

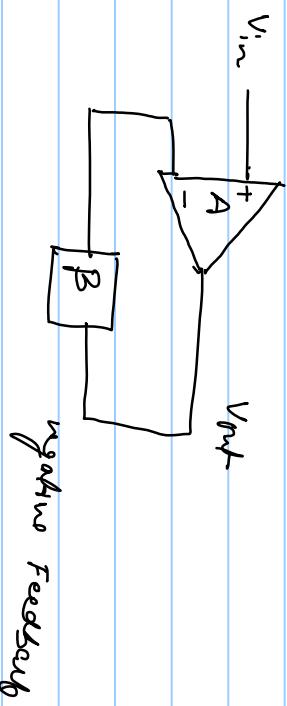
Pass Elements

pmos
nmos
pnp
npn

Cmos Process Technology

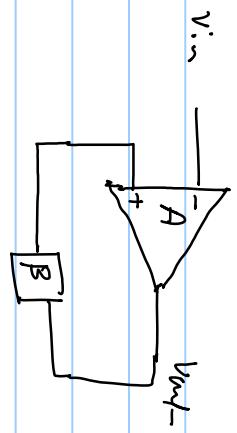
AC Analysis of LDO or Linear Regulator

Negative Feedback



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{A}{1 + AP_2}$$

$AP_2 \rightarrow$ Loop gain (open loop)



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{A}{1 - AB}$$

$AB = 1 \Rightarrow V_{out} \rightarrow \infty$ (unstable)



negative Feedback

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{A}{1 + AP}$$

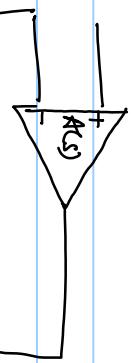
$AP \rightarrow LOP$ gain (open loop)

Two conditions for unstable system

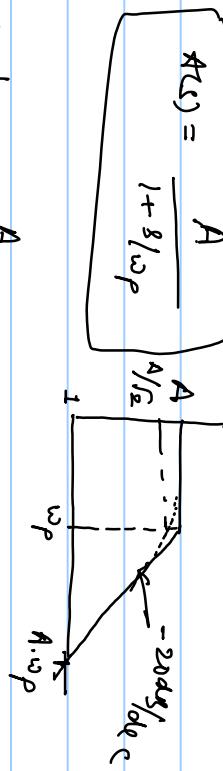
$$AP > 1$$

$$\angle AP = 180^\circ$$

Phase shift is introduced by combination of R & C



$|A(\omega)|$



$$|A(j\omega)| = \frac{A}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega}{\omega_p})^2}}$$

$\omega/\omega_p \gg 1$

$$|A(j\omega)| = A \cdot \frac{\omega_p}{\omega}$$

$$\omega = 10 \cdot \omega_p$$



V_{out}

$$\text{time constant } \tau = R_C = \frac{V_o}{\omega_p}$$

First order system is always stable as long as
pole in closed loop remains in L.H.P.

$$|\beta A w| = |L C|$$

βA

$L C$

180°

135°

90°

0

unstable

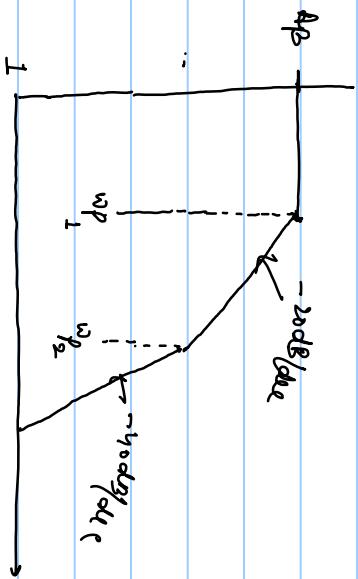
$$\text{Phase} = \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{\omega_p}$$

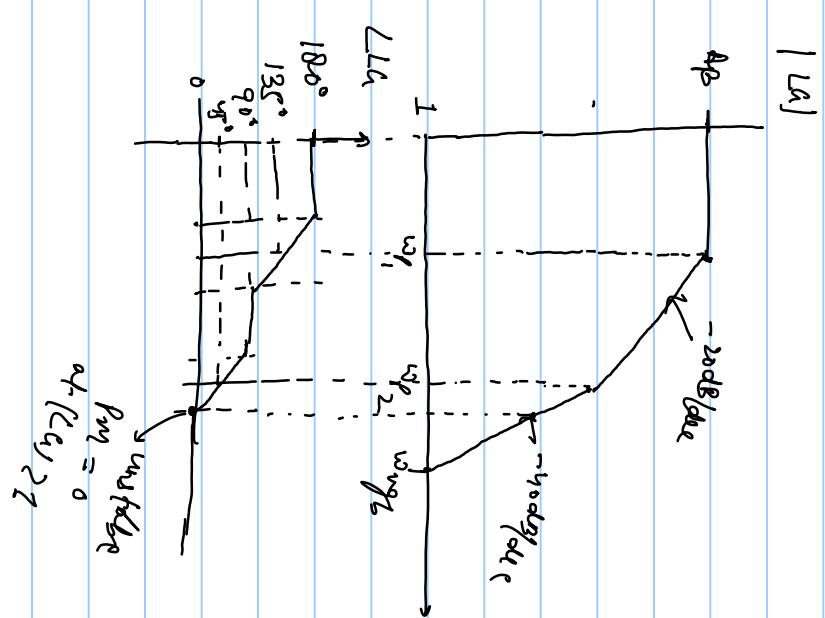
$$\text{Phase Margin} = 180^\circ - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega_{np}}{\omega_p}$$

$$\omega_{np} = \omega \text{ at } |L\omega| = 1$$

Second order system

$$A(\omega) = \frac{A}{(1 + \delta/\omega_p)(1 + \delta/\omega_n)}$$





$\rho_{AB} = 0$
 $\phi_{AB} = 0$

Assume

$$\omega p_2 = \omega_{\text{wing}}$$

$$p_m = 45^\circ$$

A stable system requires $p_m > 0^\circ$.

2nd pole should always be outside wings.