

# Lecture 10

Note Title

8/13/2008

Errata:  $M^2$ -QAM

$$E[|X|^2] = \frac{2(M^2-1)}{3}$$

$$a + jb \longleftrightarrow x_{ab}(t) = a\sqrt{\frac{2}{T}} \cos 2\pi f_0 t + b\sqrt{\frac{2}{T}} \sin 2\pi f_0 t$$

"real, passband"

$$0 \leq t \leq T$$

2-D signal space over  $\mathbb{R}$

Basis:  $\cos 2\pi f_0 t, \sin 2\pi f_0 t$

$$0 \leq t \leq T$$

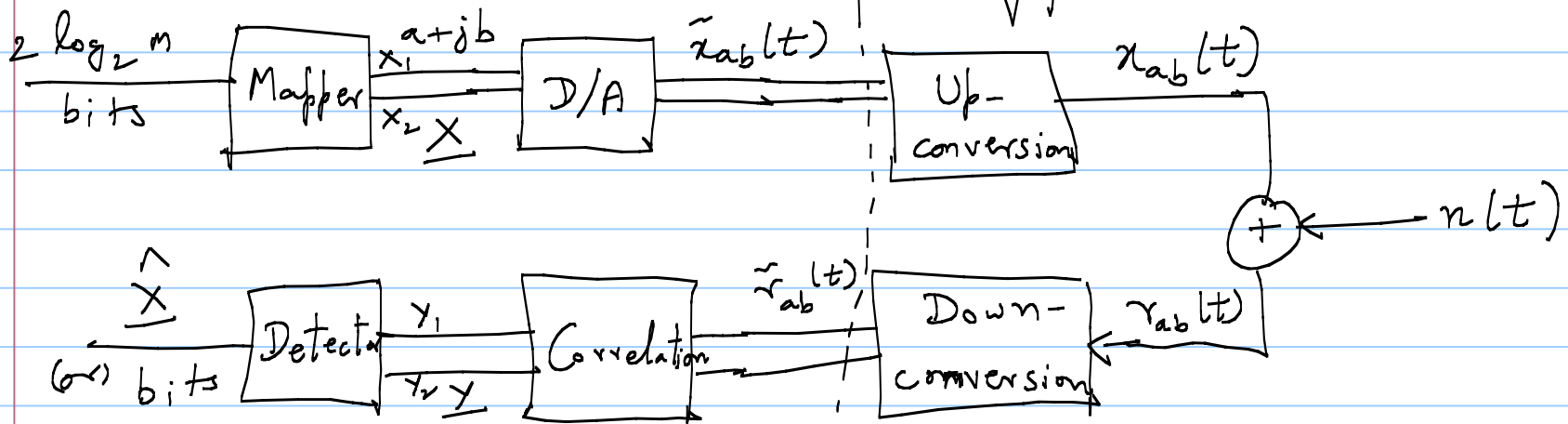
$x_{ab}(t)$  (real, passband)

Down-conversion

$$\tilde{x}_{ab}(t) = (a - jb) \sqrt{\frac{1}{T}}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq T$$

1-D signal space over  $\mathcal{C}$

Basis:  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{T}}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq T.$



# Detection:

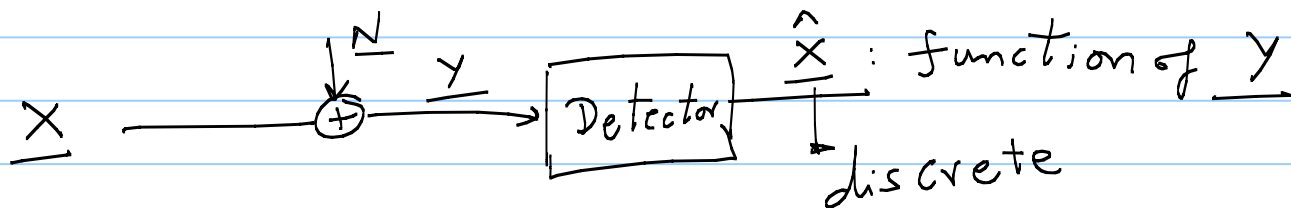
Model:  $\underline{y} = \underline{x} + \underline{N}$  (m-Dimensional)

$f_{\underline{x}}(\underline{x})$  : given (discrete)

independent ↙  
 $\underline{x} \in \mathcal{X}$  (signal constellation)

$f_{\underline{N}}(\underline{n})$  : given m-D pdf (continuous)

Problem: Given  $\underline{y} = \underline{y}$ , what is the "optimal" choice for  $\underline{x}$ ?



Prob. of correct  
decision

$$P(C) = P_r(\hat{X} = X)$$

$$P(C) = \int_{\underline{y}} P_r(\hat{X} = X | Y = \underline{y}) f_{\underline{y}}(\underline{y}) d\underline{y}$$

$$\text{Max } P(C) \Leftrightarrow \text{Max } P_r(\hat{X} = X | Y = \underline{y})$$

↙ for each  $\underline{y}$ .

For each  $\underline{y}$ , we pick  $\hat{x}$  s.t.

$P_r(\hat{X} = X | Y = \underline{y})$  is maximized.

"MAP"

$$\hat{X} = \arg \max_{x \in X} P_r(x = X | Y = \underline{y})$$

$$Pr(\underline{x} = \underline{x} | \underline{y} = \underline{y}) = \frac{f_{\underline{y}|\underline{x}}(\underline{y}|\underline{x}) \cdot Pr(\underline{x} = \underline{x})}{f_{\underline{y}}(\underline{y})}$$

"MAP"  
 Maximum a posteriori  $\Leftrightarrow \text{Max}_{\underline{x} \in \mathcal{X}} \underbrace{Pr(\underline{x} = \underline{x})}_{\text{Uniform}} f_{\underline{y}|\underline{x}}(\underline{y}|\underline{x})$

"ML"  
 Maximum Likelihood  $\hat{\underline{x}} = \arg \max_{\underline{x} \in \mathcal{X}} f_{\underline{y}|\underline{x}}(\underline{y}|\underline{x})$

AWGN

$$\underline{y} = \underline{x} + \underline{N}$$

$$f_{\underline{y}|\underline{x}}(\underline{y}|\underline{x}) = f_{\underline{N}}(\underline{y} - \underline{x})$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt{\pi N_0})^m} e^{-\frac{\|\underline{y} - \underline{x}\|^2}{N_0}}$$

$$ML \iff \hat{\underline{x}} = \arg \min_{\underline{x} \in \mathcal{X}} \|\underline{y} - \underline{x}\|^2$$

Example:

① BPSK:

