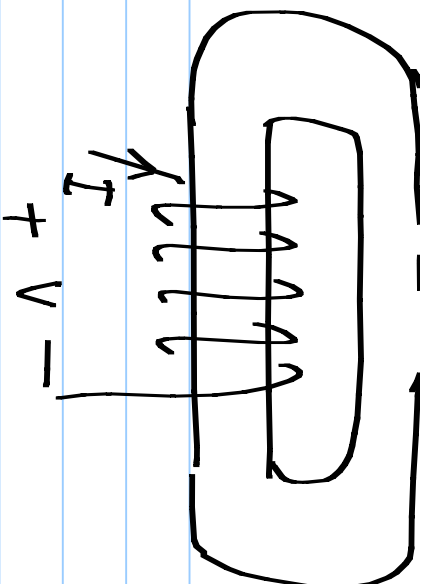
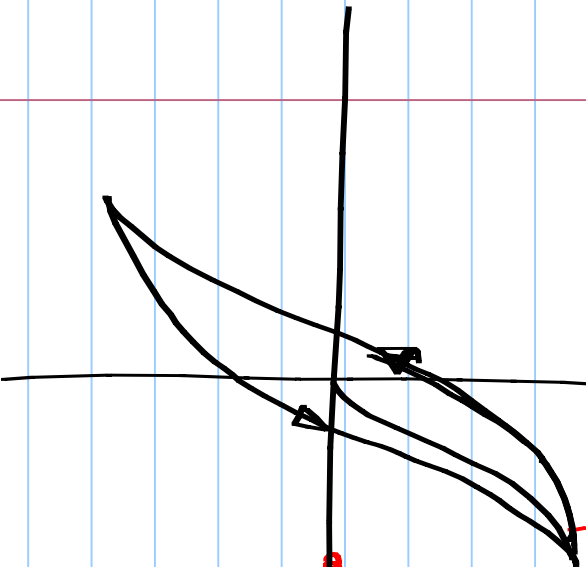


Lecture 41

B

Initial magnetization curve



$$V = \frac{d\psi}{dt} = N \cdot \frac{dB}{dt} = NA \cdot \frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \frac{H \cdot l_{\text{loop}}}{N}$$

$$= N \mathcal{I} \\ l_{\text{loop}}$$

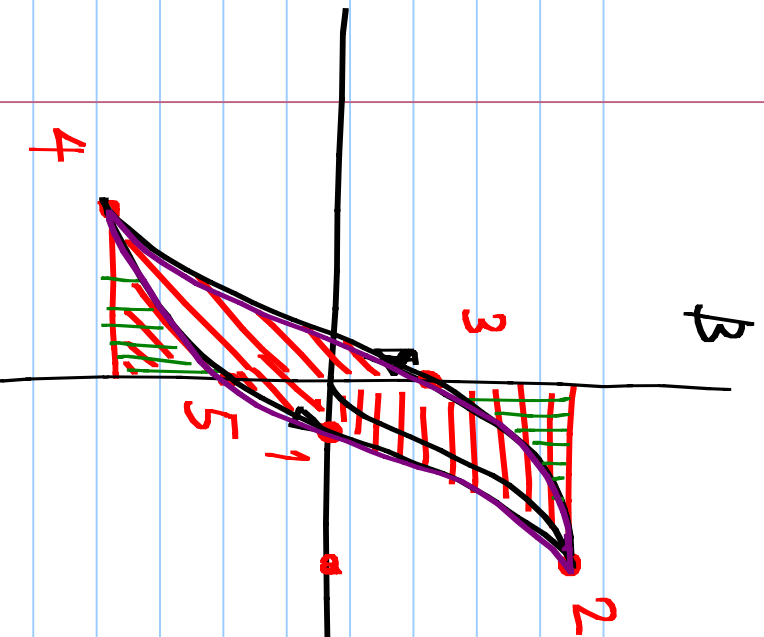
$$P(t) = V \cdot \mathcal{I} = A l_{\text{loop}} \cdot H \cdot \frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$P(t) = v \cdot i = A l_{loop} \cdot H \cdot \frac{dB}{dt}$$

