

Lecture 13

Note Title

8/19/2008

M-PAM:

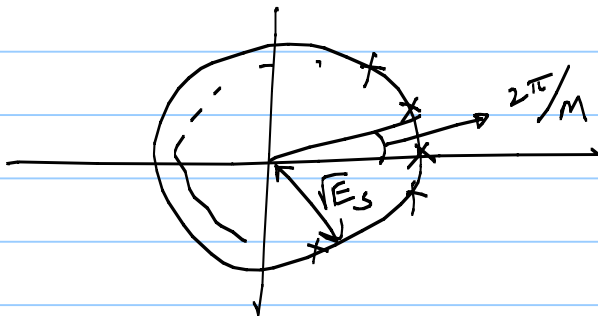
$$\Pr\{\text{Error}\} \approx 2 Q\left(\frac{d/2}{\sqrt{N_0/2}}\right) = 2 Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{3 \text{ SNR}}{M^2 - 1}}\right)$$

M^2 -QAM:

$$\Pr\{\text{Error}\} \approx 4 Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{3 (\text{SNR})}{2(M^2 - 1)}}\right)$$

M-PSK:

$$\Pr\{\text{Error}\} \approx 2 Q\left(\sqrt{\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{M} (\text{SNR})}\right)$$



$$E_N = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

M²-PSK versus M²-QAM

$$P_E (M^2\text{-QAM}) = \cancel{X} Q \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2(M^2-1)} (SNR)} \right)$$

$$P_E (M^2\text{-PSK}) = \cancel{X} Q \left(\sqrt{\sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{M^2} \right) (SNR)} \right)$$

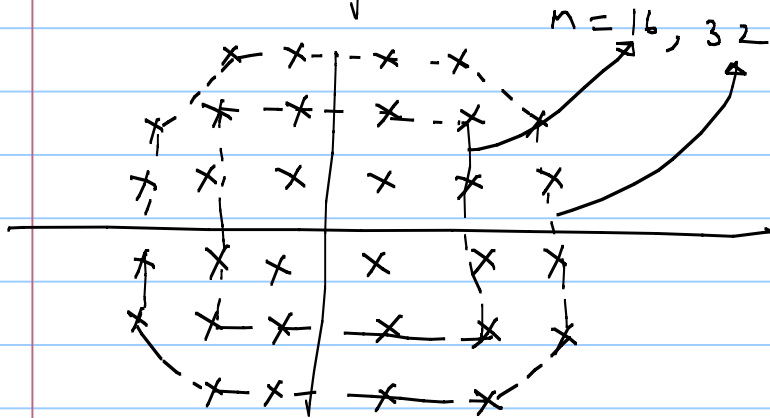
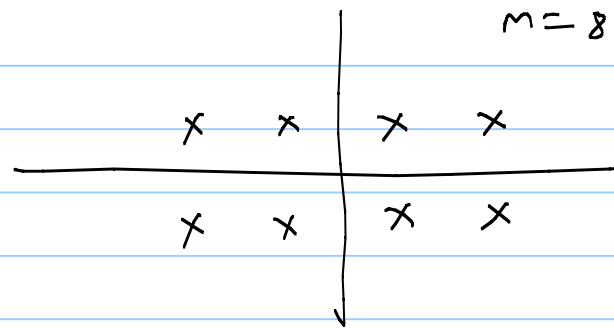
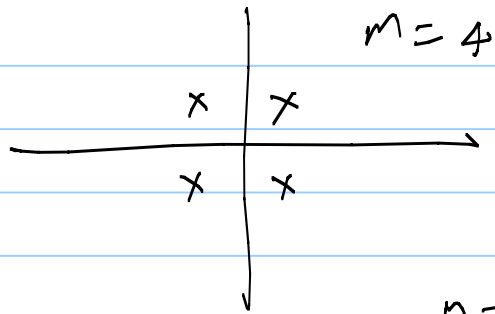
Suppose $P_E (M^2\text{-QAM}) = P_E (M^2\text{-PSK})$
at SNR_Q at SNR_P

$$\frac{3}{2(M^2-1)} SNR_Q = \sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{M^2} \right) (SNR_P)$$

$$\frac{SNR_P}{SNR_Q} \approx \frac{3M^2}{2\pi^2}$$

$$M = \begin{matrix} 2 & , & 4 & , & 8 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 0 \text{ dB} & & 4.2 \text{ dB} & & 10 \text{ dB} \end{matrix}$$

