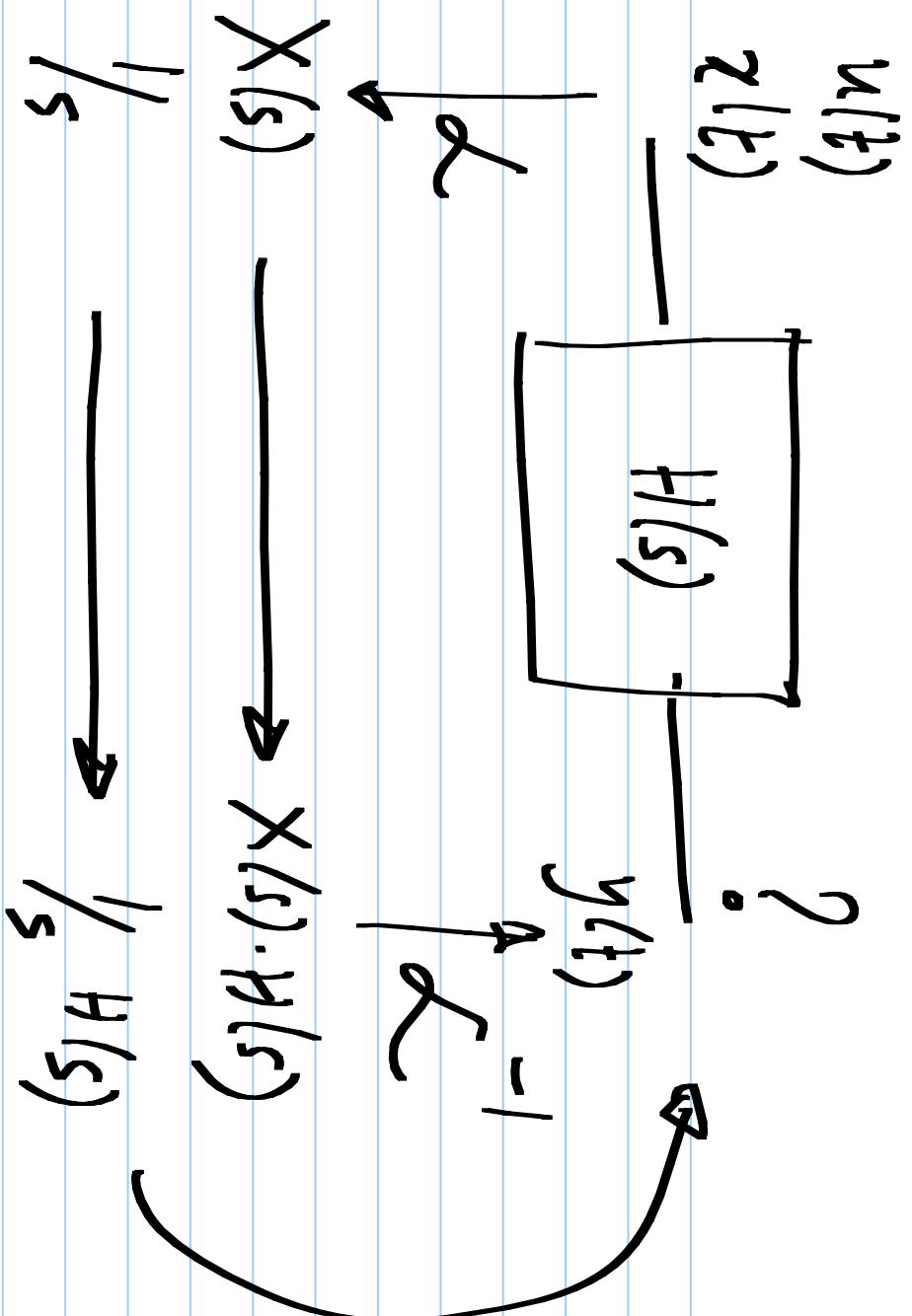


$$\underline{p_1 > 0}$$



$$\underline{\underline{\underline{1}}}$$

$$\underline{V_o} = \underline{\alpha} \underline{V_i} \quad \underline{w_B = p_1 \left(1 + \frac{A_o}{K}\right)}$$



$$\frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{\alpha}{1 + s/\omega_B} = \frac{1}{s} \cdot \alpha \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\omega_B}{s + \omega_B}}_{\text{green box}}$$