$$E = \int_{t_1 - B_1}^{t_2 - B_2} A \cdot l_{loop} \cdot H \cdot \frac{dB}{dt} \cdot dt$$

$$= \frac{N \cdot I}{l_{loop}} \int_{B_1}^{B_2} H \cdot dB$$

Area of the BH loop: Energy lost/cycle/volume

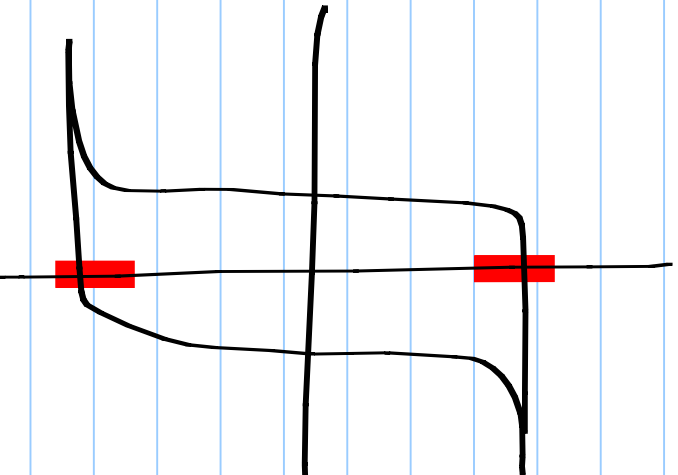
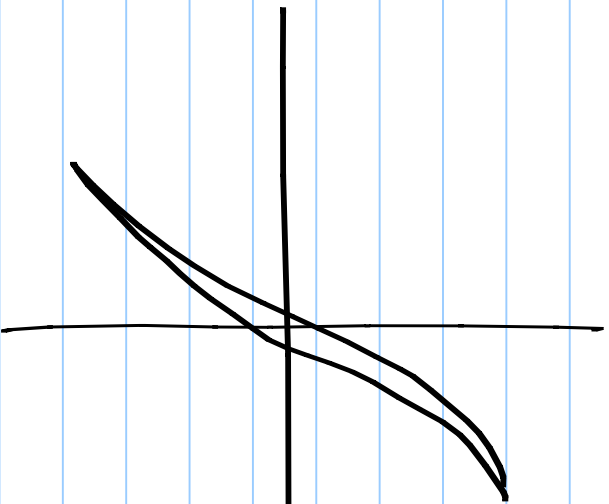


