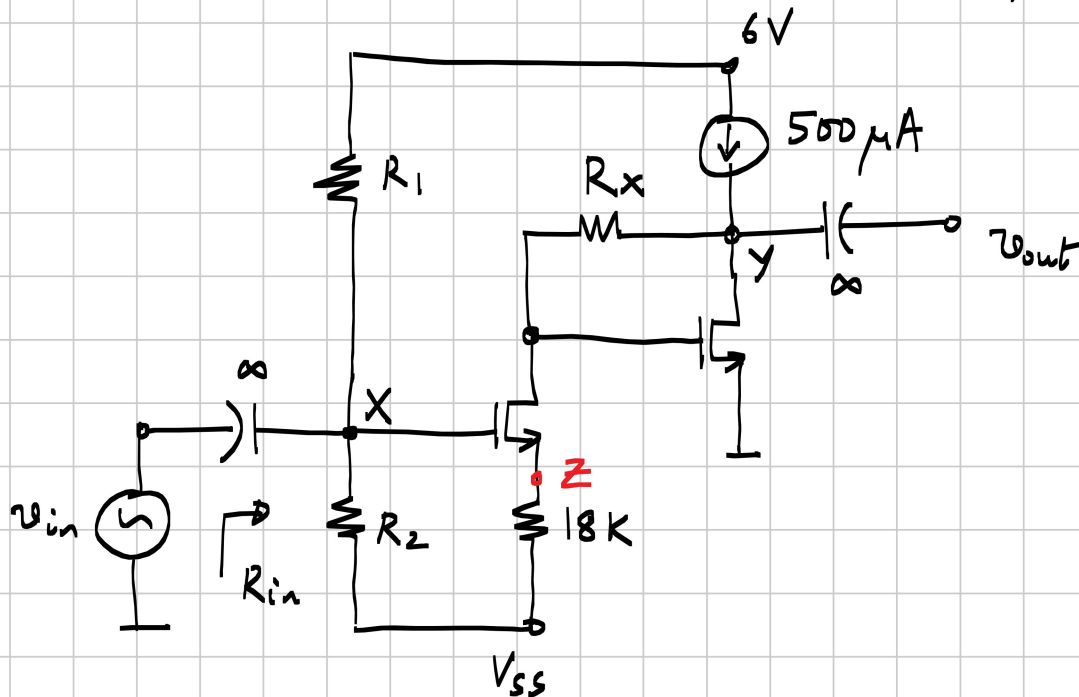


EE5310/EE3002: Analog Circuits

Tutorial 3

Problem 1

* For this problem, both transistors are identical, with $V_T = 0.5\text{ V}$, $\lambda = 0$, $\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A/V}^2$.



The quiescent currents through both transistors are equal. Determine R_x , V_{ss} , R_1 , & R_2 so that

- (a) v_{in} can be coupled without using C_1
- (b) $R_{in} = 1\text{ M}\Omega$
- (c) $\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = 2$, after accounting for finite g_m of the transistors

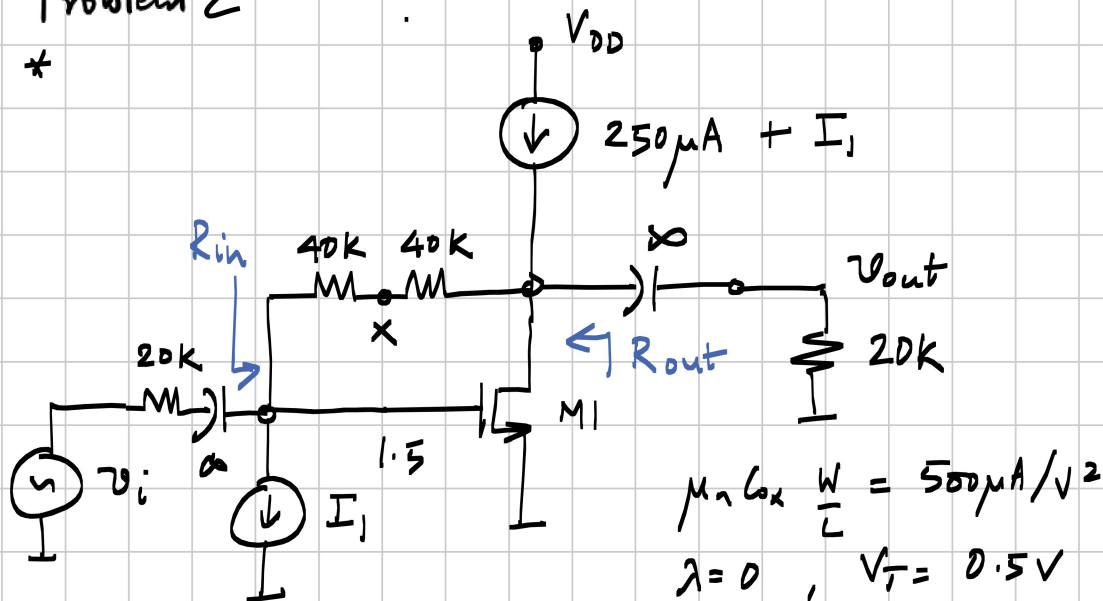
After determining the values above, find the quiescent voltage at node Y and the maximum sinusoidal amplitude one can use at the input so that

the output is not distorted.

Now, an infinite capacitor is connected from node Z to ground. What is $\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}}$ now?

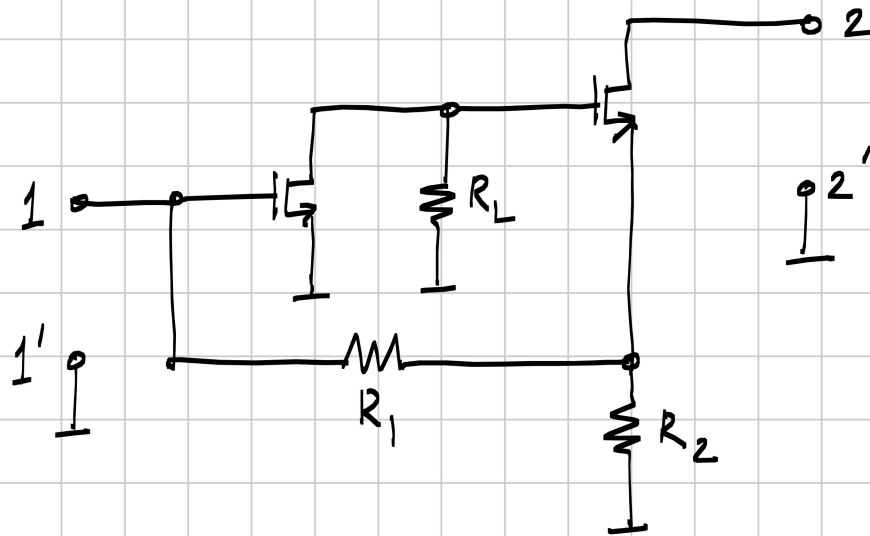
Problem 2

*



- Determine the quiescent current of M1.
- Assuming large g_m , what gain do you expect from v_{in} to v_{out} ? What is the actual gain?
- Determine the input & output impedances R_{in} & R_{out} .
- Determine I_1 so that the output sinusoid just clips at both extremes for an input amplitude of 1V. For this part, assume g_m is very large.
- An infinite capacitor is now connected between the node marked X and ground. Determine the incremental gain from v_i to v_{out} .

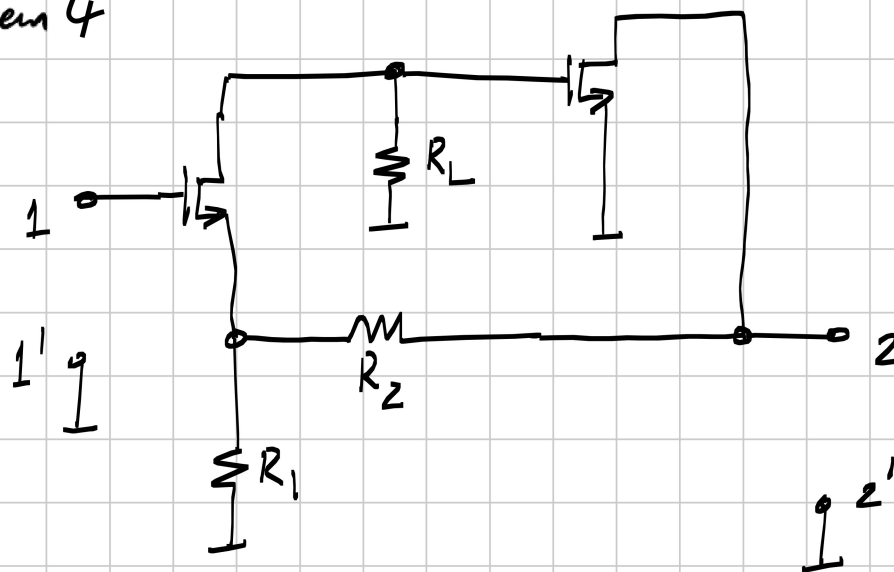
* Problem 3



The circuit above is the incremental equivalent of an amplifier. The transistors have transconductances denoted by g_m .

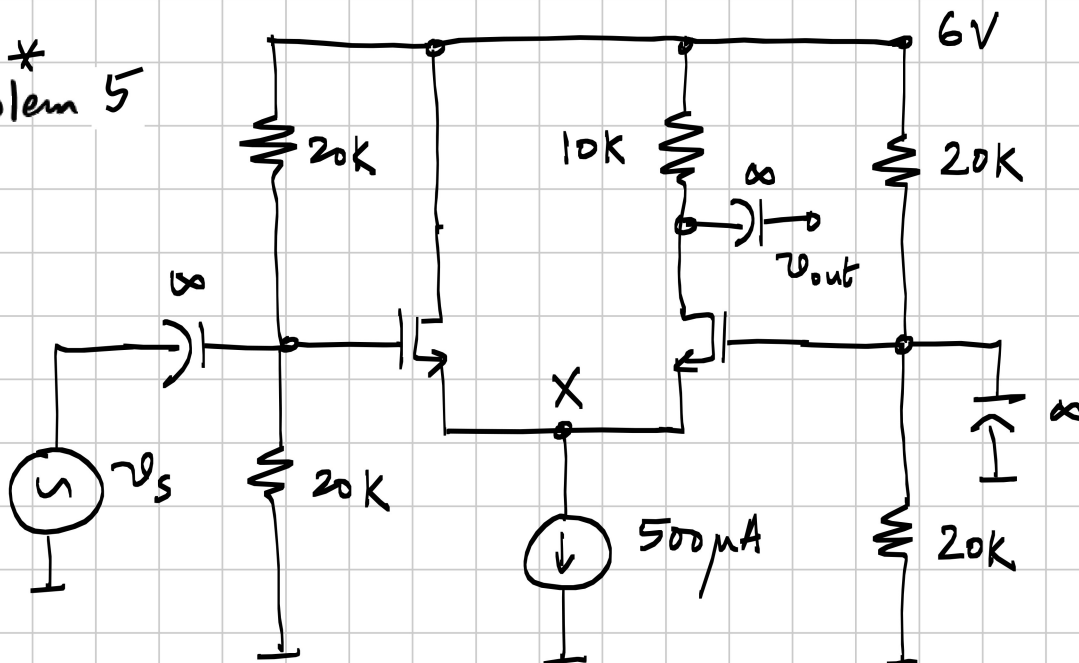
- (a) Determine the input impedance @ port 1 when port 2 is shorted.
- (b) Determine the output impedance @ port 2 when port 1 is shorted.
- (c) What kind of controlled source is this?
- (d) If $g_m \rightarrow \infty$, determine the transfer function of the above controlled source.

* Problem 4



Repeat the previous problem for the incremental circuit shown above.

* Problem 5



$$V_T = 0.5V \quad \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} = 500 \mu A/V^2$$

$$\lambda = 0$$

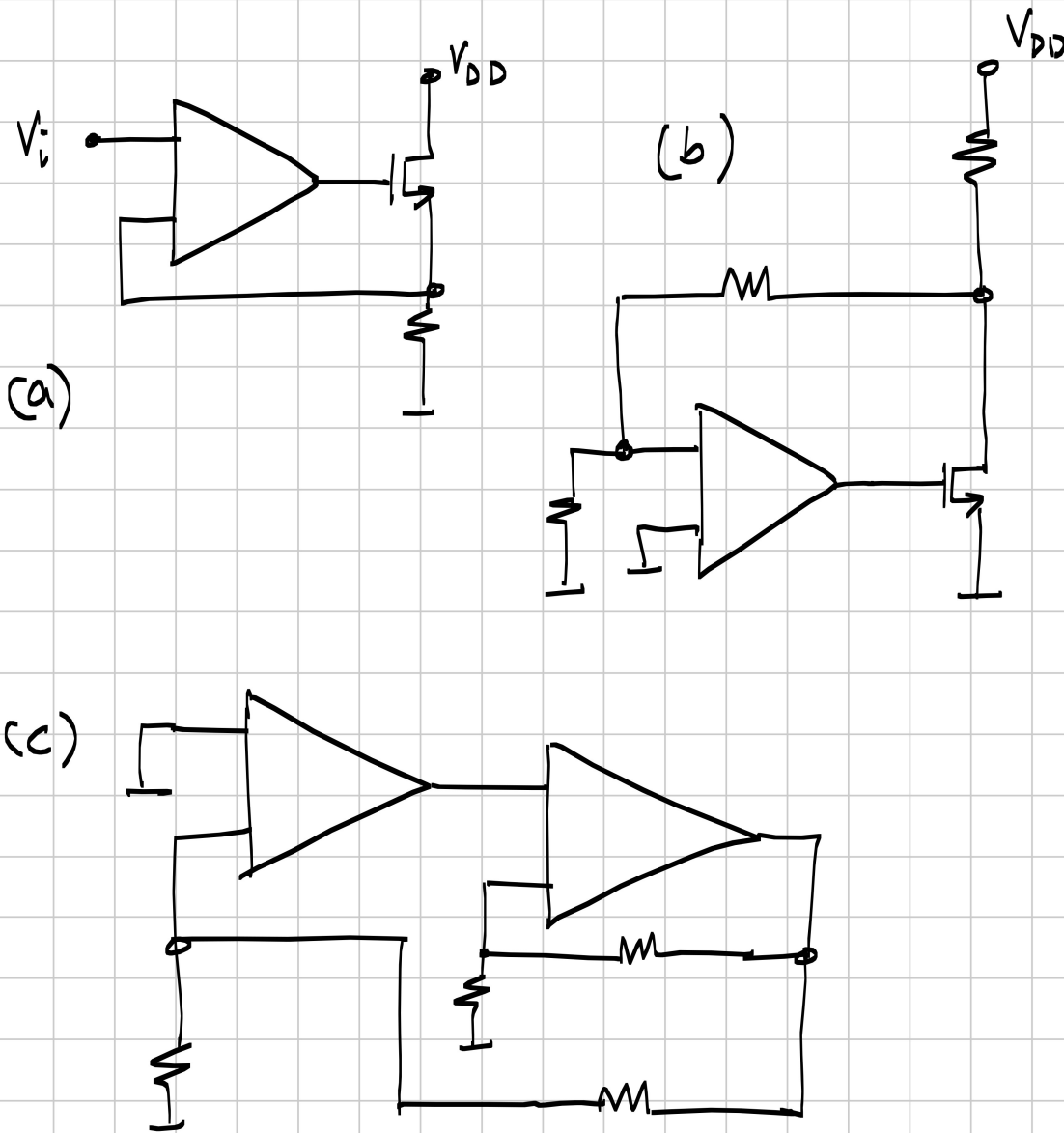
In the circuit above

(a) Find the operating point.

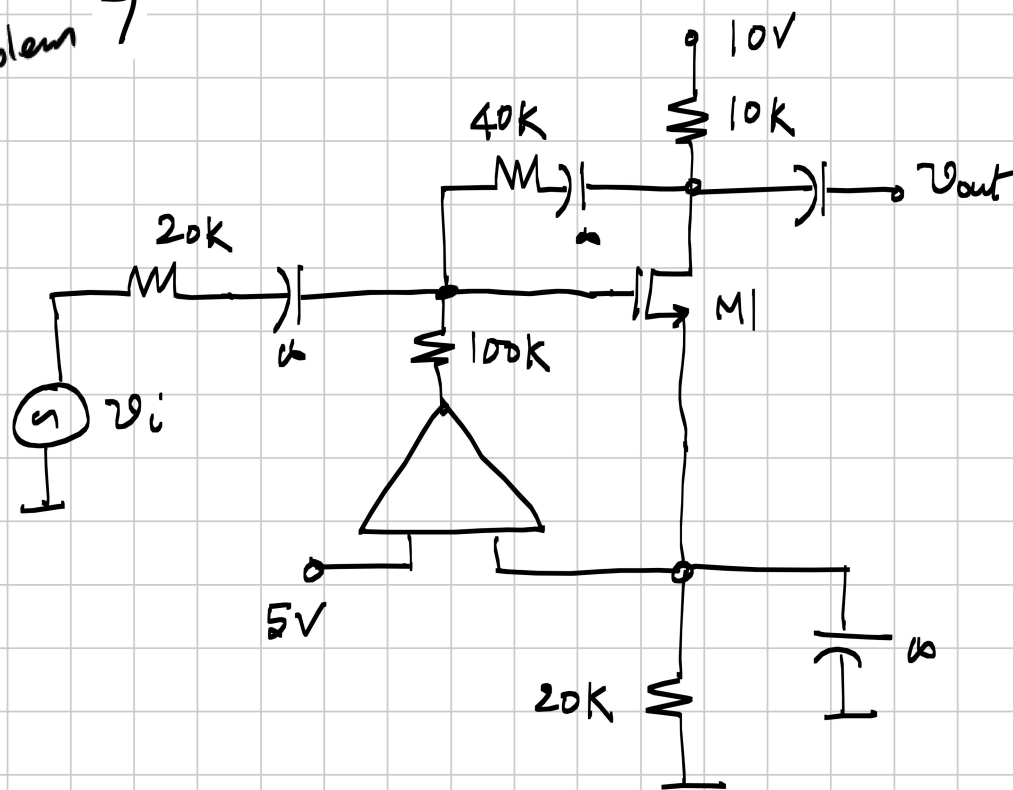
(b) The incremental gain v_{out}/v_{in} .

Prob 6 *

Determine the signs on the opamps for negative feedback operation.



* Problem 7



- (a) Determine the signs on the opamp for negative feedback operation
- (b) Determine the quiescent potential @ the gate of M_1 .
- (c) What is the incremental gain $\frac{v_{out}}{v_i}$?