M-QAM (M: power of 2)



Other signaling schemes:

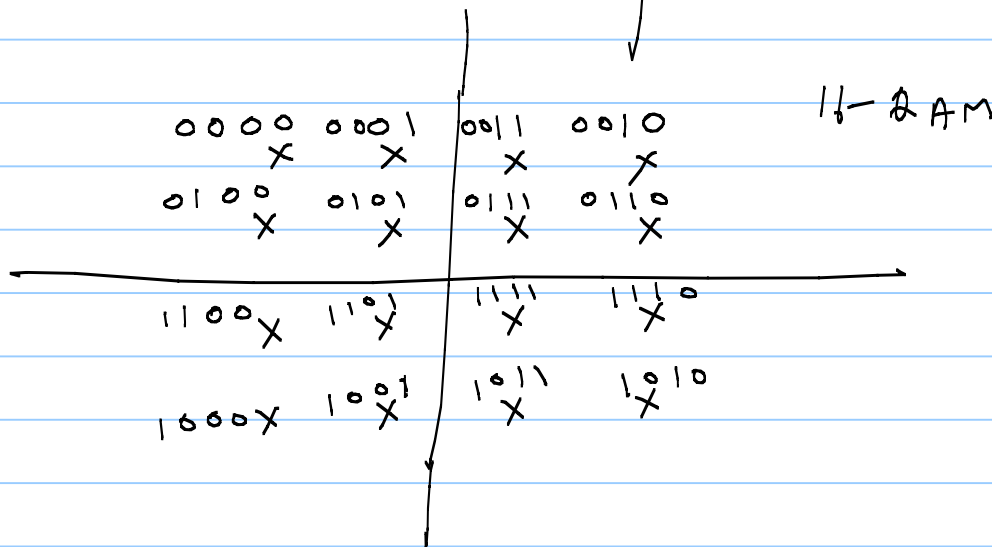
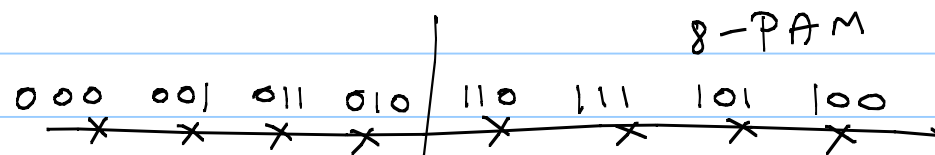
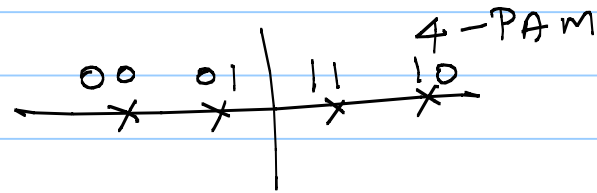
MSK, offset QPSK

(1) Continuous phase modulation (CPM)

(2) FSK → CPMFSK

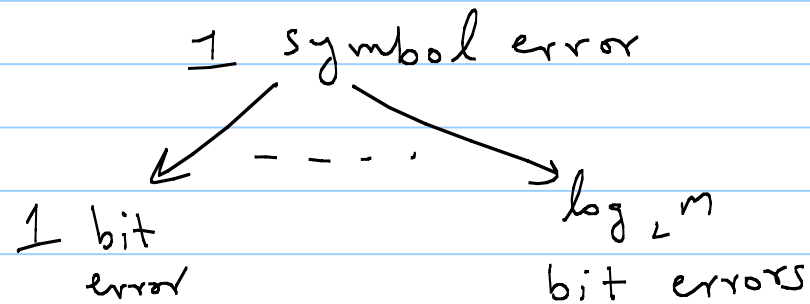
Labeling points with bits:

Gray coding: adjacent points differ in 1 bit



Symbol errors versus bit errors

M-QAM



N symbols \longrightarrow N_s symbol errors

N log₂ M bits \longrightarrow N_s bit errors

N_s log₂ M bit errors

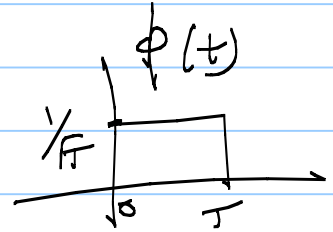
$$\text{Symbol error rate} = \frac{N_s}{N}$$

$$\frac{N_s}{N \log_2 M} \leq \text{Bit error rate} \leq \frac{N_s}{N}$$

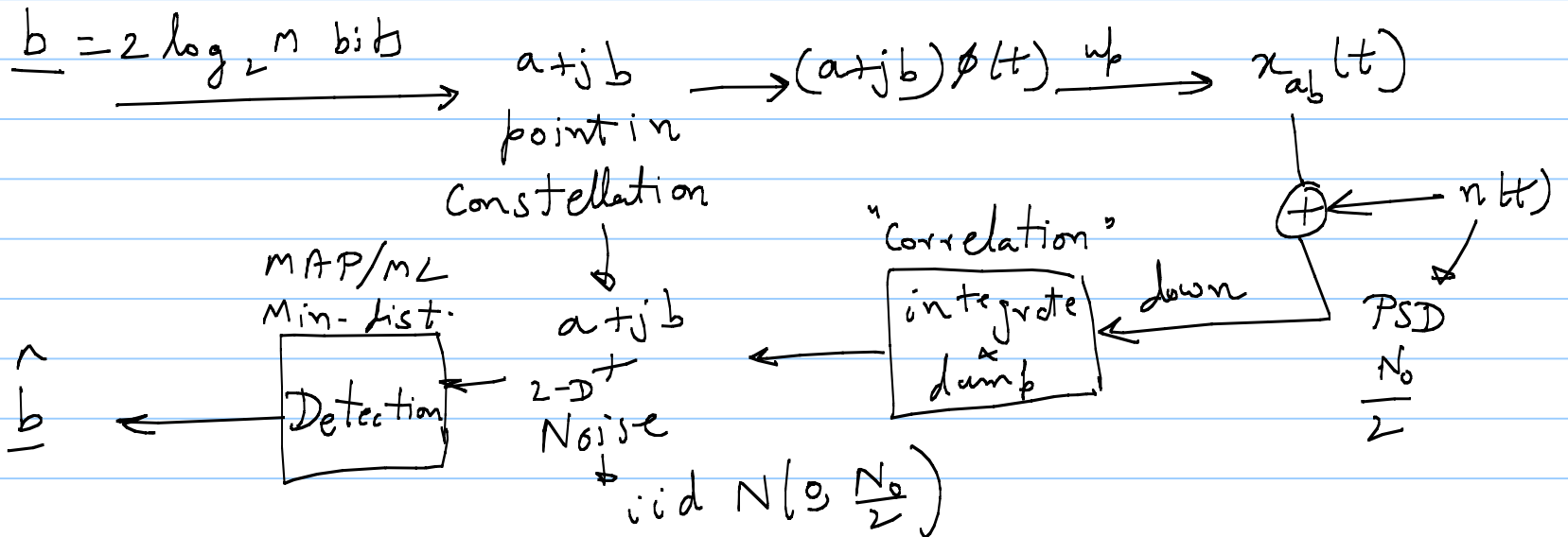
Summary: Ideal, large BW, AWGN channel

→ real passband ↔ complex baseband

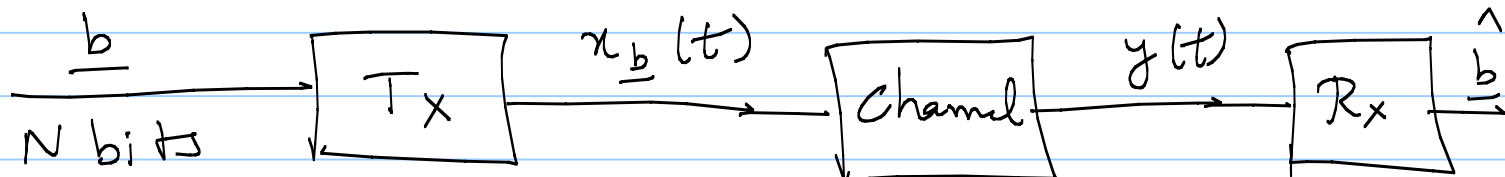
→ $BW \gg \frac{1}{T}$: signaling is simple