Hysteresis loss

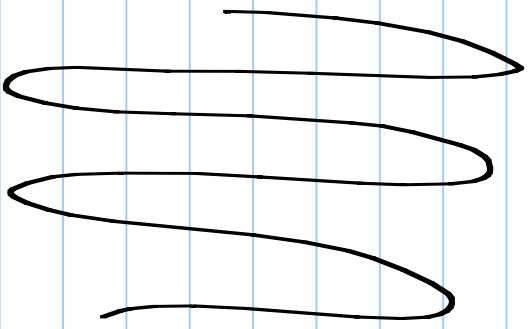
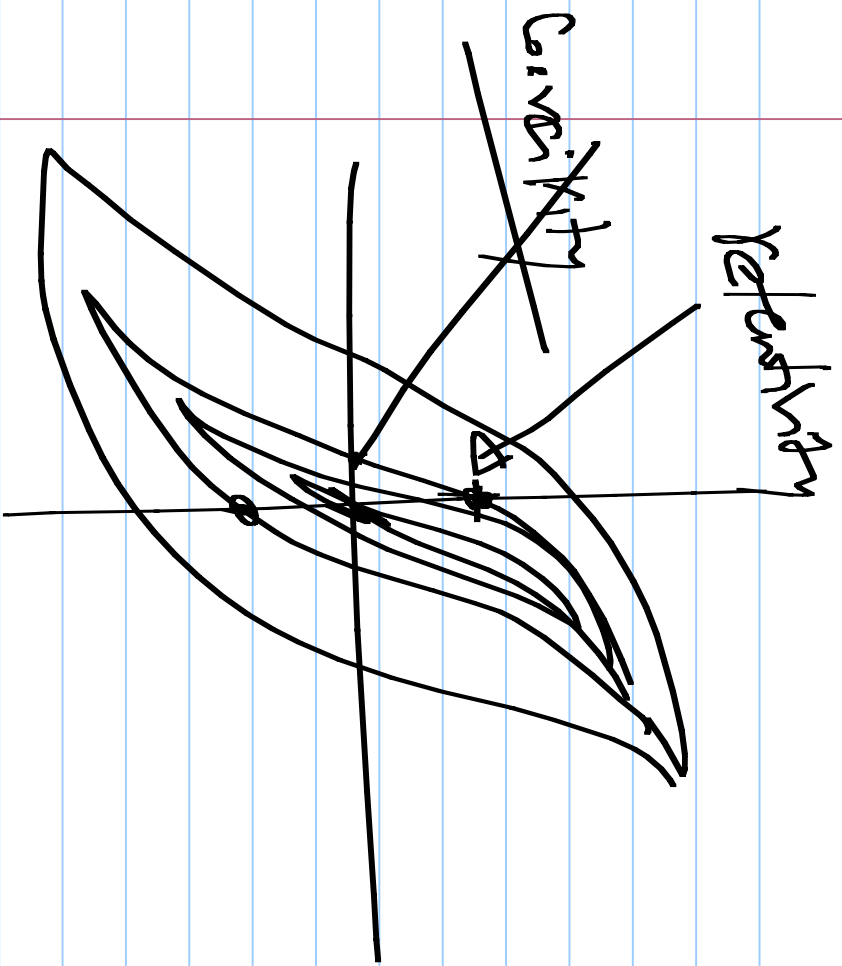
Power lost:

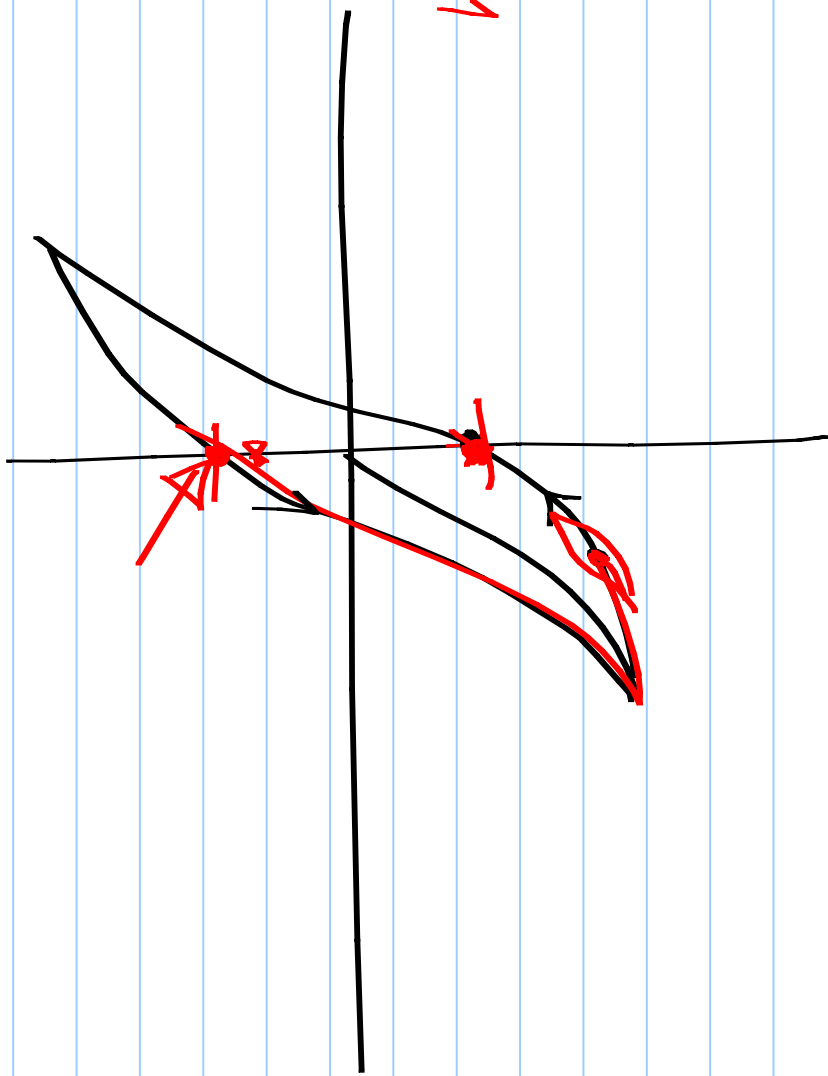
Volume of the core \times Bit loss area $\times f$

