

Lecture 34

Note Title

4/9/2008

→ branch: (s_1, s_2) of stage i

(γ) Branch metric
at stage i

$$p(s_1, s_2 | \gamma_i)$$

s_i (symbols)

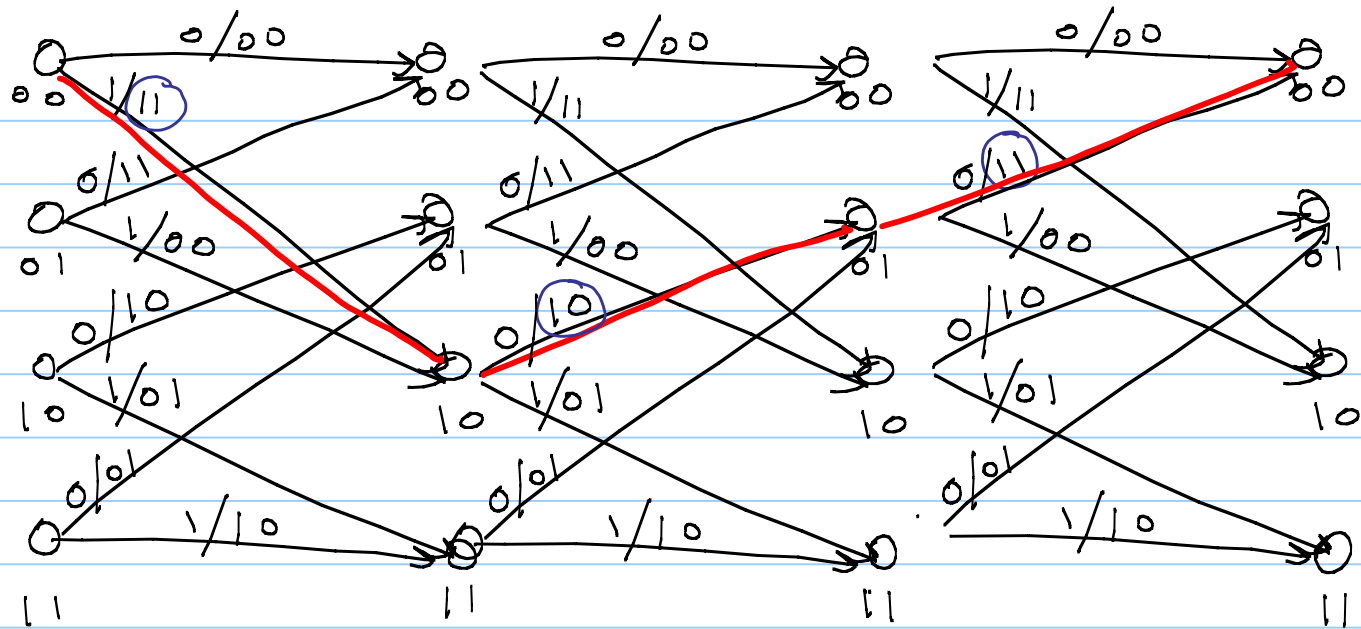
↓

u_i (input bit)

a priori probabilities are
used here.

Free distance & Error events:

$$G(D) = [1 + D + D^2 \quad 1 + D^2]$$



Error event: "most likely" erroneous paths

Free distance: wt. of "most likely" error event
 (d_{free})

$$d_{free} = 5 \quad (\text{in above trellis})$$

Moderately high SNRs: Errors will be in bursts

Ex: Catastrophic encoders

$$G(D) = \begin{bmatrix} (1+D)D & (1+D)(1+D) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u(D) = \frac{1}{1+D} \quad \text{wt}(u) = \infty$$

$$v(D) = \begin{bmatrix} D & 1+D \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{wt}(v) = 3$$

