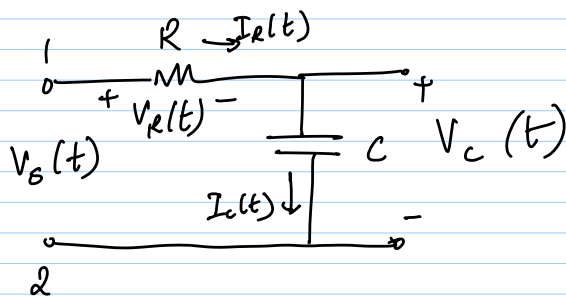


10/3/15

Lec 23

RC ckt



$V_S(t) = V_S$ constant
DC voltage
DC current

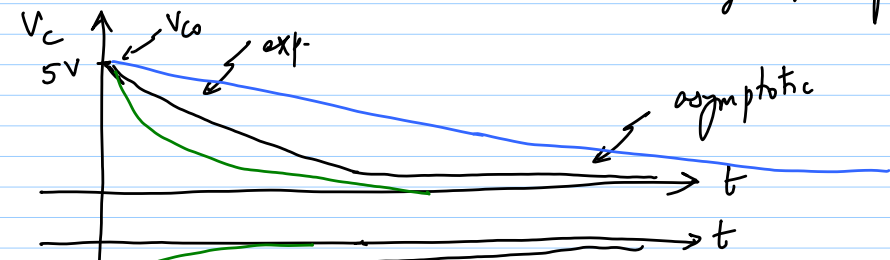
KVL $V_S(t) = V_R(t) + V_C(t)$

KCL $I_R(t) = I_C(t)$

$I_R(t) = \frac{V_R(t)}{R}$

$I_C(t) = C \frac{dV_C(t)}{dt}$

$V_C = V_{C0} \exp(-t/\tau)$; V_{C0} = initial voltage on cap



Initial slope = $\frac{dV_C}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}$
 $= \frac{I_C(0)}{C}$
 $= \frac{I_R(0)}{C} = -\frac{V_C(0)}{RC}$

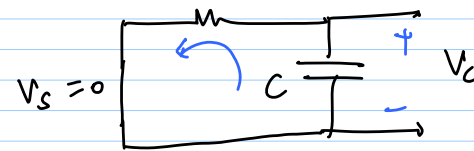
$RC =$ time constant (τ)

$RC \frac{dV_C}{dt} + V_C = V_S$

← 1st order LDE

$V_S = 0$ $RC \frac{dV_C}{dt} + V_C = 0$

← Homogeneous eqn



$\frac{dV_C}{dt} = -\frac{1}{RC} V_C$ ← Some kind of exp.

$RC \frac{dV_C}{dt} + V_C = V_S$ ← Constant

$\frac{dV_C}{dt} + \frac{V_C}{RC} = \frac{V_S}{RC}$

$\frac{dV_C}{dt} + \frac{V_C - V_S}{RC} = 0$

$V_{C1} = V_C - V_S$; $\frac{dV_{C1}}{dt} = \frac{dV_C}{dt}$

$$V_{C1} = V_{C10} \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$RC \frac{dV_{C1}}{dt} + V_{C1} = 0 \leftarrow$$

$$V_{C10} = V_{C0} - V_S$$

$$V_{C1}(t) = V_C(t) - V_S$$

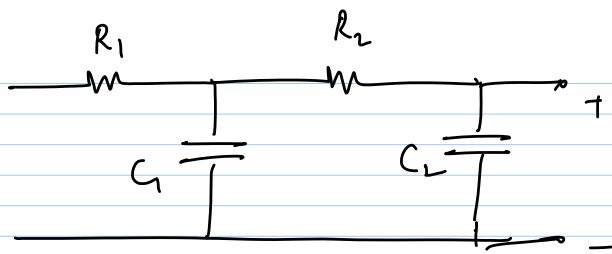
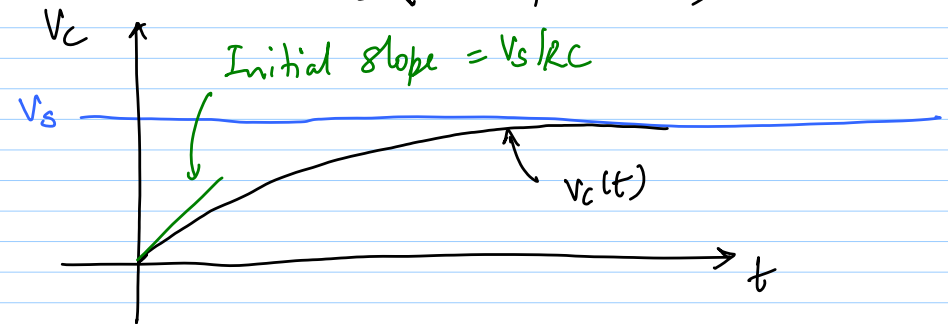
$$V_C(t) = V_S + (V_{C0} - V_S) \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$\underline{V_S = 0} \quad V_C(t) = V_{C0} \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$V_{C0} = V_C(0) = 0$$

$$V_C(t) = V_S - V_S \exp(-t/RC)$$

$$= V_S (1 - \exp(-t/RC))$$



$$V_C(t) = \underbrace{V_S}_{\text{steady state response}} + \underbrace{(V_C(0) - V_S) \exp(-t/RC)}_{\text{transient response}}$$

steady state response + transient response

Forced response + natural response

particular solution + solution to homogeneous equation

$$= \underbrace{V_S (1 - \exp(-t/RC))}_{\text{zero-state response}} + \underbrace{V_C(0) \exp(-t/RC)}_{\text{zero-input response}}$$