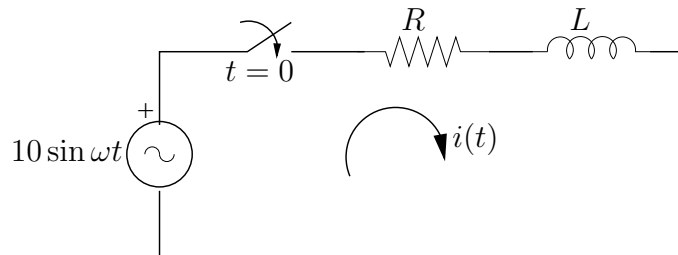


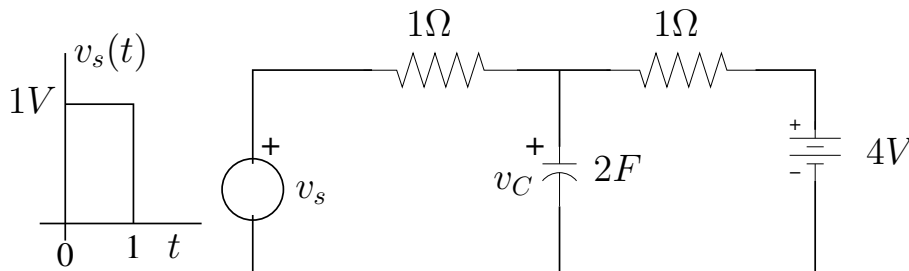
## EC204: Networks & Systems

### Problem Set 7

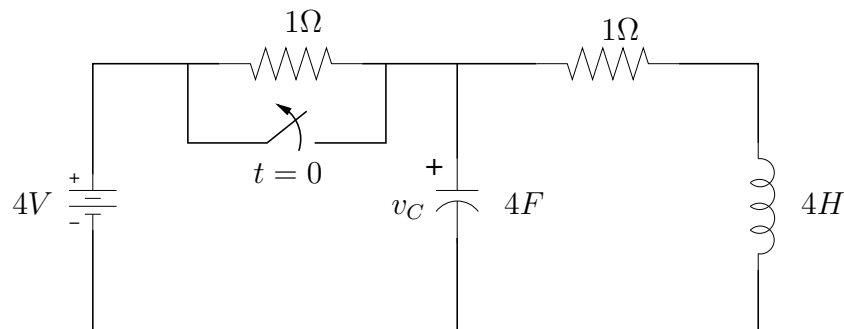
- Determine  $i(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  in the circuit shown below given that  $i(0^-) = \rho$ . Identify the steady state and transient components of the response.



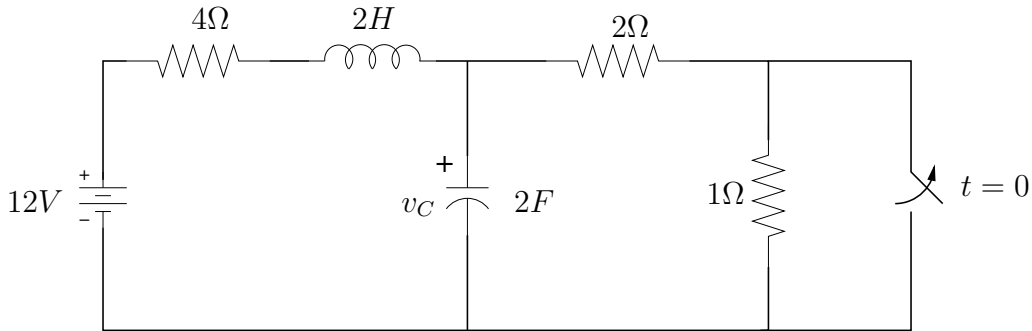
- Determine  $v_C(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  in the circuit shown below given that steady state conditions have been reached at  $t = 0^-$  with  $v_s = 0$ .



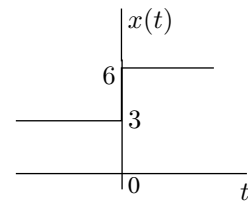
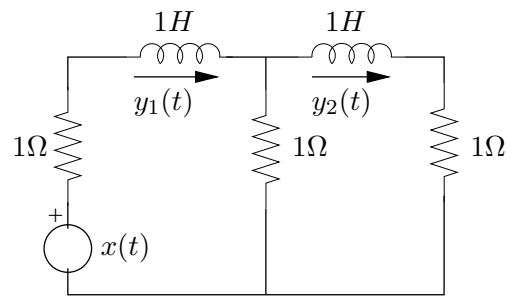
- Find  $v_C(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  in the circuit shown below assuming that steady state has been reached before the switch is opened.



4. Find  $\frac{dv_C}{dt}$ ,  $\frac{d^2v_C}{dt^2}$ , and  $\frac{d^3v_C}{dt^3}$  all at  $t = 0^+$  in the circuit shown below assuming that steady state has been reached before the switch is opened.



5. (a) Find  $y_1(t)$  and  $y_2(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  given that  $x(t) = 3$  for  $t < 0$  and  $x(t) = 6$  for  $t \geq 0$ .  
 (b) Identify the components of  $y_1(t)$  and  $y_2(t)$  corresponding to the characteristic (or natural) modes.



6. For an LTIC system described by the system function  $H(s) = \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^3}$ , find the following:
- Impulse response
  - Steady state response to the input  $10u(t)$
  - Steady state response to the input  $e^{j2t}u(t)$ .
7. The output of an LTI system (with zero initial conditions) to the input  $u(t)$  is  $[4e^{-t} - 3e^{-2t}]u(t)$ . Find (a) the impulse response, (b) the system function, (c) the response to the input  $e^{-4t}u(t)$ , and (d) the steady state response to the input  $\cos 2t$ .
8. Sketch the pole-zero plot corresponding to the following system functions: (a)  $\frac{s-2}{s^2+8s+15}$ , (b)  $\frac{s+1}{(s+2)^2(s+3)}$ , (c)  $\frac{2s^2+s+1}{s(s+2)}$ , and (d)  $\frac{2s+1}{(s+2)(s^2+1)^2}$ . Which of the above system functions correspond to BIBO stable systems?
9. A system has a transfer function with poles  $s = -1 \pm j$  and a zero at  $s = -a$ . The response of this system to a step input has a term of the form  $K_2 e^{-t} \sin(t + \phi)$ . Express  $K_2$  in terms of  $a$ . Plot the value of  $K_2$  as a function of  $a$  for values of  $a$  between 0 and 5.