Trellises for block codes

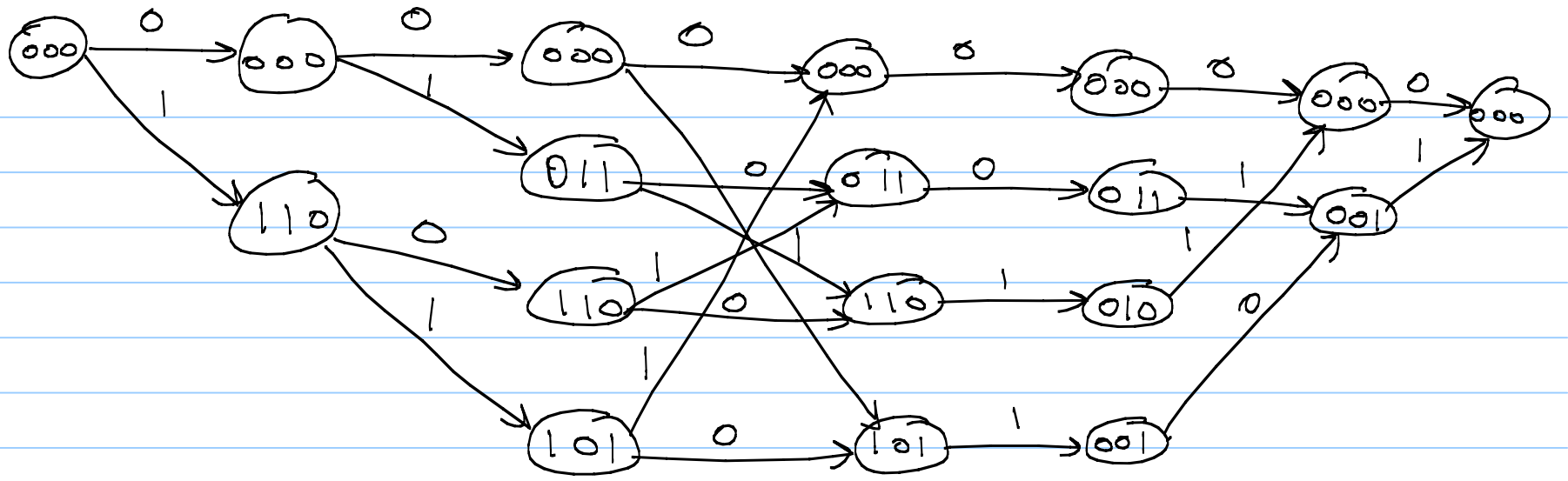
Ex: (6, 3, 3) code

$$H = \begin{matrix} & m_1 & m_2 & m_3 & k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$H \underline{c}^T = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} m_1 \\ m_2 \\ m_3 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

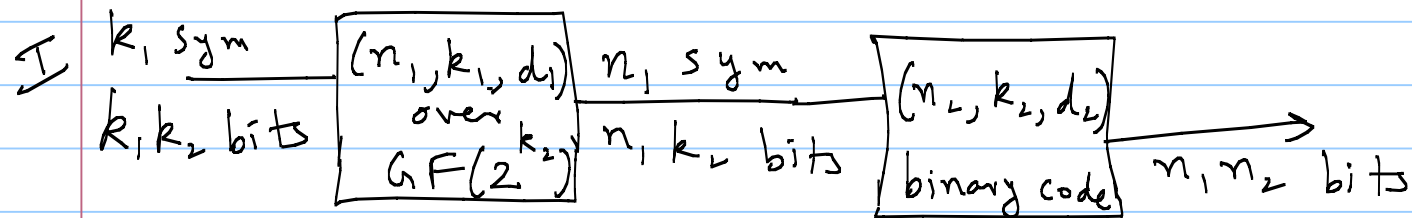
$$m_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + m_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + m_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + p_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + p_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + p_3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



Trellis for $(6, 3, 3)$ Code.

→ Changes with PC matrix H .

Concatenation:



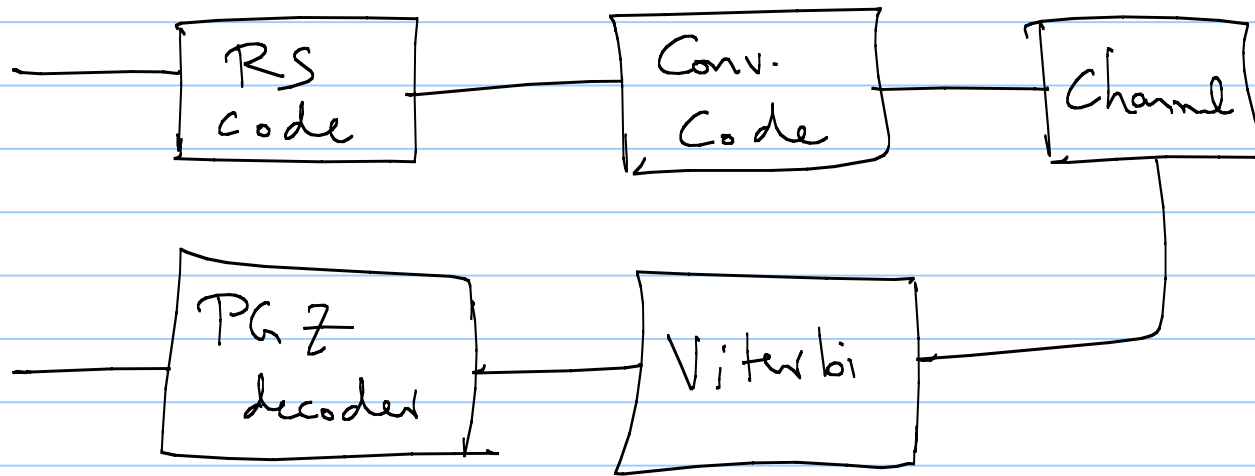
Overall: $(n_1 n_2, k_1 k_2)$ linear binary code.

$(n_1, n_2, k_1 k_2, \geq d_1 d_2)$ code

→ good codes are possible by above method.

→ decoding remains a problem.
(up to $\frac{d_1 d_2 - 1}{2}$)

II Reed-Solomon - Viterbi (RSV)

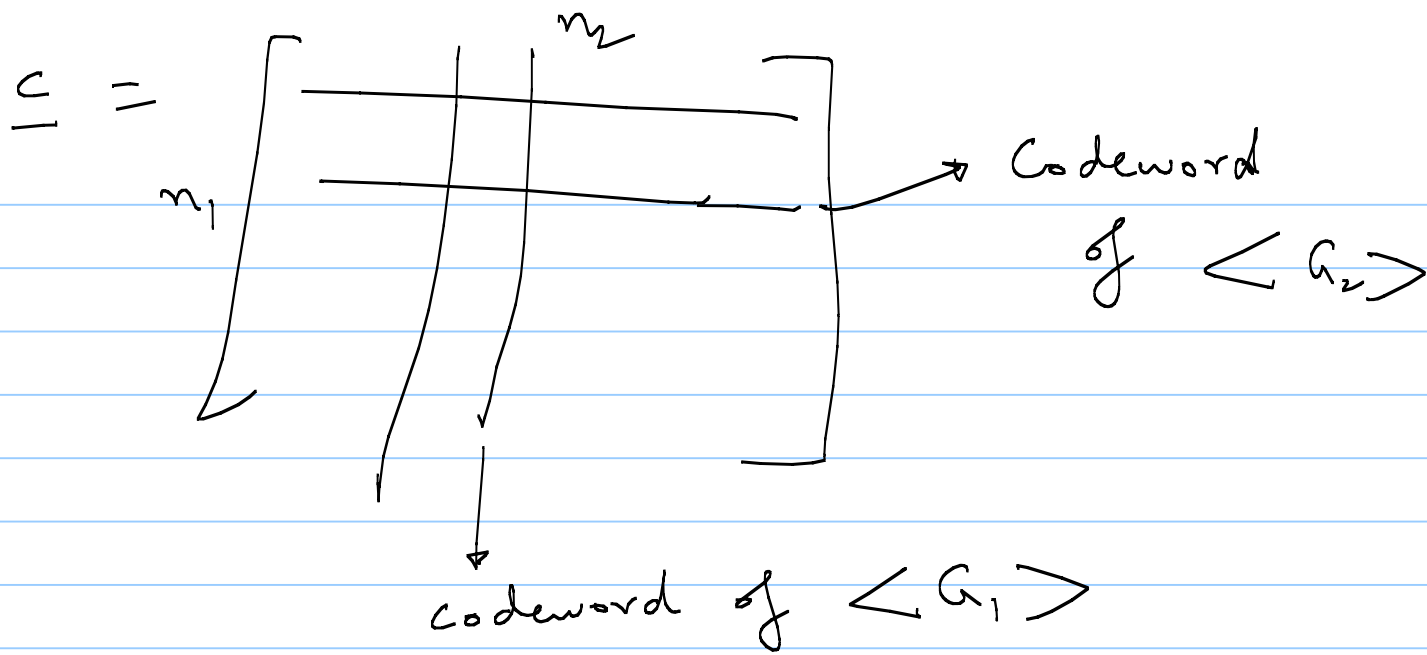


III Turbo Product Code

$d_1 \rightarrow G_1: k_1 \times n_1$ matrix
 $d_2 \rightarrow G_2: k_2 \times n_2$ matrix

\underline{m}
 $k_1 \times k_2$

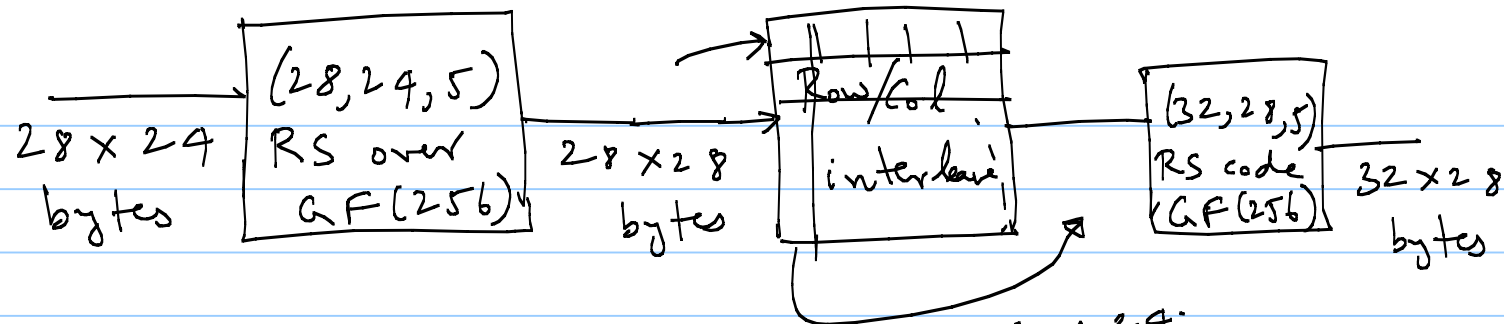
$\underline{c} = G_1^T \underline{m} G_2$
 $n_1 \times n_2$



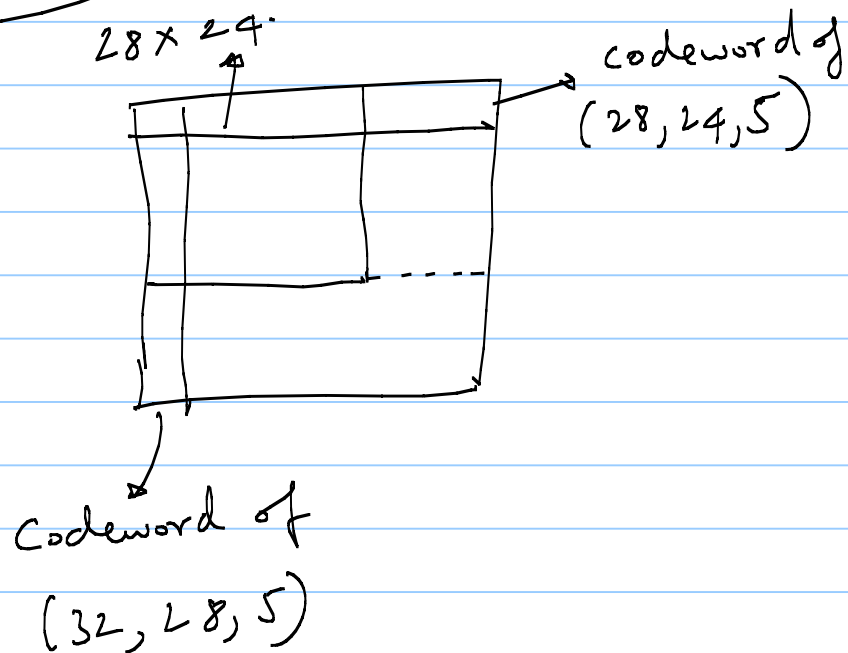
Overall code: $(n_1, n_2, k_1, k_2, \geq d_1, d_2)$

C_1 & C_2 : extended Hamming Codes
 $(64, 57, 4)$

TV



→ early CD standards



Coded Modulation:

