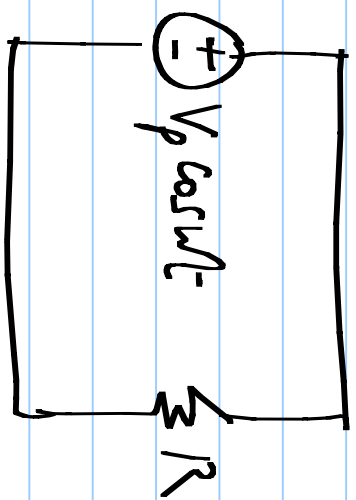


Lecture 31

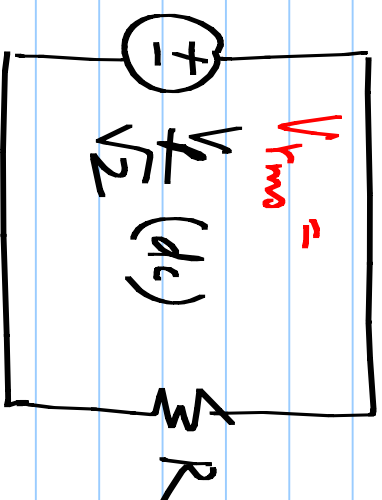


$$P_R = \frac{V_p^2}{2R}$$

mean squared voltage $= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T (V_p \cos \omega t)^2 dt$