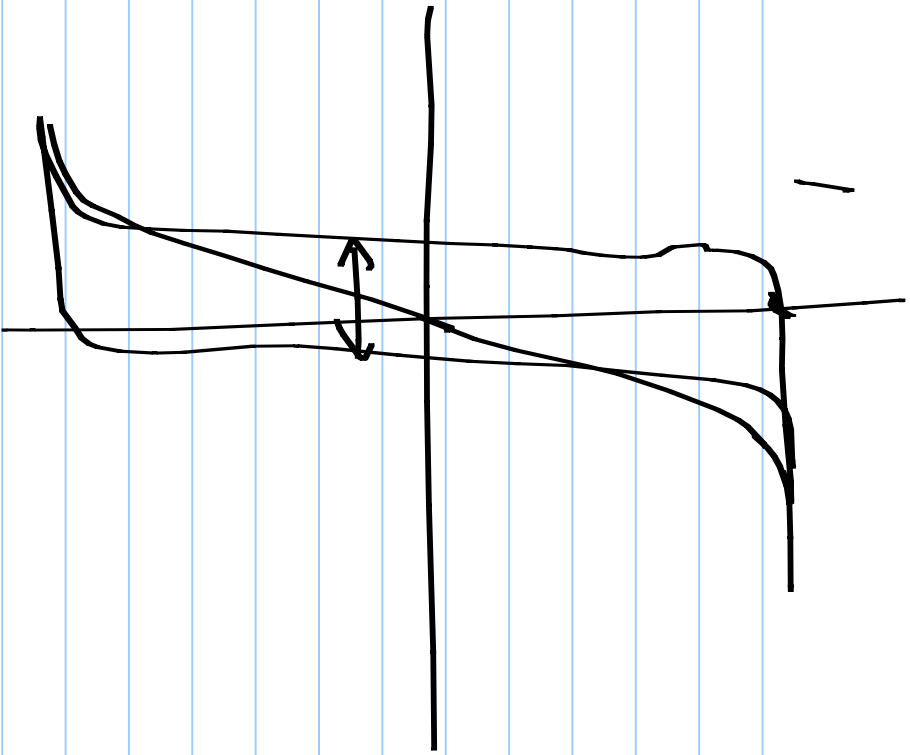
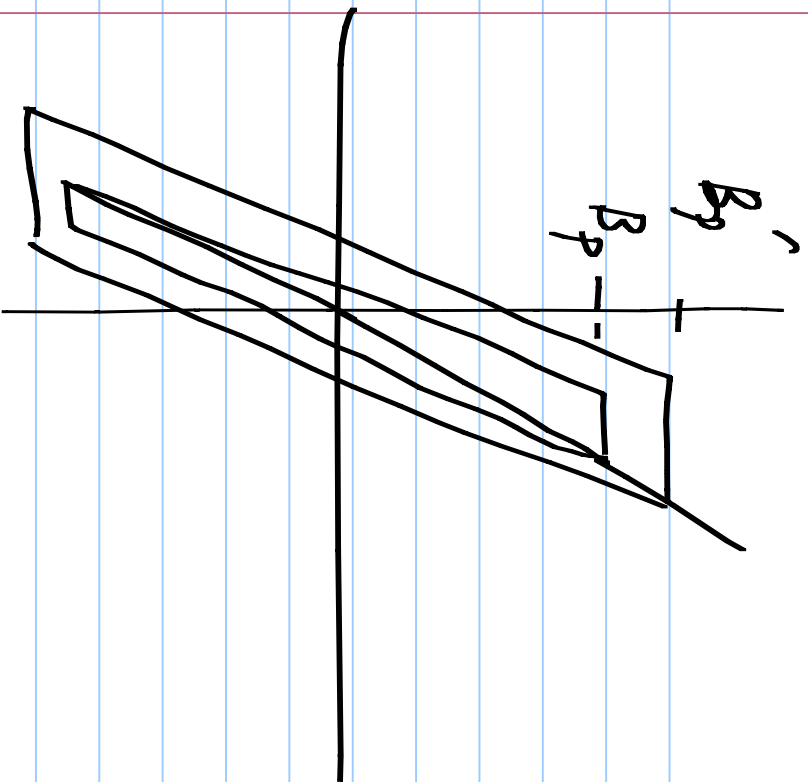
$$B_p^{X_1} \quad X_1: 1.5 - 2.5$$

