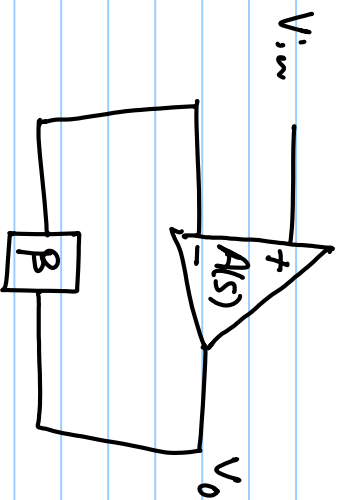


Stability of a 2nd order system:



$$A(s) = \frac{A_0}{(1+s/\omega_{p1})(1+s/\omega_{p2})}$$

$$L(s) = -\beta A(s) \rightarrow \text{open loop}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{V_o(s)}{V_{in}(s)} = \frac{A(s)}{1 + \beta A(s)} \rightarrow \text{closed loop}$$

Substituting $A(s)$

$$H(s) = \frac{\frac{A_0}{(1+s/\omega_{p1})(1+s/\omega_{p2})}}{1 + \beta \frac{A_0}{(1+s/\omega_{p1})(1+s/\omega_{p2})}}$$

$$= \frac{A_0}{A_0} = \frac{(1 + \delta/\omega_{p1})(1 + \delta/\omega_{p2}) + \beta A_0}{1 + \delta/\omega_{p1} + \delta/\omega_{p2} + \frac{\Delta^2}{\omega_{p1}\omega_{p2}} + \beta A_0}$$

$$= \frac{A_0}{A_0 \omega_{p1}\omega_{p2}} = \frac{\frac{\Delta^2}{\omega_{p1}\omega_{p2}} + \left(\frac{1}{\omega_{p1}} + \frac{1}{\omega_{p2}}\right) \delta + (1 + \beta A_0)}{\Delta^2 + (\omega_{p2} + \omega_{p1}) \delta + (1 + \beta A_0) \omega_{p1}\omega_{p2}}$$

$$1 + \beta A_0 \approx \beta A_0 \quad (\beta A_0 \gg 1)$$

$$= \frac{A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}{s^2 + (\omega_p^2 + \omega_p^2) s + \beta A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p} = \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\beta A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}{s^2 + (\omega_p^2 + \omega_p^2) s + \beta A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}$$

2nd order transfer function

$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}$$

$$2\zeta \omega_n = \omega_p + \omega_p \Rightarrow \zeta = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega_p + \omega_p}{\omega_n}$$

if $\beta = 1$

$$H(s) = \frac{A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}{s^2 + (\omega_p + \omega_p) s + A_0 \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p \omega_p}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega_{p1} + \omega_{p2}}{\sqrt{A_0 \omega_{p1} \omega_{p2}}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{(\omega_{p1} + \omega_{p2})^2}{A_0 \omega_{p1} \omega_{p2}}}$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_{p1}^2 + \omega_{p2}^2 + 2\omega_{p1}\omega_{p2}}{A_0 \omega_{p1} \omega_{p2}}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_{p1}}{A_0 \omega_{p2}} + \frac{\omega_{p2}}{A_0 \omega_{p1}} + \frac{2}{A_0}}$$

$$\frac{2}{A_0} \ll 1 \quad \frac{2}{A_0} \approx 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{A_0}} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_{p1}}{\omega_{p2}} + \frac{\omega_{p2}}{\omega_{p1}}} = \xi$$

if $\omega_{p1} = \omega_{p2}$

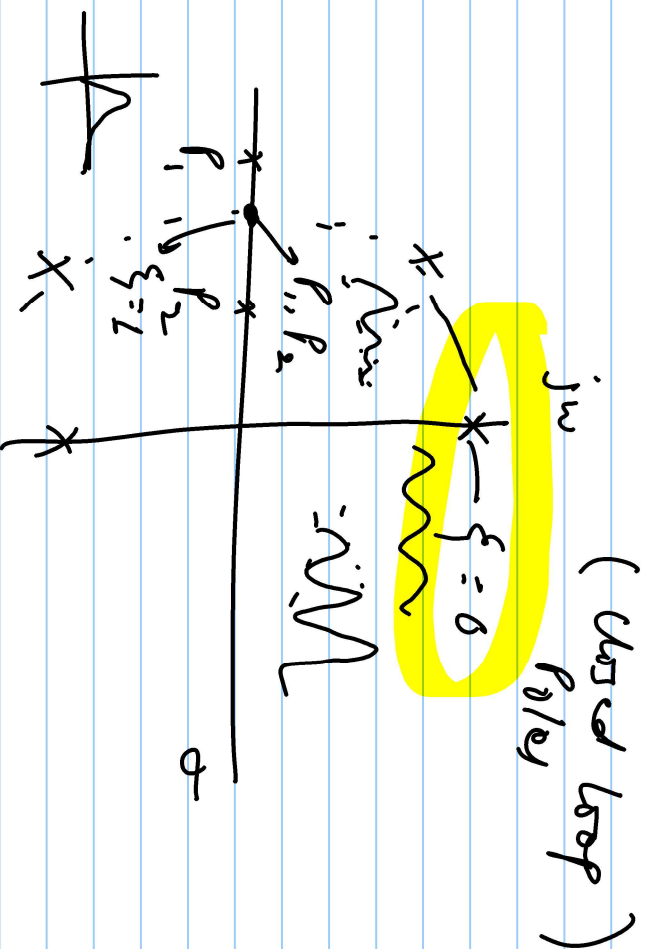
$$\zeta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} A_0}$$

$A_0 \gg 1$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{\omega_n^2 (s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2)}$$

$$s = \frac{-2\zeta\omega_n \pm \sqrt{4\zeta^2\omega_n^2 - 4\omega_n^2}}{2}$$

$$= -\zeta\omega_n \pm \omega_n \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}$$



$$P_1 = -\zeta \omega_n + \omega_n \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}$$

$$P_2 = -\zeta \omega_n - \omega_n \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \zeta = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad P_1 = +j\omega_n$$
$$P_2 = -j\omega_n$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \zeta = 1$$
$$P_1 = P_2 = -\omega_n$$

