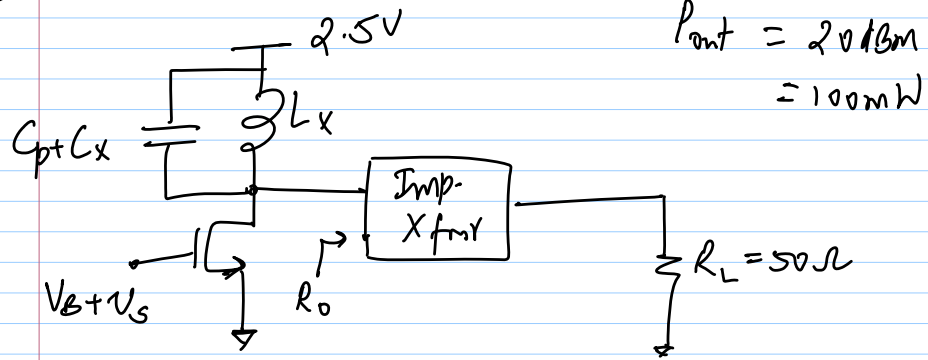


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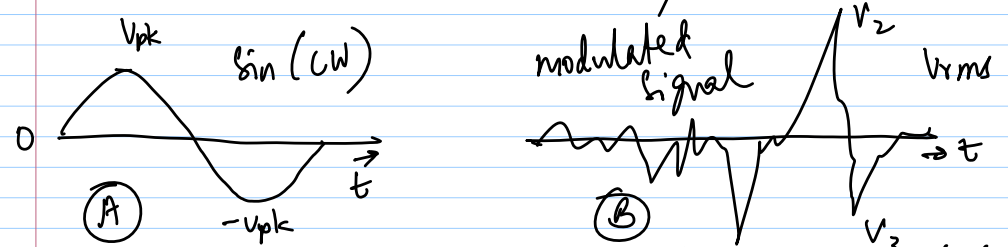
Lec 42



Assume  $V_{o,min} = V_{DSAT} + V_{margin}$

linearity: EVM, ACPR

\* Design for good  $1/f_2$  &  $1/f_3$   
 → correlate this w/ EVM & ACPR



\* PA should not clip @  $V_1, V_2, V_3$  etc.

(A) :  $P_{out} = \frac{V_{pk}^2}{2R_o}$  ;  $V_{pk} = V_{rms} + 3dB$

(B) :  $P_{out} = \frac{V_{rms}^2}{R_o}$  ;  $V_{pk} = V_{rms} + PAPR$

e.g. LTE signal PAPR ~ 10dB

\* At same  $V_{DD}$  etc., we can deliver only 1/10th the power we can deliver with CW.

\* Actual modulated power we can deliver = 10dBm

new spec  $P_{out} (mod.) = 10dBm$

$P_{out} (max) = 20dBm$  ,  $P_{out} (mod.) = 10dBm$

$V_{DD} = 2.5V$  ,  $R_L = 50\Omega$

\*  $R_o = ?$

$V_{DSAT} = 100mV = V_{margin}$

$V_{o,min.} = 200mV$

$V_o (ampl.) = 2.3V$

$100mW = \frac{(2.3)^2}{2R_o} \Rightarrow R_o \sim 25\Omega$

$I_{DC} = \frac{V_o (ampl.)}{R_o} \sim 100mA$

\* gain = ? (Voltage gain)

→ Mixer needs to deliver  $V_m(A)$

while meeting EVM & ACPR

e.g.  $V_{in PA} = 230\text{mV}$ , gain = 10  
(ok.)

$$* \text{ Efficiency } \eta = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{sup}} \times 100$$

$$\eta_{\text{class A}}^{\text{max}} =$$