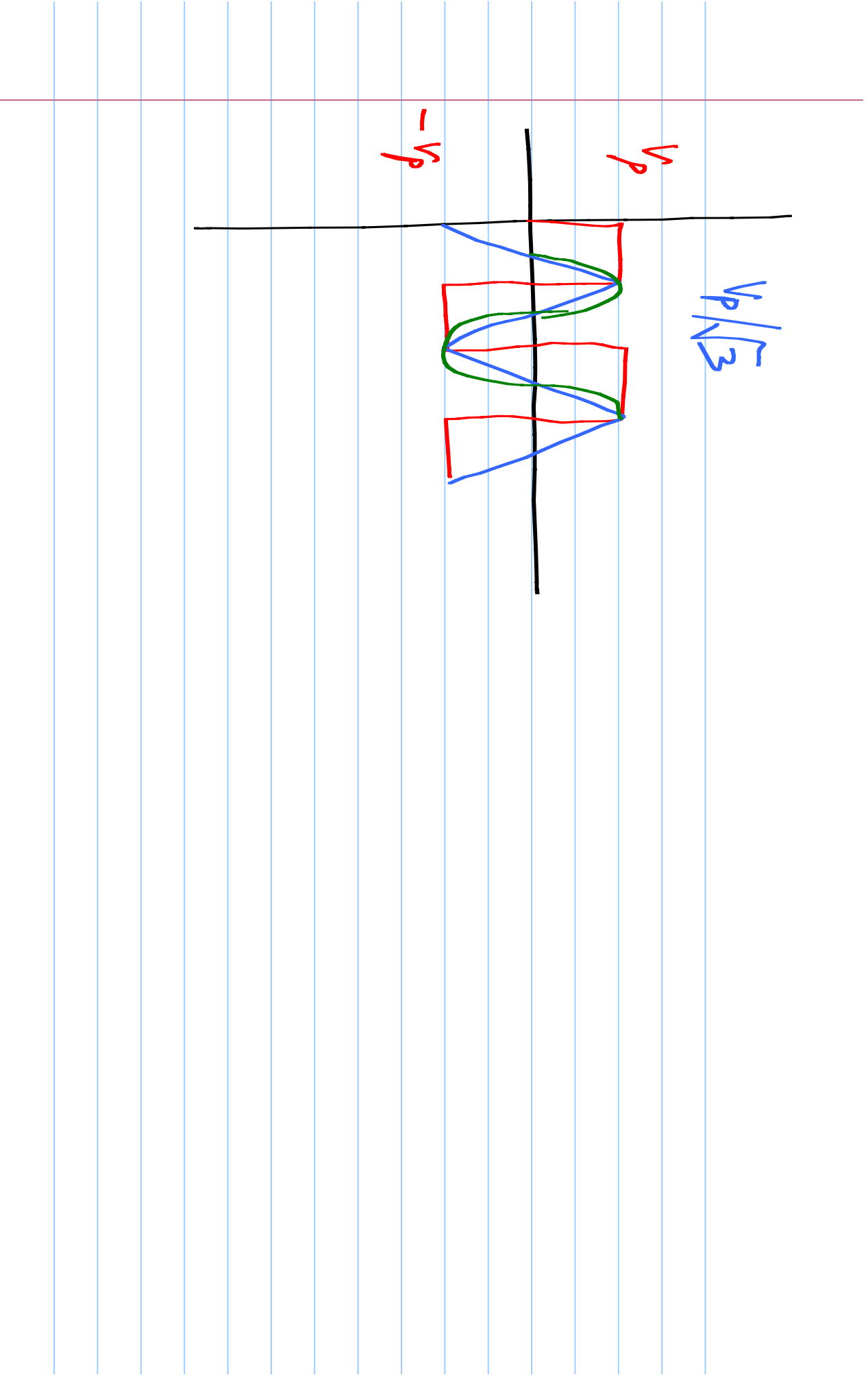
period $\rightarrow T$

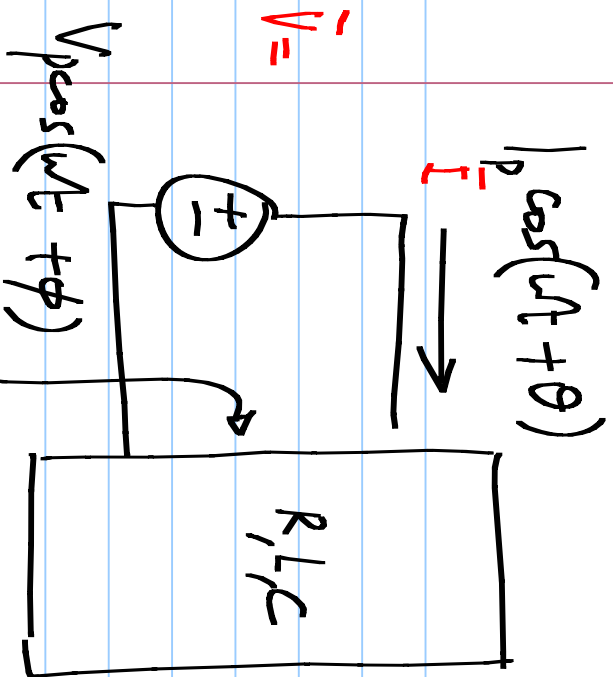
Root mean squared voltage $= \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T (V_p \cos \omega t)^2 dt}$



$$P_R = \frac{V_p^2}{2R}$$

$$\frac{230V_{rms}}{\text{50Hz}} \quad \frac{230\sqrt{2}V}{100\pi \text{ rad/s}}$$