With a single-stage opamp $\underbrace{\frac{A_0}{1+s/p_1}}_{=A(s)}$

* Closed-loop transfer function

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{\alpha}{1+s/\omega_B}$$

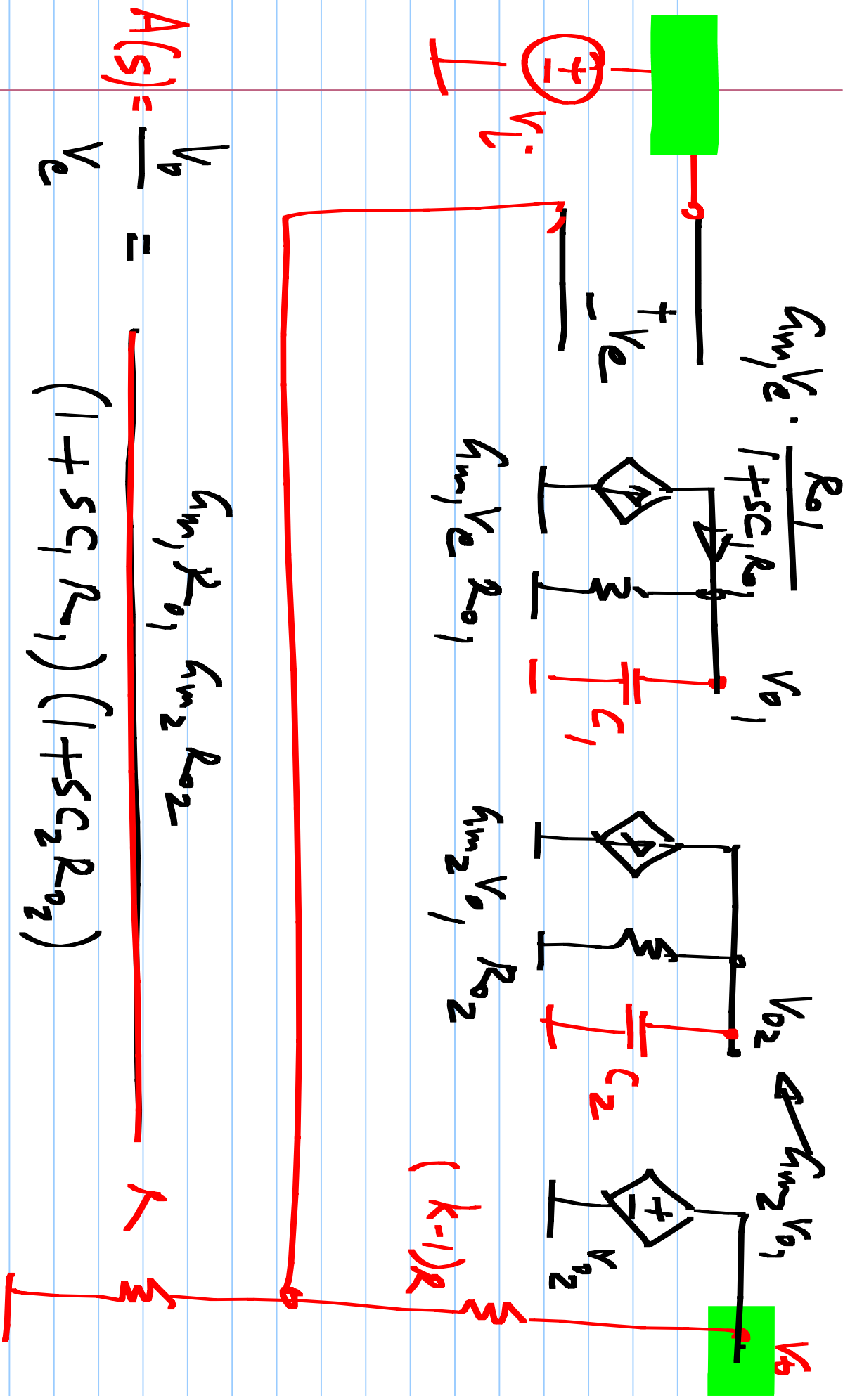
$$\alpha = \frac{k}{\text{[red box]}}$$

$$\omega_B = p_1 \left(1 + \frac{A_0}{k}\right)$$

pole @ $- \omega_B = -p_1 \left(1 + \frac{A_0}{k}\right)$

→ always in LHP, $\begin{cases} p_1 > 0 \\ A_0 > 0 \\ k > 0 \end{cases}$

stable



2-stage opamp:

$$A_o \quad \frac{\quad}{(1+s/p_1)(1+s/p_2)} = A(s)$$

$$A_o = g_{m1} g_{m2} R_{o1} R_{o2}$$

$$p_1 = 1/c_1 R_{o1}$$

$$p_2 = 1/c_2 R_{o2}$$

poles
② $-p_1, -p_2$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} =$$