Complex-baseband QAM

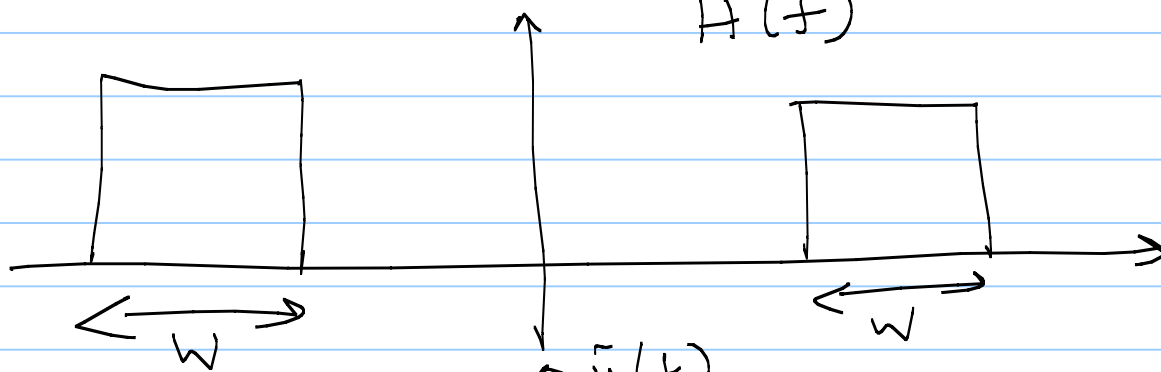


I deal, Band-limited, AWGN

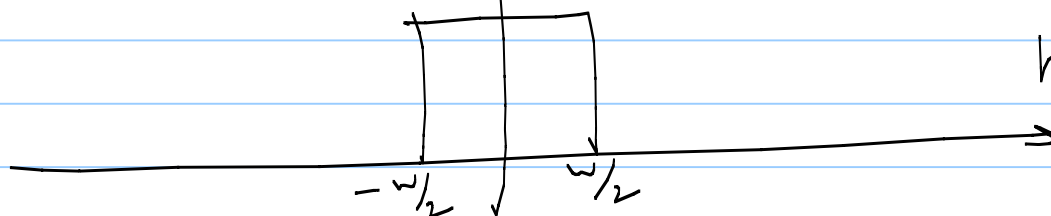


$h(t)$: impulse response

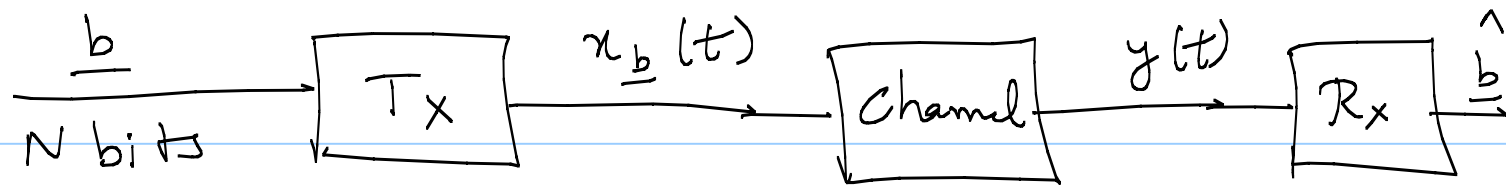
\updownarrow
 $H(f)$



$\bar{H}(f)$



$\frac{w \log 2}{h(t)}$: baseband real



$h(t)$: impulse response
 \downarrow
 baseband, real

$\rightarrow x_{\underline{b}}(t)$: time-limited & band-limited
 $[0, T_N]$ $[-\omega/2, \omega/2]$

\rightarrow Continuous operation?