

Reed-Muller Codes (RM)

Note Title

So far:

→ t -error-correcting code with length n .

- RS code

- BCH code

RM(r, m) _{m}

$$n = 2^m$$

$$m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

r^{th} order RM code

- Construction through G

$$0 \leq r \leq m$$

Dimension: $k(r, m) = 1 + \binom{m}{1} + \dots + \binom{m}{r}$

$$d_{\min} = 2^{m-r}$$

Boolean functions
in m variables $\leftrightarrow \{0,1\}^{2^m}$

$$f(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m) = \sum (v_{i_1} v_{i_2} \dots v_{i_k})$$

$$\bar{v} = 1 + v$$

↓
XOR

$n=3$

v_3	v_2	v_1	$f(v_1, v_2, v_3)$
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

$f(v_1, v_2, v_3) =$ can be replaced by XOR

$\overline{v_3} v_2 v_1$

$v_3 v_2 v_1$

OR
=

Boolean function

$\left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array} \right]$

$\left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right]$

$$\bar{v}_3 = \underbrace{1}_{\text{all-1s vector}} + v_3 \text{ \& proceed.}$$

\downarrow
XOR

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(v_1, v_2, v_3) &= v_1 v_2 + v_1 v_2 v_3 + \\
 &\quad v_1 v_2 v_3 + v_3 v_2 \\
 &= v_1 v_2 + v_2 v_3 \\
 &\quad \uparrow \\
 &\quad \text{XOR}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m) = a_0 \underline{1} + a_1 v_1 + a_2 v_2 + \dots + a_m v_m +$$

$$a_{m+1} v_1 v_2 + \dots + a_{2^m-1} v_{m-1} v_m$$

$\in \{0, 1\}^{2^m}$

→ polynomials

Basis:
for $\{0, 1\}^{2^m}$

$$\underline{1}, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m, v_1 v_2, \dots, v_{m-1} v_m, \dots, v_1 v_2 \dots v_m \rightarrow wt = 2^{m-1}$$

$$v_1 v_2 \dots v_m \rightarrow wt = 2^{m-2}$$

$$v_1 v_2 \dots v_m \rightarrow wt = 1$$

$m=3$

	1	v_3	v_2	v_1	$v_1 v_2$	$v_2 v_3$	$v_1 v_3$	$v_1 v_2 v_3$
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

$RM(r, m)$: generated by

1 , $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m, v_1 v_2, \dots, v_{m-1} v_m, \dots$

$(v_1 v_2 \dots v_r), \dots, (v_{m-r+1} v_{m-r+2} \dots v_m)$

$$RM(r, m) = \left\{ \underline{f(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m)} : \underline{\deg} \leq r \right\}$$

$\deg = \max$ degree
over all
terms

$$\deg(v_{i_1} v_{i_2} \dots v_{i_l}) = l$$

Codeword of $RM(r, m)$: $\frac{f(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m)}{\deg \leq r}$

$m=3$

1	v_3	v_2	v_1	$v_1 v_2$	$v_2 v_3$	$v_1 v_3$	$v_1 v_2 v_3$
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

$r=0$: $(8, 1)$ repetition code, $d=8$

$r=1$: $(8, 4)$?, $d=4$

$r=2$: $(8, 7)$ even-weight code, $d=2$

$r=3$: $(8, 8)$ identity

$RM(0, m)$: repetition code. $(2^m, 1)$

$RM(m-1, m)$: even-weight code $(2^m, 2^m - 1)$