$$\bar{V} = V_p \exp(j\phi)$$

$$\bar{I} = I_p \exp(j\theta)$$

$$\frac{\bar{V} \cdot \bar{I}^*}{2} = \frac{V_p I_p}{2} \exp(j(\phi - \theta))$$

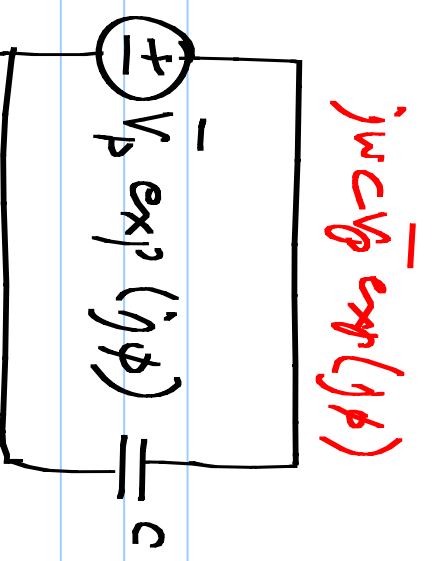
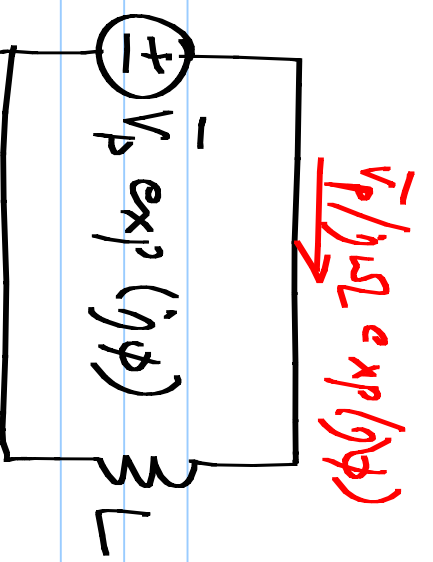
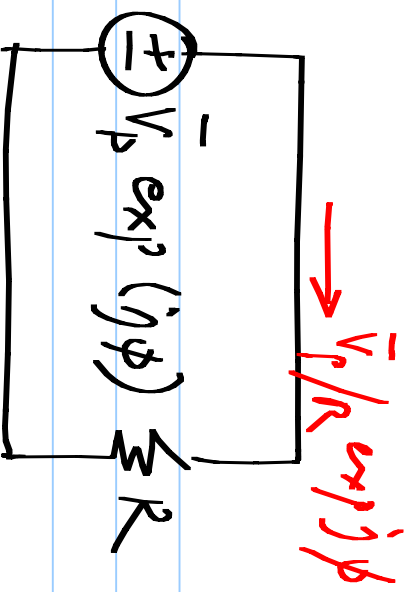
Average Power =

$$\frac{V_p I_p}{2} \cos(\phi - \theta)$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{\bar{V} \cdot \bar{I}^*}{2} \quad \text{Complex power}$$

$$\text{Re}[\bar{P}] = \text{Re} \left[\frac{\bar{V} \bar{I}^*}{2} \right] = \text{Avg. Power}$$

$$\rightarrow P_r + jP_i$$



$$\bar{P} = \frac{V_p^2}{2R}$$

$$j \frac{V_p^2}{2\omega L}$$

+ve
for an
Inductor

$$-j \omega C \frac{V_p^2}{2}$$

-ve
for a
Capacitor

$$\bar{P} = P_V + jP_L$$

$$j \frac{V_p^2}{2X_L}$$

Reactive power V.A

Real power, (~ work) W

$$\bar{V} = V_p \exp(j\phi), \quad \bar{I} = I_p \exp(j\theta)$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{V_p I_p}{2} \exp(j(\phi - \theta)) = \underbrace{\frac{V_p I_p}{2}}_{\text{real power}} [\cos(\phi - \theta) + j \sin(\phi - \theta)]$$

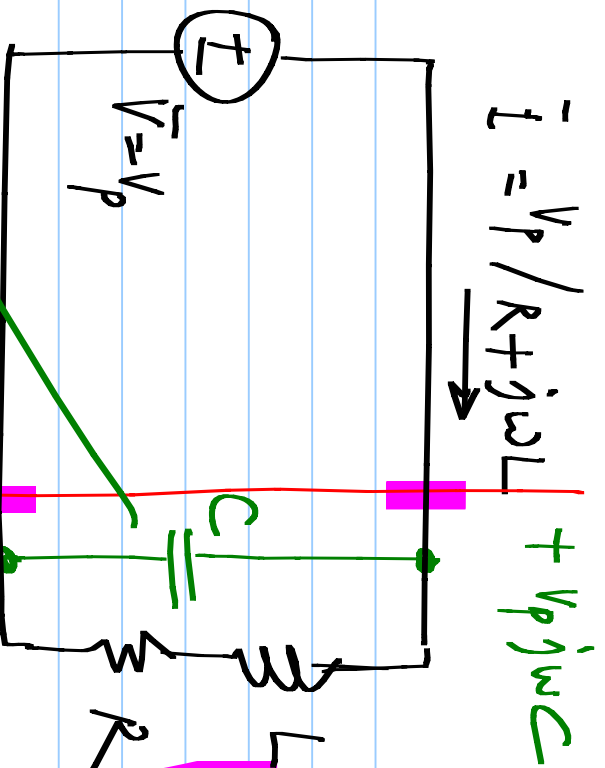
$$|\bar{P}| = \frac{V_p I_p}{2} \quad (\text{V.A.}, \text{ apparent power})$$

$$\text{Re}[\bar{P}] = \frac{V_p I_p}{2} \cos(\phi - \theta) \quad (W, \text{ real power})$$