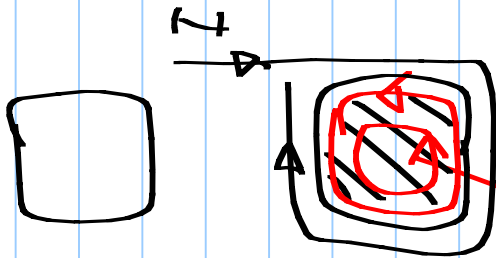
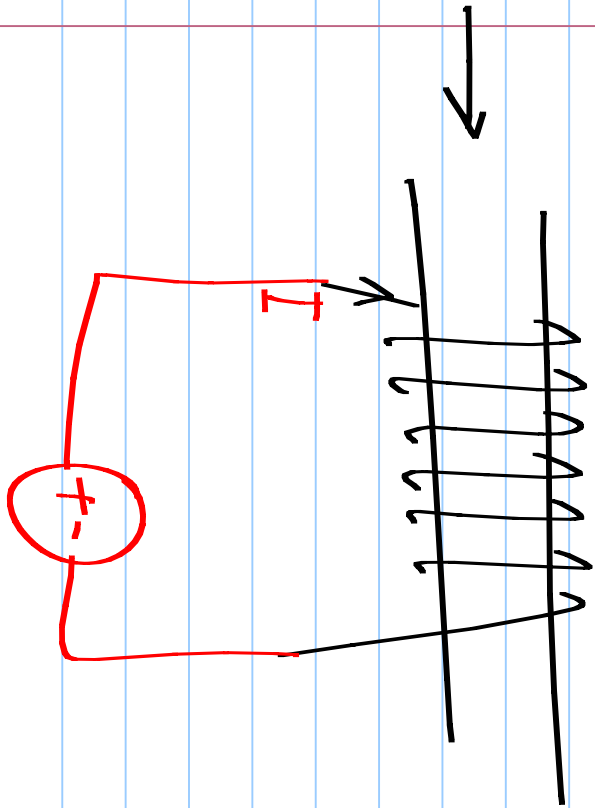


Steinmetz
index

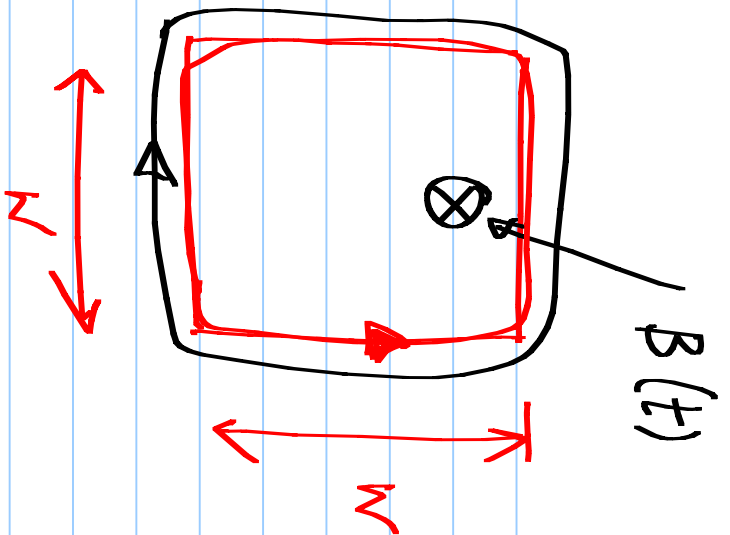








Eddy currents



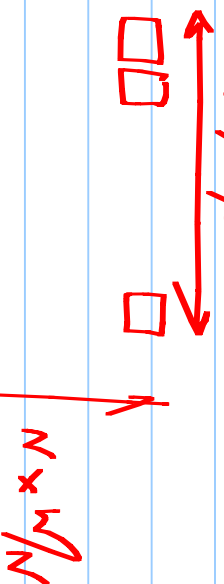
$$B = B_p \sin \omega t$$

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \omega B_p \cos \omega t$$

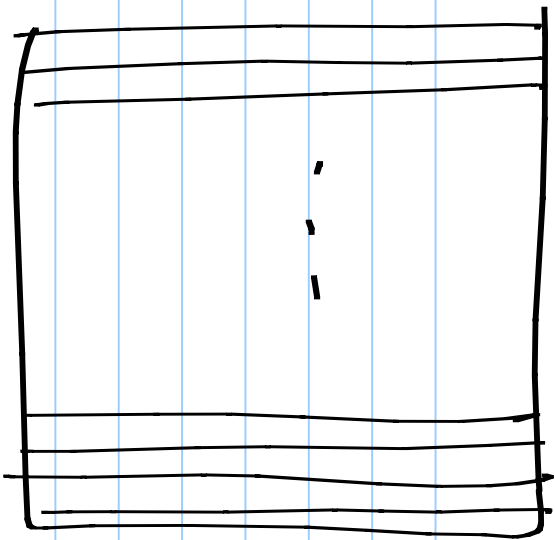
R_{loop}

$$P_{loss} = \left(L^2 \cdot \frac{dB}{dt} \right)^2 \frac{1}{R_{loop}} \left(\frac{L}{N} \right)^2 \frac{dB}{dt} R_{loop} / L$$

$$P_{loss, avg} = \frac{L^4 \omega^2 B_p^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{R_{loop}} \cdot \frac{1}{N^2}$$



$$N^2 \cdot \frac{L^4 \omega^2 B_p^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{R_{loop}} = \frac{1}{N} \cdot P_{loss, avg}$$



Eddy current loss

$$\propto f^2$$

Reduce eddy losses

by (Alloy)

* Reducing σ cores

* Powdered epoxy

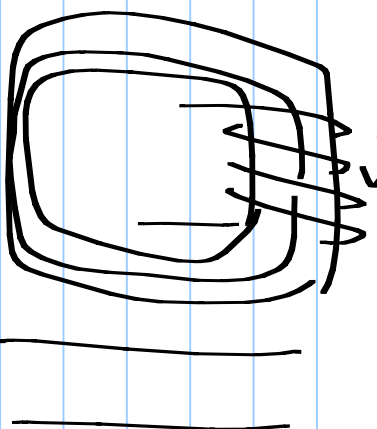
* Lamination

Losses in a ferromagnetic core inductor:

* wire resistance

* hysteresis loss $\propto B_p \cdot f$

* Eddy current loss $\propto B_p^2 \cdot f^2$



$$\underline{\underline{\{L_1 L_2 \rightarrow \infty\}}}$$

$$k \rightarrow 1$$

$$L \rightarrow \infty$$

$$I \rightarrow 0$$