$$\text{Im}[\bar{P}] = \frac{V_p I_p}{2} \sin(\phi - \theta) \quad (VA, \text{ reactive power})$$

$$\frac{\text{Real power}}{\text{Apparent power}} = \frac{\operatorname{Re}[\bar{P}]}{|P|} = \text{Power factor}$$

$$0 \leq \text{PF} \leq 1$$



$$\vec{V} \cdot \vec{I}^* = \frac{V_p^2}{2(R - j\omega L)}$$

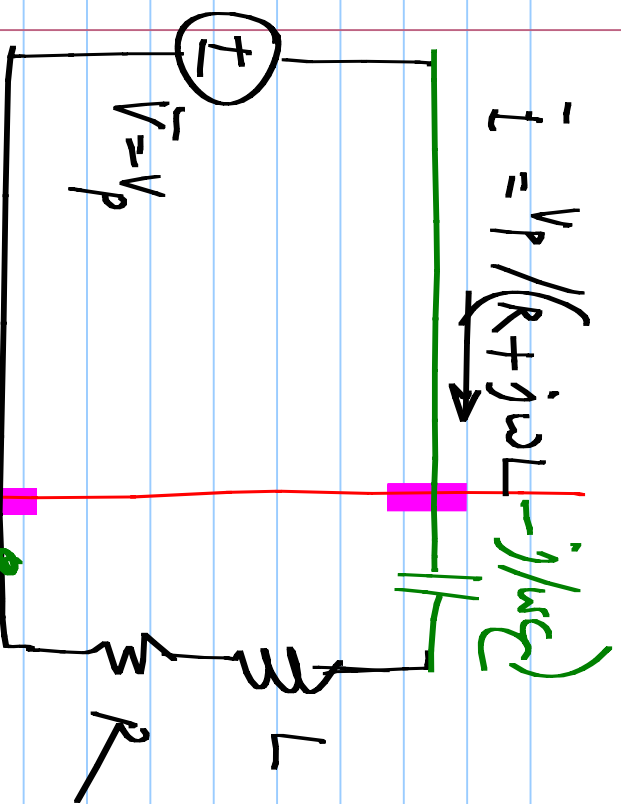
$$= \frac{V_p^2}{2} \left[\frac{R}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2} + \frac{j\omega L}{(R^2 + \omega^2 L^2)} \right]$$

Power factor correction capacitor

$$\vec{I} = V_p \left[\frac{R}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2} - \frac{j\omega L}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2} + j\omega C \right]$$

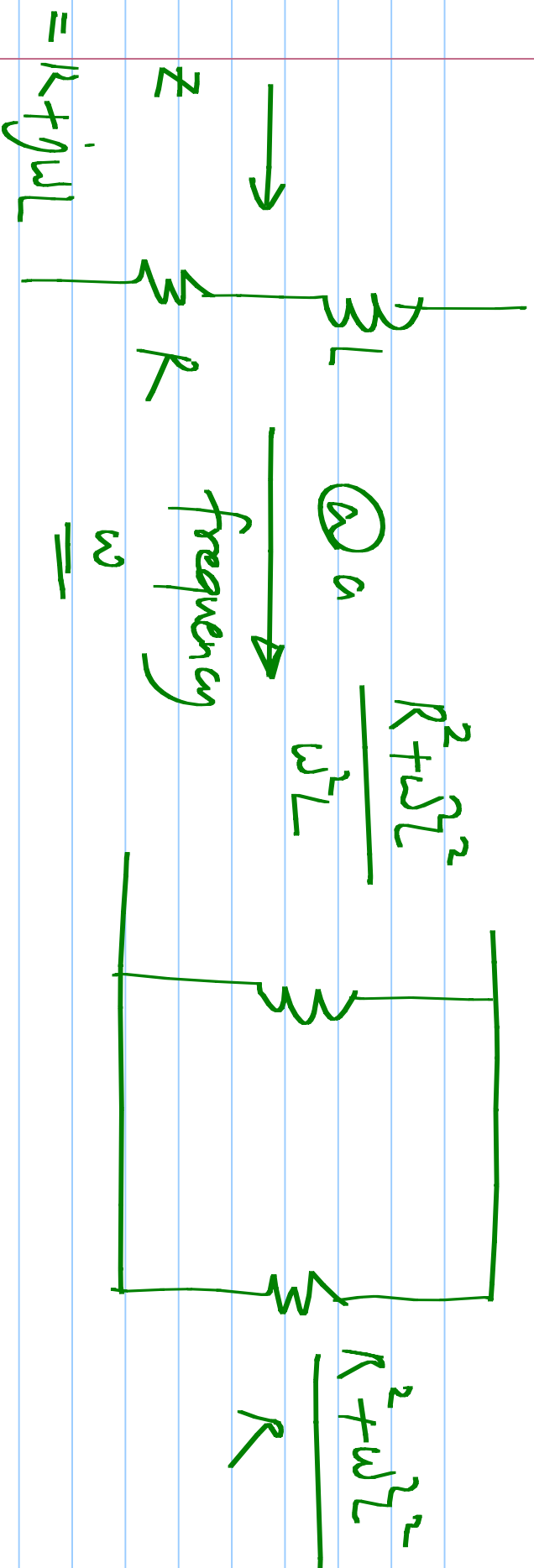
Parallel:

$$C = \frac{L}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2}$$



$$\underline{I} = \frac{V_p}{R + j\omega L - j/\omega C}$$

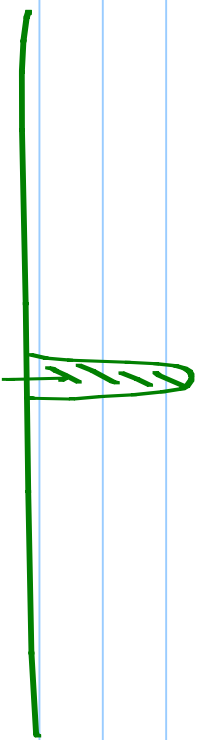
$$C = \frac{1}{\omega^2 L}$$



$$Y = \frac{1}{Z} = \frac{1}{R + j\omega L} = \frac{R}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2} - \underbrace{\frac{j\omega L}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2}}$$

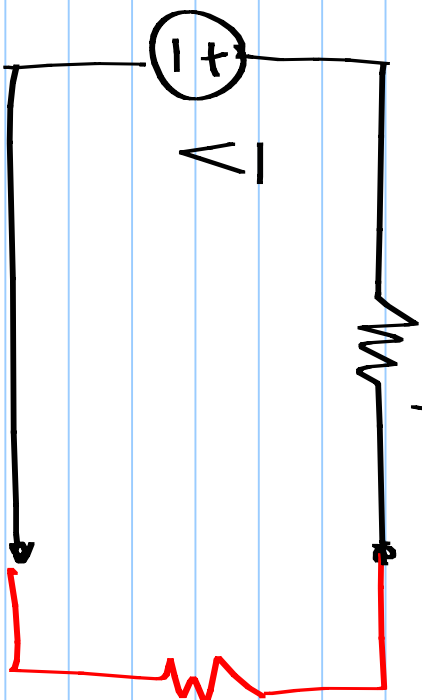
Radio freq.
circuits

1MHz



1800 MHz

$$Z_{th} = R_{th} + jX_{th}$$



$$Z_L = R_L + jX_L$$

$$\operatorname{Re} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot \bar{V} \cdot \frac{Z_L}{Z_L + Z_{th}} \cdot \frac{\bar{V}^*}{Z_L^* + Z_{th}^*} \right] = \frac{|\bar{V}|^2 \cdot \operatorname{Re}[Z_L]}{2 \cdot |Z_L + Z_{th}|^2}$$

adjust R_L, X_L
to maximize

$$P_L = \frac{|V|^2}{2R_{Th}} \cdot \frac{R_L R_{Th}}{(R_{Th} + R_L)^2 + (X_{Th} + X_L)^2}$$

$$= \frac{|V|^2}{2R_{Th}} \cdot \frac{1}{\underbrace{\left(\sqrt{\frac{R_{Th}^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{R_L^2}{R_{Th}}} \right)^2 + \frac{(X_{Th} + X_L)^2}{R_{Th} R_L}}_{P_{L, \max}}} = \frac{|V|^2/2}{4R_{Th}}$$

Available

$$R_L = R_{Th}$$

$$X_L = -X_{Th}$$

$$Z_L = Z_{Th}$$

Conjugate matching

Power